

LOST—A MUSK-OX ROBE

On Bay, Queen or Terauley Sts., about 11 o'clock Monday night, Edward at 28 King St. East.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO. 28 King St. E., Opp. King Edward Hotel

PROBS: Fresh easterly winds, cloudy, with occasional snow or rain.

The Toronto World

FOURTEEN PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 14 1911—FOURTEEN PAGES

SPACE FOR RENT

New Standard Bank Bldg., King and Jordan; excellent light, good elevator, space arranged to suit tenants.

31ST YEAR

SPLIT APPARENT IN REPUBLICAN PARTY FORCES

Brought Out by a Test Vote for Delay on the McCall Bill—Representative Hill Indulges in Dreams of Day When the United States Will Rule Entire Continent.

Covetous Eyes on Canada

Mr. Hill called out applause by saying he would never forgive an eloquent speech he had heard Speaker Cannon make on the future of the United States.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The McCall bill, carrying into effect the reciprocity agreement, reached the floor of the house to-day, and probably will be passed by that body before adjournment to-morrow night.

A test vote came to-day soon after the house was called to order by Speaker Cannon. Mr. McCall moved the immediate consideration of his bill.

The Democratic vote was divided, 134 in favor of immediate consideration and 19 against. As in the case of some of the opposing Republicans, a few of the Democrats voted against immediate consideration, because they are members of the District of Columbia committee.

Split in Republican Ranks. The test vote taken to-day and the general debate that followed, clearly demonstrated the serious split that exists among the Republicans of the house on reciprocity.

Representative Hill of Connecticut opened the debate in favor of the bill and was the only Republican to advocate it to-day. He was seconded by Representative Harrison of New York.

Representatives Gaines of West Virginia; Martin of South Dakota, and Kendall of Iowa, all Republicans, spoke against reciprocity.

Mr. Hill said that no amendment could be put into the bill, except in the wood pulp section, without disturbing the whole agreement. He left the wood pulp clause to Representative Mann of Illinois.

"For myself," said Mr. Gaines, "I propose to offer an amendment to put the products of the 'best trust' on the free list, and I want to see what the caucus-tied Democrats are going to do about it."

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Sir George Gibbons Will Be Chairman

OTTAWA, Feb. 13.—The Canadian section of the international waterways commission, as provided for under the new treaty, will be appointed as soon as the legislation giving effect to the arrangement is passed and the salaries are provided.

It is learned that Sir George Gibbons has been tendered and has accepted again the chairmanship of the body, but the other members have not yet been determined upon and there may be some changes.

MEAT PACKING INDUSTRY WOULD BE SACRIFICED

Influential Deputation of Protest Waits on Premier and Members of Cabinet.

OTTAWA, Feb. 13.—An influential deputation of packers waited upon Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. Messrs. Fielding and Paterson this afternoon, urging upon them the injurious effect the proposed reciprocity agreement with the United States would have upon the meat-packing industry of Canada.

The meat packers of Ontario and Quebec have invested large sums of money on buildings and plants and have the courage to build and equip their houses in advance of the production of hogs necessary to their operation.

The packer of Ontario and Quebec has marketed his cured pork products in Canada and Great Britain. In 1890 exports to Great Britain were \$600,000 and thirteen years later aggregated \$15,000,000, and at present amount to between \$6,000,000 and \$7,000,000 annually.

Under the proposed reciprocity agreement with tariff changes, those provinces would ultimately raise and pack hogs in excess of their requirements, when the surplus as well as the surplus from Ontario and Quebec would go to Great Britain, and would re-establish or enlarge the export figures of seven years ago.

Under the proposed reciprocity agreement the Ontario and Quebec packers would lose the important and greatly increasing trade of the western provinces. The lower price for hogs at Western United States packing points, the more favorable rate of freight for the cured product from those points, the higher return secured for offal, and the lower operating charges per pound of product, through large volume, would establish conditions so favorable to the Western United States packer that the trade of the western provinces would pass to him.

The deputation believed that the interference with the regularity of export shipments, the existing markets for domestic products, and consequent interference with the operation of the packing houses, which would follow the adoption of the proposed reciprocity agreement, would result in the destruction of the meat packing industry of Ontario and Quebec.

Continuity of business is essential and under this agreement there would be periods each year when the supply would go all to the States.

Hon. Mr. Paterson spoke first in reply to the deputation, and argued that the margin of protection would not be interfered with.

Mr. Fielding said the manufacturers were not always the best judges of what is best to do for their industries.

Under reciprocity we could not operate this week, for instance," was Mr. Flavelle's quick reply.

RIDICULE ONE OF MUCH VAUNTED "ADVANTAGES"

Head of U. S. National Grange Says no Canadian Barbed-Wire Fences to Admit—A Mythical "Advantage" for Canada Also?

A Transparent Trick?

"Do you know that the Steel Trust sold last year in Canada more than one hundred million pounds of wire, and that we bought no wire from Canada? Do you know that this barbed wire provision is an attempt to fool the farmers by a transparent trick? Do you not know that Canada produces practically no wire, and that with the duty on Canadian wire abolished, we would not import one pound?"

CONCORD, N. H., Feb. 13.—The proposed Canadian reciprocity agreement is attacked in a letter sent to-day to Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson by former Gov. James J. Bachelder of this city, national master of the National Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, and chairman of the executive committee.

The letter is in reply to one favoring the agreement sent by Secretary Wilson to Mr. Bachelder, on Feb. 9. Mr. Bachelder declares that the agreement is unfair to the farmers of the United States, who "ask for nothing but a square deal—equal protection for all classes and interests."

"We can only conclude," says Mr. Bachelder in his letter, "that you have been deceived by the special interests, which have cunningly plotted to ally the country-wide clamor for an honest revision of the tariff by making the farmer the scapegoat for the sins of the high protection system."

"The sole question before the American people," writes the former governor, "is whether we shall have free trade in all farm products and high protection for manufactured articles? No Real Reduction on Manufactures."

"You know that the price of farm land is much lower in Canada than in the United States," he continued. "You know that the wages of Canadian farm labor are much lower than we have to pay. You know that the Canadian buys his manufactured articles cheaper, because his tariff duties on foreign goods are lower. You know that the farm lands of Canada are mostly virgin soil, requiring no fertilizer, while our lands have been cropped so long that they would strike down the very moderate tariff, averaging about 25 per cent, which they now receive, WITHOUT GIVING THEM THE BENEFIT OF ANY REAL REDUCTION OF DUTIES ON MANUFACTURES."

"We can only conclude that you have been deceived by the special interests, which have cunningly plotted to ally the country-wide clamor for an honest revision of the tariff, by making the farmer the scapegoat for the sins of the high protection system. Else you would never be found making such a statement as that 'barbed wire fencing will be a boon to our farmers.'"

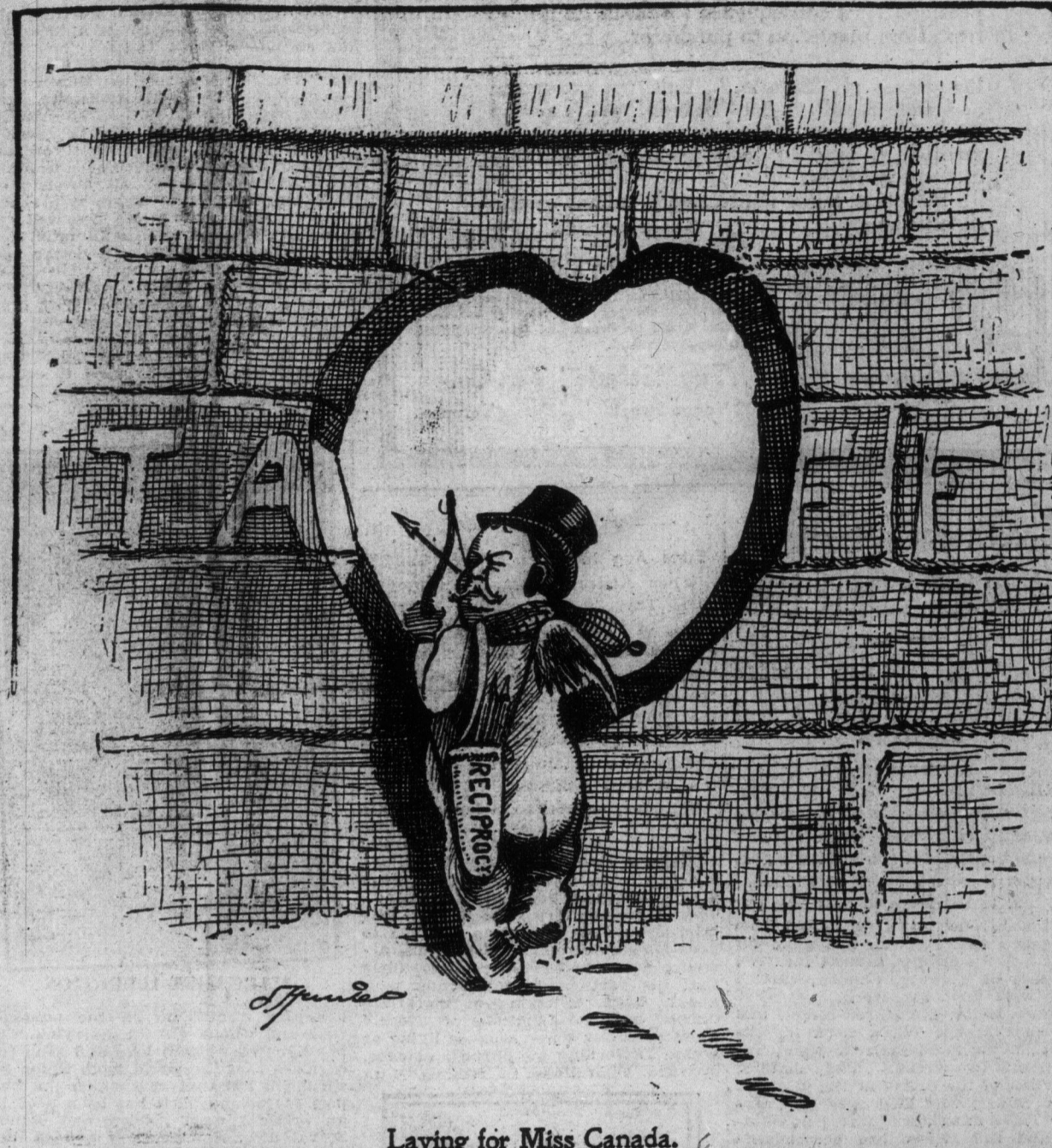
A Difference of Opinion. BOSTON, Feb. 13.—By a voice vote, and without debate, the Massachusetts Senate to-day adopted a resolution approving the Canadian reciprocity bill introduced by McCall of Massachusetts in the national house of representatives. The resolution was offered by Senator Brown of Medford, a Republican.

Resolutions advising the rejection of the reciprocity agreement were unanimously adopted by the executive committee of the Home Market Club of this city. They declare that besides being contrary to the principles of protection, the agreement "will provoke international jealousies, and probably cause demands for equal concessions under the most favored nations clause" in the United States commercial treaties.

Southern Opposition. NEW ORLEANS, La., Feb. 13.—A resolution opposing the Canadian reciprocity agreement was adopted to-day by the legislative committee of the New Orleans Progressive Union.

Township Clerk Fined. Dr. J. W. S. McCulloch of the Ontario Board of Health has begun prosecuting municipal clerks who fail to make the requisite monthly vital statistics report. The clerk of Adolph Township was fined \$50.

A HOPEFUL CUPID



Laying for Miss Canada.

CLAIMS DAMAGES FOR WRECK OF HIS NERVES

Suit Arising Out of the Spanish River Wreck on the C. P. R. a Year Ago.

MONTREAL, Feb. 13.—Another action was started in the superior court to-day before Mr. Justice Saint-Pierre and a mixed jury as a result of the Spanish River accident on the Canadian Pacific a year ago. Mr. Paul Dinowitz claimed \$14,854 from the company as damages for nervous breakdown and incapacity for business as a result of this suffering during the wreck. Mr. Dinowitz claimed that he had been a passenger on the first-class car and had been pitched into the water several hours before being rescued. While he did not suffer any severe physical injuries, he claims that his nervous system was wrecked by the perils he endured and the sights he witnessed, to such an extent that he has not since been able to attend to his business. He is a merchant at Trois Pistoles. He claims that in addition to being unable to attend to business his nerves have become so disordered that he suffers greatly.

The Canadian Pacific confessed judgment to the extent of \$1500, and the trial has really become an adjudication of damages.

STILL TAKING RECRUITS Number of Volunteers for Navy Does Not Exceed Accommodation.

OTTAWA, Feb. 13.—When Hon. L. P. Brodeur, minister of the navy, was questioned as to the reports current that the number of recruits already secured for the Canadian navy had reached the limit of the accommodation provided on the Niobe and the Rainbow, he replied: "That is not my information. But even should the number of recruits exceed the room on the two cruisers, it will be quite possible to suspend recruiting for a while and prepare a waiting list for the would-be volunteers, pending the erection of the naval barracks at Halifax, or maybe the securing of another ship. I am giving the question my active consideration, and expect to be able to announce the awarding in a few days of the contract for the naval barracks at Halifax, for which the money was voted last year."

SHIRT AND COLLAR MERGER. MONTREAL, Feb. 13.—(Special.)—Messrs. Charles R. Whitehead of Three Rivers, president of the Washco Cotton Company of that place, and J. N. Greenhield, K.C., have purchased the Tooke Bros. Ltd. shirt and collar plant, paying \$700,000 cash for the same. It is understood that this will form a nucleus of a merger in that line of business.

HOME MARKET LEAGUE

Movement on Foot to Comprise Every Line of Business.

MONTREAL, Feb. 13.—(Special.)—The manufacturers of Montreal, and in fact all who employ labor, are now fully alive to the importance of bringing every possible influence to bear on the government against reciprocity, and should this fail, to oppose them with all their power at the coming election. In order that it may not have a political color there is a movement on foot to establish a home market league, that will comprise every line of business in the Dominion. As the deputations proceed to Ottawa and are sent away empty handed, the days of Cartwright and Mackenzie are recalled to mind, and people are now convinced that a change of government must be brought about at all hazards.

KILLED BY FLY-WHEEL

Dennis Murray Victim of Accident in Gurney Foundry.

While at work in the Gurney Foundry yesterday morning, where he was employed as an engineer, Dennis Murray was struck in some way by the machinery and was found unconscious upon the floor of the engine room. He was hurried to the Western Hospital in the police ambulance, but was dead when it arrived there. The body was removed to Ryan's undertaking rooms, 27 Arthur-st., where an inquest will be opened by Coroner Orr.

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE

Will Pronounce Next Week on Question of Reciprocity.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 13.—The Manitoba Legislature will pronounce this week on the question of reciprocity. At the session to-night T. C. Norris, leader of the opposition, gave notice of a resolution which he will move on Thursday, approving of the reciprocity agreement, and asking the Dominion Government to give its immediate sanction. He also suggests that the Dominion Government give further consideration to the question of lower duties on agricultural implements. It is understood that the government is likely to introduce an amendment regretting the tendency to break away from imperial ties, and suggesting that at the next imperial conference preferential tariff be taken up, and also the question of free trade within the empire.

GROCERY STORE BLAZE

Fire from a defective furnace caused a fire in the grocery store of Robt. Gardner, 1153 College-street, at 11.10 last night. The stock was damaged \$700 and the building \$150. The stock was insured in the Queen City Insurance Co. for \$1500.

CANADA CAN'T AFFORD TO CRUSH INDUSTRIES

But Unreasonable Profits Should Be Checked, Says Jas. Pearson.

A large crowd turned out to the monthly meeting of the Second Ward Liberal Association in O'Neill's Hall last night and listened to addresses by local and out-of-town speakers on reciprocity and the naval question, which was revived by Capt. A. T. Hunter in one of his able addresses. James Pearson, veteran member of the association, presented arguments for reciprocity, declaring that the manufacturers should not be allowed to "exact unreasonable profit out of the sweat of the brows of their fellow-men." He added, however, that Canada could not afford to crush the manufacturers that had grown up under the national policy, and that the trade compact must be fixed so as to give them a fair show.

"Different policies suit different nations," he declared; "England grew great under free trade, while the United States waxed fat on protection, although her protection was in reality subservient to the great free trade between the different states. Our opponents declare that by trading with our neighbor to the south annexation will result, but we Liberals are good enough Canadians to trade with other countries, and yet retain our nationality."

Two Memorials Fatal

Rev. B. H. Spence, secretary of the Dominion Alliance, said that he strongly opposed the presentation of a resolution to the government until the deputation had submitted their request next Thursday that the three-fifths clause should be abolished, and he warned them that two memorials from the temperance people might lead the public to think that they did not know exactly what they wanted, and that they were probably divided on the question. There seemed to be an idea that Toronto was the chief supporter of the Dominion Alliance, whereas it only contributed 11 per cent. of the funds. If they contributed the right proportion, it would be 14 per cent, and this would lead to the idea that this city was not doing its share.

GOWGANDA DELEGATION.

Several hundred delegates to organize a deputation to Sir James Whitney for to-morrow in favor of a line into Gowganda and Elk Lake will arrive this morning. The delegation will meet in Victoria Hall for organization purposes.

Dunlap Hats Are Here.

The Dineen Company has on sale to-day the great American Dunlap Hat, the spring blocks of which first arrived Saturday. Dineen is sole Canadian agent for these goods. The stock includes the very latest designs in Alpines, Silk and Derby Hats.

NOT UNITED ON COLD WATER POLICY

Warm Debate on Resolution to Memorialize Government to Shorten Hours for Liquor Sale Ends in Withdrawal—Would Hamper the Ontario Alliance.

The meeting called by the Citizens' Temperance League to discuss Aid. McCarthy's motion to petition the Ontario Government for a reduction in the hours of the sale of liquor, brought some 50 heads of Toronto temperance organizations to Victoria Hall yesterday afternoon. Each delegate was enthusiastic for the moral uplift of Toronto's imbibing citizens, but as each rose to give his views it became evident that in spite of their zeal for the furtherance of the cause, the temperance advocates of Toronto, like the many factions in a church, where probably these moralists received their training, were bound to disagree on almost every question raised.

Nearly every speaker in the course of his remarks said that the statement that the temperance people of Toronto were divided on the question was an erroneous one, and this was received each time with an outburst of applause. But almost every other remark was disputed by some delegate whose opinions were not lacking in individuality. Many believed that the Dominion Alliance was a live organization and commended it upon its stand, while others spoke of it as negligent and not serving its true purpose. They even disagreed upon whether the meeting was representative, one man contending that every temperance organization from the east end to the west end was represented, and another claiming that the centre of the city was being given no voice in the matter.

Introduced Resolution.

It would not be right to say that there was confusion, for there was not, excepting that they argued for forty minutes and one member, who could not comprehend the situation, asked what question they were speaking to. They all thought for a few minutes and then had to confess that they were not speaking on any matter in particular. Rev. Dr. Hincks appreciated this loss of time and decided to bring them to business. He moved the following resolution, which was seconded by Rev. A. L. Geggie:

"That this conference of temperance workers memorialize the provincial government to amend the Ontario Liquor Act so as to provide that in hotels and shops in Toronto the hours of sale and delivery shall not be more than from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. on Monday to Friday inclusive, and from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. on Saturday, the said reduction of hours to take place on the first May following any regular municipal election at which a majority of electors voting upon the question declare in favor of such shorter hours."

"That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Ontario branch of the Dominion Alliance, in order that they may consider the advisability of asking for similar legislation for other municipalities."

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Controlled License Reduction at This Time was Not Wise.

"As a matter of fact, we have not digested what we have already done," he declared. This statement brought forth several protests.

Ald. McCarthy said he had been moved to take action in the council by the fact that there were 11,000 cases of drunkenness in 1910. He denied that

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