

private classes of physicians in his discoveries. He went to London in 1860, and lived there until 1864, when he came to the United States and was appointed professor of physiology and pathology of the nervous system of Harvard University. He returned to France in 1869, and was appointed professor in the Ecole de Médecin in Paris. He founded in Paris, with Drs. Charcot and Vulpian, *The Archives de Physiologie Normale et Pathologique*, of which he became the sole editor. He received several prizes from the French Academy of Sciences, of which he was a member, and in 1878, was elected to the chair of medicine at the College de France. In 1881 he was awarded the Baly medal by the Royal College of Physicians of London. Dr. Brown Sequard claimed to have discovered a rejuvenating elixir which would restore to its normal condition the exhausted vitality of man.

DR. WORKMAN.

Joseph Workman, M.D., who died in Toronto, at the age of eighty-nine, on April 15th, is a well-known figure gone to the after-land. He was born on a farm: a little west of Lisburn, County of Antrim, on the 26th day of May, 1805, and was given the name of Joseph, borne by his father and grandfather before him. His mother's name was Catharine Goudie. His father's forbears from Gloucester city, got a gift of land from Oliver Cromwell for helping him to cut throats at Drogheda and elsewhere. "The land came from the devil and went back to him," to use a favourite quotation of the man himself. His father was a teacher, and with his brother Benjamin came to Philadelphia when Franklin was in the zenith of his fame. The former taught English, and the latter mathematics in the college that afterwards became the University of Pennsylvania. They returned to Ireland in a short time.

The Doctor was educated at Multacarten, having to walk over three miles to school in all weathers. He was afterwards sent to a school kept by Benjamin Neely and son in Lisburn, and from this entered the Ordnance Survey in November, 1826, remaining almost three years. He always regarded this part of his career to be the best for his education,

his superior officer, G. W. Bootes, being a thorough scholar and gentleman.

At this date the family came to Canada, arriving at Quebec on May 15th, 1829, after a "fast" passage of five weeks. On his arrival in Montreal, his brother, who was head of the Union School, gave it up to him and his brother Alexander. While pursuing his duties, he attended medical lectures at the hospital and private lessons given by Dr. John Stephenson, "a warm-hearted, impetuous man," to use his pupil's words, who always spoke very highly of him. He was unfortunate enough to experience two cholera epidemics in his accepted home.

In 1835, on the 30th of May, he was married to Elizabeth Wasnidge, of Sheffield, Yorkshire. He came to Toronto in 1836, and took up the business of his brother-in-law, a hardware merchant, who had been accidentally killed. He afterwards went into partnership with his brother, on King Street, opposite St. James' Cathedral, and remained there from 1840 to 1846.

From the time of his arrival in Toronto, he kept up his medical reading, and was a member of the Medical Society, and in 1847 he returned to his medical practice, having accepted the chair of obstetrics and therapeutics, under Dr. Rolph, in Toronto School of Medicine. In 1853 he removed to the asylum, where he continued for a long time.

Dr. Workman was corresponding member for and honorary member of many European medical societies, his worth being recognized wherever he was known. He was one of the old school of medical men, which we are fast losing, and of which we will never see the like again.

Births, Marriages, Deaths.

DEATHS.

BOYLE.—Dr. W. S. Boyle, of Bowmanville, died of heart failure on the 6th of April.

IANSON.—Dr. Wm. Ianson, of Ottawa, a graduate of Trinity, 1886, and Licentiate of the Society of Apothecaries, London, died in Ottawa, of acute pneumonia, last week.