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ALLIED TROOPS HAVE SCORED MANY SIGNAL SUCCESSES

Germans, Who Were Decisively Defeated In Great Five Day's Battle, Are Now Precipitately Retreating All Along Their Extended Line In France

Allies Capture Many Thousands Of Prisoners And Great Stores Of Ammunition And Supplies

AUSTRIANS LOSE 130,000 MEN IN TREMENDOUS BATTLE

German Army Is Everywhere Falling Back

And the Troops of the Allies are Vigorously Pursuing the Enemy Toward the Frontier

St. Pierre, Sept. 13.—Official bulletins posted here today intimate that to the left the Germans continue to retreat before the Allies. In the centre they are also falling back.

The French have crossed the Marne between Epernay and Vitry le Francois.

To the left, the Germans have also retreated abandoning the region surrounding the heights of Nancy. The French are reoccupying Luneville.

Vigorously Pursuing the Enemy

Although exceedingly fatigued, our troops are vigorously pursuing the enemy in their flight, which is so rapid at some points that, in former German quarters, especially at Montmirail, our men secured the personal effects and documents abandoned by the enemy.

In the vicinity of Fromentieres the enemy abandoned their heavy batteries and field artillery.

The German prisoners captured show signs of heavy physical strain and are utterly discouraged. The horses are especially exhausted.

On the sixth of September, General Joffre published the following proclamation to the troops:

General Joffre's Proclamation

"On the point of engaging in a battle on which depends the life of the Country, it behoves me to impress upon you that it is not the time to look behind, but to employ all efforts to attack and repulse the enemy.

"An army that cannot advance must, however great the cost, hold the ground it has conquered and die on the spot rather than fall back.

"Under these circumstances, no weakness can be tolerated."

Our victorious troops, entering Vitry le Francois, discovered at the residence lately occupied by the Staff of the Third German Army Corps the following German proclamation:

"The object of our long and weary march is attained. The main forces of the French army were forced to accept battle after having continually fallen back. The great decision is now near.

"To-morrow the total German army should be engaged all along the line from Paris to Verdun to save the well-being and honor of Germany.

"Although the heroic conflicts of the last few days have been hard, I expect that each officer and soldier will fulfil his whole duty to last breath.

"All depends upon the results of to-morrow's engagements."

Woman Fought With Troops

Among the wounded of the battle at Meaux was found a young washerwoman dressed as a zouave, who took part in the recent fighting.

Four German standards have been handed to President Poincaré.

The German losses are enormous and are even estimated as being five times heavier than those of the French.

The casualties at certain points are still heavier, especially on the River Marne, where the Germans tried sixteen times in succession to cross the river and were mowed down by the French three-inch guns.

Belgian Provinces Clear of Germans

Antwerp, Sept. 13.—The provinces of Antwerp and Limburg are completely clear of Germans, who have also evacuated eastern Flanders.

The Belgian army is actively operating with much success.

LARGER PART OF AUSTRIAN ARMY IS SAID TO HAVE CAPITULATED

London, Sept. 14.—A despatch from Paris says: "Telegram from Petrograd states that persistent rumors are current there that the larger part of the Austrian armies capitulated yesterday."

GERMANS, SHORT OF FOOD SUPPLIES, FORCED TO EAT THEIR CAVALRY HORSES

Paris, Sept. 14.—A British staff officer, who has driven in from Soissons, says the Germans retreat while not a rout is even more rapid.

Germans are coming into the British and French camps by hundreds, falling on their knees and imploring to be fed.

Ten men, he declared, were seen sharing one loaf while half an army was eating its horses. The Germans were so weak they refused even to walk.

The British capture of Germans at Torcy has been paralleled only by surrender of Cronje at Paardeburg.

The simultaneous success of the Allies along the whole battle line grows with every war office communique.

General Von Kluck, who met his first defeat nearly a fortnight ago at Compiègne, seems to have suffered most.

The enemy is retreating on an enormous stretch of territory.

An important fact is that the Allies have driven a wedge in between the army of Kluck and the army of Von Buelow and with luck Allies should intensify the defeat of the latter in the neighborhood of Chalons.

London, Sept. 14.—A despatch to The Express from Paris says: "German losses in cavalry are appalling. A German cavalry officer who competed at the Olympia Horse show a few years ago and is now a prisoner estimates that the wastage in cavalry horses, especially in Belgium, amounts to two-thirds of the total strength allotted to the army operating in the direction of Paris."

TWO SONS OF THE KAISER ARE DEAD SAYS A LATE REPORT FROM OSTEND

London, Sept. 14.—Despatch from Ostend says that since September 9th German reinforcements numbering sixty thousand have been moving toward Lille by way of Renaix, Belgium. The despatch adds that the German troops who have been waiting at Beirlogem to receive the war impost levied on the City of Ghent also have been ordered to the French frontier.

The Germans have been laying mines under the Belgian roads which the Allies are likely to take white following the retreating German force.

Another despatch from Ostend says reports are current there that Crown Prince Frederick William and Prince Adalbert, sons of the German Emperor and Prince Carl of Wurtemberg have died in the Brussels hospital.

Curcy are being directed past Paris to hospitals in the rear, says a Paris despatch. The obvious reason for this is that until it is quite certain that Paris will not have to defend herself against an attack it would be unwise to fill the ample hospital accommodation of the capital.

Other Important War News on Pages 4 and 6

Want More Men

London, Sept. 13.—A Rome correspondent wires that Austrian reinforcements are being rushed from Prague to aid the Germans who are hard pressed in France.

If the report is true, it would indicate that the Germans in France are now in a worse state than the news obtainable would indicate.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Capture Barque

Capetown, Sept. 12.—The German bark Helgz, from Cardiff with coal and coke, has been captured by a British ship and brought to Simons Town.

DO IT NOW!

It is no use waiting till somebody else gets ahead of you. Now is the time to advertise in **The Mail and Advocate.**

Abandon Alsace

Milan, Italy, Sept. 13.—A despatch from Basle, Switzerland, says that the Germans are evacuating Southern Alsace.

Schr. Little Gem, 29 days from Oporto, arrived Saturday to A. S. Rendell & Co.

Barque, Olinda, Capt. Courtenay, sails to-morrow for Pernambuco with 3936 qts. fish from Monroe & Co.

Joffre Makes Announcement Of Successes

Allies, Victorious in Great Five Day's Battle, Force the Germans to Retreat

St. Pierre, Sept. 13.—The following official bulletins were posted here at three this (Sunday) afternoon:

"A great general victory is announced by General Joffre.

"On the left the enemy have continued their retreat and have evacuated Amiens and fallen back eastward.

"Between Soissons and Rheims the Germans are also retreating north of Vesle.

"They have not defended the Marne at the southeast of Rheims.

"In the centre the enemy has lost Revigny and Brabant-Leroi but are still holding out south of Mount Argonne.

"On our right our adversaries, who were on the banks of the Meurthe, are retreating between St. Die and Luneville.

Capture Several German Camps

"Our armies are in possession of Raonlétape, Baccarat, Remireville, Nomeny and Pont-a-Mousson.

"In Belgium, the Belgian army is pushing forward vigorously south of Liege.

The following proclamation from General Joffre, Commander-in-Chief of the French Army, has been published:

"The battle, which has been lasting for five days, is finishing in an unquestionable victory for the Allies. The retreat of the First, Second and Third German armies is accentuated on our left and centre.

"On the other hand, the Fourth German army has begun to retreat north of Vitry and Sermoise.

Abandoned Their Equipments

"Everywhere the enemy are abandoning their equipments and everywhere we are taking prisoners.

"In advancing our troops have discovered traces of the intense struggle and the desperate resistance made by the Germans to check our advance.

"The vigorous recovery of our offensive has determined our success.

"All the officers and soldiers have responded nobly to my call and have well deserved the praises of their country."

The following proclamation has been issued by General Gallieni, the military Governor of Paris:

Congratulates the Paris Army

"The military governor is pleased to bring to the knowledge of the troops the above telegram. He adds his congratulations to the Paris Army on their participation in the operations.

"He also tenders his congratulations to the defenders of the entrenched positions for the efforts they have put forth—efforts that have, however, to be continued without relaxation."

Captured Dutchman With German Cargo

Havre, France, Sept. 13.—The Dutch vessel Fortuna was captured with a German cargo of silver and wheat.

Three Regiments of Cossacks

Annihilate Nine Regiments

Of Austro-Hungarian Cavalry

Petrograd, Sept. 13.—At Gorodak three regiments of Cossacks annihilated nine Hungarian cavalry regiments, of which two were totally destroyed.

The Austrian army in Galicia is totally demoralized and the officers are unable to reform their lines. Austrian soldiers are fleeing in all directions.

Generals Monoury and Dubail are decorated with crosses as Commanders of the Legion of Honor and General Roch has also been decorated as an Officer of the Legion of Honor.