and the interpretation of a chemical analysis, naming the lifeless and living forms usually found in water; also the process of softening water.

- 5. How would you obtain mean age at death; mean duration of life; probable duration of life. Also, construction of life tables (for statistical purposes).
- 6. Give the most approved methods by which ventilation is secured in large buildings, i.e., audience halls, theatres, and manufactories; also the best methods of disposing of the refuse of dwellings. liquid and solid.

## GYNÆCOLOGY.

- 1. Dysmenorrhosa—Give the varieties; etiology and treatment of each.
  - 2. Diagnose uterine fibroid from
    - (a) Ovarian tumor.
    - (b) Pelvic exudate.
    - (c) Hematocele.
    - (d) Retroflexion of the uterns.
- 3. Define sterility, and give its causes and treatment.
- 4. Point out the indications and contraindications for the use, respectively, of the uterine sound and curette.
- 5. Describe briefly the various operative procedures that may be resorted to in the treatment of retroflexion of the uterus; also of prolapse.
- 6. What would lead you to conclude (a) an abdominal tumor was a dermoid? (b) that disease of the cervix was malignant?

## OBSTETRICS.

1. Placenta-

Formation, situation, uses.

2. Labor-

- [a] Stages.
- [b] Character of uterine contractions.
- [c] Causes of dilitation of the os uteri.
- [d] How is the placenta detached and discharged?
- 3. Pelvic Presentations-
  - [a] Causes.
  - [b] Diagnosis.

Mechanism of labor in it. S. A.

- (d) If necessary to apply forceps to the after-coming head in "C.," give directions for applying and the line of traction, and why.
- 4. How would you treat:
  - (a) Apparent death of the new-born?
  - (b) Mastitiis?
  - (c) Phlegmasia Alba Dolens ?
- (d) Constipation of pregnancy?
- 5. Ectopic Gestation-
  - (a) Define.
  - (b) Etiology.
  - (c) Varieties.
  - (d) Diagnosis.
  - (e) Treatment.
- 6. Forceps-
  - (a) Indications for use.
  - (b) Conditions necessary for use.
  - (c) Dangers in the use.
- 7. Thrush-
  - [a] Describe the condition of the mouth.
  - [b] What are the causes?
  - [c] Give the pathological anatomy.
  - [d] What are the symptoms?
  - [e] Outline the treatment.