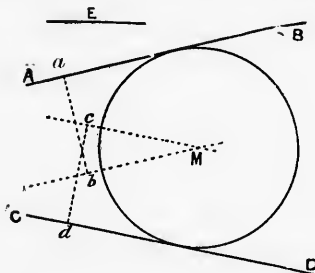
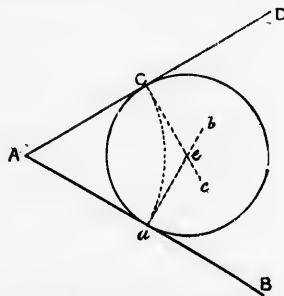


PROBLEM 42.—To DESCRIBE A CIRCLE HAVING A GIVEN RADIUS *E* AND TOUCHING TWO GIVEN STRAIGHT LINES *AB*, *CD*.



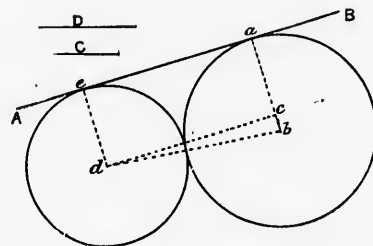
At any points *a* and *d* erect perpendiculars *ab* and *cd* to the lines *AB* and *CD* respectively, and both equal to the given radius *E*. Through *b* and *c* draw lines parallel to *AB* and *CD*, respectively. The circle described from the point of intersection *M* as a centre, with radius *E*, will touch the given lines *AB*, *CD*.

PROBLEM 43.—To DESCRIBE A CIRCLE TOUCHING TWO GIVEN STRAIGHT LINES *AB*, *AD*, AND CONTAINING A POINT *C* IN ONE OF THE LINES.



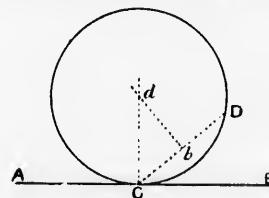
From *A* as centre with radius *AC*, describe an arc cutting *AB* in *a*. At *C* and *a* draw perpendiculars *Ce* and *ab*, to *AD* and *AB* respectively, meeting in *e*. From the centre *e*, with the radius *eC* or *ea*, describe the required circle.

PROBLEM 44.—To DESCRIBE TWO CIRCLES WITH GIVEN RADII *C* AND *D*, TOUCHING EACH OTHER AND A GIVEN LINE *AB*.



Draw any perpendicular *acb* to the line *AB*, and make *ab* equal to *D* and *ac* equal to *C*. Through *c* draw *cd* parallel to *AB*, and from the centre *b* with radius *bd* equal the sum of the given radii *C* and *D*, describe an arc cutting the line *cd* in *d*. About *b* and *d* as centres, describe the required circles with radii respectively equal to *D* and *C*.

PROBLEM 45.—To DRAW A CIRCLE, THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF WHICH SHALL PASS THROUGH A GIVEN POINT *D* AND TOUCH A GIVEN STRAIGHT LINE *AB* AT A GIVEN POINT *C*.



Join *CD* and bisect it in the point *b*. At the points *C* and *b*, erect perpendiculars to the lines *AB* and *CD*, respectively. The point *d*, where the perpendiculars meet, will be the centre of the circle to be described with the radius *dD* or *dC*.