

OUR hearty thanks are returned to the public of Bridgetown and vicinity for the very gratifying and increasing patronage we are receiving, while wishing to all "The COMPLIMENTS of the SEASON."

Respectfully Yours,  
I. M. OTTERSON

## .... DARGIES' NEW .... CARPET DEPARTMENT

### YOU NEED A NEW CARPET

The old one is worn and shabby and when the fall cleaning is done is the time to replace the old one with one of our New Carpets or Squares.

We have just opened a new department and can show you a fresh new stock of

**Carpets, Squares, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Also Portieres and Couch Covers in up-to-date designs.**

These goods have been marked very low. Get our prices before making your purchases.

**CHAS. DARGIE & SON**  
ANNAPOLIS ROYAL

## Harness! Harness!

We have just received a shipment of harnesses which for quality of material and workmanship surpass anything we ever carried before. If you are contemplating the purchase of any goods in this line it will pay you to see our stock before ordering elsewhere.

**Bridgetown Foundry Co., Ltd.**

## CLASSIC SHOES

FOR Ladies, Misses and Children

Ladies' Patent Kid, Gum Metal, Val. Calf, Box Calf and Vici Kid, in Blucher Bal and Button Shoes.

Misses' and Children's Patent Kid, Box Calf, etc., in button and laced Shoes. Child's Pat. Colt, ankle strap, in all sizes.

Men's Pat. Colt, Val. Calf, Box Calf, in Blucher Bal, and Congress.

Slippers for Men, Women and Children. Felt Lace Boots, all sizes.

**E. S. PIGGOTT**

Primrose Building, Bridgetown

**We Extend the Season's Greetings to All Our Friends and Customers and Hope 1910 May Bring Them Health, Prosperity and Happiness.**

Let us help you to prosperity by supplying you with the Best Quality of Goods at reasonable prices.

We have about four cars of Flour and Feed in stock and will be pleased to quote prices, per bbl. or bag, or on any quantity required.

**J. I. FOSTER**

### NOTICE

On and after Oct. 20th, all kinds of repairs for Frost and Wood's Machinery will be at Edward Craig's Blacksmith Shop, persons wishing to purchase any plows or any kind of Machinery made by Frost and Wood can buy of Mr. Craig or the undersigned.

ISAAC C. WHITMAN  
Agent.

Round Hill Oct. 25th 1909.



**The Winnipeg Heater**

is a steel plate construction arranged to connect with the smoke pipe of your stove, range or furnace, and utilize the vast amount of heat which is at present passing out of your chimney and being wasted. It will successfully heat as much space as your stove without extra fuel.

FOR SALE BY

**K. FREEMAN**

Thanking one and all for their kind patronage during the past year and trusting for a continuance of same during the ensuing year. We wish you a HAPPY and PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR.

Hayward's Clothing Store.

**Just Arrived**  
a fresh line of

## FISH

including Fresh Halibut, Codfish, Smelts, Smoked Haddies, Bloaters, Fillets, Salt Boneless Cod, Herring, Tongues, and Sounds, at

**Moses and Young**

Phone 57 Granville St.

### FRUZE HER KNEE.

When "Our Own Correspondent" Has Been at Fault.

Lord Lansdowne made use of the present participle "winning" in a recent speech, but owing to an outburst of applause, the reporters took it down as "mincing." All that is, save one, who, not catching the word at all, bravely wrote down "without hesitation" at a venture. Hence a good deal of what the strenuous hawkers call "great fun and amusement."

But Lord Lansdowne is not the only sufferer by misreporting, nor is he likely to be the last. Sometimes the mistake is due to defective acoustics, sometimes to the inaudibility of the speaker. And sometimes, but very rarely, the reporter is at fault.

Such a reporter is the hero of a story which the late David Christie Murray was fond of telling. The reporter and Mr. Murray were colleagues on a provincial paper, and the former was sent to "take down" in the technical term—a well-known local speaker at a political meeting. The orator wound up his speech with the well-known Tompkins saw: "Kind hearts are more than coronets, and simple faith than Norman blood."

And this is how it appeared in the paper: "The speaker concluded by remarking that, in his opinion, kind hearts were superior to coronets, and there could be no doubt as to the advantage over Norman blood possessed by simple faith."

A few weeks ago Mr. Lewis Harcourt referred in a speech to what he termed "the fiscal juggle." By some means or other the phrase reached the newspapers as "the fiscal guggle," and for a whole week a controversy raged as to the meaning of the remark. Learned philologists attempted to elucidate the puzzle, which was finally solved by a letter of explanation sent to an evening paper—The Globe—by one of the reporters who was present at the time the speech was delivered.

In the very same week as witnessed the bungling over, Lord Lansdowne's speech, no less a person than his great opponent, Mr. Asquith, fell a victim. At the Eighty Club dinner the Premier spoke of "democracy-centred Conservatism," but the lively imagination of one reporter transformed it into "democracy-centred Conservatism."

"Drumming is folly!" earnestly exclaimed Bishop Magee in the House of Lords on a celebrated occasion. How horrified was the prelate to read in the papers next morning that he had given utterance to the very Bacchanalian sentiment, "Drumming is jolly!" Lord Salisbury was a master phrase-maker; but one of his best ones was spoiled when a careless reporter turned his reference to "manacles and Manitoba" into the meaningless "manacles and men at the Bar."

Sir William Harcourt was badly misquoted once in an English paper. "Great Diana of the Ephesians!" he exclaimed upon the platform; but a careless reporter turned it into "Great Diana of the Ephesians!" What a felle this is! Lack of knowledge of familiar quotations is a prolific source of misreporting. For instance, a speaker once made use of the well-known lines from Milton's "Paradise Lost": "But come, thou goddess, fair and free, In heav'nly yelpet Euphrosyna."

The country reporter deputed to "take him down" was in despair. He heard the speaker utter some mysterious utterance. But, following the sound as far as possible, he seized his pen, and produced the following gem: "But come, thou goddess, fair and free, In heav'nly erept, and froze her knee."

The speaker was "taken down" in more senses than one! "Manxland as Sanctuary." The Isle of Man, which is now a happy resort of tourists, was long a sanctuary of British and foreign debtors who fled thither in myriads. Of this degenerate period a whimsical versifier relates: "When Satan tried his arts in vain The worship of our Lord to gain 'The word,' said he, 'and all be thine. Except one spot, which must be mine. That little place—'tis but a span, By mortals called yule Isle of Man: This is a place I cannot spare, For all my choicest friends live there.'"

With the passing of an act in 1874, which made it possible to prosecute a debtor on the island for debts contracted outside it, his Sanctuary privilege is supposed to have withdrawn these paperions.—From "The Isle of Man," by Agnes Herbert.

London's Subways. London is underun by a network of subways, or tubes, to use the British name for an underground line. These roads have been constructed and are still owned and operated by wholly or partly independent companies. The lines cross and intersect at various points, making it possible by transfers to go almost anywhere underground. The total mileage—constructed, authorized and projected—is 145 1/2 miles, and the total authorized capital of the nine existing companies is \$377,769,000.

Kept Him to the Rules. Sir Frederick Theagar, while engaged in the conduct of a case, objected to the irregularity of the counsel on the opposite side, who, in examining his witnesses, put leading questions. "I have a right," answered the counsel, "to deal with my witnesses as I please."

"To that I offer no objection," rejoined Sir Frederick; "you may deal as you like; but you shan't lead."

Did His Best. A certain English mayor, whose period of office had come to an end, was surveying the work of the year. "I have endeavored," he said with an air of conscious rectitude, "to administer justice without swerving to partiality, on the one hand, or impartiality, on the other."

### Yarmouth's Seized Liquor

(Yarmouth Times)

An emergency meeting of the town council was held at 5.20 on Friday afternoon. Present—Mayor Kelley, Councillors Fuller, Kianey, Stoneman, Perrin, Coun. Porter came in later. Coun. Perrin at first declined to take his seat, but afterwards changed his mind to take part in the discussion. The Mayor explained that the meeting was called to consider the disposal of the liquor forfeited to the Crown last February and since then stored in Coun. Guest's cellar. Deputy Town Solicitor Chipman rehearsed the history of the case. Stipendiary Peiton had applied to Attorney-General Pipes for instructions and the reply was that the liquor could not be ordered to be destroyed. The stipendiary had then declared it forfeited to the Crown, and it had been stored as stated. A few days later Attorney-General Pipes reversed his decision, but too late, as the liquor was then out of the stipendiary's jurisdiction.

The Minister of Justice for the Dominion was then appealed to, but refused to exercise any jurisdiction in the matter. On Aug. 28th the Recorder had detailed the case to Attorney-General Pipes and asked for his ratification. No reply was vouchsafed to this letter, and after the Attorney-General's death the new appointee was approached for a ruling. By letter dated Dec. 28th 1909 Attorney-General McLaughlin, and declined to take any action or give any directions in the matter. There the case stands.

Coun. Stoneman: "As Recorder of the town do you advise the destruction of the liquor?"

The Deputy Town Solicitor: I anticipated this question, and prepared an opinion which I will read."

Yarmouth, N. S. Dec. 31 1909.

To the Mayor and Town Council of the Town of Yarmouth,

Gentlemen,

—RE FORFEITED LIQUOR—

In my opinion the town should not be called upon to deal with the liquor which was ordered forfeited to the Crown by the Stipendiary Magistrate on the fourth day of February, last, and which owing to the unconsidered opinion of the then Attorney-General of this province the stipendiary magistrate refused to order destroyed. In fact I doubt very much whether in strict law the town should deal with it.

The liquor having been forfeited to the Crown, I think it should be dealt with by the Crown through its executive officers, either the Attorney-General of the Dominion or the Attorney-General of the Province. Both of the latter have, however, declined to take any action or give any direction in respect to the matter.

Under these circumstances, the propriety of the prosecution under which this liquor was forfeited, and as at any time some one may be called upon to remove and look after the liquor from where it is now stored, it would look as if a practical way out of the difficulty would be for this Council to instruct the present (Hon. J. Templeton) Act Inspector to dispose of the liquor in such way as to me seem best.

Yours etc., LEWIS CHIPMAN  
Deputy Town Solicitor.

The Mayor: "It seems absurd to keep this liquor stored so long a time. Coun. Perrin: "It is absurd for the town to destroy a thousand dollars' worth of property which can be sold and the proceeds devoted to some public utility. I do not think one of this council would destroy it were it forfeited to him. We would dispose of it like any other merchandise. This council has no spite against the liquor itself. It is the liquor-dealer who is the law-breaker. We each have our own ideas on the traffic, but the liquor is a commercial commodity, and should be treated as such. The Dominion and Provincial authorities decline to authorize the destruction of an article of commerce, recognized as such under the Dominion laws. I do not think that the town can even claim it. The Recorder's opinion does not advise its destruction. There is no sense in destroying it. Send it to St. John or to Halifax for sale, and hand the proceeds over to the Poor Board, the Hospital, or some other public utility. If it is destroyed I insist that it must be accounted for bottle by bottle as the invoice specifies it."

John Fuller: "Coun. Perrin wants the town to go into wholesale liquor dealing." (At this point Coun. Perrin and Coun. Fuller exchanged pleasantries.)

Coun. Fuller continuing: "By the stipendiary's decision this liquor was thrown on the town's hands. The government refuse to deal with it. What is there left except for the town to do so. Personally I object going into the traffic actually or by implication. This liquor is an eyesore to the town. Was illegally brought here, to be il-

legally offered for sale. We must destroy it."

Coun. Kinney: "Everybody knows I have no love for the stuff. This particular liquor was brought here contrary to law and forfeited to the Crown. Both governments refuse to dispose of it. I will never be a party to its sale. The case would be different were it ordinary merchandise. I therefore make the following motion:

Resolved—That in view of the fact that both the Attorney-General for the Dominion of Canada and the Attorney-General of the Province of Nova Scotia have refused to take any action regarding or to give any directions with respect to the liquor ordered forfeited by the Stipendiary Magistrate of the town of Yarmouth on the fourth day of February A. D. 1909, this council doth hereby instruct the present Canada Temperance Act Inspector, Everett S. Durand, to cause said liquor to be destroyed at as early a date as possible.

Seconded by Coun. Porter.

Coun. Perrin: "By what process of law can the town council turn itself into the Crown? The liquor was forfeited to the Crown, not to the town council. The Crown assumes no responsibility, why should we? If the owners should enter an action the town might be liable."

Coun. Stoneman: "I wonder if the Recorder thinks the town takes no chance in destroying the liquor. A thousand dollars worth is a mere bagatelle in St. John or Halifax. Better send it there. The fact is we can't stop the liquor traffic in Yarmouth. If we keep outside liquor out it is manufactured here, and the main staff is responsible for untimely death suicides and other deplorable fatalities. It would be better if those who have it could get pure liquor."

The liquor business in Yarmouth is in a much worse state than ever before within my recollection. I would vote against destroying this liquor."

Coun. Fuller: "Have we a right to sell it and pocket the money?"

Coun. Stoneman: "We have neither right to sell it nor destroy it, but as much right to do the one as the other."

Coun. Fuller (to Recorder): "Is that resolution the proper course to pursue? Do you advise that as the best course to take under the circumstances?"

Deputy Recorder Chipman: The liquor was forfeited to the Crown. It is on the hands of the town. The proper officials refuse to deal with it. What then is to be done with it? I absolutely refuse, however to guarantee the town against risks. I wish to say, though, that the owners cannot take out certiorari proceedings now as the time has elapsed, and nearly every liquor dealer in town has sworn that he has nothing to do with it. I think the risk is small."

Coun. Fuller: "Have we any right to take it and sell it?"

Deputy Recorder Chipman: "I don't think you have. I want to say this however, that the law provides for its destruction, and if the Attorney-General had not given a contrary opinion in his first letter the Stipendiary would have ordered it destroyed."

On the vote being taken Councillors Fuller, Kianey, Porter, voted in the affirmative. Coun. Perrin in the negative. Coun. Stoneman had previously withdrawn.

Coun. Perrin stated that there was reason to believe that some of the liquor seized had since disappeared. He didn't believe that Coun. Guest or any other councillor knew anything of this, but he wanted an exactly kept of the liquor destroyed. After a lengthy discussion it was moved by Coun. Fuller that a memorandum of the liquor destroyed shall be kept by the Scott Act Inspector and a copy of said memorandum be furnished to the council, also a copy of the memorandum taken at the time of the seizure, so that the two memoranda can be compared by this council.

Seconded by Coun. Porter and passed unanimously. Coun. Perrin still objecting, however, that the motion did not exactly cover the point he had raised.

Adjourned.

### FOR YOUR

## Stomach's Sake

You should keep Mother Seigel's Syrup by you. It soothes and strengthens, cures wind, pain, cramps, colic and all forms of indigestion.

Take Mother Seigel's Syrup

WASTED VITALITY

The other day I happened to hear a little conversation between a girl who was obsessed of the insane fad of wearing practically the same clothes on a midwinter day as she would in midsummer.

In case there are any girls obsessed with that peculiar fad among my readers or any mothers of girls obsessed with that fad, I'm going to chronicle the gist of that conversation. "It's an extremely foolish thing to do," said the doctor.

"But, doctor, I'm not cold," said the girl.

"No," said the doctor, "maybe you aren't. But do you know why?"

"Your body is manufacturing heat to protect you. The energy and vitality that ought to go into other things is used up in supplying the warmth that should be supplied by suitable clothing."

Have YOU energy to waste? Can you perform all the duties that claim you and enjoy all the pleasures that await you and still have a surplus of energy?

If you can do this and have positive information that you will always be able to do it maybe you have energy to throw away keeping your body warm.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS or each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO. TOLEDO, SOLE DRUGGISTS, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

FATHER AND MOTHER. There are two of the most beautiful words in the English language that it seems to me do not bear spoken half enough.

And these are "father" and "mother." Surely these terms are infinitely more pleasant and dignified than "mamma" and "papa", or "pa" and "ma," or any other way of addressing our parents that we have, and yet you hear "mother" and "father" in one home to ten where you hear some other title employed. Strangely enough, too, you hear "father" about one half as often as you do "mother."

In several homes where I see the children sneak of "papa" and "mother" or even "pa" and "mother." Anyone will admit it is a very simple thing to teach your children to call you by these dignified and beautiful names. Why not begin today and do it?

## DON'T COUGH!

Every time you cough it means that Nature is dislodging phlegm from the delicate membranes of the throat or lungs. In doing so that membrane becomes inflamed, strained—maybe broken. There's the danger point! Broken tissue means letting down the body's defences against disease—germs await just such an entrance—Consumption itself starts that way. Don't take that chance. Shiloh's Cure loosens coughs—removes phlegm—soothes all inflammation in the breathing tract—builds up and heals damaged tissue—puts the throat and lungs in a state of robust health. Get Shiloh's Cure quickly and cure that Cough!

PRICE 25c. Shiloh's Cure A FAMILY FRIEND FOR FORTY YEARS