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29TH YEAR

PROBS.— Light southeast winds; milder and becoming showery.

TWELVE PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING MARCH 24 1909—TWELVE PAGES

Victoria Has Endorsed Dr. Jackson's Attitude Dr. Carman Acquiesces

All is Harmony Again in Methodism --- College Faculty in Statement Declare For Perfect Honesty and Candor in Scientific Treatment of Scriptures.

Blest be the tie that binds
Our hearts in Christian love;
The fellowship of kindred minds
Is like to that above.

And with the singing of this stirring old hymn, the breach in Methodism threatened by the Carman-Jackson episode was shown to be bridged and the warring elements brought into the one camp.

Yesterday was indeed laden with surprises for the Methodist Church in Canada. The first came when the faculty of Victoria University had decided unanimously to issue a declaration of independence of thought and freedom of speech and to stand or fall with Rev. George Jackson.

The second came when the meeting of the board of regents called by the chairman, Rev. Dr. Carman, last night adopted the faculty's declaration and ordered it published in the official church organ as the new declaration of principles, practically a new theological creed, signed by the chairman, "A. Carman" himself.

The meeting yesterday afternoon was one absolutely unanimous. Rev. George Jackson's statement of views both then and as previously published were concurred in by every member of the faculty without the slightest dissent.

The meeting of regents was held at the college last night. It opened at 8 o'clock and continued for nearly three hours. Dr. Carman presided. N. W. Powell, K.C., acted as secretary. There was a good representation of the Toronto members of the board present. The personnel of the board is composed of Rev. Dr. Carman, Rev. Dr. Burwash, Rev. Dr. Briggs, Rev. W. P. Dyer, Rev. J. S. Ross, Rev. James Allen, Rev. Joseph Wilson, Rev. A. H. Young, and Rev. Dr. Graham; Hon. Justice Maclaren, Hon. Justice Britton, Hon. George A. Cox, Dr. Jas. Mills, C. D. Massey, A. E. Ames, R. A. Reeves, H. H. Fudger, A. E. Kemp, N. W. Rowell, Dr. F. I. Small.

Eager For Harmony.

The board promptly took up the matter of the Carman-Jackson controversy, but the angel of peace hovered over the gathering to such an extent that each side appeared to outrival the other in its desire to extend the olive branch.

The chancellor presented the report of the meeting of the faculty, which endorsed their new colleague, Rev. George Jackson.

When it had been read Rev. Dr. Carman so stirred the hearts of the regents by his declaration that his statements in regard to "Brother Jackson" were not intended to be personal that a member of the board started singing a verse of the hymn, "Blessed be the Tie That Binds," and the verse was sung thru by the other members who heartily joined in.

Dr. Carman's declaration of fraternal feeling towards Rev. George Jackson cleared the path for the withdrawal by the superintendent of his strictures on that minister and it only remained for the findings of the board to be placed in the form of the following resolutions, which were signed by Dr. Carman and Chancellor Burwash, and handed to The World by N. W. Rowell, K.C.

Where Victoria Stands.

RESOLVED that the report of the president of the university in reference to the recent theological controversies be received and adopted by this board as a statement of the position of Victoria University in the matter; and

FURTHER RESOLVED that it is considered desirable that whatever has been written of a personal character calculated to wound the feelings of brethren or interfere with their work be withdrawn, and

FURTHER RESOLVED that the report of the president and the resolution of the Faculty of Theology be published in The Christian Guardian and in the secular press accompanied by a copy of this resolution, the resolution to be certified by the chairman and secretary of the board.

Certified to be a true copy of a resolution unanimously passed at a meeting of the board of regents of Victoria University, this 23rd day of March, A.D. 1909.

A. Carman, Chairman.
N. Burwash, Secretary.

Statement of Faculty.

At a meeting of the Faculty of Theology of Victoria University, held in the president's office at 3.30 p.m., March 23rd, 1909, at which all members of the faculty were present, viz., President Burwash, Dean Wallace and Professors Reynar, John Burwash, McLaughlin, Bowles, Blewettt, Misener and Jackson, and voting it was moved by Professor Reynar, seconded by Professor John Burwash, and resolved unanimously that the following statement be approved by the faculty, signed by the president and the dean, and forwarded to the board of regents:

Signed—F. H. Wallace, Dean.

To the Board of Regents, Victoria College.

Gentlemen, in responding to the request of a large number of our board for a meeting at which may be considered the attitude and action which should be taken in view of the recent controversies in order that our college may continue to command the respect and confidence of the church and be true to its duty as the honest investigator of all truth, and the fearless teacher of the same; we have thought it our duty, arising from the responsibility with which we are entrusted,

Continued on Page 2.

NEW ST. PAUL'S CHURCH MAY BECOME CATHEDRAL

Project Was Discussed at Vestry Meeting Last Night—Committees Appointed to Make Plans

Enthusiasm unprecedented for such a gathering marked the special vestry meeting called for last night to consider the erection of a new church for the congregation of St. Paul's on East Bloor-street.

The only discussion was as to the advisability of increasing the amount to be raised by some $30,000 to insure the erection of a building of cathedral dignity, worthy of the congregation and of the site. It will be in harmony with the architecture of the present church. E. J. Lesnox, the architect, was present with a block plan, which shows a building about 200 feet long and 90 broad.

Tho no subscription lists are out yet, 13 members have volunteered subscriptions aggregating $35,000. Canon Cody mentioned that he had received a letter from a gentleman not at present a member of the congregation, saying that he hoped to secure a pew in the new church and enclosing a subscription for $1000.

The report of the financial advisory committee was adopted nem. con. and they were authorized to procure plans, advertise for tenders and let contracts for the erection of a new church and for the alterations to the present church required for Sunday school and parish-house purposes, and for such other work as might be necessary.

The churchwardens were authorized to purchase Sir John Boyd's property, east of the church property, for $14,000.

The building committee will consist of Hon. S. H. Blake, C. N. Candee, J. G. Greey, R. Millichamp (convener), R. Parker, W. R. Smallpeice, Prof. Geo. M. Wrong and H. H. Williams.

Hume Blake, C. C. Dalton as convenor, W. George Eakins, George H. Gooderham, P. C. Larkin, H. R. O'Hara, Frank Strathy, Jas. H. Roaf and W. Illespie were elected the finance committee.

W. H. Brouse, convenor; H. P. Dwight, Dr. Edward Fisher and T. J. Palmer were chosen organ committee, with power to add to their number. They will get specifications for an organ commensurate with the needs of the new building. The estimated cost is $15,000.

A large subscription committee will look after the lists.

MAY HAVE THE KIDNAPPERS

Trio Arrested With Fortune in a Hand Satchel.

CLEVELAND, O., March 23.—Two men and a woman were arrested tonight in connection with the Whitla kidnapping case. The police report they had a satchel filled with currency.

When the police searched the satchel they found $9,845.50 in currency.

Inspector Rowe professes to believe that he has captured the kidnappers of Willie Whitla. The men and woman in custody thus far have declined to explain the possession of such a large sum of money or where they came from or their destination.

At the police station the woman appeared to be the spokesman of the party and said:

"You have got the goods on us and there will be hell in Sharon to-morrow."

Captain Shattuck and Detective Ward were attracted by the movements of the trio at the depot and approached them.

"Whither are you bound in such haste?" enquired the captain.

The man carrying the satchel dropped his precious burden and started to run. The remaining man and woman stood their ground. Shattuck took up the chase and captured him only after two shots had been fired.

The New York American has offered $10,000 reward for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the kidnappers.

ODD PLEA FOR REPRIEVE

As Married Woman, Murderess Was Simply Husband's Agent.

CINCINNATI, O., March 23.—Dr. Sarah Siewers, president of the Susan B. Anthony Club of Coincinnati, to-day sent a personal letter to Gov. Hughes of New York, asking that the death sentence of Mrs. Farmer of New York be changed to life imprisonment, on the grounds that the prisoner was a married woman and therefore was not a free agent, but was controlled by her husband's influence in the murder committed.

Doesn't Seem to Care.

AUBURN, N. Y., March 23.—The news that Gov. Hughes had refused to commute the sentence of death imposed on her for the murder of Mary Brennan at Watertown, was broken to Mrs. Mary Farmer in her cell to-day by Warden Benham. She was quite unmoved.

She was told that she probably would be permitted to bid farewell to her husband, James Farmer, under sentence of death for complicity in the same crime, but this also left her unmoved.

NEW ZEALAND'S GIFT.

OTTAWA, March 23.—(Special).—Earl Grey announces that the school children of New Zealand have contributed in penny subscriptions to the Queben battlefields funds the sum of £194.

FARTHEST SOUTH BUT MISSED THE POLE

Lieut. Shackleton's Expedition Got Closest Yet, Tho, and Secured Lots of Valuable Information.

LONDON, March 23.—The polar regions are gradually yielding up their secrets to human perseverance and determination. Lieut. Ernest H. Shackleton of the British navy, who left his permanent quarters last autumn for a dash to the pole, having succeeded, after an arduous sledge journey of 1708 miles, occupying 126 days, in reaching within 111 miles of the south pole, or 354 miles nearer than attained by the Discovery expedition, of which he was an officer.

His expedition, which sailed early in 1908, reached New Zealand to-day.

Profiting by former experiences in the Antarctic regions, when all the dogs succumbed to the strain and rigors of the climate, Lieut. Shackleton made some departures from the usual preparations for a journey across the snow and ice. He took with him a motor car, which could be converted into a sledge, and substituted ponies for dogs, and light woolen clothing for heavy furs.

British Flag Flying.

The main expedition, of which Lieut. Shackleton was in command, reached latitude 88.23; longitude 162 east, while a second party pushed forward to the southern magnetic pole, reaching latitude 72.25; longitude 154 east. The British flag was left flying at both points.

The narrative of Lieut. Shackleton's achievements shows that the expedition endured the greatest trials and privations. The motor car, which was useful in the preliminary expeditions, failed on the uneven surface of the barrier ice.

Briefly summarized, the results of the expeditions are that a point was reached within 111 miles of the south pole; the magnetic pole was also reached; mountain chains were discovered and 100 mountains. Mount Erebus, 13,120 feet in altitude, was ascended by the party; a new coast and high mountains were located running west from Victoria Land, and coal measures were discovered in the Antarctic continent.

The theory of the existence of an area of atmosphere calm around the south pole was disproved.

The Last Three Days.

During Jal. 7, 8 and 9 the wind blew at 70 miles an hour, with 72 degrees of frost. It was impossible to move and members of the party were frequently frost-bitten in their sleeping bags. On Jan. 9 they reached latitude 88.23, longitude 162 east, this being the most southerly point ever reached. Here they hoisted the Union Jack, presented by her majesty the queen. No mountains were visible and they saw only a plain stretching to the south.

RAILWAY TACTICS IN WEST

Fighting Each Other Instead of Serving Settlers.

OTTAWA, March 23.—(Special.)—The bill to extend the time for the construction of C. P. R. branch lines in the west was before the house to-night.

Mr. Ruttan (Prince Albert) moved to amend by requiring the C.P.R. to build 30 miles a year, and was supported by Mr. Neely (Humboldt), who said the C.P.R. was pursuing a policy of blanketing for the purpose of keeping out other roads.

Mr. Lake (Qu'Appelle) and Mr. Turriff pointed out that the people of the west were protesting against the extension of charters, and W. F. Maclean agreed that the government ought to exercise more control over those roads, which instead of supplying the needs of the west, were engaging in a kind of strategic warfare. Mr. Bradbury (Selkirk) and Gen Campbell twitted the government supporters on their inconstancy. They had opposed in the railway committee the very object they were now trying to bring about.

Mr. Graham, replying to Mr. Maclean's observations, said it was easy to ask the government to straighten out such matters, but that was what the railway commission was for. He opposed the amendment because he thought it would retard the construction.

The amendment was lost.

TO REDUCE EXPENDITURES

Instead of Increasing the Duties—Aldrich's Plans.

WASHINGTON, D.C., March 23.—That a determined effort will be made to reduce public expenditures to such an extent that governmental needs may be met by revenues derived from duties on imports and without resorting to any of the special taxation schemes that have been suggested in connection with tariff revision is indicated by a remark made to-day by Senator Aldrich, chairman of the senate committee on finance.

STRIKE NOT LIKELY

Impression of Those Who Are Watching Coal Miners.

SCRANTON, Pa., March 23.—With the preliminary work of organizing the tri-district convention of the Anthracite Mine Workers out of the way, and with the delegates ready to take up the question of a new agreement with their employers, the impression grows among those who are watching the developments in the hard coal fields that the mine workers will not call a strike unless something not now on the surface developes.

The convention held its first session to-day.

IT'S SUCKER TIME AGAIN!

And the railroad boys are getting busy.

Murdered His Brother And Robbed The Body

Maurice Ryan Found Guilty by North Bay Jury in Short Order --- Another Brother Gives Evidence Against Him.

NORTH BAY, March 23.—(Special.)—Maurice Ryan was this afternoon found guilty of the charge of having murdered his brother, Joseph Ryan in November, 1907. The jury were out less than half an hour. Sentence was deferred until to-morrow.

The defence practically rested its case on the testimony of one witness who swore to meeting Francis Joseph Ryan and conversing with him during the February following his disappearance.

Link by link Provincial Detective Greer presented a chain of evidence implicating the prisoner, who sat in the box with immovable countenance, betraying no feeling. Justice Latchford's charge to the jury was against the prisoner.

Chief of Police Wm. Rayner fixed the date of Francis Ryan's disappearance as Nov. 13, 1907, from informations laid that day charging him with keeping house of ill-fame.

J. R. Moffat, manager of the Ottawa Bank, swore that Francis Ryan closed his account with the bank on Nov. 6, 1907, drawing out $550.

James Ryan, brother, gave evidence as to physical peculiarities of his brother Francis, whom he last saw at the livery stable when he left with accused to drive to Callander, his last words being: "Goodby Pim, I'm off for Callander, and will write you from York State." Since then he had received two letters signed by Francis Ryan, but he was satisfied that his brother never wrote them, as he was illiterate and in eight years' correspondence with him always had some one else write his letters for him. One of these letters was mailed at St. Albans, Vt., and the other at Ottawa.

The day after Francis went away, the accused brother told the witness that Joe Driscoll drove Francis to Callander. The accused never had much money at one time and was constantly assisted financially by his brothers.

Elmer Stenabough, an employe of the livery stable on the night in question, gave evidence as to accused leaving the stable in a buggy with his brother and to finding blood on the robes and at the bottom of the buggy in the morning, as well as the valise of Francis Ryan. Witness asked about the blood stains, accused disclaimed all knowledge of them.

Had Paid Debt of $150.

J. Cook, liveryman, gave evidence as to accused owing him $150, retained from revenue of stable while working there one week and taking the prisoner's note for the amount, which was paid Nov. 24, one day before due.

Robert Spence, bartender, swore to seeing accused with two one hundred dollar bills and a large sum of money, which he explained by saying he had won eleven hundred dollars playing poker the night previous.

Thos. Peacock, manager of the Traders' Bank, testified to prisoner putting in cheque for collection on the bank in Tupper Lake, New York, for $200, and signing his brother's name.

Detective Greer swore to a conversation with the prisoner, who admitted forging the cheque on his brother and saying that Joe Driscoll, drove away with his brother on the fatal night.

Joseph Driscoll produced time books of his employers showing that he was not in North Bay within two months of the tragedy.

Ethel Crawford swore to buying the effects of Francis Ryan from the accused, who told her that he heard regularly from his brother, and on one

MAURICE RYAN.

occasion said that he had returned to North Bay and was not satisfied with sale price of his furniture, which resulted in witness paying accused an additional sum of ten dollars to satisfy Francis, as she supposed.

Letters Written By Sister.

O. B. Stanton, hand-writing expert, gave evidence to show that letters purporting to have been written by Francis Ryan since his disappearance were in the same hand-writing as those received by James Ryan from his sister Bridget at St. Alban's.

The defence put Robert Carswell in the box, who swore that he was well acquainted with Francis Ryan and met him at North Bay station in February, 1908, shook hands with him, saying: "How are you Frank," the reply being, "How are you, Bob? How are all the folks?" Witness said that Ryan excused himself and boarded a train.

Attorney G. L. T. Bull contended that it had not been established that any foul play occurred, and that there was no evidence that Francis Ryan was dead. The sex of skeleton found was not proved. No motive had been established, as the accused had always been supplied with money by his brothers when he needed it.

Two brothers left North Bay in a buggy one night, said his lordship. One had plenty of money and the other had little, if any. One returned with money and the other had not since been seen or heard from, as far as anyone knew to a certainty.

AUSTRALIA ENTHUSED.

SYDNEY, N.S.W., March 23.—(C.A.P. Cable.)—A fifth citizen has promised £20,000 towards a Dreadnought. Dreadnought meetings are projected at numerous centres, and widespread enthusiasm prevails over the navy.

SHOPPERS CROWD DOWNTOWN STORES

Signs of Returning Prosperity, as Reflected in Capital City of the Province.

"There is business in the air today," said the well-known head of a large industrial enterprise yesterday. "Who could be other than an optimist breathing in the pure, clear air of Canadian springtime, and bathing in the glow of a warming sunshine."

This gentleman is quoted from memory, but fairly represents the poetry of his thoughts and the slant of his business opinions.

Unquestionably the business tide has turned and is now flowing towards the prosperity which prevailed previous to eighteen months ago.

The retail trade is the best possible barometer of trade conditions. It comes nearest to the people, the consumers, on whom industrial activity almost wholly depends. When the people start to buy the retail trade knows it instantly. New business is reflected in the daily balance sheets, indicating renewed confidence and ability to buy.

This has been a glorious spring, shading off gradually from winter to sunshine. Normal conditions of season have always proved best for business interests in Canada. An open winter is likely to affect injuriously the business that goes with normally cold weather. A late, cold spring, on the other hand, damages business that has its origin in the color scheme of springtime. Business is improving steadily, surely and noticeably. The activity in the down-town retail districts cannot fail to impress even the casual observer.

A Growing Confidence.

There is a growing confidence and unloosening of purse strings. Greater crowds are flooding thru the big departmental stores and the people have money to spend.

R. Y. Eaton, one of the executive heads of the great business established by the late Timothy Eaton, the T. Eaton Company, Limited, when interviewed by The World yesterday, said:

"Business was never better with our company."

"Do you mean by that, Mr. Eaton, that it has never been better since the period of depression commenced?" asked The World.

"I mean that business was never better in the history of this enterprise than it is to-day," he replied.

"What do the sales indicate in the departments where the more expensive goods are handled, say in jewelry, high-class millinery or mantles?" was asked.

"That business is quite normal," replied Mr. Eaton. "Along general all-round lines our business has increased and I presume that reflects general conditions, for we are simply sharing the business that is going with merchants thruout the city.

"I would say," he concluded, "that conditions indicate an improvement."

Smile of an Optimist.

Passing out of the executive offices, where a wonderfully life-like picture of the late Timothy Eaton by Forster looks out from the canvas startlingly life-like in its faithful portrayal, the reporter moved out thru the great army of shoppers, down the crowded street and into that other vast retail

Continued on Page 2.

POWER POLICY HAS BRAVED MANY ASSAULTS

Half Has Not Been Told, Asserts Premier, in Again Condemning the Tactics of T.E.L. Co. Directors.

Sir James Whitney returned to the attack on Henry O'Brien, K.C., The Law Journal and the Toronto Electric Light Co., in the legislature yesterday, on the committee stage of the H. E. P. commission bill validating the bylaws.

Mr. O'Brien was sitting under the gallery and heard the premier's scathing references, one of which was the application of Artemus Ward's remark about his picture of a horse. He knew it was a horse because the artist had told him. They knew Mr. O'Brien was a great constitutional authority, because he had told them so himself.

Sir James ran over the history of the power scheme and then set out to give "a word or two" on the attack made on the government. If these attacks had been made openly and fairly they could have been met, but such was not the case.

"I can say very positively, on the authority of one of these gentlemen, at the time the vote was taken they offered $1000 for one page of a newspaper for their purpose," he declared. This was an indication of the action of these gentlemen and the financial responsibility they undertook. It was men who were directors in the Electric Light Co. who had done these things.

"I never said the directors of the Toronto Electric Light Co. met as such, but I do say that gentlemen who are directors of this company, and of this I am now complaining, have spent large sums of money sending out absurd, scurrilous and false circulars from the City of Ottawa, in the name of the Economic Society, attacking the government of Ontario and the hydro power commission in a most reckless and abandoned manner. I say they have hired writers to vilify and discredit the government and the people of the Province of Ontario, and I do not hesitate to characterize it as discreditable to these gentlemen as citizens of the Province of Ontario, as residents of this city and as individuals.

A Sample "Influencer."

"Let me tell the house, Mr. Speaker, of a visit paid to me by one of the traveling agents of these gentlemen, who is supposed to be in close touch with the financial circles of London. A gentleman by the name of Lawson made an appointment at my office. When he came into the room I saw from the baleful gleam in his eye that here, at least, was a man whom I had better watch out for. He stated to me, 'I am the father-in-law of the editor of The Financial Times of London, and I represent that journal.' I told him I was glad to see him. I was thankful in my heart, tho, that the mother-in-law had not come over, too. (Laughter.) His first query to me was, 'Where are you going to get the money to build the transmission in opposition to an existing transmission line from Niagara?' My answer was I did not know where we were going to get the money, and if I did know, I did not think I would tell him, a perfect stranger to me.

"He then informed me that besides being the representative of The Financial Times, he represented as well the Electrical Development Co. He questioned me at length upon my idea of what he called 'municipalization' and wound up his catechism by saying, 'My idea is that you don't know what you're doing.' Lifting my hat and coat and preparing to leave the room, I said, 'I don't know what you call such language in England, but here we call it impertinence.'

"Now, that is a specimen, and I think I have a right to detail these things, because the general public is not aware of one-half of the steps that have been taken by these people in order to injure the government of Ontario and the hydro-electric commission. I will, however, make one exception in favor of the president of the Toronto Electric Light Co. (Sir Henry M. Pellatt). He has struck out in a manly way, and only a short time ago sent word that he had not done with me yet.

The Present Situation.

"Now, having given this resume, I desire to call attention to the bill which is on the order paper. Last year a bill was passed to validate the contracts between the hydro-electric commission and certain municipalities. There was a general approval expressed in this house regarding that bill. Since that bill was passed certain actions at law have commenced. I desire to call attention to one in which Justice Anglin has given a decision. The judge has held that as that act did not expressly say that the contracts should not go back to the people, therefore the council could not enter into a contract in that way. The judgment of the court must be accepted. Everybody who was here last session understands that it would not be necessary to go back to the people. My hon. friend, the leader of the opposition, very properly asked that question.

"A resolution was passed by certain

Continued on Page 12.

EASTER BLOSSOMS.

It is the new bonnet that fills the world with wonder at Easter time, and men's hats add a quiet richness to the landscape. Dineen's hats are exclusive—there are no ordinary or old designs on sale; everything is absolutely new. And Dunlap and Heath's models form 1909 are particular features of the display—for Dineen is sole Canadian agents for them.