

HUNS AWAIT RUSS SURRENDER

Advance Continues From Volhynia to the Finnish Gulf Invading Forces Await the Word of Surrender

Austria-Hungary Will Not Aid Germany in Renewal of War on Russia, Says Premier; Austrians Reported Elsewhere to be Advancing on Ukrainian Front

From the Gulf of Finland to the southern border of Volhynia, the German advance on Russia is progressing. The main objectives are said to be Reval, on the coast of Esthonia; Pskoff, between Dvinsk and Petrograd, and the important centres of Minsk and Vitebsk.

The German advance probably will continue until an authenticated copy of the message of surrender is received from the Bolsheviki Government in Petrograd. This is now on its way. The foreign minister, von Kuehlmann, told the German reichstag that he believed the new war would bring peace in the east.

Further advances in Petrograd, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 6:30 p.m.—(By the Associated Press)—Despatches received here indicate continued German movements along all fronts toward Vitebsk, Minsk, Pskoff and Reval.

German airmen are reported to have raided Itebitsa on Monday. Many bombs were dropped and several persons were killed. The raiders disappeared toward Dvinsk.

Just two hours after the armistice ended German troops entered Dvinsk. It was two o'clock on the afternoon of Feb. 18th that German pilots unexpectedly appeared around the city and seized the railway stations and other central points.

Attempts to evacuate the city were unsuccessful. Much heavy artillery and large quantities of ammunition fell into the hands of the Germans. The civil population had no opportunity to escape.

MOVE ON PSKOFF—German troops, having occupied Dvinsk are advancing towards Pskoff, 180 miles south-west of Petrograd, according to a Reuter despatch from Petrograd. They also have occupied Hapsal, Esthonia, and their cavalry is pushing toward Mohilev, the former Russian general headquarters.

FINNISH TROOPS, Haparanda, Sweden, Feb. 21.—Four steamships have arrived at Vasa, in the Gulf of Bothnia from Germany, carrying Finnish soldiers who have served in the German army and a number of German volunteers. The vessels also carried a large number of

Weather Bulletin Toronto, Feb. 21.—A pronounced and widespread area of high pressure is centred west of the Great Lakes and very cold weather prevails throughout the Dominion.

REPINGTON AND GWYNNE FINED Military Critic and Editor Are Punished In Great Britain

By Courier Leased Wire London, Feb. 22.—Fines of \$500 each and costs were imposed to-day upon Col. Repington, military critic of The Morning Post, and Howell A. Gwynne, editor of that newspaper, for the publication of an article in The Post last week in violation of the military censorship.

THREE MILE ADVANCE IN PALESTINE

British Troops Are Now Within Four Miles of City of Jericho LOSSES NOT REPORTED Advance Recorded Also on Front Northwest of Jerusalem

By Courier Leased Wire London, Feb. 21.—A further advance of three and one-half miles on a front of seven and three-quarter miles has been made by the British forces in Palestine, the War Office announces. The British are now within four miles of Jericho.

The British losses on Tuesday when an advance was made on a fifteen-mile front east of Jerusalem, were very slight. Yesterday's losses have not been reported.

The British also advanced northwest of Jerusalem to a maximum depth of one mile on a front of four miles.

Austrian Socialists Interpellate Premier, Demanding Acceptance of Wilson's Peace Statement and Opening of Immediate Negotiations With U. S.

By Courier Leased Wire. Amsterdam, Feb. 21.—(British Admiralty, per Wireless Press)—The Austrian Socialist Party has submitted an interpellation to Premier von Seydler urging him to accept President Wilson's statement regarding the principles upon which a general peace can be discussed.

The Socialists demand that the Premier take steps immediately to open negotiations between Austria-Hungary and the United States.

Sweden Stays Neutral Stockholm, Feb. 21.—In answer to an interpellation in the Riksdag, Premier Eden said that while certain circles in Finland desired Swedish intervention in that country a considerable part of the Finnish people strongly opposed the idea and Sweden in nowise intended armed intervention there unless compelled by a violation of Swedish rights and interests.

The premier declared that Sweden would not permit the organization of armed forces on Swedish territory, but individual volunteers would be allowed to enter the Finnish service.

What Was That? London, Feb. 21.—An intercepted German wireless message, according to a Reuter despatch from Petrograd, quotes Premier Lenin, the Austrian-German commander on the eastern front, as saying to his troops:

Germany is sick and dying, to contaminate all the countries in the world with a moral infection. We must fight against the disorder inoculated by Trotsky and defend outraged liberty. Germany is fighting in being the incarnation of the sentiments of other order loving peoples.

SMALL MAJORITY. Petrograd, Wednesday, Feb. 21.—The decision of the soldiers and workmen's delegates to accept the German peace terms was reached by a majority of only one vote, after a heated debate lasting through Monday night. Great secrecy was observed in regard to the meeting, which was adjourned several times to permit the

Bolsheviki and the Social Revolutionists to hold party caucuses. There were divisions in both parties on the subject. Premier Lenin, Foreign Minister Trotsky, Ensign Krylenko, commander-in-chief, and many other leaders, addressed the caucus. Lenin explained the impossibility of offering resistance, but no decision was reached until messages had been received showing that the Germans had captured Dvinsk with ease and were advancing all along the front.

This news reached the council early Tuesday morning and influenced the delegates to decide for peace. Before the capture of Dvinsk, Premier Lenin said he was opposed to peace, but finally agreed that peace must be obtained at any price in order to insure the reconstruction of Russia.

He said the Germans were advancing on a solid front from the north to the south. The announcement of Russia's decision to accept the German terms was sent by wireless at five o'clock Tuesday morning. At first the German wireless station showed a disposition to refuse to take the message, but finally four hours later, acknowledged it.

Bolsheviki leaders held repeated conferences throughout Tuesday and late in the afternoon received the German reply, refusing to accept the wireless message as official, and requesting that a delegation be sent to Dvinsk to confer with regard to peace.

The Russian press is divided as to the wisdom of the council's action. The Pravda says the soldiers and workmen's delegates have again shown willingness to make peace and carry out their pledges, and that whether Germany accepts the offer or does not, the Bolsheviki have won a moral victory. The Nova Jizn says the Bolsheviki have brought the affair to an ignominious end and have proved themselves to be adventurers who are willing to keep themselves in power at any price.

Bolsheviki leaders declare that if the German advance continues they will defend Petrograd with the Red Guard and carry the German advance by guerrilla warfare. No plans have been made for the evacuation of this city.

The Bolsheviks say this is a new war, not the old war, and that they will present a united front against the Germans.

FRANCE TO HAVE MEATLESS WEEKS

By Courier Leased Wire Paris, Jan. 22.—Correspondence of the Associated Press—One meatless week each month during the coming spring and summer in order to conserve the cattle supply is planned by the French government. Two meatless days a week were tried last summer but the plan failed as most housewives simply bought enough meat for forty-eight hours, and there was no saving.

The government's proposal to establish one hundred municipal meat markets in Paris to be managed by mobilized soldiers, has had the immediate effect of reducing meat prices. The wholesale price of mutton has come down 8 cents a pound and beef five cents. The retailers, however, have not reduced prices. An experimental market in the populous quarter of Belleville has reduced the retail price of meat thirty to thirty-five per cent by eliminating wholesalers and commission houses.

AIRPLANES THE NEED OF AMERICANS

Enemy Holds Control of Air on U. S. Section of the West Front

FLIES AT HIS WILL By Courier Leased Wire With the American Army in France, Feb. 21.—(By the Associated Press)—Control of the air in the American sector belongs to the enemy. Any officer at the front will make this declaration—all have made it. The control is obvious. German airplanes come and go over the American lines almost at will.

Every time the Germans come over their path through the sky is followed by fierce sharpshooters, but the chances of hitting an airplane with anti-aircraft shells is so remote that the enemy aviators calmly fly along as if on a pleasure tour.

Every American officer at the front urges a speedy appearance of large numbers of American airplanes with American pilots. For that is only one way to wrest control of the air from the enemy.

For days the Germans have been flying over certain towns, where American troops have been resting after periods in the trenches. So free and unrestricted are the German airmen that in some towns the commands are under strict orders to disappear under cover of the moment a German airplane is sighted.

The question most asked from one end of the American front to the other is: "When are some American airplanes coming here?" It was announced last night in Washington dispatches that the first battleships in the United States are American forces in France were on their way overseas five months ahead of schedule.

THE MERCHANTS CORNER

Some advertisers seem to think that all they have to do is to run out into the middle of the road and shout "stop!" and the world will stop and listen to them. You see that headed in glaring type with such words as "Stop! Look! Important!" and so on. But you've seen so many of them that you usually pass them by without bothering to see what they are talking about.

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guns, machine guns, and munitions. The offensive will be taken by these troops against Tammerfors and Viborg. SHOT BY RED. Petrograd, Feb. 21.—General Yancushkevitch, former chief of the general staff, was shot on his way to prison by a member of the Red Guard. When told he was being taken to Petrograd, the General, according to the Guard endeavored to seize a revolver for the purpose of committing suicide, upon which the Guard shot him.

Bolsheviki at Work. Pekin, Saturday, Feb. 16.—Bolsheviks from Russian Turkestan as well as Germans and Turks are inflaming the Chinese Mohammedan population of the Province of Sinkiang, Chinese Turkestan, against the Government, according to a report from General Tang-Tsang-Sin, Governor of the province. The most prominent Mohammedan general, to devise some means of combatting the movement.

PTE WM. KINLEY KILLED IN ACTION One of Original Members of Princes Pats Makes Supreme Sacrifice

Word was received this morning by Mr. Alfred Kinley, 133 Sydenham street, of the death of his son, William Kinley, one of the original members of the Princes Pats. The telegram read: "Deeply regret to inform you that Private Wm. Kinley, 51291 Infantry, reported dead of heart disease." Private Kinley had seen service with the Indian army, and although over age when war broke out, he came from New York to Montreal and joined the Princes Pats, then forming. He was reported killed in some of the earlier fighting, and returning to the trenches was gassed and shell-shocked. He was offered his discharge, but refused it and went back to the trenches. It is supposed that his death from heart disease is the result of the shell-shock and gas poisoning. His parents reside at 133 Sydenham street. He leaves a sister, Mrs. Klutch, and several brothers.

CLAIM A LOT. Berlin, Feb. 21, via London.—The War Office announces that 1,333 guns and between 4,000 and 5,000 motor cars have been captured from the Russians.

MINISTERS NOT GOING YET Washington, Feb. 21.—State Department officials said to-day that the renewed German offensive had not progressed to a point where the departure of Ambassador Francis and the allied diplomats from Petrograd was being considered and that so far as official reports showed the diplomats themselves were not considering leaving as yet.

DISASTER IN CHINA. Amoy, China, Feb. 21.—Latest reports from Swatow give the number of dead from the recent earthquake as 600 and the injured as more than 2,000. Several villages in the Amoy Hinterland were virtually wiped out.

French Took Prisoners And Pierced Foe Lines

Brilliant Attack in Lorraine Last Night, the First Major Stroke of the Year on West Front--Twelve German Planes Brought Down by British

In a brilliant attack in Lorraine French troops have gone through the German first line on a lengthy front and captured more than 400 prisoners. This attack, the first of large proportions on the western front in 1918, was carried out north of Bures and east of Moncel, virtually on the Franco-German border south of Chateau Salins.

Complete details of the successful effort are lacking. There have been many raiding enterprises by both sides in this section of Lorraine recently and this front has been looked upon by French military leaders as one where the Germans might make their heretofore drive. It lies northeast of Luneville and east-northeast of Nancy.

A German attack at Four de Paris in the Argonne, has been repulsed with losses by the French. On the British front in France there has been no increase in the raiding and artillery activity. American troops in their sector northwest of Toul have checked another German raid, the enemy being driven back by artillery fire. German airmen are reported to control the air over the American sector and Wednesday enemy aviators flew over the entire position repeatedly.

525 Taken Paris, Feb. 21.—The French took 525 prisoners in their raid yesterday in Lorraine, the war office announced to-day. The text of the statement reads: "Northwest of Rheims in the region of Lotvre, a German raid was repulsed by the French fire. "The total number of prisoners taken in Lorraine in the course of the French operations north of Bures and east of Moncel, is 525, of whom eleven are officers. "On the remainder of the front there is nothing important to report."

Aerial Activity. London, Feb. 20.—Twelve German airplanes have been accounted for by British airmen and one by infantry, says a statement on aerial operations to-night which also re-

ports successful attacks on Thionville and Pirmasens, Germany. The statement reads: "In air fighting Tuesday eleven hostile machines were brought down and another was driven down out of control. At night a bombing machine was brought down in No. Man's land by infantry. Two of our machines are missing. "Tuesday night Thionville again was attacked successfully. Twenty-six heavy bombs were dropped on the railway station and a large explosion was caused and two fires started. All our machines returned safely. To-day our airplanes bombed large factories and the station at Pirmasens in Germany, and dropped a ton of bombs. All returned safely."

Huns Beaten Off With the American army in France, Feb. 21.—The Germans again attempted a raid against the American lines on Tuesday night, but the raiders were discovered and the artillery responding to rocket signals laid down a heavy barrage almost instantly. The Germans' path back to their line was marked by red lines.

Burned Propaganda. Geneva, Switzerland, Feb. 21.—Tracts and newspapers, violently attacking President Wilson, Premier Lloyd George and Premier Clemenceau have been found by Swiss mountain climbers in a balloon basket on the summit of Mount Dole, the highest peak of the Jura Alps. It is supposed the balloon became stranded on the mountain while on its way to France. The Alpinists made a bonfire of the papers.

London, Feb. 21.—New Zealand troops carried out a successful raid