Canadian Agriculturist,

OR

RNAL AND TRANSACTIONS OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

UPPER CANADA.

L. XII.

TORONTO, NOVEMBER 1, 1860.

No. 21.

Prepare for Winter.

vember usually ushers in stern winter's ; though in this part of Canada the cold is nusually severe till the end of the month, ometimes not till the middle of the next. lost prudent, however, to aim at complegricultural operations, such as ploughing, wing, &c., by the middle of this month, as frequently sets in suddenly, and takes farunprepared. The weather during the latrt of October was beautifully fine, with a temperature, and sufficient showers to conte the surface of cultivated land, and imo the young wheat a vigorous growth. resent month commenced with a clear sky almy atmosphere, constituting in fact the agreeable portion of the year; but such a f weather cannot be safely calculated upon advanced stage of the year, and farmers therefore strain every nerve to finish their and make every needful preparation for eding and shelter of their domesticated

hay crop in most sections of the Province low an average, and it will require the tention of the farmer to carry through the ching winter his live stock in good, thrivdition. Happily there is an abundance w and pea-haulm; and the yield of potaarnips, carrots, mangels, &c., has been ly large; so that if a careful and econoanagement be early adopted, there will

The importance of root culture is every year being better appreciated by Canadian farmers; as the turnip and carrot competitions in different parts of the country, some notices of which appear in the present rumber, satisfactorily show. The connection between the cultivation of grain and the raising of stock is begianing to be more practically understood; and no thriving, intelligent farmer would now dream of sustaining a good herd of cattle, without providing an ample supply of nutritious food, and bestowing upon them his best attention with regard to warmth, regularity of feeding, cleanliness, and ventilation. Let the stables and lodges. intended for the housing of animals during the winter, be carefully examined, with a view of affording the completest shelter that is practica-By such means their food will be greatly economised; for both science and practice show that animals well housed and cared for, consume less provender and thrive better than when subjected to an opposite condition, with a larger amount of food.

The finishing of getting up roots, cabbage, &c., should now be proceeded with without delay, as frost may any day come that would materially injure them, or wholly prevent the operation being performed at all. Such as have extensive and well ventilated root-houses will be able to store safely what roots they may raise for winter consumption; but even in the best constructed houses for this purpose, roots kept in large quantities will require occasional examieasonable ground for gloomy apprehen- nations, or they will most probably heat and run