

**SPECTACULAR RISE
IN TWIN CITY**

Favorable Report of Earnings
Sent the Stock Up Over
Two Points.

TORONTO MARKET FIRM

Turn for the Better in Sentiment—Numerous Small
Advances.

Sentiment took a decided turn for the better in the Toronto Stock Exchange yesterday. A sharp upturn in Twin City, inspired by the optimistic views presented by a brokerage firm in the morning papers, was the leading feature, but the incident was sufficiently cheering to induce a better tone in the general market. Speculation broadened out to a certain extent and public interest was more pronounced than of late.

The estimate of earnings of Twin City showing that the company's surplus for the common stock this year should be over twice the dividend requirements evidently inspired considerable buying by non-investors, and in the rush to get orders filled traders bid the price up very rapidly. This issue has been one of the best actors in the market of late, and as the floating supply is small it was not surprising to find the quotation soaring. The shares opened at 106 1/4 and sold as high as 108 1/2, a net gain for the day of 2 1/4 points. At that figure the stock exactly duplicated the top price of last January, which was the highest of the year to date. Short covering was also a factor in the movement, but this was a minor influence to the broad public demand.

The improved calibre of the market was plainly shown in the responses made by the general list to this favorable incident. The market moved up a point to 93 7/8 under a spirited demand. Cement crossed 24, making a new high for the movement, by the buying coming from Montreal; Macdonald was up a fraction to 28 1/4. Richelieu made a better showing than usual, and Steel Co. of Canada preferred firm to 86, a new high in two months. Several other of the preferred stocks were in demand, evidencing the presence of investment purchases.

A spectacular flurry in Spanish River was a prominent feature of the session. The shares worked off rapidly in the morning, dropping over a point at 15 7/8, within about a point of the recent low, but rallied sharply when support was given, rising under sustained bidding to 18 1/8 and closing with a net gain for the day of half a point at 17 3/4. It was whispered on "the street" that the bears had attempted to raid the stock, but that the insiders had come to the rescue and put the invaders to flight by putting in substantial buying orders. Dominion Steel was another weak spot losing a couple of points at 47, following the decline in Montreal, while both General Electric and Canada Bread suffered a slight relapse.

**BEARS ARE KICKING
ABOUT "STILL" BOOM**

Wall Street Hears Complaints of
Hurtful Campaign in Stock
Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Wall street is full of bears on United States steel and of big bears, little bears and middle size bears—all of them with a grievance. They say a bull campaign has been conducted in the market, and that the ultimate effect will be hurtful to the market and to the country at large.

Now all that is too bad—if only it is true, and the bears probably have as much consideration for the interests of the market and of the country as the bulls. The bulls think conditions in the steel trade are changing for the better, and that it is only right and natural that United States steel stock should discount the improvement by an advance in its price.

At the present level steel yields the investor over seven and one-half per cent. on his investment, and it is contended that there is nothing in sight to menace the maintenance of the five per cent. dividend on the stock.

**WALL ST. NERVOUS
OVER CROP OUTLOOK**

Erickson Perkins and Company (J. A. Beatty), wired: "Today's market position, considerably strengthened by the professional selling of the previous days, responded to overnight news regarding the final results of the Southern Pacific and Copper metal situation. We think the market a rate on any further bulge. There are two good reasons for this, one being uncertainty as to character of the forthcoming bank statement, while the other is the probability of a bad harvest in government crop report to be issued next week. If the surplus reserve is wiped out the banks may resort to calling of loans and cause some selling."

MUNICIPAL BOND SALES.

The municipal bond sales in Canada for August, according to "The Money Times," amounted to \$1,540,000, compared with \$1,591,924 for July, and \$1,649,847 for the corresponding period last year, and making a total for the year to date of \$14,292,241.

5 Per Cent Interest Absolute Security.

The ideal investment for trust funds, and all monies which remain unattached for a period of five years or more, are our Guaranteed Mortgage Investments. Five per cent. interest is paid, and capital and interest are absolutely guaranteed. Write for booklet, "Mortgage Investments Guaranteed."

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45-45 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.
James J. Warren, President. E. B. Blackwell, General Manager.

**BULLISH TONE IN
MONTREAL STOCKS**

Advances General in Leading
Stocks, But Movements
Not Spectacular.

MONTREAL, Sept. 5.

With the market in a receptive mood for any favorable developments, an upturn in New York today provided the needed stimulus to bullish sentiment, and under a fair volume of buying stocks developed a strong tone. The one conspicuous exception to the advance was iron, which was sharply depressed from 49 at the opening to 46 in the late afternoon under selling apparently based on speculation as to the dividend outlook. There was a rally to 46 3/4 in the final transactions, but iron closed heavy, offered at 46 5/8 with 49 3/8 bid, or about 3 3/8 below the range of quotations at the close of Thursday. About 1,200 shares of the stock changed hands on the decline. The advance in the general market was without spectacular features, but the movement was broad and took in most of the leaders whose movements are indicative of the trend of market sentiment. General common was a feature of particular interest rising 1 1/4 to a new high record of 34, and closing only 1/8 below the best of dealings in about 1,100 shares. Concurrently the preferred rose 1/2 to a new high for the movement of 28, and closed at 28 1/4. Brazilian was 5 1/2 higher, at 93 5/8, and Laurentide 1 higher at 127, and Quebec Rail, was closed at 12 3/4 bid. The close in most cases was at the best of the day.

Macdonald was practically neglected, but closed 1 1/2 higher, at 28 1/2 bid, while Spanish rallied 1 1/2, to 15 1/8.

**STANDARD OIL
DIVIDEND RECORD**

Cash Disbursements This Year
Will Reach Hundred Million
Dollars.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Cash dividend disbursements by the segregated Standard Oil companies for the third quarter of 1912 will aggregate \$14,475,750. These will bring the total for the three quarters to \$46,256,400. According to every present indication the disbursements of this character for the calendar year will reach a grand total of slightly more than \$100,000,000, representing substantially more than 100 per cent. on the outstanding stock of the former parent company, the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey.

In 1912 the cash dividend totalled \$52,000,000. A substantial part of the wide margin between this figure and the probable total of dividends for the present year may be accounted for by the extra dividend of 40 per cent., amounting to \$39,325,360, paid by the New Jersey company on Jan. 15. It is not expected that dividends for next year, however, will suffer by reason of such comparison, for it is considered that the New Jersey concern will make another large extra disbursement next spring.

**GOLD PRODUCTION
A VITAL PROBLEM**

United States Has Reached Maximum Output Unless New
Methods Are Devised.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—More important than the tariff and affecting more vitally and directly the prosperity of every man than any other question is the problem of the production of gold, according to James P. Callbreath, secretary of the American Mining Congress, which will be held here Oct. 20 to 25.

Mr. Callbreath believes that unless the mining industry finds a method of treating low grade ores at a profit, this country has reached the maximum of its gold production. He further says that an increase in the production of gold is absolutely necessary for any expansion of business, and that unless this increase is forthcoming, the United States will have to stand still and merely mark time. The country produces approximately one-fifth of the world's gold supply, but her proportion of business expansion and accompanying credit is much greater.

**WOULD SUSPEND SUIT
AGAINST U. S. STEEL**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Representative Foy of New York has introduced a resolution to direct the attorney-general to suspend further proceedings in the federal dissolution suit against the United States Steel Corporation, on the ground that the corporation during the last decade had spent \$1,575,000 for labor, decreased the cost of producing steel and aided in increasing iron and steel exports.

CONSOL EXCHANGE SEATS UP.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—A membership on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was sold yesterday for \$1,250, a small advance over the previous transaction.

AUGUST FIRE LOSS.

The Monetary Times' estimate of Canada's fire loss during August amounted to \$3,931,775, compared with July loss of \$2,579,698, and \$1,164,760 for the corresponding period of last year.

**NEW YORK STOCKS
REBOUND SHARPLY**

Bears, in Eagerness to Cover,
Marked Prices Up in
Short Order.

S. P. HEAVILY ABSORBED

More Than Ninety Per Cent.
Taken Up by U. P.
Shareholders.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The tide turned in the stock market today and prices gained generally after a steady decline in the earlier days of the week. It required no great amount of buying to bring about the upturn. The readiness with which the list responded to moderate bidding indicated that the week's selling had been largely professional, and that it had expanded the short interest to a point which made it vulnerable. The chief demand for stocks came from the shorts and despite the weakness of their position little effort was made to run up prices on them. The rise was regarded merely as a natural rebound from the previous decline and there was no evidence of a weakening in the long side of the market. The uncertain outlook for the money market and the recent unfavorable crop reports were sufficient to retain any tendency toward bullish enthusiasm.

Aside from the technical position of the market, the most potent factor in bringing about the rise was the announcement that more than 90 per cent. of Union Pacific's holdings of Southern Pacific had been subscribed for, instead of about 80 per cent. as was at first estimated by the underwriters. The Harriman shares rose sharply on the announcement and the whole list was benefited by the inference that the market was turning. The improved position of the investment market.

Gains of more important stocks ran from 1 1/2 to 2 points, although they were scaled down fractionally by profit taking during the afternoon. Copper shares were advanced, the total for the day being 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 cents. Movements of currency in the last day or two were less against the dollar than in the previous week. The week and forecasts of the bank statement indicated a smaller cash loss than was expected. A loss of \$1,500,000 was suggested by the available figures.

Call money did not go above 3 per cent. and the market for yesterday's high figure of 4 1/2. Bonds were firm.

**NEW BANKS OPENED
ACROSS THE BORDER**

Eleven New National Institutions
Opened Their Doors Dur-
ing August.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Acting Controller of the Currency Kane reports that during August 14 applications to organize national banks were received. Of these applications 9 were approved. There are now 43 applications pending which have been approved, but organizations have not been completed. In the same month 11 banks, with total capital of \$555,000, were authorized to begin business. Of these 11 banks 10 had individual capital of \$200,000, and 1 had individual capital of \$50,000, and 3 with capital of \$350,000, had individual capital of \$50,000 or over.

On Aug. 31, the total number of national banks organized was 10,438, of which 8,234 had organized business, leaving in existence 7,044 banks, with authorized capital of \$1,065,862, 175.

**BETTER SHOWING
FAILURE RECORD**

For the first time in a long while Canada has shown a better showing of the corresponding period of 1912. The details as compiled by Dun's follow:

Date	Ont.	Que.	Man.	Ala.	B.C.	N.B.	P.E.	Sask.	W. Can.	Total
Sept. 4	8	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	19
Aug. 1	10	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	29
Aug. 21	15	9	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	25
Aug. 14	12	7	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	21
Aug. 1	10	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	16
July 21	10	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	14

**UPS AND DOWNS
IN N. Y. MARKET**

Erickson Perkins & Co. report average New York Stock Exchange prices of ten leading stocks for the month of August 1913 as follows:

Stock	High	Low	Open	Close
High Friday	117.8	107.5	117.8	107.5
Low Friday	117.8	107.5	117.8	107.5
Open Friday	117.8	107.5	117.8	107.5
Close Friday	117.8	107.5	117.8	107.5
Open year	128.5	81.5	128.5	81.5
High year	128.5	81.5	128.5	81.5
Low year	111.8	81.5	111.8	81.5
Close year	111.8	81.5	111.8	81.5

BRITISH CONSOLS

Consols, money 72 1/2, 72 1/2, 72 1/2.

BRAZILIAN IN LONDON.

Monard, Ryerson & Co. received cables from London quoting Brazilian Tractee as follows: Brazilian equivalents about three points below these:

Stock	High	Low	Open	Close
High Friday	117.8	107.5	117.8	107.5
Low Friday	117.8	107.5	117.8	107.5
Open Friday	117.8	107.5	117.8	107.5
Close Friday	117.8	107.5	117.8	107.5
Open year	128.5	81.5	128.5	81.5
High year	128.5	81.5	128.5	81.5
Low year	111.8	81.5	111.8	81.5
Close year	111.8	81.5	111.8	81.5

MONEY MARKET.

Bank of England discount rate, 4 1/2 per cent. On market discount rate in London for short bills, 3 1/4 per cent. New York call loans, open 2 1/2 per cent., high 2 per cent., low 2 per cent. Call money in Toronto, 8 1/2 to 7 per cent.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Goldbrook & Cronyn, exchange and bond brokers, report exchange rates as follows at closing:

Between Banks	Sellers	Counter
N. Y. f.d. 30 days	81 1/2	81 1/2
Mont. f.d. par.	81 1/2	81 1/2
St. Paul f.d. 30 days	81 1/2	81 1/2
do. dem. 90 days	81 1/2	81 1/2
Cable t. 30 days	81 1/2	81 1/2
Cable t. 60 days	81 1/2	81 1/2
Cable t. 90 days	81 1/2	81 1/2

Actual. 482.25, 482.25, 482.25.

Actual. 482.25, 482.25, 482.25.

Actual. 482.25, 482.25, 482.25.

**BUFFALO MINES CO.
CUTS JUICY "MELON"**

Directors Declare Twenty-
Seven Per Cent. Dividend
—A Remarkable Record.

TREND WAS UPWARD

High Priced Stocks Attract In-
vestors—A Few Weak
Spots Noted.

With the declaration of the latest dividends the Buffalo Mines Co. of Cobalt ensures its place among those companies which are noted for their spectacular record. The directors yesterday posted the regular quarterly disbursement of 5 per cent. and an extra dividend of 16 per cent., payable on Oct. 1, and another extra dividend of 2 per cent. payable Nov. 15. This will bring the total for the year to that date up to 23 per cent., exclusive of the 25 per cent. paid on January 1st last, which was included in the 1912 dividend. The dividend record follows:

Date	P.C.	Amount
1905	5	\$4,000
1906	5	\$1,000
1907	12	105,000
1908	25	250,000
1909	25	250,000
1910	25	250,000
1911	44	440,000
1912	56	560,000
1913-Feb. 3	5	30,000
April	20	200,000
May 15	2	20,000
July 1	10	100,000
Aug. 1	2	20,000
Oct. 1	20	200,000
Nov. 15	7	70,000
Total	254	\$2,507,000

**KIRKLAND LAKE
WILL BE BIG CAMP**

Toronto Mining Men Greatly Im-
pressed With Prospects of
New Gold Fields.

"It will be a big camp" was the summing up of Mr. A. P. Macaulay, broker, Standard Stock Exchange, building after a critical inspection of the Kirkland Lake district. The prospecting of the new camp further with the World, Mr. Macaulay said. As near as I could judge after tramping thru the belt of the new camp, a month, the mineral area is about 8 miles long, and varies from half to one mile wide. It starts in the north easterly direction from Swastika and extends to the Tough properties now owned by Clem Foster of Halleybury. The mineral is a silver camp, and is worth while, but the mineral zone if the surface indications hold out, will certainly be a rich one.

The Kirkland Lake field is altogether different from Porcupine and is perhaps as much a fresh gold camp as Cobalt is a silver camp. The formation is conglomerate and porphyry, and much of gold is in evidence. Everything that is in the line of gold, silver, copper, lead, zinc, and iron, get options on gold properties without substantial cash payments. Mr. Macaulay estimated that there are anywhere from 1500 to 2000 prospectors in the district, and that actual work on many properties shows that they have the real goods.

Asked as to his own interests in the camp, he stated that his syndicate owned eight claims, one of which, the "Horner," gives evidence of being one of the richest in the district. It may take a little time, Mr. Macaulay concluded, but I am satisfied that Kirkland will be one of the big things of the north country."

**COBALT MINES ARE
SHIPPING BULLION**

COBALT, Sept. 5.—The bullion shipments from the Cobalt mines have amounted to over \$120,000. The Buffalo and Nipissing are the two largest. The latter shipment of 112 bars is about the mine's average. The weight of it was 135,127.67 ounces, and the value \$90,400.96. The Buffalo's shipment of 48 bars was valued at \$40,000. The shipments:

Bar	Quint.	Value
Nipissing	112	135,127.67
Buffalo	48	90,400.96
Total	160	225,528.63

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

Erickson Perkins report the day's price range as follows:

Stock	High	Low	Open	Close
High Friday	12.80	12.58	12.58	12.58
Low Friday	12.80	12.58	12.58	12.58
Open Friday	12.80	12.58	12.58	12.58
Close Friday	12.80	12.58	12.58	12.58
Open year	12.80	12.58	12.58	12.58
High year	12.80	12.58	12.58	12.58
Low year	12.58	12.58	12.58	12.58
Close year	12.58	12.58	12.58	12.58

TAX ON COTTON FUTURES.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The Senate Democrats in caucus this afternoon agreed to tax cotton futures one-tenth of a cent a pound.

**BIG INCREASES IN
DULUTH EARNINGS**

The Duluth Superior Traction Company comparative weekly statement of gross passenger earnings for the month of August are as follows:

Month	1912	1913
Aug.	\$2,195.45	\$2,857.70
July	\$2,295.27	\$2,815.17
Third week	\$2,581.27	\$2,374.10
Rem. of month	\$7,204.29	\$2,297.55
To date of this	\$18,220.21	\$16,278.05
To date	\$20,025.14	\$18,575.15

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 5.—Wheat—September, 87 1/2c; December, 89 1/2c; May, 94 1/2c; No. 1 hard, 90 1/2c; No. 1 northern, 88 1/2c to 89 1/2c; No. 2, 85 1/2c to 86 1/2c.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, 73 1/2c to 74c; No. 2 white, 41c to 41 1/2c; Rye—No. 2, 62 1/2c to 64c; Flour—Unchanged.

Just Issued—1913-1914**"INVESTORS' REFERENCE"**

This is a booklet explaining the purchase and sale of securities, giving the latest available information, such as: Capital, Earnings, Dividends, tables showing the range of prices from 1908-1913, etc., of 180 prominent companies whose securities are mostly listed, and dealt in, on the stock exchanges in Canada.

We shall be glad to send a copy on request.

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**FAVORABLE NEWS
HELPED THE MINES**

Big Dividend Declaration by
Buffalo Inspired More Bull-
ish Enthusiasm.

TREND WAS UPWARD

High Priced Stocks Attract In-
vestors—A Few Weak
Spots Noted.

The mining market generally showed a firm undertone yesterday, sentiment being favorably influenced by the Buffalo Mines "melon cutting." Half a dozen of the general favorites improved their position to a greater or less extent, and while there were some weak spots in evidence, these were the exception rather than the rule. Speculation was only fairly active, but was pretty well distributed throughout the list.

The favorable news on Buffalo sent those shares up ten cents to \$25.00, at which price they duplicated the high point of July, but were still 25 cents under the top for the year to date. Some years ago they sold up to five dollars, but that was in the palmy times of the Cobalt boom. At \$25.00 they return a yield of 26 per cent. on a basis of 66 per cent. dividends so far this year, and it is being whispered that a Christmas present will be distributed later on, the same in January last. Each dividend reduced the possibilities of the mine, and the fact should not be forgotten in forming conclusions regarding the wonderful record of the company.

Improving Their Position.

Such stocks as Beaver, McKinley, Peterson Lake and Hollinger all improved their position. McKinley recovered only 3 points of its big loss, Peterson Lake moved up to a new high since July at 22 1/4 on buying, and Hollinger was up 25 cents to \$14.25, the it closed lower than that. The four weekly statement comes out next Tuesday. McIntyre sold up to \$2.50 on recovery of the dividend reduction has not yet entirely disappeared.

The weak spots on the list were Pearl Lake, Chambers Ferland and Silver Leaf. The former broke below 30 again, when selling was renewed, Chambers duplicated its recent low at 17, and Silver Leaf made a new low record in two years at 2. There is a very narrow market for this issue now, and concessions are necessary when selling is forced. The high priced Cobalts were firm, with Nipissing quoted above the nine dollar mark again. Investors are viewing these issues in a more favorable light, and predictions of higher prices are general, the influence of the recent dividend reductions has not yet entirely disappeared.

**LONDON MARKET
MOVED DOWNWARD**

Gilt-Edged Stocks Were Firm,
But General List Was Easy
—Holiday Today.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Money and discount rates were easy today. The holiday on the stock exchange tomorrow and the approach of the settlement restricted the trading. The firmness in Paris stiffened Kaffirs and foreign bonds, while gilt-edged securities were unchanged on cheap money. Mexican shares had a good tone, but price movements otherwise were downward.

American securities opened quiet and steady. Prices advanced from 1-8 to 5-8 on light covering, but the market was not at all noon. Later New York buying raised values and made the closing steady.

**O'BRIEN MINES WILL
ENLARGE THEIR MILL**

COBALT, Sept. 5.—By the installation of a large tube mill and other changes at the O'Brien concentrator, the capacity of that mill will be increased from 100 tons to 150 tons. The changes are now being made and it is expected that 150 tons will be treated in the mill before the end of October. No change is being made in the cyanide process which has been in use for several years at the mill. The O'Brien was the first in Cobalt to use this process in the treatment of silver ores.

W. A. LEE & SON