Visit to Canton.

Elect McKinley.

Reciprocity Talked About—The Member for North Norfolk on the Bonefit of Friendly Relations.

(Ottawa Correspondence to Toronto Mail and Empire.)

Mr. John Charlton, whose visit to Mr. McKinley, the President-elect of and had an interview with Mr. Lau-Pier. It is supposed that the conference had to do with negotiations for · reciprocal treaty arrangement. Tonight your correspondent inquired of Mr. Charlton if it was true that he had lately had an interview with Mr.

McKinley, the President-elect. "Yes," answered the member for North Norbusiness, and being within 60 miles of Canton, I took an early train and went down to pay my respects to the President-elect, and congratulated him upon his election. I assured him that the success of the Republican party afforded a feeling of great relief to the business interests of Canada, and that the progress of the contest had been watched with almost as much interest upon this side of the line as it had been in the United States."

"Did you have anything to say to Mr. McKinley about the relations between the two countries?"
"Yes, incidentally I mentioned that the party now in power in Canada would be favorable to obtaining a reciprocity treaty, and would be willing to give fair consideration and concessions in return for the admission of the natural products of Canada into the American market. Of course Mr. McKinley declined to have anything to say about details, but expressed in general terms his desire to have the relations between the two countries established upon a more in-

timate and cordial footing.' "Did he impress you with the belief that circumstances would favor the negotiations of a reciprocity asked the interviewer. "That I can hardly say," replied Mr. Charlton; "many influences will be at work against the consummation of such a project. The Republican senators on the border States will naturally look with disfavor upon the admission of Canadian agricultural products into the markets of the United States, and influential Re-

publican papers, such as the New York Tribune, are already opposing a treaty on that account. We can, however, make an honest effort to obtain , and should do so; and it is peraps not unreasonable to hope thait such an effort, if made."
"You have frequently visited Wash-

ington, and have been accused of rather intimate connection with American matters; do you desire to say anything as to the charges frequently made against you of disloyalty to your country at Washington?"

ton. I have the honor to be acquainted with a number of prominent American public men. I have long be-lieved that a mistake was made by Canadian politicians in not cultivating the acquaintance of their bro-ther politicians of the United States. visits to Washington have always been made for the purpose of advancing, if possible, the interests of Canada. I may say further, that imagine that these visits have not been entirely barren of results. In 1890 the reduction of the lumber duty under the McKinley Bill to \$1 per thousand was made conditional upon the removal of the export duties of logs by Canada, and this was largely, if not entirely, due to my efforts n connection with that matter. I had has done once it will do again.

Bay, although of enormous mineral

In response to the imperative demand for facil-

ities for testing the various prospects already

Its plans have been most carefully

matured, after thorough investigation

of the chances and consultation with

nearly all the prominent owners in

Eastern Algoma, whose earnest indor-

sation and promises of support it has

MERCANTILE FEATURES.

Custom Reduction Works.

It has been arranged to establish at

the town of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., a custom reduction works, consisting of

crushing and amalgamating machin-

ery, together with a chlorination and cyanide plant suitable for treating both free-milling and refractory

quartz. The intention is to have this

plant in operation by Jan. 1, 1897. It is also intended to put in a water jac-

ket smelter at the earliest possible

Sault Ste. Marie has been chosen from its very exceptional advantages

as a central point to which ore can be

shipped by water from all points along the north shores of Lakes Superior

and Huron, and by rail from some of

Commissions and Brokerage.

The company proposes to handle

mission, and to promote and organize

mining properties of all kinds on com-

the most important mineral centers.

discovered this company has been formed.

also intimate connection with the influence set to work to secure free lumber when the Wilson Bill was under discussion in the Democratic caucus of the Senate in February, 1894. I deem it a sufficient answer

Mr. Charlton, M. P., Sees President to the charges made against me that the Government on both occasions cor-dially accepted the fruits of these negotiations, although credit was not given to me for the part I had taken in reaching the results, but, on the contrary, much contumely and abuse were heaped upon me."

In conclusion Mr. Charlton said that he desired to add that his interests are Canadian, and he had lived in this country 47 years; that his desire and hopes were to promote Canadian interests, and to add his small contribution to the influence that would Mr. McKinley, the President-elect of make for the prosperity of Canada. the United States, has already called He expressed the most profound reforth much comment, was here today, gret that the amenities of political entroversy had been so often violated in his case by heaping upon his head what he considered gross, un-measured, and undeserved abuse.

PECULIAR SICNBOARDS.

Joe McNeirney has been in the police force less than a year, but in folk, "I was in Cleveland last week | that time he has learned a great deal. He still has the post which was given him when he donned the uniform. It is on First avenue, between Sixtyninth and Seventy-fourth streets. That thoroughfare away up town is known as the "Bohemian Broadway."

The signs along his post struck him hard. They were in a language of which Joe knew nothing. After he had looked them over several times he concluded that the Cesky family were extraordinarily prosperous. They seemed to monopolize the business of the neighborhood. Over a grocery Joe saw this sign:

CESKY OBCHOD. stared him in the face:

On the corner the new policeman gazed upon the following:

CESKY OBHOBNIK.

CESKY LEKARNA

"Who are these Ceskys?" asked Joe, one day of the roundsman.
"What Ceskys?" inquired "rounds." Joe pointed to the signs. The roundsman laughed, and then explained: "Cesky means Bohemian. Cesky Obchod means Bohemian grocery; Cesky Lekarna, Bohemian druggist, and the other place is a Bo-hemian undertaking establishment." Since that time Joe has studied the language, and today he can arrest a Bohemian and tell him in his own language why he is being locked up .-

some measure of success will attend COULD NOT LIE DOWN FOR EIGHTEEN MONTHS,

New York Express.

The Sufferings of a Toronto Junction Resident From Heart Disease.

Not an exceptional case of heart dis-"I have on several occasions," re-marked Mr. Charlton, "within the last Ont., who was obliged to be propped up in bed with pillows for eighteen months, because of smothering spells that would come over him whenever ment had done any good until he tried Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and here one dose gave complete relief, and one bottle cured him, and today he other people do. Heart disease will kill if not cured.

> It is proposed to establish a Mil-lionaires' Club in London with quarters in Piccadilly. The subscription

> is to be 100 guineas a year. Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What 16

EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION OF ONTARIO, LTD.

CAPITAL \$475,000.00 DIVIDED INTO SHARES OF \$1.00 EACH.

DIRECTORS—TORONTO-President, SIR MELVILLE PARKER (Bart); Vice-President, H. A DRUMMOND,

hands for sale, as it is felt to be of

handle, and as they are the first bona fide company in the field in this dis-

trict, they confidently expect to work up a large business in this direction. In addition to the above features,

which ought of themselves to carry

which at the very least prove that the

OPTIONS ON OVER FIFTY VEINS

payment of money at the present or

None of these options require the

the shares to par within a year, and

has already secured

options are as follows:

five-sixths to three-quarters.

The company, under these circum-

1. Continue it as a shipping mine,

sending the ore to be crushed at the

OBJECTS_

The extensive district from Parry in England, as soon as prospects justi- | corresponding degree.

Sound to Port Arthur, and lying be-tween the Great Lakes and Hudson properties which may come into their

wealth, has until quite lately been almost neglected by capital. The in-

almost neglected by capital. The indications are that it contains some of the richest gold deposits in the

Found Stone Images.

Also a Carved Tablet Belonging to Some Prehistoric Age.

This Archaeological Discovery Made in a Michigan Swamp.

Detroit Tribune. The discovery made a few days ago near here promises to rank in importance second to nothing yet unearthed relating to the prehistoric age

in this country. Jacob Brown and George Rowe. ing for deer, and in the course of their hunting started a mink, which made for a swamp near by and took refuge in a hollow stump. In digging under one side of the stump in order to get at the mink, they struck stone, which bore the handiwork of man. Becoming interested, they secured picks and spades and unearthed the

As the result of their labors, three large stone tablet. All four articles were cut from brown sandstone, the rock probably coming from the northeastward, where the pictured rocks, great cliffs of sandstone, worn by the wind and waves, into fantastic forms, frown for many miles upon the blue water of the great lake. Of the three images, the largest is that of a man in a sitting posture, nearly life-size. This statue is on a pedestal, formed from the same piece of stone. The second image, from point of size, is that of a woman, and is a trifle under three feet in height, while the third is the image of a child, and, like the man, is postured in a sitting attitude and is about two feet high. All three of the images were found placed with faces toward the east, which may have been accidental, but more probably intentional, and points strongly toward sun worship on the part of the unknown race that carved and placed the statues in time so distant that even an approximate estimate of the period is impossible.

Near these figures was found a slab of brown stone, averaging six inches in thickness and 18x25 inches on each face. One side was smoothed as carefully as the coarse structure of the rock had allowed, while upon the other face were engraved a series of inscriptions, each set in a square of approximately one and a half inches, there being 140 of these.

Those who have examined the images and the inscribed tablet are unable to assign them to any race or period, beyond being able to assert positively that they were not the work of the Indians. Those who saw the statues say they look like Egyptian idols, though the heads were those of human beings, and not of the sacred of the Nile was wont to ornament its strong relationship to the work of in stone are scattered so plentifully

tral American States. The trick of lengthening the eyes, noticed in the finds here, was known to the ancient inhabitants of Mexis noticeable in the carvings of Uxmal and other ruins of Miztecs, Toltees and Aztees.

he attempted to lie down. No treat-ment had done any good until he tried mentations of the sacrificial altars in population of nearly 5,000 is scattered Central American ruins. The Mexi- about two miles along the coast. can idols were usually carved from obsidian, and the inscriptions which of the Lutheran cathedral could be enjoys the pleasures of good health as have so long puzzled the ingenuity of seen, and the new, solid, square legisness, which easily retained the fine lines cut with such great effort, whereas the brown sandstone, indigenous to Lake Superior, cannot be made to take or retain lines of great fineness. Further excavations will be made and the find is rich in possibilities.

The surface assays range all the way from \$41 per ton, and there is every

work proceeds rich finds will follow. No options are taken which do not

a class by itself. No other company

at present before the public presents

the same features. There is no ques-tion but that its Reduction Works will

be fully employed so soon as they are

tion to declare a handsome dividend.

As the winter is a good season for

transporting ore, and as the com-

operation by the New Year, it is ex-

pected that within a very few months

50,000 fully paid-up and non-assessable shares of treasury stock now offered for sale to the

public at the low price of 25c per

show good surface assays.

profits with such a minimum risk.

Mines and Mining Lands.

at any future time. The terms of the fairly started, and there are very few

The company agrees to develop same ratio of profit to the amount of within a reasonable time (in most capital invested. The number of op-

cases within a reasonable time after tions which this company already the opening of navigation in the spring of 1897) at least one claim in centainty. The company's Reduction

quantities. On deciding this import- expense, and in the most expeditious

ant point the company is entitled to manner. As these claims are devel-demand a deed of an undivided inter- oped the sale of any one will imme-

est in such location varying from Giately place the company in a posi-

stances, has everything to gain and nothing to lose. The intention is to get out enough ore from each of the operation by the New Year, it is ex-

claims to give a thorough mill test pected that within a very few at their central mill. And the company a dividend will be declared.

IMPRISONED IN A CLOCK.

A Little English Girl Four Days in a Living Tomb.

A remarkable and well-nigh fatal adventure has befallen Amy Reel, a 3-year-old girl at Nottingham, England. The child is a daughter of a foreman employed at the Island street wharf of the Trent Navigation Company. On Tuesday, Nov. 10, she was missed from her home. The circumstance was reported to the police, and the magistrates advertisements were the magistrates, advertisements were inserted in the local newspapers, diligent search was made in all parts of the town, and the canal was dragged, but all to no purpose, and the parents began to despair of recovering their

At the back of the house occupied by both residents of Newberry, were look- the little girl's parents are some promises occupied by the Trent Navigation Company, including a lumber room, which is seldom visited. One afternoon some children were there to play, and hearing a low moan one of them informed Mr. Reel.

The father at once went to the room, and after searching for a little time found his child lying under an old eight-day clock case. The case old eight-day clock case. The case from which the front had been bro stone images were uncovered, also a ken off, had been left reared up against the wall, and it is thought that the little girl went into the room, and while playing about pulled down the clock case over her in such a way as to prevent the possibility of her escape. She was in an emaciated cor dition when found by her father, and indeed, considering that for four day during extremely cold weather she nad remained in her terrible imprison ment without food or warmth, it extraordinary that life should have en sustained. Her father took her home, and a me

dical man was sent for, under whose directions restoratives were applied and the child's condition soon began to improve. During his previous search for the child the father had actually visited the room in which she lay but saw and heard nothing to indicate her presence.

LIFE IN ICELAND.

reculiarities of the Country, the People and the Climate.

"Three days after leaving the Faroes, we reached Iceland," writes Miss Jessie Ackermann, in her article on "Three Women in Iceland," in the Ladies' Home Companion. "In no land of given space have a people had so varied or interesting a history, marked by so great and cruel oppression from which they have risen to the dignity of a nation; for Iceland, with her own language, literature, national dress, statesmen, poets and philosophers, has the right to take her place among nations. The name and geoanimals with which the ancient race graphical situation of the island give erroneous ideas concerning it, for, ined by perpetual icy shors, and covered the Aztec, and the even more ancient with endless stretche f snow, it has Toltec races, remnants of whose work one of the most deli ful summer climates in the world and the winter is about Southern Mexico and the Cen-greatly moderated by the Gulf Stream, tral American States. man Islands passed, we were soon in view of Reykjavik, the southern capital; and a few hours later landed on ico, as well as to the Egyptians, and the treeless shores of this 'northern wonderland.' The first view of the city was somewhat disappointing; the entire absence of trees gives it a bleak The strange figures engraved with-in the squares are also not without tecture detracts greatly from the

"From the steamer the clock towe archaeologists were carved upon gra-nite or rocks of almost equal hard-ness, which easily retained the fine maintaining the dignity of their capital city. Our good housewife gave us the three best rooms in the house. Everything was clean and plain, the furniture being somewhat meager and scanty. We did not lack in attention, the chief discomfort being in matters of food, both as to quality and cooking, and the continued daylight. Fruit is brought to the capital in tins, for the country produces nothing of the kind, not even wild fruit, and the growth of vegetables is limited to potatoes and Spanish turnips. Fish of every kind forms the chief article of

The numerous streams abound in trout and salmon. These are used fresh in the season, and dried, smoked or in other ways prepared for the winter. From choice, the natives use rye flour for bread, which is very dark and Non=Personal Liability Incorporated under Section 18 of an Act Relating to not inviting in appearance, but is said to be most healthful. The native dish is 'skyr,' made from milk, chiefly sheeps' milk, for the ewes are milked as well as the goats. The milk is made into a kind of cottage cheese, and is (Esq.). SAULT STE. MARIE-G. J. ASHWORTH, Esq., Managing Director; FRED ROGERS, Esq., D. C. L.; THOS. is a good, wholesome, sustaining dish. eaten with cream and sugar. We found They excel in coffee-making, and a generous supply of rich cream is always served with it."

THE BIGGEST PENSION

reason to suppose that as development It Is \$95,000 a Year, and England Pays It.

Army and Navy Journal. The biggest annual pension that is It is, of course, impossible to estimate even approximately the immense possibilities, but there is paid in any part of the world is \$95,000. The Duke of Richmond is the recipient, one fact certain and that is that no mining comand he has never moved a finger or a pany in the world's history ever had better opporleg to acquire this vast annuity, which tunities for making such large and almost certain is perpetual, passing from son to son, for no other reason than that the first Duke of Portland had pull with In actual dividend-earning power company are taking no chances, it this company unquestionably occupies

In 1676 Charles II. granted the Duke of Portland a pension of £19,000 a year in perpetuity, in lieu of a duty of 1 shilling a caldron on all coal exported from the Tyne. Up to 1799 to family had received as proceeds I the duty upwards of £2,000,000, and in July, classes of business which offer the same ratio of profit to the amount of annual payment in perpetuity of £19,000 a year from the consolidated fund. As security for its payment consols to the value of £633,333 6s 9d were purchased. In the following year £485,434 4s 7d each of the various groups to a sufficient extent to find out whether it contains merchantable ore in paying claims to be carried on at a minimum during the present reign the remainder of the consols were sold and the pro-

ceeds similarly invested. Taking the annual payment on account of pensions at the present time Earl Nelson is in receipt of the highest outside the royal annuities, viz., £5,000 per annum, payable in perpetuity to all and every one of the heirs male to whom the title of Earl Nelson shall

The Duke of Wellington's annual pension of £4,000 is for life, and Lord Rodney's pension of £2,000 is, like that of Earl Nelson, perpetual. The am-ount of royal annuities, excluding the Queen's grant of £385,000, is £173,000, and, counting the pensions for naval and military services, £27,700; political and civil, f13,086; judicial, f70,705, besides a large number of miscellaneous pensions; the total comes to f316,758 yearly. The largest pension on retiring from office is the f5,000 a year given to retiring lord chancellars.

The Smuggler

Gold Mining and Milling Co., Ltd.

CAPITAL \$1,000,000, DIVIDED INTO SHARES OF \$1 EACH FULLY PAID-UP AND NON-ASSESSABLE.

THESE AT 25 CENTS EACH ARE BY FAR THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

H. HARTLEY DEWART, County Crown Attorney, York County, Toronto, President, W. HANSON BOORNE, Vice-President Canadian Silicates and I. E. Co., Vancouver, B.C. ALEXANDER H. DIXON, Manufacturer, Toronto, Treasurer,

GEORGE H. MAURER, Manager Agricultural Insurance Co., Toronto, Secretary. JOHN T. GILMORE, M.D., Warden Central Prison, Toronto: HON. A. W. ATWATER, Q.C.,
Treasurer of the Province of Quebec, Montreal; R. C. TASKER, Treasurer of the
City of West Bay City, Mich.

A Shaft 110 feet deep, 7 by 5 feet in solid paying ore. Four Hundred Tons on the dump ready for treatment. The greater part of the ore is FREE MILLING of a very high grade The lowest of eleven assays shows the value \$42 49 per ton. A Mill Test of 6,043 lbs., yielding \$153 70 per ton.

A Government Report speaking in highest terms of mine and ore. A personal visit by the Vice-President of the Company, the result of which bears out all that has been claimed for the property.

The above advantages, coupled with the fact that the ore can be treated at the lowest possible cost, make this mine an assured success.

The first issue of 100,000 shares will soon be exhausted when the price will be advanced.

Shares may be obtained from the Company's London Brokers, FLOOD & LINDSAY, 410 Richmond Street.

WYATT & CO., (members Toronto Stock Exchange), 46 King street west, Toronto, or from the Secretary of Company. GEORGE H. MAURER, Room 36, 34 Victoria St., Toronto, WRITE FOR PROSPECTUS.

COMPLEXION REMEDIES Agents for Mrs. Gervaise Graham's Cosmetics.

Face Bleach removes pimples, freckles, sallowness, tan, liver spots and all impurities from the skin. Does not take away the natural rosy look. \$150; 3 bottles for \$4.

Jasmine Kosmeo-Cleansing, healing, prevents tan and sunburn. 75c.

Hygionic Skin Food obliterates wrinkles, nittings sears, softening and whitening, \$150.

pittings, scars, softening and whitening, \$150. Evebrow Pencils, 25c; Hair Restorer excellent, \$1; Hair Vigor, \$1; light or dark brown Hair Dye, \$150, etc., etc. Electrolysis—For the permanent removal of superfluous hair, moles, warts, etc. Electri cal treatment for falling and gray hair. Madame Foys' Dermatological Institute

140 Maple street, London

aner

Miade from our well-known long-fibred Mandla paper. 33 Strong of texture.

Finished in appearance. Send for samples. The E. B. EDDY CO. (LIMITED) HULL . . . Canada



Family Medicine of the Age. Taken Internally, it Cures Diarrhœa, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, etc., etc.

Used Externally, It Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet. No article ever attained to such unbounded popular-

No article of the rest in the efficacy of the PainWe can bear testimony to the efficacy of the PainKiller. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the
severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—Cinctin
nati Dispatch.
Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is
the most valuable family medicine now in use.—Tennessed Organ.

It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.—Neuport Neus.

Beware of imitations. Buy only the genuine "PERRY BAVIS." Sold everywhere; large bottles, 25c. Very large bottles, 50 cents.

Navigation and Railways

Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool, Call-Aumidian Portland.

Laurentian Dec. 17

Mongolian Jan 14

aurentian

In answering advertisements or in inquiring at a store respecting something advertised, kindly mention that you saw the advertisement in this paper.

Navigation and Railways

SPECIAL EXCURSION FARES TO ALL POINTS IN CANADA. 1896-Christmas-1896 Single First-Class Fare.

Going Dec. 24 and 25, 1896, and returning Dec. 28, 1896. Single First-Class Fare and One-Third, Going Dec. 23 to 25, 1896, inclusive, return ing Jan. 1, 1897. 1897-NEW YEAR-1897

Single First-Class Fare, Going Dec. 31st, 1896, and Jan. 1, 1897, returning not later than Jan. 2, 1897. Single First-Class Fare and One-Third, Going Dec. 30 and 31, 1896, and Jan. 1, 1897, returning not later than Jan. 4, 1897.

School Vacations. Single first-class fare and one-third to teach. ers and students on surrendering standard form of school certificate. Tickets to be issued Dec. 11 to 24, 1896, inclusive, valid to return not later than Jan. 11, 1897. For all information apply to E. De la Hooke city agent; C. E. Horning, depot agent.

CANADIAN AY. IN BRITISH **COLUMBIA** CARIBOO 3

TICKETS \$5 00 to \$10 00

SLEEPING CARS

Every THUESDAY and FEIDAY to BRITISH COLUMBIA and Pacific Coast Points. Apply to Any Ticket Agent for "TOURIST CAR FOLDER," and pamph-let "Gold in CARIBOO and KOOTENAY." or to

C. E. McPHERSON. 1 King St. East, Toronto. THOS. R. PARKER, City Passenger Agent 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond. City office open 7 a.m.

Royal and United States Mail Steam ers for Queenstown and Liverpool

*Superior second cabin accommodation of these steamers.
From White Star dock, foot West Tenth 9t.
Saloon rates—On Teutonic and Majestic, \$7.
and upwards; second cabin rates, Majestic and Teutonic, \$42 50 and \$47 50; round trip, \$80 75 to \$90 25, according to location of berth. Saloot rates on Germanic and Britannic, \$60 and upwards. Excursion tickets on favorable terms, Steerage at lowest rates. Company's office, \$1.
Broadway, New York.
For further information apply to

For further information apply to EDWARD DE LA HOOKE SOLE AGENT FOR LONDON.
Office—"Clock," corner Richmond and Dundas.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

Winter Resorts

-OF-MEXICO, FLORIDA and CALIFORNIA.

You need Hood's Sarsaparilla to enrich and purify your blood, create an appetite and give sweet, refreshing aleep.

AGENTS—E. De la Hooke, "Clock" corner Richmond street.

AGENTS—E. De la Hooke, "Clock" corner Richmond street.

AGENTS—E. De la Hooke, "Clock" corner Richmond street.

Por all particulars call at City Office, 395

Richmond street.

JOHN PAUL, City Agent, O. W. RUGGLES, JOHN G. LAVEN, Gen. Pass. Agent.

Can. Pass. Agent.

At Greatly Reduced Rates.

bentures.

The head office of the company will be in Toronto, but it is the intention of the directors to establish an agency of the company would go up in a centrates at the Sault; or

3. Sell its interest.

In any event, should one in ten of these claims turn out well, the assets of the company would go up in a attention.

Applications accompanied by cheque for blocks of 40 shares and upwards will receive prompt attention. tus to 12 KING STREET, EAST, TORONTO.

companies to take hold of such properties, acting as their agents for the purpose of placing their stock or debentures.

Sault;

2. Place a crushing plant on the mine itself, simply treating the concentrates at the Sault; or

3. Sell its interest

H. A. DRUMMOND, Broker.