

AT DEATH'S DOOR
FROM KIDNEY DISEASE

Saved Only by "Fruit-a-tives"

Chatham, Ont.
"Two years ago, the doctor made forty-four calls on me, and then said he had done all he could for me. I was suffering with intense kidney trouble and inflammation had set in. Two other doctors were consulted and agreed that nothing could be done to help me.

On the recommendation of a neighbor I took "Fruit-a-tives" and they cured me. Today I take "Fruit-a-tives" as my only medicine. I am in excellent health, and "Fruit-a-tives" is the medicine that cured me after I had been at Death's Door for months.

I am glad to be able to say this testimonial. It may benefit some other woman suffering as I suffered. I believe that I would not be alive today had I not used "Fruit-a-tives."

MRS. F. E. WEBBER.
"Fruit-a-tives" by its marvelous action on the kidneys completely restores the vital organs to their normal strength and vigor and cures every trace of kidney trouble. "Fruit-a-tives" is the one medicine in the world made of fruit juice. A box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ST. JOHN WHOLESALE
HOUSE TO CONTROL
MONCTON BUSINESS
Baird and Peters Now Have
Branches in Moncton, Fredericton, Newcastle and Campbellton

The most important deal in the whole sale grocery and provision trade in the maritime provinces for some time past is the purchase by Baird & Peters, of St. John, of the wholesale stock and business of J. H. Harris & Co., of Moncton. The transfer takes place today. The firm of J. H. Harris & Co. is with a few exceptions one of the largest in the trade in these provinces, having offices and chief warehouses on Main street, Moncton, and warehouses in other parts of the town, giving a very large floor space.

Baird & Peters are illustrating the fact that St. John is the home of enterprising business houses. They now have branch offices and warehouses at Moncton, Fredericton, Newcastle and Campbellton. Their Fredericton branch was opened the first of May, when they took over the brick warehouse formerly occupied for wholesale purposes by A. A. Sterling. The Campbellton branch was opened in 1908, and was burned out last year. They immediately erected temporary quarters and have since leased the Masonic hall building and are erecting an additional warehouse. The Newcastle branch was opened in 1907, when they bought the warehouse and business of J. A. Rundle. The business of all these branches is directed from the head office of Baird & Peters in St. John.

Thus, while some St. John firms, especially manufacturers, are extending their business westward, others are extending the sphere of their influence in the markets of the lower provinces.

SHOTS FROM GUN
INTO CROWD CHEERING
BRIDE AND GROOM

New York, June 20.—Serranaded by fifty or more villagers in Livingston, N. J., immediately after his return from his honeymoon, J. Walter Force threw open his window and fired twice into the crowd, seriously wounding two men, one of whom may die. Force is locked up in the West Orange police station.

Livingston is a semi-isolated village over the Orange mountains. Force, who is a wealthy young farmer, has lived there all his life. His bride, who was Miss Gumbel, is equally well known and popular. They were married on June 15, also in Livingston City for their honeymoon trip.

When the village learned of their return, there was a gathering of all the young folks within several miles. They assembled beneath Force's window, where they made night hideous by the blowing of horns, the ringing of cow bells, the pounding of pans, etc.

Force became angry and fired a charge from a shotgun into the crowd. Hugh Porter was struck in the back and painfully injured. Then Force fired again, hitting George Livenough, a farmer, in the stomach, and inflicting a dangerous wound. The whole party then fled, carrying Porter and Livenough with them. Force was arrested later.

BOMB FOUND IN HALL OF
RECORDS IN LOS ANGELES

Los Angeles, Calif., June 22.—A bomb made of gas pipe, 1 1/4 inches in diameter and 18 inches long, said by detectives in the district attorney's office to be filled with gun-cotton, was found at the hall of records here.

It was at this place that two sticks of dynamite, attached to a clock-work firing device, were found last September. Three men—Conners, Maple and Bender—were recently indicted by the grand jury for the alleged attempt to dynamite the structure.

SUMMER SKIN TROUBLES

Sunburn blistering, and irritation are the commonest forms of summer skin troubles, and Zam-Buk ends them quickly. It works in two ways. As soon as applied, its anti-septic power gets to work and kills all the poison germs that sting or sore. This gentle action soothes the itching, and fresh new tissue is built up. For sore, bleeding, raw hands, heat rashes, baby's heat spots, sore places due to perspiration, etc., you can't equal Zam-Buk. It also cures itching, ulcers, abscesses, piles, and all internal and external conditions of skin and adjacent tissue. Druggists and chemists everywhere sell Zam-Buk, 25c. box. Use Zam-Buk Soap also, 25c. per tablet. All stores or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

MATTERS IN TURKEY NO BETTER THAN EVER



Turkey still is the "sick man" of Europe. On every hand is evidence that the remedies applied by the Young Turks have failed to pacify the empire's troubles, according to late despatches from Salonica. Popular unrest—anticipation that something must happen, but ignorance as to the form that any upheaval may take—is strikingly encountered about this city, which is the real headquarters of the party of union and progress.

In many respects the situation is as bad as during the most flourishing days of Abdul Hamid II, the former Sultan, who now is a rigorously guarded prisoner in the Villa Atila, in Salonica. Throughout Syria and Turkey-in-Asia, too, there is the same evidence of unrest beneath the surface of affairs.

the social evils which undermine its strength and dim its lustre." So long as the destiny of the empire is in the hands of such men as Lloyd George we need never fear her decadence.

Had Rome been blessed with such statesmen, she would have never gone to pieces. It is no secret that she became morally rotten at heart, and for any empire that becomes honey-combed with putridity, be it Rome or Britain, there is no future.

In spite of the evil prophecies of the false prophets, Great Britain is still mistress of the sea, and in all of her wars for the past 100 years and more she has never suffered defeat. Her area never as vast as now, her subjects never more numerous and contented, her business and commerce never as prosperous, her wealth never as great, and her colonies never more loyal, we fail to see any signs of decadence. We see them not, because they are not to be seen.

And instead
On the other hand we see expansion, increasing greatness and growing strength in every direction. To borrow an apt sentence from the distinguished chancellor of the exchequer, "There are still chapters to be written in this thrilling with nobler deeds than have yet been recorded even in its great past."

Loyal Canada
A moment ago I referred to the fact that the self-governing colonies of the empire were never more loyal to Britain's crown and flag than now. Pre-eminently true is this of our beloved dominion. In no part of his great empire has his Majesty's subjects more hearts are any more loyal to him than are ours. There was a time in Canada when you did hear men talk in favor of annexation with the great republic to the south of us. There were many who thirty years ago saw nothing before us but annexation. In those days the Stars and Stripes seemed more in evidence than the Union Jack, but where today you find the Stars and Stripes would hang to the annexation sentiment of thirty or thirty-five years ago is dead and buried, and I, for one, believe we will never have a resuscitation.

In Canada as in the mother country we have our political parties, and sometimes in the discussion of political matters we are warm-hot, I must forget ourselves, and we may well be thankful to God that King Edward left behind him so highly gifted a son to succeed him in the royal office. On the death of his brother, Albert Victor, Duke of Clarence, he became his apparent. He was known as the Sailor Prince, for entering the navy in 1877 as a midshipman, he served through all the grades and work of a man-of-war. He loved his chosen profession, and regretted to retire from it as he had to do, when death removed his brother. Born on June 3rd 1864 he was within a month of being forty-five years of age when he was called to succeed to the throne of his father, King Edward VII, who after an illustrious but all too short reign, was on June 9th, 1901, ushered by death into the presence of his Maker.

It was indeed a great grief that the death of his father, King Edward VII, had been taken from us by death. There was a gathering of all the young folks within several miles. They assembled beneath Force's window, where they made night hideous by the blowing of horns, the ringing of cow bells, the pounding of pans, etc.

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"God save our gracious King
Long live our noble King,
God save the King."
they will sing out of loving hearts; and more they will sing of that which they wish will be realized.

The Great Empire
King George has the honor to be the sovereign of an empire so vast that the sun never sets upon it. His subjects number in round numbers 410,000,000. They speak many languages, and it ought to be said that among His Majesty's most loyal subjects are those whose native tongue is not English.

The total area of the empire is nearly 12,000,000 of square miles. A vast empire is it not? How thankful too we should be that it is a united empire, no dissension with the ruling monarch, no desire in any part of the empire for a change from a monarchy to a republic. It is safe to say that no king was ever more firmly established in his throne than the present King of the throne of Great Britain and Ireland, King George V.

Some there are who have been bold enough to predict the downfall of the empire, or to say that her star is no longer in the ascendant, that her sun is setting, or to say that she is threatened by the integration. In our judgment all who so speak, do so, either from ignorance or prejudice. They surely misread the indications.

The parallel between the downfall of the Roman Empire and that of ours does not exist, or exists which brought about the fall of the empire ruled by the Caesars are the evils against which we are guarding. Said David Lloyd George in a recent address, "The country which founded the greatest empire the world has ever seen, means to prove that it can rid itself

THE NIGHT BEFORE THE
CORONATION, AS IT WAS
SPENT IN EMPIRE CAPITAL

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London, June 21.—The British nation shows not the slightest sign of diminishing fervor toward monarchical government. A half century of quiet life under Queen Victoria has been succeeded by a stirring decade, which has seen a coronation and two state funerals. Yet the public appetite is unabated, but rather augmented, in its enthusiasm for royalty and kingly display.

Never before has this enthusiasm reached such a high pitch, and the coronation of King George V., appearing likely to be attended by a degree of excitement and public favor unrivaled in any great state ceremonies in past times. Further, this tribute of affection and devotion is manifestly accorded more to the monarchy than the monarch, for it cannot be said that George V. or Queen Mary is either as beloved as was Victoria or so popular and esteemed as were King Edward and Queen Alexandra.

Little Sleep Last Night
To the casual observer, the countless population of the city, with its myriads of foreign and provincial visitors, is not sleeping tonight and the scenes enacted when the news of the relief of Mafeking was received. After that, for a few hours, there was a slight subsidence of the turmoil, before the launch from the suburbs of the great crowds to watch the coronation procession and secure places.

The king and queen have not for a moment relaxed their strong sense of public duty which has characterized them since they mounted the throne. Although their majesties have long and exhausting ceremonies confronting them, they spent the day as busily as any previous day of the exciting period, receiving coronation visitors, attending to matters of state and dropping in on the horse show at Olympia. Wherever they appeared in public they were the objects of unbounded enthusiasm.

The eve of the coronation found London at the highest of fever heat. Immense crowds of the preceding days became tonight a seething mass, all determined to get to the center of the city, to the secure vantage ground from which to view the morning's royal procession. The streets in the west end were almost utterly impassable, but everybody was thoroughly good-humored and ready to cheer at the slightest provocation.

The passage of foreign princes to and from the dinner given by the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall gave many opportunities to vent enthusiastic spirits. Other myriads proceeded around the city to watch the brilliant day of the coronation, which were illuminated until long after midnight for the special distraction of the evening. Through the streets were enabled to enjoy a magnificent spectacle. Occasionally the sound of bugles announced the approach of the principal guests. London, marching to their camps to catch a few hours of rest before dawn.

Late after dinner, Burgesses of high rank reached Westminster Abbey, conveying a great sealed wagon, in which the historic crowns, sceptres and sword of state were deposited.

Bernhardt at 67
MAKES A MILLION
Apparently as little fatigued as if she had been rusticated all winter in the palm groves of Florida or among the hills of the Blue Ridge, the actress, Bernhardt, who has been in France this week, after the most remarkable financial tour of the American continent ever made by a European star, in one of her thirty odd trunks she carried away with her, were traveler's cheques for a substantial part of the \$1,000,000 she earned on her tour.

With the close of her engagement in this city last week, she had played 285 performances, all told, in 238 days, travelled 25,000 miles and appeared in 118 United States and Canadian cities. Despite her sixty-seven years, her experience in different climates, would have taxed the vitality of a much younger woman, but appeared to impose no hardship on her whatever.

She has not only played almost continuously, but has taken time and energy to go on excursions, visit the steel works at Homestead, Pa., for example, an outing that kept her up all night, got sleighing on the R. R. to the steel works, and the thermometer at 23 degrees below zero; visit the military camp at San Antonio, and pay a call at Juarez just before the Mexican city was attacked by the revolutionists.

At New Orleans she went on an alligator hunt, immediately after the evening performance, and did not get any sleep until after the performance the next day. On her 285 performances, 112 of them, she has one-night stands, and her journey included long and tiresome jumps that should have wearied any one.

There is nearly always some rule at hand that will enable you to prove anything you want to.

SUGGESTS MASONS TAKE
UP WORK FOR BOYS

Grand Master in Spokane Urges
Every Member to Gain Confidence
of one Lad and Mould
Him Aright

Spokane, Wash., June 22.—Members of the Masonic fraternity throughout the northwest are discussing a suggestion by Jeremiah Neterer of Bellingham, in his annual address as grand master at the 54th session of the grand lodge of Washington in Spokane, that each attract the confidence of a boy and direct him into the ways of right. It is expected that most of the 175 lodges on the state, with 16,000 members enrolled, will adopt the plan before the year is ended.

"I believe that if such a movement were launched by the Masons in this jurisdiction," Judge Neterer said, "intense would be the interest and great would be the result and pleasure in much constructive work in real character building."

"There exists a necessity for wholesome influence and fraternal co-operation in behalf of boys. The course of conduct and treatment of many boys at home and by the public should be changed. Worthy examples should be presented and wholesome sentiment created. You can initiate a plan which will properly direct and conserve the energy and ambition of the boy."

"The highest authorities are agreed that nothing in the world so shapes a boy's soul and character as quiet talks with grown men about things they live for and amidst. In this way the boy is aroused to think and do the very best there is in him."

"Make a companion of some boy, be a big brother to him and have him visit you; go to his home after the labor of the day has closed and show him he is a part of the world and that some one is interested in his welfare; direct his mind in a wholesome course, place designs for his improvement upon the table of life, and thus bring his acts within the extended points of the compass and yourself nearer the throne of the eternal God."

PLAN TO SETTLE
MILLION ACRES OF
CUT-OVER LANDS

Spokane, Wash., June 22.—More than 1,000,000 acres of cut-over timber lands in eastern Washington and Oregon, north and central Idaho and western Montana will be cleared and settled by small farmers and homesteaders during the next few years, with the carrying out of a plan practically agreed upon by prominent lumber manufacturers and commercial clubs of the Inland Empire.

Every precaution will be taken to keep the lands from falling into the hands of speculators, the purpose being to sell at the lowest price to actual settlers, who will develop their holdings and thus add to the wealth production of the nation.

S. F. Carter Van Dusen, president of the Phoenix Lumber Company of Spokane, who first brought the plan of developing the vast acreages of logged-off lands in this territory to the attention of the Spokane Chamber of Commerce, has been successful in interesting many boards of trade and similar organizations in the movement. Joined with these forces are the transcontinental railroads and timber concerns throughout the northwest.

Development agents in the employ of the railroads also have thoroughly investigated the possibilities of the lands in the districts, and their reports bear out the statements that soil, climate and market conditions are nearly ideal for fruit, grain, hay, dairying and hog and poultry growing.

"While there are localities where twenty acres of land will provide for a family," Mr. Van Dusen said, in discussing the proposal to utilize the lands to the best interests of the various communities, "probably the bulk of it will be cut up into forty, eighty and 160-acre farms. It has been demonstrated that the 'char-pitting' system is the most practical for clearing the land of stumps."

A method of making rubber from the soy bean has been discovered in Germany. It consists in extracting the thick oil from the bean, treating this with nitric acid and then heating the material to a given temperature, whereupon it becomes tough, like crude rubber. It can then be vulcanized by the addition of sulphur, the same as vegetable rubber, and used for the same purposes.

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