Barley ..... 3,462
Tobacco, lbs. 166,054
Flax, ..... 92,246
Hemp, " ..... 2,221
Horses ..... 5,056
Horned Cattle ..... 33,179
Sheep. ..... 19,815
Swine ..... 23,646
Fire-arms ..... 6,619
Swords ..... 784
N. B.-This census has been made with care, and, it is believed, is more exacł than any preceding one.

Statement of Imports and Exports on Canada in 1754.
Livers.
Imports . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5, 147,621
Exports ................................................................ . $1,576,616$
Difference.............. 3,571,005
Shipping Arrivals.-Vessels from France......................... 32
" " the Isles ....................... 10
" " Louisbourg and Acadia,...... 11
Total.......... 35
The total Agricultural produce amounted to 925,000 minots of wheat, 1,195, 000 minots of barley ; 333,000 minots of rye; 7,239,000 minots of oats; 1,219, 000 minots of pease ; 141,000 minots of maize ; 375,000 minots of buck-wheat; $9,918,000$ minots of potatoes. The maple-orehards produced $2,272,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. of sugar. There are 7,898 bee-hives; 470,000 head of cattle; 147,000 horses; 198,000 pigs ; and 603,000 sheep, whose flecees yielded $1,211,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. of wool. The amount of farming stock ought to be !rojortional to tillage; but the relative amount is smaller in cold regions that in warm. The Canadian winters will always present obstacles to breedirg much stock, because the animalg must be stabled and fed during nearly six months of every year.

The collective looms of the colony turned out that year 747,000 ells of coun$\operatorname{try}$ cloth, 858,000 ells of linen and cotton stuffs, also 655,000 ells of flannel and drugget. 2090 workmen, at Quebec alone, built in the winter of 1840, thirtythree vessels, ganging together 18,000 tons; and 1,175 vessels of 884,000 tons in all, from Europe and elsewhere, arrived during the year preceding, in the same busy port.

There were chen in the colony, 422 flour-mills, 153 for uther grain, 911 sawmills, 14 for obtaining linseed oil, 153 for fulling and 169 for carding, 469 for thrashing, 8 for paper-making, and 24 for nail-making \&e. There were 69 foundries oi various metals, with 36 distilleries, 30 breweries, 540 potash-works, and 86 others for chemicals, \&e.; the machinery of all and sundry moved by wind, water, steam, or animal power.

There were 64 colleges or superior schools, 1,569 elementary schools, spread. ing enlightenment among 57,000 children.

