WELCOMED.

[Continued from second page.]

but I know that a cow cannot be persuaded in that way at all. I have been

Very Much Instructed

in my first sojourn in the Maritime Provinces. I have been spending the past week in Prince Edward Island. I had the opportunity of a ride of fifty miles by carriage through that lovely Island. I am a practical man, who strives to educate not only the hand but the eye and the brain to a just concept of what is sound and true. I want to say to you that I visited P. E. I. three cheese factories and two creameries, and I never saw — and I have been closely connected with that business for thirty-five years — I never saw such a fine collection of cheese in my life. (Applause.) When Canada came into the United States last year at the World's Fair, and distanced all the Yankees (laughter) that were there in a fair rare for distinction and merit, I was one who said "I am glad of it" (Applause) "you conceited Yankees will learn something bye-and-bye when you have it pounded into you." The American eagle found that bombast and spread would not make cheese, and when he came to the World's Fair, before a jury of just men, he found that little Canada with only five or six millions of people, in the words of typical Americans had been "getting there" and it was a splendid endorsement of intelligence before the whole world. I congratulate you, I congratulate myself, and all our people upon the progress that was there evidenced towards the making of a fine article of food-human food. There is nothing grander in the world then the making of fine food. There is no effort that any man can direct his intellect to that is more worthy of the very highest thought and judgement than the making of good food. And consequently when you took a hold of this question you were doing that which brought you the highest honor, and you

Gave Canada an Advertising

which nothing else ever did in the industrial and commercial circles of the world. (Applause). Now my impressions concerning New Brunswick are yet very crude. We know something of New Brunswick people in Wisconsin; we know them to be a nervy, brainy set of fellows — those we have there, and we find they can teach us tricks in the political field which we knew nothing of. (Laughter). I conclude that the parent stock is a good one. Now, one of the things we need, my friends, and I am speaking soberly now, is to get rid of prejudice. Nothing stands like a veil between a man's vision and the truth like prejudice. I was in a hotel once in Independence, Iowa, on a cold day when a man came in with one leg shorter than the other and walked to the stove, and with his back all out of shape in a distorted manner tried to warm himself. A man standing by who was a little intoxicated, could not understand why anyone should warm himself so out of shape. He stepped up to the man and said, "Are you well?" The man said "Yes sir." "Are you sound and all right?" "Yes sir." "Well, all I've got to say is that you had better get away from that stove for you are warping like the very devil!" (Roars of laughter). I have seen men just like that standing so near their prejudices that they were distorted and out of shape and trying to take genial heat and warmth and growth in that way. One of the things that bothers us as farmers is that very thing of prejudice. I adjure you

To Bid it Depart;

let no prejudice against people of other professions, against other men of other countries, stand for a moment between you and the truth. (Applause). What is the meaning of all this, when we find the Governor General of this Dominion and his most excellent Lady, his wife, come here as they are passing through this Province? My friends, let me give you this answer. It is for the purpose of encouraging and stimulating the farmers of this Province. As a man thinketh, so is he, and the ideas that men have are the foundations for the work of their hands. No man does any better than he knows how. He may do as well, but he never does any better than he knows how, and therefore the value of good thinking. I was a soldier under General Butler in New Orleans, and I remember an incident which I will relate to you. A lot of us soldier boys were gathered in a group, and we were talking about General Grant, and one of them voiced the sentiment of the crowd to this effect: "I say Grant is not a smart man; Grant has no ability; it is all luck. He cannot make a speech. If a man knows anything he can say it, and if he cannot say it, it is mighty good proof he don't know it." A negro stood by who had been a slave until we came there. He belonged to the estate of the hotel St. James and had been a waiter in it since his childhood. He was one of the most original thinkers I ever knew. He had learned to read and write clandestinely. He seemed pained at the shallowness of our judgment and said, "Gentlemen, may I say a word?" He was accorded the privilege and then uttered this analysis of men, the finest I ever had seen or heard. "Gentlemen, according to my observation there are just two classes of talent in this world. Both must be thinkers and both must think towards expression." There is the key. The man must think towards expression, not stand and idly think, causelessly think — unconstructively think;

He Must Think Towards Expression.

"The first class think towards expressions in words; to that class belong poets, orators, writers, speakers. The second class think towards expression in deeds. To that belong your painters, your sculptors, your architects, your builders, your managers of great business enterprises and your generals, and I do not know what right we have to judge the greatness of the one by the greatness of the other." (Loud applause). That old law in logic comes in there. Never compare things that differ. Gentlemen, when I heard that come from the mouth of a slave, the horrid front of slavery rose before me as never before in my life, and I exclaimed, "great God! and that man a slave!" To think that somebody owned that man, that brain. He could have added one more class to those men who think towards expression in deeds, and that is the farmer. If he is a good farmer, if he is a sound thinker, if he is a man of thought, of brain and purpose, he thinks toward that expression successfully. If he has allowed the brain to become absorbed in the mere drudgery of the hand, the man has sunk the only inspiring source of his life, and has became a slave to his work. Dairying offers to man an opportunity for the cultivation of thought. The man who surrounds himself with these bovine mothers, the cow is a mother, and God has set upon her the seal of motherhood, and who does not come to the contemplation of that question with the profoundest respect for motherhood and maternity, to him she denies the fruit of his labor. Now then, this question is a broad one, and I say to the farmers of New Brunswick, take courage, there is an opportunity for a successful and an

Intelligent Exercise of Thought

and labor, and a good profit in the doing of it. It lies in this direction: To them that love the cow all things shall be added. (Laughter.)

An old German came to see me one time — I live in a German county; 70 per cent of them Germans, and I have ten creameries and eight hundred patrons and six hundred of them nearly all Germans — consequently I am you might say enveloped in German thought and phraseology. This old German, I say, came in to see me; I had been engaged in an unfortunate hop speculation and had seen every dollar I owned pass into thin air and the only solid thing that remained was about two thousand dollars worth of debt and in that moment, with a sick wife and three babes and three and a half dollars in money I started a newspaper. That is proverbially Yankee. The Lord confounds the wise out of the mouths of babes sometimes. This old German came to see me. "Vell," he says, "dat newspaper is a lettle thing." "Yes," I said. "Vell, don't you feel bad; everything got dat time. Every man's peesness is like a carrot that grow in the ground. Way down in the dark is de leetle end; up where the sun shines is de big end. If he measure dot business in his mind all the while by the leetle end, then all the while he stay there (laughter); but if he measure dot peesness by de big end, bye-and-bye he come up where the big end is and he own the leetle end too." (Great laughter). That was to me an inspiration, a hope and encouragement, and I have never lost from that day to this in all my work of thinking the idea of measuring the possibilities of human work towards the large end. I believe New Brunswick has possibilities concerning the prosecution of this dairying interest that is

Beyond Your Measurement

or mine today. You have a good soil; grasses are indigenous; you have an equable climate; you ought to produce the finest milk on the continent. Fine milk will always produce fine butter and cheese if skillfully handled. Skill comes from thought and study in this line and only by the enlargement of the intellectual side of the question, enlargement of the brain, enlargement of the hope—can New Brunswick stand a peer with any other province or state on the continent. (Loud applause.) And as one who is not at all jealous, who believes that state lines cannot stop knowledge any more than they can the wind, who believes that the air we breathe, the water we drink, the sunlight that comes to us is all for the promotion of the betterment of mankind, I bid you be of good cheer.

At this point Lady Aberdeen presented, through John C. Murray, a gold medal to John C. Gilman of Kingsclear, for furnishing to the creamery the largest amount of milk per cow.

Lieutenant Governor Fraser

was received with three cheers. He said:

I regret very much indeed that on this occasion I am not in the trim that I would like to be. Owing to a very pleasing reception last evening at which their Excellencies were present and my participating in it somewhat carelessly and the windows being open, I caught a very severe cold and when I came out today I was strictly enjoined by my better half not to open my mouth. However, I intend to disobey her as I suppose many of those who have good wives do disobey them at times—and I hope to be forgiven. (Laughter.)

I have very great pleasure indeed in seeing before me such a representative gathering, and it must be a great satisfaction to the people of this province—the farmers of this province—to find that their Excellencies have favored them not only on this occasion, but at similar gatherings, with a view of advancing the best interests of the farmers of this country. It is not my purpose to make any lengthened observations. I may say this, however, that it is with very great satisfaction, Your Excellencies, that I saw you present to one of the farmers of this County of York — the farmers of which in years gone by I had to ask for votes, and who on almost every occasion on which I appealed to them were strong friends of mine — this handsome gold medal. I am very glad indeed that that gold medal has come not only to this County but to the immediate neighborhood of Fredericton. Mr. Gilman, the recipient and Mr. Murray who appears in his stead, I very well know. Mr. Murray is known in this County as a good farmer, and I trust and am sure that the presentation of this medal on this occasion will be a strong incentive to the farmers of York and I trust also a like incentive to the farmers of other portions of our beautiful Province to bend their best energies towards the dairying and farming interests of the country. With these observations I hope that I will be excused from making any further remarks because I know I am to be followed by those in better voice than I am. (Applause).

Prof. Robertson: The next speaker is the Honorable Premier of New Brunswick. I may be allowed to say this one word. When I came here a stranger to this Province I found Mr. Blair most eager and willing to help our department to do all it could to serve the farmers of this Province. That attitude has been maintained from that day till this.

Hon. A. G. Blair

was received with loud applause. He said:

I very gladly indeed respond to the request your chairman has made to say a few words to you, but I think you will be grateful to me when I at the outset say to you that these words will necessarily be very few indeed. A request made by Prof. Robertson of myself, or any member of the provincial government, could not fail of a hearty response, because I am happy to say that the government and the people of this province, are under the deepest obligations to Prof. Robertson for the good work he has done in the interest of agriculture in our province. I respond to it the more readily also, because I think to Prof. Robinson is due the credit of having successfully directed the present meeting, and knowing that His Excellency and the Countess of Aberdeen were in deep sympathy with the government of the province and wished to emphasize the occasion of their reception in a manner which would be pleasing and no doubt

Beneficial to the Farmers

of this country, so organized and arranged this present gathering, which is one that I think will be appreciated by their Excellencies, and which I know is largely represenative of the intelligent farmers of this Province. It is not, I may say, my purpose to say anything to-day upon the subject of agriculture. Perhaps I could not say anything if I tried which would be of interest or of benefit to you. But if I could I would be constrained by consideration of policy and discretion from entertaining the idea. Immediately at my left is my colleague in the Goverment who is more particularly charged with the oversight of questions which are of an agricultural character - the interest of the farmers so far as they are in the keeping of the Geverment of the Province are in his keeping from a goverment standpoint, and he is associated with the duty of holding the key of the strong box which some of our friends contend is in a chronic condition of emptiness, and associated with that duty he is also comissioner for agriculture. In order therefore to preserve that proper harmony which should exist between the colleagues in the Goverment I shall not encroach upon his domain, but confine what remarks I may make to a different subject.

I wish, Mr. Chairman and Your Excellencies, particularly to express what I know is the feeling of the people who are here assembled, and the people of the province generally, their

Warm, Cordial and Hearty Greetings

to Your Excellencies upon this the occasion of your first visit to this province. I have had some opportunity of forming a judgment as to public opinion upon questions which I know about and I think I can say with confidence that the people of this county will always receive in the heartiest and most cordial manner, the representative who comes here on behalf of our beloved Queen. (Applause.) There are no doubt, occasions in the heat of political controversy, when those upon one side or the other would seek to cast suspicion upon the loyalty and attachment of the people of this country to the mother land, but it appears to me that the very fact that each side is trying to convince the country that the other side is not as loyal as they are, is the strongest proof that could be afforded that the heart of the people of this country, is sound upon that question. (Applause.) We therefore; I am speaking now on behalf of the people of this province as well as the government of the province, extend to Their Excellencies a cordial and hearty greeting upon the present occasion. (Applause.) We extend that greeting to His Excellency as the representative of Her Majesty, but we none the less extend a hearty and sincere welcome to them because of their personal merits. (Hear, hear.) We have heard of both His Excellency the Governor General and the Countess before; their names are not unknown to us; their good deeds were not unknown to us when His Excellency was charged with the duty of presiding over the destinies of Canada. When they came here we well knew that Her Majesty would be represented by a gentleman in no respect

Inferior or Deficient

to those eminent and distinguished men who in the past history of Canada had filled the high post of Her Majesty's representatives. (Applause).

Speaking of the assurance which I have just referred to, I may say that I became particularly aware, in a short visit I made to the city of Dublin a few years ago, of the hold Their Excellencies had secured upon the affection and regard of the people of Ireland during the period of their viceroyship. Among all the people with whom I had the opportunity of coming in contact I had forced upon me the evidence of the warm feelings entertained by the people of that country towards Their Excellencies during the term that Lord Aberdeen filled that exalted position. I do not think, therefore, that we upon this occasion can be considered as at all reluctant to join in the expression which has been uttered in other parts of the Dominion wherever Their Excellencies have visited, of warm attachment and good feeling, and I think I express your sentiment when I say that I hope we may be afforded the pleasure of again seeing them in New Baunswick at no very distant day. (Loud applause).

Hon. Mr. Mitchell

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, I only wish I could come up to the kindly remarks which have been made by the Chairman. Those who know me best know that I am not an orator, nor yet a public speaker. However, I can manage generally to say what I have to say, and on the present occasion I shall be as brief as possible. I shall take into consideration the fact that many of you have been standing here for nearly two hours. It certainly affords me a great deal of pleasure to see the immense crowd that is before me today; representatives of the farmers from every section of the Province are here; it is a token that through the province at large there is an awakening feeling with regard to the affairs of agriculture. A few years ago such a meeting as this could not be had and I will say, Mr. Chairman, that this is due to your own efforts, and very much to the efforts of the Farmers and Dairymen's Association of the Province. The practical work which has been accomplished during the past three years is worth consideration. In 1891 we had only eight cheese factories in the whole Province; in 1892 the Local government put their shoulders to the wheel and began to do what they could to advance the agricultural interests of the Province, more particularly in the line of dairying. The results may not have been so great as many would have anticipated; they may not have been so great as we could all wish, but at the present day we have thirty-one cheese factories in operation as against eight, three years ago, and eight creameries, and what is more and better the people throughout the province are waking up to the necessity of the work. I don't take any particular credit, Mr. Chairman, for the fact that the Government are

Doing What They Can

in this matter. No government in this Province could face the people for any length of time without doing what they could to aid the agricultural interest of the Province, and you may rest assured that in the future, as in the past, our efforts shall be directed in that line. I say now as I said before, that I shall not speak at any length; it is a gratifying fact to the people of this Province to have here to-day His Excellency and his esteemed lady. This certainly must have an encouraging effect upon the farmers, that he to whom Her Most Gracious Majesty has delegated the government of this Dominion, takes such a lively interest in what must be the most important industry in the Dominion. (Loud applause). I am sure this will be an important day in the history of the Province, and that all of you will carry back to your homes and districts what has been done here to-day. I thank you for your patient hearing, and I only regret that I have not the eloquence of the Honorable the ex-Governor of Wisconsin, who addressed you some time ago. If I had his eloquence I would speak to you for any length of time, but I hope some one will follow me who will be of greater interest to you.

The Conference Closed.

The other speakers were D. M. Macpherson, of Ontario, President of the Dominion Dairymen's Association, Col. Blair, Manager of the Nappan Experimental farm, and John Craig, Horticulturalist of the Ottawa central farm, but we shall have to hold their addresses over for want of space. When the latter gentlemen had concluded the Governor General, in a happy manner, proposed a vote of thanks to the Chairman. He thought the endurance of the audience in standing so long was a proof of the metal of which New Brunswick people was made. Prof. Robertson had pointed out that the cost of the experimental farms and recommended his fellow farmers to do likewise. It was clear to him that the gentleman from Nappan was not to be found "nappin." (Laughter). He hoped to pay the Nappan farm a visit.

Lieutenant Governor Fraser seconded the vote of thanks to Prof. Robertson.

Prof. Robertson, who was received with hearty applause, said: This brings our conference to a close this afternoon. I think its good fruits will be reaped for long years to come. I thank you for your kind attention to all that has been said. I am reminded of one thing I may mention to you. When His Excellency gave expression to those kind words about the onerous duties of a chairman, and the excellent order of this meeting, I was reminded of a remark made in the House of Commons in England when someone was thanking the brave British soldiers for winning the battle of Tel el Kebir, to which one member said he would move a vote of thanks to the Arabs for running away. Now to bring the proceedings to a close I would propose that we again give three hearty cheers for the Earl and Countess of Aberdeen, for their aid to agriculture particularly.

The cheers called for were given with a will, followed by three cheers for the Queen, after which the gathering dispersed.

The Evening's Festivities.

The city was in its brightest attire Thursday evening in honor of its distinguished visitors, and the streets were crowded with people until after midnight. On Parliament Square the scene was one never to be forgotten, and has never been equalled in this city. The Parliament and Departmental buildings were a blaze of light, candles burned in every window, and the Square itself looked fairy like. A line of Chinese lanterns was stretched on the trees entirely around the Square and on Fenety Avenue from St. John Street to Farraline place, giving a most beautiful effect. The grounds and streets in the vicinity was one mass of humanity when the fireworks display was commenced at 9.30 o'clock.

At Government House Governor and Mrs. Fraser entertained His Excellency and the Countess to a State dinner, and the other guests included

Attorney General and Mrs. Blair,
Provincial Secretary and Mrs Mitchell,
Speaker and Mrs. Burchill,
Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Maunsell,
Major and Mrs. Montgomery Campbell,
Surveyor General and Mrs. Tweedie,
Chief Commissioner Emmerson,
Hon. A. T. Dunn,
Hon. W. D. Hoard,
Mayor Beckwith,
Bishop of Fredericton,
Judge Vanwart,
Prof. Robertson,
Major Cropley,
Miss Fisher,
Dr. Stockton, M. P. P.,
Dr. Harrison,
Mr. Erkskine and Captain Kindersley, A. D. C's.

The dining room, which had been decorated under J. A. Edwards' supervision, was a dream of beauty. Flags, bunting, greening and flowers, were united in giving a very pretty effect. A portrait of the Queen, the Canadian coat of arms, the Gordon and Fraser tartans entwined adorned the walls, and the tables were covered with baskets of beautiful flowers. The word Aberdeen was spelled out in flowers, being just in front of His Excellency's place at the table. Lord Aberdeen had Mrs. Fraser on his right and Mrs. Blair on his left, and Lady Aberdeen was supported by the Governor and Premier Blair. The dinner occupied over two hours, and at its close, there was a small reception.

Outside, the firemen made a splendid display of fire-woks, and Their Excellencies witnessed the latter portion with seeming delight.

At the conclusion of the fireworks, the torchlight procession composed of the firemen of the city and the bicycle club, was formed up and passed around Parliament Square, Their Excellencies reviewing it from the steps of Government House. The turnout was most creditable to the department and to the bicyclists. The latter had their wheels gaily decorated and carried a profusion of Chinese lanterns. They numbered between thirty and forty and the display was as beautiful as it was unique. The firemen in their remodelled uniforms made a splendid appearance and were liberally praised by His Excellency. The vice regal party then took carriages and with the members of the Government and their ladies, the Mayor and Aldermen in barouches, joined the procession. The first carriage was occupied by Lord and Lady Aberdeen, Hon. Mr. Blair and Hon. Mr. Mitchell, and an escort of six firemen with lighted torches marched on either side. The progress of the procession, headed by the Citizens' Band, from Parliament Square up Queen street, out Northumberland to Brunswick, thence through St. John to Charlotte to Waterloo Row, winding up at Somerville Place, was watched by an enthusiastic crowd of people. Their Excellencies were heartily cheered almost continuously along the route; the stores and many private residences and the public buildings were brilliantly illuminated. Among those who made very pretty displays were Postmaster Hilyard, Manager Taylor of the British North America Bank, the Queen Hotel which was resplendent with decoration, Lemont & Sons, Dr. Torrens, THE HERALD office, the Barker House, the Misses Young, J. J. Weddall, Tennant, Davies & Co., W. H. Carten, R. Chestnut & Sons, Dever Bros., F. B. Edgecombe, J. F. McMurray, W. B. Coulthard, the Orange hall, Robt. Davies, J. G. McNally, J. B. Gunter, George Burkhart, W. T. H. Fenety, The Merchants' Bank, the Mayor, J. S. Neill, Mrs. Nicholson, A. Shute, H. B. Rainsford, G. T. Whelpley, Howard & Crangle, John G. Adams, H. C. Rutter, C. F. Chestnut, Oak Hall, R. T. Mack & Co., W. Kitchen & Co., and hundreds of others. The decorations on F. B. Edgecombe's store were most elaborate and attracted everybody's attention. The Normal School, City Hall and Randolph & Sons premises formed a beautiful group of brightly illuminated buildings. Indeed no such general display of the kind was ever before made in Fredericton, and it reflected the greatest possible credit in the public spirit of the citizens.

At Somerville place the firemen entered the grounds escorting Their Excellencies to their temporary home. Here Chief Lipsett proposed cheers for the Queen, for Lord Aberdeen and the Countess, and in reply His Excellency thanked the brigade most kindly for their escort and praised their appearance. He had also a good word for the band, and when he said good night the firemen reformed ranks and returned to the city.

The Closing Day.

Yesterday forenoon His Excellency and Lady Aberdeen were at the parliament buildings at 10.30 o'clock and in the assembly chamber held an informal reception, many people availing themselves of this opportunity of meeting the distinguished visitors. Thence they drove back to Somerville house to make preparations for the journey to St. John, and when they arrived at the steamboat wharf at noon to embark on the Weston for St. John, they were received by a guard of honor from the 71st Battalion, Major Cropley in command, and a whole host of the populace who cheered vigorously for Their Excellencies. Lady Aberdeen was escorted on board by Premier Blair, and nearly a hundred ladies and gentlemen, including the members of the Government, Messrs. Killam, Robinson, Ferris, M. P. P.'s, Speaker Burchill, Col. Domville and Thos. Temple, M. P.'s, took passage to accompany Their Excellencies to St. John. The boat was chartered by the Government, and Their Excellencies much appreciated the compliment. As the Weston dropped from her moorings the crowd cheered lustily and Their Excellencies on the main deck gracefully acknowledged the ovation. Dinner was served on board at 2 p. m., and Harrison's orchestra played a programme of music. The party arrived at St. John at 6 p. m., and last night Their Excellencies reviewed the 62nd Batt., leaving for Halifax at 10.30 o'clock.

The F. O. M. W. club orchestra played an excellent program in the assembly chamber during the reception and ball Wednesday evening.

In company with Hon. Mr. Mitchell and Hon. Mr. Emmerson, Their Excellencies visited old Government House and Wilmot Park Thursday after the conference.

Card of Thanks.

The Central Committee desire to tender their thanks to the citizens for the willing and hearty manner in which the suggestions of the Committee were carried out during the recent visit of their Excellencies, the Governor General and Countess of Aberdeen. To those who decorated and illuminated their business houses and residences, especially, the committee convey their warmest appreciation.

It was the object of the committee to give every visitor to our beautiful city a cordial reception and to make their visit here both pleasant and profitable. Without the aid and support of so many generous hearted and loyal citizens, the anticipations of the committee could not have been realized.

The Committee have good reason to believe that Their Excellencies were most favorably impressed with the warm and hearty reception extended to them by all classes of our citizens, and that Their Excellencies have expressed their intention to return here at an early day and with a view of visiting the University, Normal and Public Schools, and to become better acquainted with our city.

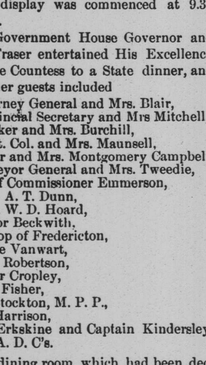
MAYOR BECKWITH, Chairman.
J. W. McCREADY, Secretary.
Fredericton, Aug. 18th, 1894.

Mrs. Owen Sharkey died last night at an advanced age.

Governor Fraser caught cold at the ball and yesterday was quite indisposed.

L. W. Bailey at the Bank of B. N. A. sailed from Halifax to-day for a trip to England.

ROYAL



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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned non-resident ratepayer of School District No. 12, A, Bloomfield, in the Parish of Stanley in the County of York, is hereby notified to pay the school tax set opposite her name together with the cost of this advertisement to the Secretary of Trustees, within two months from date hereof, otherwise the property assessed will be sold to recover the same.

NAME,	YEAR,	AMOUNT.
Mrs. John Fairley	1891	$8.40
" " "	1893	$11.49
" " "	1894	$10.28

Dated this 10th day of August, 1894.

John Cameron,
Sec. to Trustees.
Fairley's P. O.

House Painters.

WHO wish to discriminate in their purchases as well as in their speeches in favor of good material, can do so by ordering our Elephant Brand of Paint, our superior outside and inside varnish, nice Japans and our painters' pure colors. These goods will prove our claim of superiority and that at least one brand of good paint material is still to be had at

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

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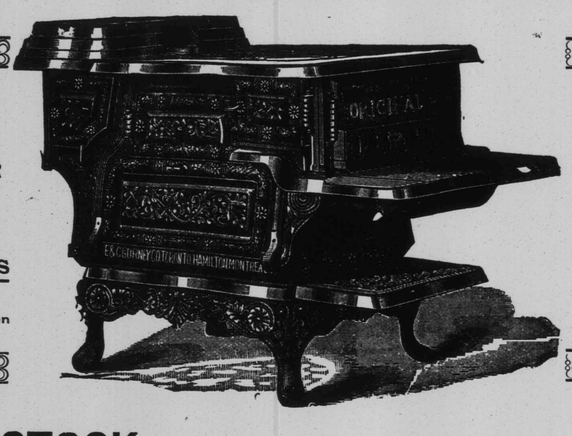
TO BURN EITHER

WOOD OR COAL.



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PLACED In Stoves when required

Every Stove Guaranteed To Give Perfect Satisfaction, Or No Sale.

MY STOCK IS LARGE AND PRICES LOW.

JAMES S. NEILL.

Favorite Diamond Range.

For Wood Or Coal.

Every Improvement known to this class of goods, is combined in this

Splendid Range.

IT IS STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY PARTICULAR,

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IN THE STRONGEST POSSIBLE MANNER, THEREBY SECURING GREAT DURABILITY

UNQUESTIONABLY IT IS THE BEST

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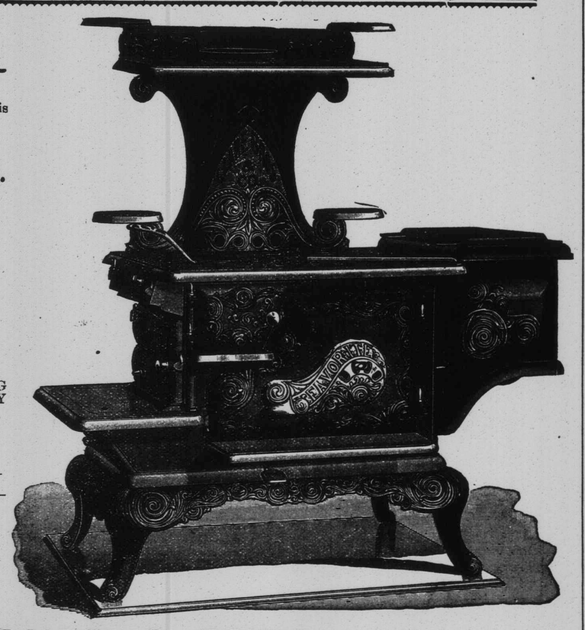

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2 LARGE STORES IN 1

Elegant Pieces of Furniture Given Away as

PREMIUMS

TO MY CUSTOMERS.

They are the best of their kind, and I bought them to give away, Come and see how I do it.

I have issued a $25.00 card for the use of yourself and family at my store. I invite you to bring it with you whenever you contemplate making future cash purchases, and carefully examine my stock and prices. I will punch the amount purchased, and when the entire ticket is used and when $25,00 worth is bought and paid for, I will take pleasure in presenting you with your choice of a handsome

FOLDING TABLES, FOLDING MUSIC RACKS, FOLDING BOOK RACKS, FOLDING CHAIRS or ROCKERS.

This opportunity to secure one of those beautiful and usefu articles I feel sure you will appreciate. Please bear in mind that I make no extra charge for goods on account of this Premium Offer. Trusting you will call and see me, and that I shall have the pleasure of presenting you with one of these articles, I am.

Very respectfully yours,

F. B. EDGECOMBE,

192 and 194 Queen Street, Fredericton.

OUR SPECIAL OFFER—Remember we sell Staple and Fancy Dry Goods. Carpets Curtains, Ladies' Jackets, Boys' and Men's Clothing, Furs, Hats, Robes, Blankets, Gents' rnishings, etc., etc.

It's Fly Time

—AT—

Our Store

ALL SUMMER DRESS GOODS

Will Fly at Reduced Prices!

Our 25 cent Wool Challies will fly at 15 cents.

Our 35 cent Wool Challies will fly at 25 cents,

Men's and Boys' Straw Hats will fly at less than cost. Odd lots of Ladies' Colored Silk and Taffetta Gloves, at less than half price. Several other lines reduced as they must fly from our shelves to make room for our New Fall Goods, which is arriving daily

TENNANT DAVIES & CO.

We have also received 2 bales of

GREY COTTON REMNANTS

Worth from 8 to 10 cents a yard which will fly this week at 5c.

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.

202 Queen Street, Fredericton.

WE CAN PLEASE YOU.

WAGONS AND CARTS

of Every Description, at Lowest Prices.

JOHN EDGECOMBE & SONS,

Manufacturers of Fine Sleighs, Carriages and Hearses,

YORK ST., FREDERICTON, N. B.

MORTGAGE SALE

To Jacob H. Doyen of the Parish of Canterbury, in the County of York, laborer, and all others whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the eighteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, and made between the said Jacob H. Doyen of the first part, and said James T. Horsman of the second part, and recorded in York County Records in book 14, pages 343, 344 and 345, on the twenty-third day of May, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, there will for the purpose of satisfying the money secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage, default having been made in the payment thereof, be sold at Public Auction in front of the County Court House, in the City of Fredericton, in the said County of York, on **Saturday, the 18th day of August next,** at the hour of twelve o'clock noon:

"ALL that certain leasehold premises, mentioned and described in the said Indenture of Mortgage, as follows: Commencing at one upper line of lot number forty-five, and on the north side of the Great road leading from Fredericton to Woodstock, and running north, forty-one degrees east, four rods, thence north, eighty-two degrees east five rods and nineteen links, thence south, six degrees east, two rods and nineteen links, thence south, eighty-nine degrees west, seven rods and fifteen links or to the place of beginning, containing by estimation twenty rods more or less. Also all that certain other piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of Canterbury, aforesaid, and described as follows: Namely, commencing at the junction of the road leading to Canterbury with the aforesaid Great road, running in an easterly direction along said Great road, until it touches land owned by Clarence E. Grosvenor, thence along the western line of the said Grosvenor's land, until it strikes the said road leading from Canterbury Station, thence in a northeasterly direction along the said last mentioned road to the place of beginning."

Togethe with all and singular, the buildings and improvements thereon, and said Indenture of Lease and the time yet unexpired thereunder.

JAMES T. HORSMAN, Mortgagee

WM. WILSON, Sol. for Mortagee.

Fredericton, July 14, 1894.—4 ins.

THE above Sale which was to have taken place today is postponed until Saturday, Aug. 25th.

W. WILSON

Refrigerators.

I will sell the balance of my stock of

Jewett's American Refrigerators

At cost, rather than carry them over for another year.

JAMES S. NEILL.

Money to Loan.

$25,000 TO LOAN on approved security, at lowest rates of interest. Apply to

WESLEY VANWART, Barrister.

Fredericton, April 21, 1894.

G. T. WHELPLEY

Has now in store a large stock of

FLOUR

In all The Leading Brands, such as

Ogilvie's Hungarian,

Crown of Gold,

Thames,

Norfolk,

Joy of Home, etc..

At prices to suit the times.

—ALSO ON HAND,—

Canadian Oats, Bran and Middlings.

—JUST RECEIVED—

Sugar Cured Hams, and Bacon

G. T. WHELPLEY,

310 Queen Street.

Sheriff's Sale.

There will be sold at Public Auction, at the County Court House, in the City of Fredericton, on **Saturday the 29th day of September next,** at twelve o'clock noon, all the right title, property claim and demand whatsoever of Darius E. Brewer in, to, upon, or out of the following described lands and premises viz.:

"A triangular piece or lot of land situate lying and being in the Parish of Bright, County "of York, and Province of New Brunswick, the said "piece or lot of land runs from Dean Crouse's upper "line, seventeen and a half rods west, and thence "running south-east fifteen rods until it strikes the "line between Dean Crouse and Ezra Brewer, thence "running north-east twenty-three rods, till it strikes "the main New Zealand road containing by estimation two acres of land more or less—being the "lands and premises so described in the deed there-"of from Ezra Brewer to the said Darius E. Brewer, "bearing date the eighth day of April, A. D. 1890, "and registered in the York County Records, Book "04, pages 640 and 641." Together with all the buildings, improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging. The same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province at the suit of Jennie Quinn, Administratrix of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits which were of William Quinn, deceased, against the said Darius E. Brewer.

A. A. STERLING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office
Fredericton, York County
June 23rd, 1894.