

STARTING ACCUSATIONS MADE AGAINST HON. A. B. MORINE

Terrific Arraignment in the House by Mr. Carvell.

BORDEN SAYS HE WILL INQUIRE

In Statement Mr. Morine Defends Himself Against the Charge.

Ottawa, March 29.—Parliament was given striking and startling opportunity today to pass judgment upon another member of the "Hunt-for-scandals" commission, which the maker of the Halifax platform hastened to appoint when the Canadian people gave him their confidence last autumn. The commission is officially termed the public inquiry commission. Its purpose is defined to be the conducting of an investigation into all the departments of Government extending back over the Laurier regime, with a view to unearthing anything of a character to detract from the reputation and record of the previous administration. It was hurried into its work with a view to furnishing material for the ill-fated Ministerial campaign against Hon. George E. Borden in South Renfrew. But so far it has failed to furnish any "scandals," even for partisan exploitation.

Startled House.
The commission consists of Hon. A. B. Morine, chairman, and Messrs. D'Amour and Lake. Mr. Lake was a defeated Conservative candidate at the last election. Mr. D'Amour's record and character have been dealt with in the House by Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, and today Parliament heard from Mr. E. B. Carvell in a vigorous address something of the career of Chairman Morine. So serious were the charges of Mr. Carvell, and so startling was the character of the evidence he adduced that the Government benches looked dumb and silent at the conclusion. Finally Premier Borden arose and complained that sufficient notice had not been given him of the charges. "They will be laid before Mr. Morine," he said, "and when he has been given an opportunity to furnish an answer to them, we will announce to the House and to the country what action the Government proposes to take."

The Charges.
Mr. Carvell spoke on the motion to go into supply. He opened by quoting the Halifax platform declarations of Mr. Borden, and said he proposed to address himself to the Premier regarding the manner in which he had to these pledges. The country in respect to the Morine commission, he said, had proposed to deal with the chairmanship of that body. He traced the history of the commission from the time that Mr. Morine went to that colony in the eighties, showing that the alacrity with which this man gets from one political side to the other is surprising. Mr. Morine, he continued, was minister of finance and minister of customs in the Newfoundland Administration of Sir James Winter.

Morine's Career.
Mr. Carvell went at length into Mr. Morine's political career in Newfoundland, stating that the latter had been twice dismissed from the chairmanship of that colony. The government of the charge against him, according to Mr. Carvell's statement, was that while a member of a cabinet that had handed over vast concessions to R. G. Reid, the well-known railway magnate, Mr. Morine had been in receipt of a salary as legal adviser to Mr. Reid, a position which he continued to hold even when he assured Governor McCulloch that henceforth he had no connection with that gentleman.

"Having betrayed the colony for the benefit of his employer," said Mr. Carvell, "he then attempted to betray his employer for the benefit of himself," maintaining that a newspaper owned by Mr. Reid, the mortgage of which had been placed in his name, was his own property.

Mr. Morine, Mr. Carvell charged, had been driven out of Newfoundland by Reid, under an agreement, and dared not go back.

What credence, he asked, could be placed in the report of a court presided over by a man whose record was such as had been set forth? Premier Borden stated that the details of the allegations of Mr. Carvell were entirely new to him, and were of an exceedingly grave character. "I stand exactly with regard to appointments to public office," said the Premier, "where I stood when I made the statement my honorable friend has referred to (the Halifax platform of 1907). I shall place the charges which my honorable friend has made before Mr. Morine, and give him an opportunity of making an answer to them. When Mr. Morine's answer has been made to these charges I will announce to this House of Commons and to this country what action the Government proposes to take in regard thereto."

Mr. Morine's Statement.
Mr. Morine made the following statement to the press:

That Governor Murray asked for his resignation as Premier because he (Murray) was bitterly opposed to the Reid Railway contract, and was advised by his (Morine's) opponents to punish him.

Mr. Carvell's Charges

That Mr. Morine, when finance minister and minister of customs for Newfoundland surrendered to R. G. Reid, a railway contractor, a railway on which the Government had spent \$13,000,000, for 50 years, and that being that it should become Reid's property on paying \$1,000,000.

That Reid was also given 5,000 acres a mile and all the coal thereon, monopoly of steamship lines, St. John's docks, telegraph lines, etc., totalling \$13,000,000 to \$15,000,000.

That Mr. Morine, while a member of the executive council of Newfoundland, was legal adviser to Reid, and was dismissed from office by the government.

That he was reinstated by the new governor and again dismissed.

That Mr. Morine was given \$10,000 a year on condition that he would not go back to Newfoundland.

That Premier Borden knew all about Mr. Morine's record four years ago.

That the Bishop of Newfoundland had written a letter in which he said Mr. Morine was "the greatest scoundrel that ever entered the Narrows."

That another letter, which he handed to Mr. Borden, revealed Mr. Morine in a character so low that he (Mr. Carvell) would not disgrace the pages of Hansard by reading it.

ROYAL ASSENT TO THE WAGES BILL

British Government's Measure Becomes a Law of the Land.

MINERS ARE BALLOTING

Surface Men Now the Only Stumbling Block to Speedy Termination of Trouble.

London, March 30.—The Government's minimum wage bill became a law yesterday, when at noon it received the royal assent. Simultaneously balloting by the coal miners throughout the British Isles is proceeding, to settle whether the strikers shall return to work or let the mines lie idle pending a decision by districts boards, provided for in the bill, as to what the rate of wages shall be in the various coal mine districts. While the result of the balloting will not be known officially until next Thursday, there was prevalent everywhere a feeling of optimism that the vote would favor a resumption of work and that meantime thousands of miners would return to work in anticipation of such a decision.

Thomas Ashton, secretary of the Miners' Federation, tonight issued a statement counselling the miners to resume work without waiting for the district boards to adjust the minimum wage, and his advice probably will have greater influence on the ballot than that of any other leader.

The Stumbling Block.

The only stumbling block in the way of a speedy termination of the strike seems to be the attitude of the surface men, who still have some grievances unsatisfied. Their National Federation today issued a manifesto to all its branches to the effect that there must be no resumption of work by any section of the Federation until the owners have conceded their demands. It is believed, however, that this dispute will be settled before the result of the general balloting is announced.

There were further additions today in the ranks of the miners resuming work in Scotland, but an increase of 20,000 in the unemployed in other trades, who were forced out of work by reason of a shortage of coal. There was, however, no recurrence of disorders. Good feeling prevails between the troops and the strikers. A special instance of this is shown by the fact that at Cannock, in Staffordshire, the soldiers and strikers played a match game of football.

Among the many other labor leaders who are advising the men to resume work is Stephen Walsh, member of parliament for the Ince Division of Lancashire. Mr. Walsh began his career as a coal miner, and is now a member of the Miners' Conciliation Board. Addressing the miners of the Wigan district tonight he said that the principle of the minimum wage having been conceded after a fight covering half a century, it was the duty of the men to accept the Government's bill and do their utmost to eliminate all that is bad in it. Syndicalists, he added, wanted them to break the laws, and bring ruin upon the country, but he never would agree to such a doctrine. In conclusion Mr. Walsh said that to defy the Government could only result in starvation and bloodshed.

The total cost of the strike to the miners' unions to date has been \$5,216,250, and the balance left in the union treasuries now amounts to only \$4,750,000, most of which is invested in securities which will not bring in their full value under forced sale.

Pesides the total spent by the miners' unions the organizations connected with other trades have distributed nearly \$2,500,000 in out-of-work benefits to their members.

John W. Sticklesmith, Greensboro, Pa., has three children and like most children, they frequently take cold. He has tried several kinds of cough medicine, but he never found any that did him as much good as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by all dealers.

PORCUPINE LEAVES THE CAMP STAGE

Town Is Now in a First Class Producing Mining Centre.

A BIG CELEBRATION

Gold Bricks Galore, But They Are All of Twenty-Four Karat Kind.

[Canadian Press.]
South Porcupine, March 30.—Four thousand citizens, who comprise the population of South Porcupine, are today celebrating the transition of Porcupine from a prospecting camp to a producing mining centre. They are being assisted by representatives of the Federal Government, the Ontario Government, representatives of the leading financial interests of Eastern Canada, New York and Chicago, the T. and N. O. railway commission, a group of representative newspapermen, and a large percentage of the population of Northern Ontario from Cobalt to South Porcupine.

The transformation is not a thing of a day. It started with the first discovery of gold, and has been going on gradually ever since, having been only temporarily halted by the fire, which obliterated the town last July. It has continued with renewed vigor since the passing of that disaster, and a prosperous industrial town with busy stamp mills, and general mining activity once more stands a monument to human pluck and persistency.

Real Gold Bricks.
The celebration, as Proctor Smith, president of the board of trade, truly put it last night, is for the purpose of showing that South Porcupine is a camp of gold bricks, but the bricks are of twenty-four karat gold. In proof of this the management of the McIntyre mine yesterday placed with the local branch of the Bank of Toronto a brick, the product of less than two weeks from the run of a ten-stamp mill. It weighs 160 ounces, and is worth \$25,000.

The Festivities.
The festivities started at 6 o'clock last night, with the arrival of the special trains of Pullmans from the south, carrying guests as far east as New York and west as far as Chicago, who after a word of greeting from Mayor J. E. Cook at the depot, drove through the town with streets profusely decorated.

An informal smoking concert, at which some of the cleverest talent procurable in Toronto supplied the entertainment, was held in the evening. At 9 o'clock this morning the visitors in special trains started for the Dome Mine, and it is claimed that for the first time in the history of a gold mine, the general public were admitted to its workings. The visitors also can see the new Dome stamp mill operating for the first time to its full capacity of 40 stamps. At 1 o'clock they were taken to the McIntyre mine, where they saw the workings of the mine, and later this afternoon, visit other mines of the camp where mills are either in operation or being placed. The McIntyre mine has ten stamp mills running full time, and is installing an extra thirty stamps. Hollinger is installing one of the forty stamps capacity. Little Pet will start a stamp plant in a few days.

The festivities will terminate this evening with a banquet at one of the theatres under the auspices of the board of trade. The feast promises to be the most elaborate ever spread beyond the confines of one of the largest centres of population. At noon tomorrow special trains of private cars, placed at the disposal of the guests of the board of trade, thank the efforts of Proctor Smith and A. C. Blacklock, who have charge of the entertainment, will leave for the south.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days.

The Happiest, Gayest of Novels: HE COMES UP SMILING

School Girl Hat of White



Hats for spring wear for the little school girl are making their appearance in milliners' windows. Those that "will not flow away" but fit closely down to the curly heads will be worn again the coming season. Not only is the style sensible, but becoming.

A charming girlish model has a high sugar loaf crown. The hat is of white rough straw with a horse wave. The crown is strapped with narrow cerise velvet ribbons. A flat bow apparently ties the ribbon on.

STRATHROY CELEBRATION WAS LARGELY ATTENDED

Twenty-Fifth Anniversary of Chosen Friends Lodge Fittingly Observed.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Strathroy, March 29.—The 25th anniversary of the Canadian Order of Chosen Friends was celebrated by Strathroy Council, No. 49, royally. The lodgerooms, which were prettily decorated with flags and bunting, were filled to their utmost capacity.

The first part of the evening was spent in all kinds of games. At 10 o'clock a dainty lunch was served by the ladies, after which the tables were cleared away and old and young enjoyed a few hours' dancing. The chief councillor, Mrs. G. Adamson, one of the foremost workers in affairs of this kind, was taken very ill yesterday morning with appendicitis, and was greatly missed during the evening. The affair was in charge of the entertainment committee, Mrs. Adamson, Mrs. Keyser, Mrs. Leitch, Miss Weir, Miss Whitehead, Messrs. Norman and Campbell. At 1 a.m. the party broke up.

Rev. F. G. Newton, of Sarnia, preached the Lenten service in St. John's Hall last evening. Next being Holy Week, service will be held every afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Robert Berry, of London, has bought out R. J. McIntyre's interests in the Queen's Hotel, and will take possession on Monday.

FIRE DESTROYS OSHAWA CAR BARN

Workshops and Five Electric Street Cars Were Consumed.

Oshawa, March 30.—An early morning fire destroyed the car barns of the Oshawa Railway Company and partially consumed their office building adjoining. Five electric street cars and all the contents of the workshops were also destroyed. The offices were badly damaged by smoke and water. The fire was caused from a coal stove in one of the passenger cars. Loss about \$20,000.

BRANT PIONEER

Mr. Archibald Todd Died at Walkerton After Brief Illness.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Walkerton, March 30.—Archibald Todd, one of the early settlers of Brant, died in Walkerton this morning after an illness of several weeks. He was a prominent Orangeman, having been county master. He was also a Forester and Workman. He attended the Methodist Church, and was Conservative in politics. A widow, one daughter and five sons are left.

FAMOUS PIER BURNED

Fire Destroys One of the Features of Atlantic City.

[Canadian Press.]
Atlantic City, N. J., March 30.—Young's Ocean Pier, one of the features along the sea front of this resort, was destroyed by fire early today. One of the firemen, who fell through a roof, was seriously injured. The pier was about 2,500 feet long. The whole structure, with the exception of about 150 feet at the shore end, was completely destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$250,000, and is only partly covered by insurance.

Sunday Appointments.

Huron College appointments for Sunday, March 31, 1912: Rev. Principal Walker, Tyrconnell; Rev. Prof. Wright, Thamesford; J. A. Shirley, Parkhill; C. Langford, Granton; E. Jacques, Milverton; A. S. H. Cree, London Township; A. A. Trumper, St. David's; F. C. Marston, R. E. Charles, Aged People's Home; W. Moulton, Dutton; W. H. Boyd, Trinity; C. Abbott, Drumbo; W. R. Haines, Inwood; F. Lewin, Dover; C. DuPlan, Sombra; C. Simpson, St. Mary's.

Cattle and Produce Markets

For Other Markets See Page Eleven

LIVE STOCK.
CHICAGO, March 30.—Cattle, receipts 200; market steady; beefs, \$5 25 to \$5 50; Texas steers, \$4 50 to \$5 75; western steers, \$5 20 to \$6 80; stockers and feeders, \$4 30 to \$5 50; cows and heifers, \$2 50 to \$3 50; calves, \$5 10 to \$5 50. Hogs—Receipts, 7,000; market dull and generally steady; light, \$7 55 to \$7 90; mixed, \$7 55 to \$7 85; heavy, \$7 60 to \$7 95; rough, \$7 50 to \$7 70; bulk of sales, \$7 75 to \$7 90. Sheep—Receipts, 3,000; market steady; native, \$4 35 to \$5 25; western, \$1 40 to \$1 50; yearlings, \$5 75 to \$1 57; lambs, native, \$5 75 to \$7 55; western, \$6 25 to \$5 25.

PRODUCE.
TORONTO, March 29.—There is a little better feeling, owing to improved demand, but trade is slack owing to difficulty in moving stuff. Wheat and oats in demand. Winnipeg markets higher. Cables stronger for wheat and corn. Flour—Winter wheat, 90 per cent, patents, are quoted at \$2 80 at seaboard, and at \$3 90 for home consumption. Manitoba flours are firm, as follows: First patent, \$5 60; second patents, \$5 10; and strong bakers', \$4 90, on track. Toronto, Manitoba wheat—There is a fair demand, with prices unchanged. No. 1 Northern is quoted at \$1 13 1/2, bay ports, No. 2 Northern, \$1 10, and No. 3, at \$1 06 1/2, bay ports. Feed wheat, all-rail, 75 1/2c to 76c. Ontario wheat—There is a moderate demand, with prices unchanged. No. 2 white, red and mixed are quoted at \$5 15c to \$5 20c. Peas—Prices nominal at \$1 20 to \$1 25, outside Oats—A fair demand with small offerings. Cereals of No. 2 Ontario quoted outside at 45c to 47c, and of No. 3 at 45c to 45 1/2c, outside; No. 2, 45 1/2c to 46c, on track. Toronto, No. 1 extra W. C. feed, 51c, and No. 1, 50c, bay ports. Barley—The market is dull, with prices unchanged, doing with prices purely nominal. Buckwheat—Market quiet, with prices unchanged at 70c, outside. Bran—The market is firm, with supplies small. Manitoba bran, \$2 10, on track. Toronto freights, shorts, \$2 50 to \$2 58.

MONTREAL, March 29.—Demand for hams and bacon is increasing and prices have an upward tendency. Dressed hogs, abattoir killed, \$11 75 to \$12. Pork, heavy Canada short mess, barrels, 35 to 45 pieces, \$22 50; Canada short cut back, barrels, 45 to 55 pieces, \$22. Lard, compound, tierces, 37 1/2 pounds, \$8 1/2; wood pulp, 20 pounds, net, 58c; pure, tierces, 57 1/2 pounds, 11 1/2c; wood pulp, 20 pounds, net 12 1/2c; Beef, plate, barrels, 200 pounds, \$14 50; tierces, 300 pounds, \$21 50. Wheat—MINNEAPOLIS, March 29.—Wheat closed: May, \$1 05 1/2 to \$1 06 1/2; July, \$1 08 1/2; September, \$1 09 1/2; cash, No. 1 hard, \$1 08 1/2; No. 1 northern, \$1 07 to \$1 07 1/2; No. 2 northern, \$1 06 to \$1 06 1/2; No. 3 wheat, \$1 04 to \$1 04 1/2. Corn, No. 3 yellow, 75c to 76c. Oats, No. 3 white, 62c to 62 1/2c. Rye, No. 2, 85c. Bran, \$2 50 to \$2 55. Flour, first patent, \$5 to \$5 30; second patents, \$4 65 to \$4 90; first clears, \$2 40 to \$2 75; second clears, \$2 20 to \$2 75. DULUTH, March 29.—Wheat closed: No. 1 hard, \$1 08 1/2; No. 1 northern, \$1 07 1/2; No. 2 northern, \$1 04 1/2 to \$1 05 1/2; May, \$1 07 1/2; July, \$1 08 1/2. CHICAGO, March 29.—Hog products at a decline of 2 1/2c to 3c and 2c. Efforts to realize profits in provision sent porks nearly half a dollar. Buyers stopped altogether for the time being, but shorts took hold as the decline. At the close pork was 10c to 12 1/2c to 20c lower, lard 7c to 7 1/2c and ribs 10c to 12 1/2c down. Cash quotations: Mess pork, per bbl., \$17.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Cotton—Futures closed very steady. Closing bids: April, 10.44; May, 10.50; June, 10.58; July, 10.64; August, 10.63; Sept., 10.72; Dec., 10.75; Jan., 10.73; Feb., 10.71. Spot closed quiet; middling upland, 10.55; middling gulf, 11.10; sales 2,200 bales. **POTATOES.** MONTREAL, March 29.—Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$1 55 to \$1 60. TORONTO, March 29.—Potatoes, wholesale, per bag, \$1 70; retail, per bag, \$1 75 to \$1 80. **OILS.** LONDON, March 29.—Calcutta linseed, April and June, 59s 9d; linseed oil, 58s 15d; sperm oil, 24s 16s; petroleum, American refined, 91s; spirit, 91s; turpentine spirits, 55s 6d; rosin, American strained, 17s; fine, 18s 3/4d. SAVANNAH, March 29.—Turpentine

firm, 47c; sales, 112; receipts, 244; shipments, 284; stocks, 18,000. Rosin firm; sales, 300; receipts, 700; shipments, 3,345; stocks, 73,844. Quotations: R, \$6 90; E, \$7 00; F, G, and H, \$7 10; I, \$7 15; K, \$7 20; L, \$7 25; window glass, \$7 70; water white, \$7 75.

FRED NORWOOD WAS IN SOUTH AFRICAN WAR

Died Very Unexpectedly at Chatham From Heart Trouble.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Chatham, March 30.—The funeral of Fred Norwood was held from his home here today to the Maple Leaf Cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. R. S. W. Howard. Deceased was 33 years old, and died very unexpectedly from heart trouble. He went from England in 1899 and served through the South African war. His wife and two small children are without relatives in this country. Mrs. Norwood's home being in Cape Town.



A well-assorted stock of Pine, Hemlock and Spruce is stocked in my yard, for your building requirements. I want to figure with you on your material. I have saved people money on their deals, and perhaps you want to be "in it," too. Come and see me anyway.

GEO. H. BELTON

TWO YARDS: Corner Pall Mall and Richmond Streets—York and Rectory Streets.

New Telephone Directory

The Bell Telephone Company of Canada is soon to print a new issue of its Official Telephone Directory for the district of Western Ontario, including

LONDON

Parties who contemplate becoming subscribers, or those who wish changes in their present city, should place their orders with the local manager at once to insure insertion in this issue.

Connecting Companies

Should also report additions and changes in their lists of subscribers, either to the local manager, or direct to the special agent's department, Montreal.

The Bell Telephone Company of Canada

McLAUGHLIN-BUICK CO. 29

McLaughlin Service

The guarantee you receive with a McLaughlin-Buick car is a real guarantee, backed by the firm of McLaughlin of forty years' standing, its immense factory—the largest of its kind in Canada—and its branches and agencies in every leading town and city in the Dominion.

Our tremendous organization enables us to carry out our guarantee to the letter—insuring your absolute satisfaction when your McLaughlin car is in service.

All branch houses carry extra parts, so that replacements are made without delay or inconvenience. Our expert mechanics are at your service at all times—nothing is left undone that will contribute to your satisfaction in the car you own, and the service it gives you.

LONDON BRANCH

CORNER BATHURST AND RICHMOND STREETS.

THE OVERHEAD VALVE McLAUGHLIN-BUICK MOTOR