

Calendar for November

Calendar grid for November 1885 with days of the week and dates.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., NOV. 20, 1885. LOUIS RIEL.

The last great act of the "North West Rebellion" has been performed and the curtain falls and the tragedy ends with the execution of its promoter, Louis Riel. It is not necessary for us to review the incidents of that rebellion; the scenes at Duck Lake, Cut Knife Hills, Batoche, and other places are too fresh on the minds of our readers to need to be recalled, and now that the end has come we can only look with pity and contempt upon the man who might have done so much good for his countrymen, and who instead did so much to injure them, and who on Monday morning last paid the penalty of his crimes upon the gallows at Regina. Since the capture of Riel it has been the great question of discussion as to whether he would receive the reward he so justly deserved, and some have gone so far as to say that he should not and prophecies have been made that the government would not dare to hang him. For our part we can see no reason why he should have escaped any more than other murderers. Think of the many who were butchered in cold blood during the past winter and spring on his account. Think of the cold-blooded murder of Scott during the rebellion of 1869-70. Read over the cruel scenes of the late rebellion, and then say if the man who originated it and carried it to such an unsuccessful issue was a patriot and a hero. Would a patriot offer to sell his country for money? Would a patriot be found during the time his battles were being fought hid away in a church? We think not. We say the government have done right in allowing the laws of the land to be carried into execution. Riel was not only a traitor to his country but a coward and a murderer, and as such has received the punishment he merited.

CHANGE IN STREET.

In our last issue we referred to the curve in Main street near "Mad Bridge" and suggested that it would be a wise move to try and have it straightened, as a good opportunity had now offered, from near Oddfellows' Hall to Munro's factory. Since then we have spoken to some of the leading citizens of the place who, without exception, favor the idea of straightening the street. Taking for granted that the curve should be taken out, and the main and principal street in the village made straight and widened out to a respectful width, it only remains to put the necessary machinery into operation to effect it. Had the village incorporated the accomplishment of such an undertaking would be comparatively simple and economical, under the present management more difficult. The prospect of having the village incorporated does not seem to be in the near future, and, as delays are dangerous, we think it would be advisable to move at once in the matter of straightening the street before other buildings shall be erected. We believe that a large portion of the land on the north side of Main street near the banks of "Mad creek" rightfully belongs to the township of Horton and it may not yet be too late to regain possession of our legitimate rights. There is no question but that a part of the land required for the straightening of the street already belongs to the township, and should we be fortunate enough to recover all of such lands in this locality that belong to us there would be left but little for the public to pay for in making this necessary alteration. As the meeting of Council takes place early in January next and no action can be taken under the present management save through it, we should early be making a move in the matter and petition the Municipal Council to appoint a committee to inquire into the advisability of making the alteration, and at the same time investigate for the rights of the public to the land in the locality which is reported as belonging to the township of Horton.

COMMON SENSE AND LADDERS.

At a first glance there would seem to be about as much similarity between common sense and ladders as there is between an ant hill and the village of Wolfville, or between a load of hay and a mouse. Common sense is composed largely of brains, while a ladder is composed in great part of holes, and yet brains are about as useless to common sense, where it has too much of them, as holes are to a ladder when it is composed of nothing else. To make common sense the usual form is to take a set of good healthy brains, roll

them down, add a quick train balance-wheel and an instantaneous release valve, put in equal portions of practicality and application and enough energy to nicely season it. To make a ladder, procure from ten to forty holes, 14x20 inches in size, according to the length you want, lay them in a row and fasten them together by good spruce or hackmatack sides and oak rounds across. So far, so good. You have got both made, now what will you do with them? Brains, without the other components of common sense, says that a ladder is no good after you have got it built. In the first place ladders are only of use when there is a fire, and in the second place fires are not necessary outside of a stove if you use the proper precautions which he (brains) suggests. But brains does not always suggest the right precautions, and fires will occur in spite of him sometimes. Let us try common sense, with promptitude he admits the sometimes weakness of brains one of his corporation and says should one of my members err I must fall back on practicality and application, two others of the firm. These two suggest that a ladder be made. Once made neither the holes, the sides, or the rounds will interfere with my politics or my religion and should my brains be at fault I can then fall back on, or mount up on, my ladder, get a bucket full of water, or two if necessary and put out the fire my weak brains allowed, or accident caused, to occur and interfere with my happiness. Further, common sense says I will have a ladder on every building and out-building I possess and others to call upon when duplicates are needed. I will have these duplicates where any one of my brothers or sisters can get them at a moment's notice. They shall have good staunch sides and solid rounds so that I need not risk my life as well as my property in mounting them. They in return will repay me for their creation by lowering my insurance, granting me safety and comfort and in the course of a few years (by saving) place hundreds of dollars in my pocket. Now dear readers, is there any need of common sense and ladders or are you better pleased to tempt fate to burn you out of house and home just when you want them most and can least afford the cost? If you can see through this article, for the sake of yourself and family and your property, make the application common sense, if you have any, prompts. Do something before you are driven to it by a baptism of fire.

SMALLPOX IN CHARLOTTETOWN.

[Special Correspondence to the Acadian.]

The summer of 1885 will be memorable in the history of Charlottetown. It was ushered in with the shrill call of the bugle, the roll of the drum, and the marching of the Union Jack, when our citizen soldiers were called upon to bear arms in their country's service; its closing days bear the wail of despair from many a home where in silent sadness floats the ominous yellow flag. Thanksgiving day had closed; the citizens had retired for the night after hymns of praise had ascended from the churches to the God of the Harvest for the blessings vouchsafed to us as a people throughout the past year. But at early morn the tidings spread throughout the city that the dreaded small pox had broken out in a densely populated portion of the city. The common council and Health board of Charlottetown were hastily summoned together, and with the greatest unanimity for once manifested, steps were taken to stop the progress of the scourge. Dr Johnson, the Health Officer, reported that nine persons were down with the disease. Six new cases appeared on Saturday, and several more have developed to-day. Two of the patients have died and some of the others are not expected to live. A public meeting was held on Friday night; committees were appointed, and the old asylum, a large building of brick, situated outside the city, was promised to them by the Prov. Secretary. On the following morning the committee repaired to the building to make it ready for the reception of patients. On arriving there they were surprised and annoyed to find that Mr Sullivan, the leader of the Government, had ordered the place to be nailed up, because two or three aristocratic families, himself among the number, objected to patients being kept within half a mile of their houses. The committee returned to the city and reported the matter. The indignation of the citizens was intense. A rush was made for the market hall and the Hon. T. W. Dodd was placed in the chair. A resolution was passed to the effect that if the place was not given up immediately the doors would be broken in. The leader of the Gt'te was waited upon by a committee who had the case before him. He still held back saying that he wanted to consult his medical adviser. But the citizens meant business; they saw that life and death depended on the question, and in a body they marched out to the building, and with Dr Jenkins, the Tory member for Queen's Co., at the head with axe in hand, they broke in the doors and took possession of the place. A messenger just then arrived with the keys from the frightened proprietor. The work of removing the patients

to the building is going on to-day. The public schools, churches, and other places have been all closed, and the offices of the doctors are continually swarmed with persons desiring of being vaccinated. The origin of the disease is unknown, but every case so far has been connected in some way with the inmates of the house in which it first broke out. It was thought that a bundle of clothes had been washed at the house from a steamer which called here from Montreal. A which called here from Montreal. A case of small-pox was discovered on her after she left this port. This, however, has been denied by the family. The first case was a little boy who was supposed to have chicken-pox about two weeks ago, but who recovered. Another child was treated for the same malady and died. Suspicion was then directed at the disease was declared to be small-pox. A waka had been held over the child who died, and hence the rapid spread of the disease. The afflicted families are in very straitened circumstances and a committee has been appointed to supply them, and other quarantined families, with the necessities of life. Charlottetown, Nov. 16, 1885.

LETTER FROM A FRIEND.

DEAR ACADIAN, - I take up my pen to address you for the first time. But the intention to write you a letter, hurried and without news of special interest tho' it might be, has long been in existence heroically contending with all other intentions, good, and I suppose evil as well, and with a persistence that I cannot at last but yield to. Having watched with interest your tiny sheet, filled, even in infancy, with spicy tid-bits, developed rapidly into rudy youth, and rapidly into full stature with long columns of editorials, original articles containing both wit and wisdom, news items carefully selected, and other things too numerous to mention, it is but just and right that I express to you the satisfaction I have taken in all this and the well-wishes I entertain for your future prosperity. I never was an editor, and therefore cannot know definitely the stuff a man, or woman either, must be made of to be one, but in imagination I am prone to picture them as composed of materials very similar to other mortals. Now if this is true it will make the cup of their every day toil none the less sweet—may rather make it more palatable, to have the table of usual occurrences turned now and again and they be made the recipients instead of the bestowers. Recipients did I say? Recipients of what? Well, I mean of letters of encouragement, of hearty "God bless you's," etc.; but as I write I imagine I hear the din of an editorial host, as contentious as heard of trials men, at my ear beseeching me not to stop there but to add "of money likewise in payment of subscription long run out and often renewed." Yes, I suppose, I should extend the word to include this also. Editors, like other people, should be paid promptly their just dues, and everything should be said and done, by not simply the fraternity but by others as well, to bring this Utopian state of things about. The Book of books says, it is true, that "it is more blessed to give than receive" but that the sacred writer did not mean that a person should not sell his wares for naught and keep throwing in time without end bills, costing paper and postage, and dues, costing time and ingenuity to devise, is evident from the injunction of Paul to "owe no man anything,"—a rule with but one exception, which he immediately notes, "except to love one another."

NEW LITIST CHURCH.

A Creditable Structure on Herald Street—Names of Officers.

The Baptist denomination of this city has about completed the erection of a commodious and handsome church on Herald street. The property is 60x100 feet and is in an elevated position. The structure is 45x45 feet, with four gables. In the southwest corner stands a tower 65 feet high. This stands at an angle of 45 degrees to the church proper, thus presenting an imposing appearance from the street. The base of the tower is used as a vestibule, to feet square, from which there are two entrances to the auditorium. There are ten windows ten feet high with stained glass in the upper parts. The ceiling is at a height of 22 feet, and the walls are wainscoted and hard finished throughout. At the northeast corner, or immediately opposite the tower, is the pulpit platform, beneath which is the baptistry. In rear of this platform, and six inches above it is the choir platform and a recess in the wall will receive the organ. Seating accommodation is provided for 300 people and the seats will be arranged in an artistic style. The room will be lighted with gas, from a large chandelier in the centre, and will be a large moulding with six feet centres. Two entrances from Herald street will provide means of ingress and egress and four aisles, two leading from the front to the platform, will give ample opportunity for reaching all the seats comfortably. In the rear of the church a school-room will be erected at once. This will be 22x40 feet, in which will also be two smaller rooms for pastor's study, etc. This also will be finished, painted, etc. The whole will cost in the neighborhood of \$4,000, and when completed will be a credit to the denomination and a worthy addition to the list of church edifices in the city.

SEALETT.

The church membership during the past year, under the pastorate of Rev. Walter Bars, M. A., of Acadia College, Nova Scotia, has about doubled and pastor and members feel greatly encouraged for the future. The Building Committee who have control of the erection consists of Messrs T. Haughton, T. Brown, J. B. Keith, E. Morgan, and A. Clyde. Mr M. McClelland has had charge of the construction and has performed the work in a workmanlike manner.

FOR SALE.

A First-class Piano Box Timpken Spring Buggy—entirely new—made by Feindel, of Bridgetown. Also, a new Light Harness, dark mountings. Reasonable credit will be given to reliable parties. A. deW. BARSS, Agent People's Bank, Wolfville, Oct. 28, '85.

House and Orchard TO LET IN WOLFVILLE.

The House is in thorough repair, and contains 8 rooms, 4 closets and pantry, a Frost-proof Cellar containing a large milk room. There is a good Barn on the premises. The Orchard is stocked with over 100 Choice Graft Trees in Full Bearing, viz, Apples, Pears, Plums, etc. For particulars apply to JAMES WILSON, on the premise Jan'y 29th.

SAVE MONEY!

By ordering your Hard Coal from us you will Save Money on every ton! Ask by giving me your order for the

Celebrated Acadia Coal

you will get the Best Soft Coal in the World at a low figure and Save Money

Remember that a few tons of the celebrated Acadia Coal will give as much heat and last as long as a whole vessel load of almost any other kind and will not choke you like other kinds do.

We will sell for cash and sell low. Save money by giving as an early order,

D. MUMFORD, W. & A. Railway Station, August 18, 1885.

Boston Market Report.

FURNISHED BY HASTIEWAY & CO.

Table with market prices for various goods like Flour, Spring Wheat, Patents, Choice Extras, etc.

clung to. If I had no bones, my brains, heart, lungs, and larger blood vessels would be lying round in me sort of promiscuous like and might get hurt. If my bones were burned, I should be all brittle, as you could crumble me up, because all the animal would be out of me. If it was soaked in a kind of acid, it should be limber. Teacher showed us some bones the other day that had been soaked. I could tie a knot in one. I had rather be soaked than burned. Some of my bones don't grow snug and close to my other bones like the branches to the trunk of a tree; and I'm glad they don't; for if they did I could not play jump-frog, and foot-ball, and other good games I know. The reason they don't grow that way is because they have joints. Joints is good things to have in bones. There are two or three kinds. The ball-and-socket joint, like my shoulder, is the best. Teacher showed it to us 't'other day, only it was the thigh joint of a cow. One end was round, smooth, and whitish; that was the ball, and the other end was a socket, and it fits like a ball into a socket, and it fits like a ball into a socket. It swings back and forth and never squeals like the school-room door, because it oils itself. The other joint is that of a joint. That is in the skull, and it don't have no motion. All of my bones put together in their right places makes a skeleton. If I leave out any, or put some in the wrong place, it ain't no skeleton. Cripples and deformed people don't have no skeleton. Some animals have their skeletons on their outside, like the tortoise and the clam. I'm glad I ain't them animals; for my skeleton, like it is on the chart what teacher showed us 't'other day, would'n't look well on my outside."

LETTER FROM A FRIEND.

I guess I'll stop now. I hope you'll like this as well as the "Ant Story." Don't forget to put it where the people will see it. "SAM."

NEW LITIST CHURCH.

A Creditable Structure on Herald Street—Names of Officers.

The Baptist denomination of this city has about completed the erection of a commodious and handsome church on Herald street. The property is 60x100 feet and is in an elevated position. The structure is 45x45 feet, with four gables. In the southwest corner stands a tower 65 feet high. This stands at an angle of 45 degrees to the church proper, thus presenting an imposing appearance from the street. The base of the tower is used as a vestibule, to feet square, from which there are two entrances to the auditorium. There are ten windows ten feet high with stained glass in the upper parts. The ceiling is at a height of 22 feet, and the walls are wainscoted and hard finished throughout. At the northeast corner, or immediately opposite the tower, is the pulpit platform, beneath which is the baptistry. In rear of this platform, and six inches above it is the choir platform and a recess in the wall will receive the organ. Seating accommodation is provided for 300 people and the seats will be arranged in an artistic style. The room will be lighted with gas, from a large chandelier in the centre, and will be a large moulding with six feet centres. Two entrances from Herald street will provide means of ingress and egress and four aisles, two leading from the front to the platform, will give ample opportunity for reaching all the seats comfortably. In the rear of the church a school-room will be erected at once. This will be 22x40 feet, in which will also be two smaller rooms for pastor's study, etc. This also will be finished, painted, etc. The whole will cost in the neighborhood of \$4,000, and when completed will be a credit to the denomination and a worthy addition to the list of church edifices in the city.

SEALETT.

The church membership during the past year, under the pastorate of Rev. Walter Bars, M. A., of Acadia College, Nova Scotia, has about doubled and pastor and members feel greatly encouraged for the future. The Building Committee who have control of the erection consists of Messrs T. Haughton, T. Brown, J. B. Keith, E. Morgan, and A. Clyde. Mr M. McClelland has had charge of the construction and has performed the work in a workmanlike manner.

FOR SALE.

A First-class Piano Box Timpken Spring Buggy—entirely new—made by Feindel, of Bridgetown. Also, a new Light Harness, dark mountings. Reasonable credit will be given to reliable parties. A. deW. BARSS, Agent People's Bank, Wolfville, Oct. 28, '85.

House and Orchard TO LET IN WOLFVILLE.

The House is in thorough repair, and contains 8 rooms, 4 closets and pantry, a Frost-proof Cellar containing a large milk room. There is a good Barn on the premises. The Orchard is stocked with over 100 Choice Graft Trees in Full Bearing, viz, Apples, Pears, Plums, etc. For particulars apply to JAMES WILSON, on the premise Jan'y 29th.

SAVE MONEY!

By ordering your Hard Coal from us you will Save Money on every ton! Ask by giving me your order for the

Celebrated Acadia Coal

you will get the Best Soft Coal in the World at a low figure and Save Money

Remember that a few tons of the celebrated Acadia Coal will give as much heat and last as long as a whole vessel load of almost any other kind and will not choke you like other kinds do.

We will sell for cash and sell low. Save money by giving as an early order,

D. MUMFORD, W. & A. Railway Station, August 18, 1885.

Boston Market Report.

FURNISHED BY HASTIEWAY & CO.

Table with market prices for various goods like Flour, Spring Wheat, Patents, Choice Extras, etc.

H. S. DODGE CHALLENGING COMPETITION! CAPTURING CUSTOMERS! With Elegant and Low Priced Attractions from His Big Fall Stock DRY GOODS, READY MADE CLOTHING, HATS & CAPS, HOUSE FURNISHINGS, ETC. Great Opening Sales Now in Full Blast. Everyone MORE than Satisfied! COME! H. S. DODGE, Kentville N. S. October 23d, 1885.

NEW GOODS! FOR THE FALL. Burpee Witter Has opened a large proportion of his FALL STOCK in the following Departments: DRESS GOODS! 110 pcs., embracing all the newest styles from 14c. to \$1.75 per yard. Every lady in Wolfville should see this magnificent new stock. WOOL GOODS! 20 doz. WOOL SQUARES, CLOUDS, SCARFS and FASCINATORS in new Designs and Colors, from 50c. to \$3.25. These goods are cheap and very handsome. 25 Pieces "BRUNSWICK" VELVETEENS, IN BLACK, NAVY, SKY, BROWN, CARDINAL, PRUNE, BRONZE, OLIVE, GARNET. 1500 Yards Flannels, BRONZE, BROWN, CLARET, FAWN, NAVY, SCARLET, WHITE, and Light and Dark GRAY. Price from 25c. to 50c. CLOTHS! This Department is heavily stocked with English Worsteds, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, and Cloths from the best Nova Scotia Mills. DOMESTICS! White and Grey Cottons, Bleached and Unbleached Table Linens, Prints, Flacey Cottons, Towels, Bed Ticks. CORSETS! 28 Varieties American and Canadian Corsets, including the Celebrated Dr Warner's Health Corset. MANTLE CLOTHS! Black and Bronze Ottoman. Black and Brown Astrichian. Black, Navy, and Brown STOCKENETTE. A Full Line Black and Colored MELTONS. 1 Case Yarmouth Underclothing. NEW GOODS ARRIVING EVERY WEEK! OATS, BUTTER, and EGGS taken in exchange. BURPEE WITTER. Wolfville, Sept 18th, 1885.

RESERVED FOR THE WOLFVILLE BOOKSTORE! Opposite Miss Hamiltens' Millinery Store. MAIN STREET. PUMPS! The subscriber takes this opportunity to inform his friends and the public generally that he is prepared to furnish the Celebrated Rubber-Bucket Pump, the best in the market, at his usual low rates. Address—J. B. WORTHYLAKE July 31, 3m. Grand Pre, N. S. William Wallace, TAILOR, Corner Earl and Water Streets, WOLFVILLE

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY! Do you want a splendid, handsomely bound story book? You can have your choice out of the best that are published if you will obtain two subscriptions for THE WEEKLY MAIL. A catalogue of standard and miscellaneous publications, given as prizes for getting up clubs for THE MAIL, will be sent to any address upon application. There is no boy or girl, young man or young woman, among you who cannot secure a handsome lot of books this winter with very little effort, if you will only make up your minds to it. The books are splendidly bound and are the productions of the best known authors, which is a sufficient guarantee that they will not only afford amusement but be sources of profit. THE WEEKLY MAIL is the most popular weekly published, and is only One Dollar a year. It has now over 100,000 subscribers. Specimen copy and prize list sent free. Address THE MAIL, Toronto, Canada.

Flour! Flour! JUST RECEIVED. Another Car-load of "CROWN OF GOLD" The best flour made in the Dominion. Every Barrel Warranted. For sale low for cash by G. H. WALLACE. Wolfville, Oct. 23, 1885.

Sweeping Reductions In SUITS made by me For 1 Month Having a large stock on hand I wish to clear out to make room for New Stock. A. McPHERSON, KENTVILLE. Sept. 25, 1884.

NEW TOBACCO STORE! Having made some changes in my business, I am now prepared to supply the Tobacco Using Public with all the finest brands of Imported and Domestic CHARS, CIGARETTES, SMOKING & CHEWING TOBACCOS, ETC., ETC. —ALSO— A full assortment of BHIR ROOT and MEETSCHAUM PIPES and CIGAR HOLDERS. FIRST CLASS BARBERING & HAIRDRESSING AS USUAL. Give Us a Call. J. M. Shaw. Wolfville May 7th, 1885.