

ADVANCE OF VON HINDENBURG'S ARMY HAS BEEN CHECKED, PETROGRAD REPORTS

Germans' Second March on Warsaw Halted and Enemy Lose Heavily — 12,000 Prisoners Claimed to Have Been Captured by Czar's Forces—New Russian Army Reaches Battle Line — Japan Ready to Send Army to Battlefield of Europe if Needed.

New York, Nov. 23.—A news agency despatch from London, says:

"Reports from Petrograd say that the advance of Von Hindenburg's army on Warsaw has been checked, that a victory has been won at Kutno, twenty-five miles west of Lodz, and that 12,000 prisoners were taken. It is also said a new Russian army has reached the battle line.

"This account says it is now only a question of how many succeeded in escaping in this great battle.

Petrograd, Nov. 23.—It is now only a question of how many Germans succeeded in escaping, it is declared here today, in reports of fresh and important successes gained by the Russians between the Vistula and Warthe rivers. The battle, which has been raging against the German advance upon Warsaw, has resulted in the forward movement being checked. It is asserted the German losses are said to be enormous at Kutno, twenty-five miles west of Lodz, 12,000 prisoners were taken. Another terrible battle is raging between Czestochowa and Cracow.

The German cavalry patrols have penetrated within thirty miles of Warsaw. Heavy fighting is still in progress today between Lodz and Skirnewice, where the Russian force is opposing the main line of advance of the army of General Von Hindenburg.

London, Nov. 23.—The correspondent of the Telegraph in Petrograd reports the capture of Gumbinnen, in northern East Prussia, by the Russians. He says:

"Although official dispatches only mention skirmishes in East Prussia, a despatch from a correspondent with circumstantial details, the Russian capture of Gumbinnen, after a battle lasting five days, the Cossacks being the heroes of the most stirring incident of the struggle, capturing the enemy's batteries by a daring charge which put the gunners to flight.

"The defenders declined to await a bayonet attack, and the Russians entered in triumph, to discover the town half demolished by shell fire and abandoned by the population.

Gumbinnen, sixty-six miles east southeast of Königsberg, is the capital of the government district of the same name. It is in great measure a modern town and has some fine monuments. The population is about 15,000.

In the Eastern Theatre

Paris, Nov. 23.—The official French bulletin given out in Paris this afternoon says that yesterday Ypres was subjected to a violent artillery fire, and that many of its important buildings were consumed by the flames.

The text of the communication is as follows:

"Yesterday was marked by a violent artillery fire. The enemy directed his attention particularly to the town of Ypres, where the belfry, the cathedral, the markets and a number of houses were set on fire, to Solissons and Rheims.

"In the Argonne the day was characterized by very hot fighting. The enemy delivered very spirited attacks which were repulsed.

"In the Vosges and in the Vosges, the situation is without change."

London, Nov. 23.—Arthur Dossy, founder of the Japan society and an authority on Anglo-Japanese affairs, says in a statement that Japan is ready to furnish a large army if it is found necessary to increase the allied force in Europe.

"The Japanese army is in a complete state of readiness," says Mr. Dossy, "and if it is necessary to increase the force in Europe, the Japanese are willing and ready to supply a large, admirably equipped and highly trained army. The trans-Siberian railway and an ample supply of Japanese steamships make the transportation of half a million men in two months easy."

Lima, Peru, Nov. 23.—It is declared here today, on what would appear to be good authority, that the Germans have been maintaining what is described as a naval station outside of Valparaiso, Chile. They brought together a number of vessels having on board coal and provisions.

Chilean papers reaching here say that the government is determined to stop these breaches of neutrality even at the cost of war.

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FOR THE EMPIRE!



BRITAIN NEEDS MEN

LORD KITCHENER SAYS:—

"TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE:—EVERY FIGHTING UNIT WE CAN SEND TO THE FRONT MEANS ONE STEP NEARER PEACE"

WHO WILL VOLUNTEER TODAY FOR OVERSEAS SERVICE

HERE ARE THE CONDITIONS Recruiting for the New Brunswick Regiment Must be Completed Within Ten Days

THE VOLUNTEERS

THE PERIOD OF ENLISTMENT is for the duration of the war and for six months after termination if required.

THE RATE OF PAY is \$1.10 per day and found for seven days a week, equal to \$33.00 per month.

IF DISABLED, the soldier will receive a pension at such rates as may be fixed by the Government.

IF WOUNDED OR ILL, the soldier will be well cared for and sent back to his home at the proper time.

THEIR FAMILIES

SOLDIERS MAY ASSIGN any portion of their regular pay to wives or others, and such sums will be paid regularly to the persons so designated.

WIVES OF VOLUNTEERS will receive twenty dollars per month separation allowance from the Canadian Government over and above the soldiers pay.

THE PATRIOTIC FUND will supplement this with an additional allowance as described hereafter.

SHOULD ANY OF THE SOLDIERS BE KILLED, their wives and children will become wards of the Canadian Government, and generous provision will be made for them.

The National Patriotic Fund Committee has decided on a basis of distribution of funds among the wives and children, and other dependents of volunteers. It is estimated that a wife on her own account requires Thirty Dollars Per Month for her maintenance. The Canadian Government provides Twenty Dollars per month of this amount and the Patriotic Fund the remaining Ten Dollars, if required. Children between ten and fifteen years of age are allowed twenty-five cents per day; from five to ten years of age, fifteen cents per day; and under five years of age, ten cents per day. Thus a wife and three children of the ages of three, seven and twelve, may receive a total monthly allowance of Forty-five Dollars, of which Twenty Dollars is payable by the Canadian Government and Twenty-five Dollars by the Patriotic Fund. This is of course in addition to the Thirty-three Dollars per month paid to the soldier, and which may be assigned by him to his family.

Besides the above, provision is made for a compassionate allowance for temporary extraordinary need such as accident, sickness, etc. In short, the whole purpose of the Patriotic Fund is so to supplement the Government allowance as to provide all reasonable comfort for the families of men on service. Such provision, in each individual case, is subject to the report of local committees, who shall consider all the circumstances of families affected, with respect to the earnings of members of such families, amounts received from former employer of the soldiers, and other sources of income.

Every reasonable provision is thus made for dependent relatives, and volunteers need have no anxiety regarding the welfare of those left behind.

The 26th New Brunswick Regiment, 2nd Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force requires Six Hundred more men at once. The full strength must be completed in ten days.

WHO WILL ENLIST?

Recruits Will Be Received By the Following Officers:—

MADAWASKA, VICTORIA, CARLETON—MAJ. A. A. H. MARGISON, 67th Regiment, Woodstock.

SUNBURY, YORK, CHARLOTTE—MAJ. W. H. GRAY, 71st Regiment, Fredericton.

QUEENS, KINGS, ST. JOHN—LT. COL. WETMORE, 74th Regiment, Sussex.

WESTMORLAND, ALBERT—CAPT. F. R. SUMNER, Moncton.

GLOUCESTER, RESTIGOUCHE—LT. COL. MALBY, CAPT. A. E. G. MCKENZIE, 73rd Regiment, Campbellton.

ST. JOHN CITY—LT. COL. ARMSTRONG, LT. COL. McAVITY, LIEUT. CROCKETT.

NORTHUMBERLAND, KENT—LT. COL. IRVING, 71st Regiment, Newcastle.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH POWDER 25c.
Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, cleans the air passages, stops drops of pus, and relieves the patient. It cures Catarrh and Hay Fever, Eczema, Eruptions, etc. Accept no substitutes. All dealers or Edmondson, Boston & Co., Limited, Toronto.

MRS. THOMSON TELLS WOMEN

How She Was Helped During Change of Life by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I am just 62 years of age and during Change of Life I suffered for six years terribly. I tried several doctors but none seemed to give me any relief. Every month the pains were intense in both sides, and made me so weak that I had to go to bed. At last a friend recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to me and I tried it at once and found much relief. After that I had no pains at all and could do my housework and shopping the same as always. For years I have praised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for what it has done for me, and shall always recommend it as a woman's friend. You are at liberty to use my letter in any way."—Mrs. THOMSON, 649 W. Russell St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Change of Life is one of the most critical periods of a woman's existence. Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to cure women so successfully through this trying period as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

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ZOUAVE'S BRAVERY SAVED HIS COMPANY, BUT COST HIM HIS LIFE

Paris, Nov. 23.—There was given out semi-officially in Paris this afternoon the following:

"The other day in Belgium a German column was advancing to attack

the forest of Brie, defended by a detachment of Zouaves. Our men noticed that before them the Germans forced a Zouave prisoner along, and at the same time they heard cries of 'stop firing.' For an instant our riflemen and the men in charge of our machine guns hesitated.

"Then from the German ranks they heard the voice of the Zouave prisoner who called to them: 'Shoot—!'

"There then flashed out from the ranks of the Zouaves a general discharge of rifles and machine guns. This fire laid low the assailants of the Zouaves, and with them fell the heroic soldier whose devotion made it possible for his countrymen to check-mate the rush of the enemy.

"If the name of this brave man is unknown, at least his regiment will retain forever the remembrance of his sacrifice, which is equal to any of the

most courageous personal incidents recorded in our glorious history."

FOOTBALL GAME POOR PLACE FOR RECRUITING

London, Nov. 23.—The futility of trying to carry on recruiting on a football ground was demonstrated on Saturday, when Col. Burn, M.P., and aide de camp to King George, addressed the crowd of spectators before a big match started. The kick-off interrupted his words, and although Col. Burn tried again at half time, and at the end of the game, the crowd of thirty thousand yielded only one recruit. Similar efforts at other football fields proved equally failures.

SUPPLY OF HORSES MAY RUN SHORT

Tax on mounts used for hunting is suggested, also that Gov't subsidize breeding of horses.

London, Nov. 23.—The danger of a grave shortage of horses is being urged upon the authorities, to whom the advice of various experts is being given through the medium of the Journal Country Life. The Earl of

Harrington suggests a tax on every horse used for hunting.

General Sir Henry Dewart advises a visit by a veterinary expert each year to inspect all yearlings, with the offer of a small amount weekly, which would give the government the option of purchase when the animal was three years old. Other opinions are that no more mares should be shipped out of the country, and that the government should subsidize the breeding of horses in various ways.

A SAD TRAGEDY.

It often happens—your sore corn is stepped on. Why not use "Putnam's Corn Extractor." It cures in one day. Absolutely no pain with "Putnam's." Use no other, 25c. at all dealers.

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