

Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario shall reside at the City of Toronto or within five miles thereof, but leave to reside elsewhere in the Province for any specified time may be granted from time to time by order of the Governor-in-Council.

The annual convention of the Canadian Bar Association is to be held on August 31st either at Toronto or Halifax, of which due notice will be given to the profession throughout Canada. It is hoped that there will be a large attendance and that all who can will keep the date open from other engagements. Excellent arrangements will be made for greatly reduced fares. Amongst the attractions offered it is expected that the Rt. Hon. Sir Henry Strong, Chief Justice of Canada, will read a paper, and that addresses will be given by Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, Q.C.; Dr. Weldor, Q.C., and by Ontario's veteran judge, Sir John Hawkins Hagarty.

The Canadian Bar Association might well copy a recent amendment to the By-laws of the New York City Bar Association which was recently adopted as follows:

"The executive committee shall from time to time appoint a member of the association to be the attorney of the grievance committee, whose duty it shall be to investigate, when his attention shall be called thereto, any matter touching the administration of justice, upon which the committee is by this by-law authorized to act, and all cases (1) of misconduct of a member of the association in his relation to the association or in his profession, (2) of alleged fraud or unprofessional conduct on the part of any member of the bar of this state **, (3) of persons pretending to be attorneys or counsellors at law, but not regularly licensed and admitted to practice."

The latter evil is one for the sup-

pression of which further legislation should be applied for not only in the interests of solicitors but for the protection of the public.

ONTARIO APPEALS.

Attention is called to the restriction on Ontario Appeals to the Supreme Court of Canada made by the new Act (60-61 Vic. C. 34 Dom.) as follows:

1. No appeal shall lie to the Supreme Court of Canada from any judgment of the Court of Appeal for Ontario except in the following cases:

(a) Where the title to real estate or some interest therein is in question.

(b) Where the validity of a patent is affected.

(c) Where the matter in controversy in the Appeal exceeds the sum or value of one thousand dollars, exclusive of costs.

(d) Where the matter in question relates to the taking of an annual or other rent, customary or other duty or fee, or a like demand of a general or public nature affecting future rights.

(e) In other cases where the special leave of the Court of appeal of Ontario or of the Supreme Court of Canada to appeal to such last mentioned court is granted.

LAW SCHOOLS.

Henry Wade Rogers, in an address before the Illinois State Bar Association, on July 1st, gave some interesting information regarding the development of law schools in the United States:

There were no law schools in the United States until the Litchfield School was established in Connecticut in 1784, and none other was established until 1817, when the Harvard Law School opened its doors. The early lawyers of the country got their training in the office, and they naturally held to the