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SIXTEEN PAGES—ONE CENT

Austria Is Reduced to State of About Six Million Population

Hungary, Giant Neighbor, Completely Independent With 50,000,000

Greater Part of Terms Presented at St. Germain — Lines of German Treaty Followed But There Are Special Features as Affecting Austria — Italian Matter Still Unsettled

Ottawa, June 2.—The following is a summary of the text of the Austrian peace terms received here by the government and issued to the Canadian Press: London, June 1.—The conditions of peace of the Allied and associated powers, with the exception of the military reparations, financial and certain boundary clauses, were handed to the Austrian plenipotentiaries at St. Germain today.

The Austrian treaty follows exactly the same outline as the German, and in many places is identical with it except change in name. Certain specific clauses which applied only to Germany are, of course, omitted, and certain new clauses of particular applicability to Austria are included, especially as regards the new states created out of the former Austro-Hungarian empire.

Austria is left by the treaty a state of about six millions of people inhabiting a territory of between 50,000 and 60,000 square miles. She recognizes the complete independence of Hungary, with its population of more than 50,000,000 and its area of 260,034 square miles.

Austria agrees to accept the League of Nations covenant and the labor charter, to renounce all her extra-European rights, to demobilize her whole naval aerial forces, to admit the right of trial by the Allies and associated powers of her nationals guilty of violating the laws and customs of war, and to accept detailed provisions similar to those in the German treaty as to economic conditions and freedom of transit.

St. Germain, June 2.—Austria was today given fifteen days to reply to the terms of peace presented by the Allied nations. M. Clemenceau, president of the peace conference, was the first prominent figure to arrive today at the meeting at which the terms of peace were presented.

Paris, June 2.—The Adriatic claims of Italy are still unsolved. The League of Nations held a brief meeting before going to St. Germain this morning. Premier Orlando of Italy being present. The Adriatic question was discussed.

The New Clauses. In the following summary, part one, containing the covenant of the League of Nations, and part twelve, containing the labor convention, are identical with those in German treaty, and are therefore omitted. Nathaniel A. Palmer, a returned soldier, who happened to be near by, heard his cry for help, rushed to the shore and jumped into the water. By this time the drowning lad was nearly exhausted.

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Part Two—The Frontiers of Austria. The northern frontier of Czechoslovakia follows the existing administrative boundaries formerly separating the provinces of Bohemia and Moravia from those of the Upper and Lower Austria, subject to certain minor modifications, notably in the regions of Brundard Feldberg and along the river Moravia. The southern frontier facing Italy and Serbo-Croat-Slovene states is to be fixed by the principal Allied and associated powers at a later date.

In the eastern part (the line) passing just east of Blinburg crosses the Drave just above its confluence with the Lavant, and thence will pass north of the Drave so as to leave to the Serbo-Croat-Slovene state Marburg and Radkersburg, just to the north of which latter place it will join the Hungarian frontier. The western and northwestern frontiers facing Bavaria, the western frontier facing Switzerland and the eastern frontier facing Hungary remain unchanged.

Part Three—Political Clauses. EUROPE. The high contracting parties recognize and accept the frontiers of Bulgaria, Greece, Hungary, Poland, Rumania, the Serbo-Croat-Slovene state and the Czechoslovak state as at present or as ultimately determined. Austria renounces in favor of the principal Allies and associated powers all her rights and titles over territories formerly belonging to her which, though outside the new frontiers of Austria, have not at present been assigned to any state undertaking to accept the settlements to be made in regard to these territories.

THE CZECHO-SLOVAK STATE. Austria recognizes the complete independence of the Czechoslovak state, including the autonomous territory south of the Carpathians in conformity with the action already taken by the Allied and associated powers. The exact boundary between Austria and the new state is to be fixed by a field commission of seven members, five nominated by the principal Allied and associated powers and one each by Austria and the Czechoslovakia. Czechoslovakia agrees to embody in the treaty with the principal Allied and associated powers and one each by Austria and the Czechoslovakia. Czechoslovakia agrees to provide for the protection of minorities and to assure freedom of the transit and equitable treatment for the commerce of other nations.

THE SERBO-CROAT-SLOVENE STATE. Austria similarly recognizes the complete independence of the Serbo-Croat-Slovene state and renounces her rights and titles. A similarly appointed field commission, including a member nominated by the Serbo-Croat-Slovene state, is

Eighty Die In Theatre Fire

Fifty-Three Children and 21 Women Among The Number; Trampled In Panic

Valence Sur Rhone, June 2.—(Havas)—Fire broke out yesterday during a performance in a moving picture house here and a large number of persons were killed or injured. Early last evening the theatre was crowded with eighty, the bodies of fifty-three children and twenty-one women having been found at that hour. One man succumbed to asphyxiation. There were some 100 of these. Four thousand spectators were in the theatre and when the fire broke out in the operator's cabinet, there was a mad rush for the exits. Many children were thrown down and trampled to death.

VOCATIONAL TRAINING IS TALKED OVER

Information Given at Meeting of City Commissioners in Committee This Morning

The mayor and commissioners at a committee meeting this morning took up the question of vocational training in the city. The mayor stated that the expense of vocational training in the city is about \$3,000 a year. He stated that the expense of vocational training in the city is about \$3,000 a year. He stated that the expense of vocational training in the city is about \$3,000 a year.

VARIOUS CITY MATTERS BEFORE COMMISSIONERS

At a committee meeting of the city council this morning, Commissioner Fisher said that both the city streets and the city sidewalks are in a state of disrepair. He stated that the expense of repairing the streets and sidewalks is about \$100,000 a year. He stated that the expense of repairing the streets and sidewalks is about \$100,000 a year.

As Hiram Sees It

The expression on Mr. Hiram's face when he saw the reporter this morning was not that of a man in a good mood. Rather was it the expression of one who had just been through a bad time. "You are not looking well," said the reporter. "Had a bad turn?" "No," said Hiram. "I'm as smart as a cricket. I was just worried over some thing."

Sit Ashes of their Own Folly

Minister of Labor's Comment on Promoters of General Strike in Winnipeg — Situation in Various Places

Winnipeg, June 2.—Hon. Gideon Robertson, dominion minister of labor, in a statement made to the press before leaving for Ottawa to confer with federal authorities, said that the promoters of the general strike in Winnipeg "now sit in the ashes of their folly," that "sympathetic strikes must always fail" and that the Winnipeg strike is "the first rehearsal of the play written at Calgary," where the one big union movement was launched last month.

Want the Longer Week. Hamilton, Ont., June 2.—Little favor with the 48 hour week is found among members of the civic employes' union. They applied to the board of control for permission to work 48 hours a week, six days a week, instead of the present 44 hours and four on Saturday, ending at noon. Before the labor trouble several weeks ago, they worked 48 hours. When the eight hour day was granted with pay for nine hours, or 12 1/2 per cent increase in wages, nothing was said of a 44 hour week, an eight hour day only being stipulated. It was supposed to be a 44 hour week, but the board wanted Saturday afternoon off. It was a surprise to the works officials and board of control when the workers stated that work on Saturday afternoon should be carried on. The board granted their request.

At Fort William. Fort William, Ont., June 2.—The probability of a general strike here seemed more remote last night. Strike votes among the unions individually have shown considerable opposition. The post office employes voted against a strike by a large majority. At the same time the leaders who are waiting for the interval of a week in sympathy with Winnipeg hope that the total vote in favor of a strike will be sufficient to carry it.

Graters on Workington. Says Algoma M. P. Chaplain, Ont., June 2.—That "the men who are responsible for the Winnipeg situation are graters on the working men and not the working men themselves" was the opinion expressed by George B. Nicholson, M. P. for East Algoma, in addressing his constituents on Wednesday. A large audience of the members of labor unions connected with railway service, listened to his speech.

Arrests in Toronto. Toronto, June 1.—Calling itself "the central committee of the communist party" and professing as its object "to organize and prepare the working class in Canada for social revolution and to establish a dictatorship of the proletariat," a body of men, four Americans, one Scotchman, two Austrians, one Polishman, one Russian and one Italian, were arrested here today. They were charged with having objectionable literature in their possession.

Conditions in Moncton Told Of. Moncton, June 2.—Complaints about the inadequacy of pensions paid to men employed here by the Canadian Government Railways and a statement that some of the pensioners had to go to the poor house or take odd jobs featured the evidence submitted to the industrial relations commission here this morning. This evidence was given by A. E. MacLeod, of the Canadian Brotherhood of Railway Employes.

In Honor of Soldiers. A surprise party was held recently at the home of Mrs. M. J. Flewelling, Bellview Avenue, in honor of her two sons, Pte. Edward Morrell, of the original 28th battalion, and Ont. Herman Flewelling, of the 9th Siege battery, who arrived from overseas. Both boys were made recipients of gold cuff links. The presentation was made by John McMenammon. Music and games were enjoyed and refreshments served.

The Traps Shooters. The weekly shoot of the St. John Traps Shooting Association was held on Saturday afternoon at Glen Falls. Although a very strong wind prevailed some really good scores were made. For the convenience of those who find it difficult to attend the Saturday shoot, it has been decided to hold a shoot every Wednesday evening at 6.30, daylight time, weather permitting. The following are Saturday's scores:

Shot At. Broke. H. D. Payson . . . . . 50 45 O. J. Killam . . . . . 50 42 Capt. Ferguson . . . . . 50 36 Mr. McLeod . . . . . 50 36 Mr. Gregory . . . . . 50 34 Mr. Hunter . . . . . 50 33 H. Berry . . . . . 50 35 George Blazey . . . . . 50 34 Mr. Gibson . . . . . 50 34 Mr. Taylor . . . . . 50 32 R. J. Stewart . . . . . 50 29 W. Smith . . . . . 50 28 H. Gillard . . . . . 50 28 O. Jones . . . . . 50 19 J. Jackson . . . . . 25 8

NO TIMES TOMORROW. The Times will not be published tomorrow, the King's Birthday.

Spectacular Rescue in the Kennebecasis

Yesterday morning at 8.40 Edward Birmingham, aged seventeen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Birmingham, 32 Brussels street, had a narrow escape from drowning in the Kennebecasis at Millville. He was in a boat and it capsized. Nathaniel A. Palmer, a returned soldier, who happened to be near by, heard his cry for help, rushed to the shore and jumped into the water. By this time the drowning lad was nearly exhausted.

It was a hard task to get him to shore where he lay nearly dead. Dr. Stevens was called. The amount asked for was expected to carry the scheme through to the fall of 1920. (Continued on page 8; third column)

NOTABLE GAINS IN CUSTOMS RECEIPTS

The customs receipts for the month of May show a large increase over the corresponding month last year, a gain of \$186,172.50. The items were:

Sick Mariners' Fees . . . . . \$251,981.68 May, 1918 . . . . . 236.59

Sick Mariners' Fees . . . . . \$252,218.27 May, 1919 . . . . . \$487,958.96 Sick Mariners' Fees . . . . . 482.18

It is noteworthy that a gain over the previous year has been recorded every month so far in 1919.

MARRIED IN NEW YORK

Mrs. A. Johnson, 82 Forest street, has received interesting news of the marriage of her daughter, Hazel C. A., to Archie A. Birmingham, in St. Augustin's church, New York city, by Rev. Father Gill. After the ceremony, an elaborate supper was served at the McAlpin Hotel, where a large number of friends were present, after which the bride and groom motored to the Grand Central station and left for a honeymoon trip through the New England states. Mr. Birmingham is associated with John H. Graham and Company. On their return after their honeymoon the young people will reside in Boston.

PRESENTATIONS

To sell the final performance of H. M. S. Pinfore, in the new St. Vincent's theatre Saturday, a smoking set was presented to Owen G. Coll, the assistant director in the play by Mrs. McMullin the director, and from Arthur Burns on behalf of the cast, he received a box of cigars. The presentations were made in appreciation for the valuable assistance he rendered. Mr. Coll made a few appropriate remarks.

Fine and Warmer Prediction For The Holiday Weather

day has passed away to the eastward and the weather is now fine in all parts of the domain. The cold wave which has spread over the western provinces on Saturday continues and severe frosts occurred this morning in Saskatchewan.

WEATHER REPORT

Issued by authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, B. P. Sturpatrick, director of meteorological service.

Synopsis.—The storm which was centered just east of Nova Scotia on Saturday

Maritime—Light to moderate winds, fair today and Tuesday, becoming warmer.

Lower St. Lawrence and North Shore and Gulf—Moderate winds, fair and warm today and on Tuesday.

New England—Fair tonight and probably Tuesday; slightly warmer tonight in western Massachusetts and interior Connecticut. Gentle to moderate shifting winds.

Brigadier-General A. H. Macdonnell, general officer commanding district No. 7, made a general inspection this morning of the Canadian military police corps and the Canadian army pay corps in this district.

Six officers and 53 other ranks, with their families embarked on the S. S. Caraque in St. Lucia for St. John May 29. It is expected they will arrive here about June 10. These men have been doing garrison duty in St. Lucia since the outbreak of the war.

It was announced this morning at local military headquarters that the S. S. Empress of Britain will arrive in Quebec, June 5, with 84 officers and 1010 other ranks for military district No. 7. This number includes the 44th Battalion, made up mostly of New Brunswick men of which there are 81 officers and 993 other ranks. The Empress left Liverpool May 28. The date when the men will arrive in this city is uncertain.

ON HONEYMOON. Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Marsalis arrived in the city on the Boston train this morning from Newburyport, Mass., to spend their honeymoon here. The bride was formerly Miss Burke of North End. They are receiving best wishes for the future from many friends.