

Redress of injured senator

39. A senator considering himself offended or injured in the Senate, in a committee room, or in any of the rooms belonging to the Senate, may appeal to the Senate for redress.

Exceptionable words

40. (1) When a senator is called to order for words spoken in debate, such senator or any other senator may demand that the exceptionable words be taken down in writing by the Clerk at the table.

(2) A senator who has used exceptionable words and does not explain or retract the same or offer apologies therefor to the satisfaction of the Senate shall be dealt with as the Senate may think fit.

Intervention in disputes

41. The Senate may intervene to prevent the prosecution of any dispute between senators arising out of a debate or proceeding in the Senate or in any committee thereof.

Speaker addressing House

42. The Speaker shall stand uncovered when speaking to the Senate, and shall leave the chair when he proposes to address the House on any question other than a point of order or question of privilege.

PART III

NOTICES

Notice of motion or inquiry; how given

43. (1) When a senator wishes to give notice of an inquiry or a substantive motion, he shall reduce the notice to writing, sign it, read it from his place during a sitting of the Senate, and send it forthwith to the Clerk at the table.

Notice of discussion on inquiry

(2) A senator who intends to make a statement or raise a discussion on an inquiry shall as part of the notice under this rule give notice that he will call the attention of the Senate to the matter to be inquired into.

Notice for absent senator

(3) Notice under this rule may be given by one senator for any other senator not then present, with the permission of the absent senator, by inserting the name of such senator on the notice in addition to his own.

Two days' notice of certain motions

44. (1) Two days' notice shall be given on any of the following motions: