THE TORONTO WORLD.

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAR. 10, 1886.

Irish Feuds Translated to Toronto.

The World extends its best considerations to the friends of "down-trodden Ireland" and the upholders of a "united empire," but makes bold to remind them that Canada and especially Toronto is not the proper place wherein to fight out Irish feuds. Ireland ought to be the battle ground. A couple more meetings like that of Monday night and there will be wigs on the green and ructions in the streets. The Irishman has made in the past and continues to make to-day a considerable public nuisance of himself, both in this country and in the republic adjoining, by the great desire that seizes him when in America to fight here over again the battles and feuds of the land he has forever left behind. He would not go back there if you gave him free passage and a premium; he is quite satisfied to use Ireland as the means of raising ructions here. If it were not for this ill-will of North of Ireland men and South of Ireland men, the one for the other, they would and do make one of the best elements in the Canadian nation we are building up.

Canadian politics ought to be enough for us to manage. We have an Ireland of our own in Quebec, where race and creed have, like in the case across the sea, much to do with the hardness of feeling that exists. Our policy ought to be to heal up our own feuds as soon as possible, not by any means to increase them by importing Irish rows. But we cannot so much blame our people when the leading party papers and politicians are constantly setting one faction of Irish against the other in order to a party advantage. Half our political troubles arise out of these Irish feuds. All the cost of the recent Central prison commission had its origin in them; the "O'Donohoe matter" is now up in parliament at Ottawa simply because it is a "troublesome" question; and the two parties have a whole tribe of Boyles, Anglins, Clarkes, *Sentinels, Irish Canadians, Tribunes* and the like in their pay, and whose sole return for their support is how they pull the particular set of Irishmen they claim to have in their keeping in the direction of the party that supports them, and annoy the other crowd of their countrymen whose self-appointed leaders have taken the shilling of the other side. Why is it that there must be Irishmen in every cabinet, and generally of the two sides, Catholic and Protestant? John A. has to keep an Orangeman and a Catholic in his cabinet in order to rule the country, and Mr. Blake, if he got into power, would have to appease in the ring one foot on an orange, the other on a green, horse. Mr. Mowat however beats them both by riding only one.

We leave it to our candid readers to say if this is not a fair picture of the situation in Canada. We must confess that we would rather see Ireland never "free" than that Canada should be deluged with Irish rows, which indeed will be the case if we have many repetitions of Monday night's meeting.

As for the young men of the Land League who went to Monday night's meeting purposely to disturb it we must say they lack good sense. As for some of the speakers they were too pronounced in their expressions and in their fervor.

England and Ireland are now grappling with the Irish question and they must settle it. We have great questions of our own to settle and need all our energy to accomplish that end.

Eight Hours a Day.

The American trades unions are getting ready for a grand demonstration in favor of eight hours as a day's work. Mr. Powderley says that there must first be some preparation and concert of action, and that nothing must be done prematurely. He wants the workmen to be sure they are right, and then to go ahead. A trades' conference in New York has determined to have a grand parade of the streets on the first of May, and on that day to demand that thereafter eight hours be a day's work. A preparatory meeting is to be held April 1. It is understood that the workingmen, pretty generally, will agree to take eight hours pay for eight hours' work. At present the New York carpenters work only nine hours, and get paid for nine. But they want the regular time brought down to eight hours, and now some hundreds of them are on strike for higher wages, with every prospect of success. Eight hours a day for workingmen is what we are coming to; and all concerned had better so be advised, and govern themselves accordingly.

Home Rulers Distrusting Gladstone.

From what we hear by cable it appears on the surface as if the Irish home rulers were carrying all before them, and in particular were getting Mr. Gladstone to do just as they desired. The tory leaders have got a bad set back, Hartington and Goschen lack courage to go into a "cave," Chamberlain fears openly to defy the premier, while Morley almost trembles at the idea of offending Parnell. Meantime Parnell and his band roar away like lions, as if they felt themselves masters of the situation, and did not need to care for anybody. And yet, and yet—something does turn up every now and then to make us doubt whether they really feel as sure of victory as they profess to believe. One cable correspondent says the well-authenticated statement that Mr. Gladstone intends to propose a separate council for each of the four provinces of Ireland alarms some of the friends of home rule and increases the importance and difficulties of the Irish problem. Others, however, look upon the scheme of creating representative legislative bodies for the different divisions of Ireland with favor, and among them is John O'Leary. Mr. O'Leary regards Mr. Davitt's idea of a single chamber parliament as one fraught with especial danger. The Celtic races, he says, are to a great degree impulsive and excitable, and if they are to be allowed to make their own laws, they will need the check of a second chamber to prevent rash legislation. However this may be, the feeling of doubt and alarm among home rulers with regard to Mr. Gladstone's scheme is probably real enough. The premier is a deep casuist, and very cunning of fence; and it would be "just like Roger" were he to keep the word of promise to ear and break it to the hope of the home rulers. In some of their recent utterances there may be detected an undertone of despondency which is rather out of harmony with the ring of confidence which more generally prevails. But time will tell soon, the unfolding of Gladstone's scheme being promised within a month from now.

Over Compensation.

A number of years ago, when Disraeli was managing director in the British government, it was proposed to buy out all the London water companies, and to substitute public ownership and control for private. An elaborate scheme for carrying this out was framed, and the desired change was strongly supported both in and out of parliament. All at once, however, it became known that a "hitch" had occurred, and soon the whole scheme was dropped as impracticable. What had happened was this: The companies demanded such an enormous price for their property, that for any government to agree to pay it was out of the question. Twenty shillings in the pound of actual cost they could have easily got, and even a good deal more. But they wanted forty, fifty, or sixty shillings in the pound, and insisted on it. The result was that the whole scheme fell through, and that a most necessary change, calculated to be greatly for the public good, was defeated.

To all appearance Bismarck's great spirit monopoly scheme is threatened with a similar fate; it is destined to be killed by a proposed enormous over-compensation. A recent cable from Berlin says that the proposal of the government to pay to 3000 brandy manufacturers 60,000,000 marks per annum in order to procure a spirit below that of other countries, would require a principal equal to half the amount paid by France in 1871 as a war indemnity, and each schnapps manufacturer would receive a donation as large as that given to each of the great generals of the Franco-Prussian war. These figures are calling forth considerable humorous comment. The monopoly bill, if passed, it is estimated, would increase the property of the spirit manufacturers 1,700,000,000 marks.

The Germans are economical enough to have a dread of such big figures as these, and will not easily be prevailed upon to vote the vote. The compensation proposed is surely far beyond the fair thing. Meantime, be the scheme good or bad, on its proper merits, it is loaded down with extravagance of cost that it can scarcely pass. A further important reason for opposition to it is said to be this—that the German people are getting fractions under too much government interference.

Socialists and Knights of Labor.

Are the socialists and the Knights of Labor really working together; or are they more like rival and conflicting organizations? The latter view is the one we have thought to be supported by facts, but let us hear another one. At New Haven, in Connecticut, an address was delivered on Sunday afternoon on The Evils of Knights of Labor Organization, by Henry Appleton, correspondent of the Irish World. He said:

"The principle of mutual assistance and education on which Knights of Labor is founded is very commendable, and such an organization is evidence of the steady and quiet progress of the times. The organization will prosper and increase, provided it escapes two threatened dangers—manipulation by soulless politicians and the consequence of infringing upon man's God-given right of personal liberty. A communication was recently handed me for publication, containing some dozen slips of interviews with leading Knights of Labor, in which they are represented as saying that no socialists would be admitted, and, if they did creep in, they would be completely kept down.

"I know Master Mechanic Powderley very intimately, and don't believe he ever said anything of the sort. I think he and other leaders were misrepresented by the Tribune reporter, and that they never said that students of social problems, as Socialist really means, would not be admitted to membership. The men at the helm of the Knights of Labor are men of brains, souls and good intentions, and will build up a powerful order if they avoid excesses. Every man has a right to act and contract as pleases him and those with whom he contracts, and no interference by persons or organizations will be tolerated."

Despite these assurances we still hold to our original impression—that the Knights and the Socialists are moving on very different lines, and will not be found working in harmony together. And it is better that way, so most well-disposed people will be apt to think.

One of the provisions of the Chinese bill, to be presented by Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, will provide for the registration of the names of all Celestials arriving in the dominion, so as to be able to allow of their being traced. Certificates permitting them to leave the country will be limited to six months, in place of being for all time, as at present. By the introduction of the Californian tag system in connection with each certificate, the importation of relatives by the Celestials in this country will be suppressed.

Orillia has now five newspapers. By a providential coincidence it also possesses an asylum for idiots.

If Parson Downs is to be believed, clerical circles in Boston must be in a bad way. In a recent address he said: "Dr. Bosworth knew of ten ministers in Boston who had been naughty. I could add two more to the list." As Parson Downs was recently expelled from the Baptist conference, and fined for assaulting a reporter, there is no room for the suspicion that he is merely trying to daub others with his own tar.

Sale of an Oriental Art Collection.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Many persons attended the sale at the American art galleries of the Oriental art collection of the late Mrs. Mary Morgan. The sale included Chinese porcelains, old Eloisonne enamels, antique and modern Japanese bronzes, jades, agates, etc. The bidding was lively and many thousands of dollars were paid in.

Death of Horatio Seymour's Widow.

UTICA, N.Y., March 8.—Mary Bleecker, relict of Governor Horatio Seymour, died at the residence of Mrs. Roscoe Conkling to-day. The governor had removed Mrs. Seymour from his country home to Mrs. Conkling's on account of her illness, and while attending her was attacked with his fatal disease.

THE HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, BOSTON.

Among the names that preeminently command the respect and confidence of the underwriting community and the insuring public, and that have become synonymous with fair dealing and good government, that of the Hartford Fire Insurance company stands resplendently conspicuous. "The old Hartford Fire," as it is almost affectionately termed, now entering on the last 25 years of a century of honorable business, is indeed a company with a history. In its archives is to be found the earliest record of the fire insurance business in New England, and the notable conflagrations of this century have in its case only proved to be ordeals, which it has met so staunchly and successfully, that each succeeding test has simply put into clearer evidence the pure gold of its strength and integrity, and added another bay to the chaplet that crowns the corporate brow. To-day it stands, and for many years past it has stood, indisputably accredited with all the qualities and components that constitute a dispenser of indemnity against loss by fire of the first rank, and each and every one of its annual statements shows it to be steadily marching onward and upward.

Its total assets January 1 amounted to $4,745,341, an increase of $253,511 during 1885; and this, in spite of the frequent and often extensive calls on its treasury during that period. After setting aside a reinsurance fund of $1,733,863, and $318,118 to meet outstanding claims, we still find it to possess, over and above all these liabilities, and its capital of $1,250,000, a net surplus of $1,443,359; that is, the net surplus exceeds the capital by $193,359, while the policy-holders' surplus looms up grandly in the shape of the sum of $2,693,359. Surely a magnificent showing, and one that may well challenge comparison! Now as to progress made in these items; the surplus has gained $212,957 within one year, and the reserve for reinsurance $14,158. The premium income of the Hartford Fire for the past year was $2,305,667, the total income $2,510,536. An inspection of its schedule of assets, which in the gross have attained a market value far exceeding their cost, will convince the most critical examiner that the financial management of this company is marked by the highest sagacity and conservative good judgment.

As the pioneer, and according to some the originator, of the agency system of doing a fire insurance business, the Hartford may lay claim to a peculiar and distinct place in the annals of the American insurance world; and faithful to the traditions of its early projectors it has representatives in every place of moderate size in the United States, and *a fortiori* in all the cities and great commercial centres of this country. How successfully it has worked this system the figures above quoted will attest, not less than the generally satisfactory state of its business, and the consequent goodly figures at which its stock is held. When all this has been said, praise of its officers, field force, and local agents may truly be denominated a work of supererogation. When the New Hampshire legislature by its action of last summer justified the worst fears of the friends of the insurance interest, no company took a more manly stand than the Hartford Fire; and the utterances of its president, Mr. George L. Chase, at the time will be treasured as a vigorous yet regretful exposition of the true insurance doctrine, which necessitated withdrawal from a state in which the company had transacted business honorably for a period of fifty years. "By their works shall they be known."—*Boston Standard.*

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY EVENING, March 9.

Consols remain steady at 101 1-16.

The New York stock market was dull and Chicago featureless.

Sales on the Toronto stock exchange this forenoon: Ontario 7, 2 at 118; Commerce 20 at 122½; Federal 10, 28, 1 at 109; Dominion 30, 30, 50 at 215; Western Ass. 2, 1, 2 at 129½; Consumers' Gas 50 at 126; Northwest Land 100, 30, 20, 100 at 79½; Hamilton Provident 10 at 127½, after board. Afternoon sales: Commerce 20, 20, 50 at 122½; Imperial 20 at 133½; Federal ½, 40 at 109; British America 14 at 103½; Northwest Land 100 at 79½; Farmers' L. & Savings 25 new stock at 105½.

Sales on the Toronto stock exchange this forenoon: Merchants' 6 at 120½, 25 at 121, 5 at 120½; Northwest Land 100 at 79s. 6d.; C. P. R. 150 at 66, 25 at 65¾; Gas 100 at 195½. Afternoon sales: Montreal 50 at 208½, 1 at 208¾; Merchants 10 at 120½, 5 at 121; Northwest Land 200 at 79s. 7d., 50 at 79s. 6d.; C. P. R. 200 at 65¼; Gas 50 at 195½; Dundas Cotton 25 at 65.

The visible supply of wheat has decreased 876,000 bushels; corn increased 1,600,000, and oats decreased 220,000.

The following assignments are announced: Ontario—Ottawa, G. Gagne & Co., clothing; Rat Portage, M. P. Anhalt, clothing, boots, shoes, etc. Quebec—Montreal, Solomon Fox, clothing, etc.; Victoriaville, Girouard, clothing. Nova Scotia—Bridgetown, Walter W. Saunders, grocer, etc. Kentville—Dodge & Laurence, grocers. North Sydney—D. F. McDonald, furniture manufacturer.

One and a half million dollars in gold was engaged for export from New York yesterday.

The Union Pacific railroad yesterday made a rate of 30 cents per hundred pounds on all classes of freight to the Pacific coast.

Montreal Stocks—Closing Prices.

Montreal 208¾, 208½; Molsons 135¾, 125; Toronto 196, 195; Merchants' 121, 120½; Commerce 122½, 122½; Northwest Land 79s 6d—79s 3d; C. P. R. 67, 66; Montreal Tel. Co. 116¾, 115; Richelieu 61, 60½; Pass. 131¾, 130½; Gas 196, 195¾; Can. Cotton offered 82½; Dom. Cotton 70, 62½.

Toronto Stocks—Closing Prices.

Montreal, 209, 208; Ontario, 119¼, 109½; Toronto, 197, 194½; Merchants', 121¼, 120½; Commerce, 122¼, 122½; Imperial, 134¼, 133½; Federal, 109, 108½; Dominion, 215¼, 214½; Standard, 123, 122½; Hamilton, buyers, 130; British America 105, 102; Western Assurance, 130, 128½; Consumers' Gas, buyers, 196; Dominion Telegraph, buyers, 93; Northwest Land Co., 79s. 79s; Can. Pacific Rail, grant bonds, 102, 101; Canada Permanent, buyers 208½; Freehold, buyers, 168½; Western Canada, buyers 186; Canada Landed Credit, buyers, 124; B. & Loan Association, buyers 108½; Imperial S. & Invest., 114¼, 114½; Farmers' L. & Savings 118, 117½; Lon. S. & Lds. L. & A., 158, 157; National Investment, 103, 101; Peoples' Loan, buyers, 108; Huron & Erie, buyers, 159; Dom. Savings & Loan, buyers, 115; Ontario Loan & Deb., 137, 129½; Hamilton Provident, 127¼, 127; Farmers and Traders, buyers 110; British Canadian L. & Invest, buyers 109½; Royal Loan & Savings Co., 131, 129½.

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

Flour—The demand is moderate and prices steady. Superior extras would have brought $3.55, but they held higher. Extras offered at $3.55 without sales. Spring extras are quoted at $3.60, and patents at $4.15 to $4.75, according to quality. Wheat—Actual business is restricted, as buyers and sellers are apart. No. 2 fall and spring are nominal at 83c to 84c, and No. 2 frosted Manitoba 70c to 72c. Barley—There is a moderate demand and prices are firm. No. 3 sold at 37½c; No. 1 is quoted at 51c to 55c; No. 2 at 43c to 45c; No. 3 extra at 72c to 74c; No. 2 choice at 57c; and No. 1 at 90c. Oats—There is a fair demand, and prices continue steady. Mixed are quoted at 31c to 31½c on track, and choice white at 33c to 34c. Peas—There is very little doing and prices are not quotably changed. Car lots of No. 2 are quoted at 59c to 60c. Rye—No business reported, and prices are purely nominal. Bran—There is a quiet trade, and prices continue steady. Car lots on spot are quoted at $12.50 to $12.75, and for shipment East at $11.50 to $12. Butter—There is a fair demand, with receipts light. Prices ruled steady. Best qualities of tub job at 18c to 20c, and good to choice large rolls being 14c to 16c. Inferior store-packed is quoted at 7c to 9c. Eggs—The receipts are fair, and prices remain steady. Fresh sell at 22c to 23c per dozen in case lots. Hogs—No car lots reported sold. Small lots of heavy sold at $6.90 to $6, and light choice at $6.25 to $6.50.

Farmers' Market.

The street market was dull to-day and prices steady. About 400 bushels of wheat offered and sold at 81c to 82½c for fall, 70c to 85c for spring, the latter for a load of choice, and 69c to 69½c for goose. Barley unchanged. 300 bushels selling at 50c to 52c. Oats firm, with sales of 200 bushels at 32c to 33c. One load of peas sold at 60c, and rye is nominal at 60c. Hay in moderate supply, and prices firm, 25 loads sold at $11 to $12 for clover, and at $14 to $16.50 for timothy. Straw steady at $9 to $10 a ton for 2 loads. Hogs nominal at $6 to $6.30. Beef, $5 to $5.50 for forequarters, and at $6 to $7.50 for hindquarters. Lamb, $7 to $8.50, and mutton $6 to $7.50 per 100 lbs.

Grain and Produce Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Cotton quiet; 1-16c decline; middling uplands 9½c. New Orleans 9 5-16c. Flour—Receipts 11,100 bbls, grades under $4 scarce and firm, otherwise the feeling is dull and weak; sales 14,500 bbls. Wheat—Receipts 37,400 bush; exports 15,000 bush, spot dull; options steady; sales 398,800 bush future. 12,900 bush spot: No. 2 spring 96½c, No. 2 red 99½c, afloat, state 98c. No. 1 white 81½c. No. 2 red March 94½c to 94¾c, April 95c to 96¼, May 95c to 96 9-16c. Barley firm; ungraded Canada 83c to 90c. Corn—Receipts 300,600 bush; spot ½c to ¼c cents lower; options lower, closing steady; exports 218,000 bush; sales 938,000 bush future, 248,000 bush spot. No. 2 41½c to 42c; No. 2 March 42½c; April 43½c; May 43½c to 43¾c, closing 43¾c. Oats—Receipts 83,000 bush, dull; sales 500,000 bush futures, 120,000 bush spot: No. 2 32c to 32¼c, mixed western 32c to 40c, white do. 40c to 49c. No. 2 March and April 32c, May 37½c to 38c, closing 37½c. Sugar quiet, refining 5 1-16c to 5 3-16c, standard A 5¾c cut loaf and crushed 6¾c, powdered 6½c, granulated 6¼c.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat fluctuated within a narrow range and closed a shade higher than yesterday; sales ranged, March 79½c to 80¼c, closed 80¼c, May 84½c to 85¾c, closed 85 1-16c, June 86½c to 86¾c, closed 86 7-16c. No. 2 spring 80½c to 82c. Corn dull and steady; cash 37½c to 37¾c, March 37 5-16c, May 40½c to 40¾c, closed 40¼c. Oats dull and easy; cash 29½c, March 29c, May 29½c to 29¾c, closed 29½c. Rye quiet, No. 2 52c. Pork dull and easy; cash $10.15 to $10.20, March $10.15 to $10.25, closed $10.15 to $10.17½, May $10.25 to $10.35, closed $10.30. Lard dull and easy; cash, March and April $6.02½ to $6.05, May $6.05 to $6.12. Boxed meats quiet; dry salted shoulders $3.90 to $4, short rib sides $5.35 to $5.37½. Whisky steady at $1.16. Receipts—Flour 10,000 bbls, wheat 36,000 bush, corn 225,000 bush, oats 114,000 bush, rye 3000 bush, barley 47,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 12,000 bbls, wheat 18,000 bush, corn 143,000 bush, oats 81,000 bush, rye 2000 bush, barley 33,000 bush.

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49 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO.

New Goods Just Arrived!
AND NOW IN STOCK:
200 Sets Toilet Ware, price from $3.50 to $30.00.
100 Dinner Sets, ranging from $10.00 to $300.00
200 China Tea Sets, from $5.00 to $75.00.
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Table Ornaments in great variety from the following makers:
Doulton's, Copeland & Sons, Mentons, Josiah Wedgwood & Sons, Davenport's Worcester Royal and Crown Derby.
Rich cut and engraved Glass Sets, Fancy Teapots and Jugs, Cheese Covers, &c., Game pie Dishes and Salad Bowls, Egg Spoons, Egg Holders and Meat Eggs.
GLOVER HARRISON, Prop

JOHN CATTO & CO.
SHOW NEW SPRING
Printed Cambrics, Lawns, Muslins, Ginghams, Lamas and Lelaines.
Stuff Dress Goods in Cashmere, Foule, Bonchi Ottaman Cord, Reps and Lamas.
Embroidered Muslin Edgings, Flouncings and Insertions.
Special Lines in Black Satin Merveilleux, at 75c., 90c., $1.00 and $1.25 per yard.
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REAL ESTATE & FINANCIAL AGENTS
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FARM FOR SALE—97 ACRES CLEARED.
FOR SALE—TIMBER LIMIT, HOP poles, ties, posts, telegraph poles, eight hundred thousand feet white pine, four hundred acres land.
FOR SALE—DRY GOODS BUSINESS—good reasons given for selling.
PARTNER WANTED—IN MAN UFACTURING business. About seven hundred dollars required.
CONVEYANCING DEEDS, MORTGAGES, agreements, etc; fees only $1.
WANTED—DINNING-ROOM GIRLS, general servants; also men and boys.
TO RENT—BRICK HOUSE, 8 ROOMS, 7 acres of land; good orchard, large and small fruit. West Toronto Junction.
MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE; chattles, and notes discounted.
HIRSCHFELDER & CO.,
No. 87 York Street, next door south Rossin House.
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ESTATE & FINANCIAL AGENT
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CHAS. P. LENNOX, DENTIST, ROOMS A and B Arcade, Yonge street; the best material used in all operations; artil equal to any in the Dominion; no pain in extracting; artificial sets, upper or lower, $8.
J. W. ELLIOT—DENTIST—43 AND 45 King west. New mode celluloid, gold and rubber base, separate or combined, natural teeth regulated, regardless of malformation of the mouth.
R. G. TROTTER,
DENTAL SURGEON,
HAS REMOVED TO HIS NEW OFFICE
Over Molsons Bank,
CORNER OF KING AND BAY STREETS
THE DENTAL INFIRMARY OF THE Royal College of Dental Surgeons, 19 Richmond Street east (corner of Victoria St.), will re-open on Wednesday, Nov. 4th, and will be open every (business) day from 9.30 to 1 o'clock, until March 1st. Teeth extracted free. For other operations a small charge will be made to cover expense. 246
FRANK E. CRYSLER,
DENTIST,
278 Queen Street West.
CONSULTATION FREE.
Fees Moderate. Night calls promptly attended to. 135
PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

Thousands will testify to the total absence of pain during extraction.
Artificial teeth lifelike in appearance and perfect in eating and speaking. By increased facilities in laboratory, we are enabled to insert the best teeth on gold celluloid and rubber plates at reasonable charges.
E. S. SMITH, . . . Dentist,
corner Queen and Berkeley Sts. Telephone 782. House of residence, corner Gerrard and Berkeley, before 8 a.m. and after 3 p.m.
136—246wn

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Parties having control or placing of Desirable Risks can obtain Liberal Terms on application. Agents Wanted.

Important Notice!
TO THE TRADE
We have instituted legal proceedings against parties who have manufactured and sold and those now selling Cigars with paper bands of different colors, similar to those registered and used by us, and respectfully request the trade to treat manufacturers and dealers who employ such disreputable means to foist their goods upon the public, in the manner they deserve.
Those who encourage them by selling their imitations
will prosecute to the fullest extent of the law, and we rely upon our friends and the respectable dealers to assist us in putting down this dishonest class who are a disgrace to the trade. The standard of our celebrated brands,
'Cable,' 'El Padre,' 'Queen's Own,'
and others, will always be maintained, the statement of others to the contrary notwithstanding. 136
S. DAVIS & SONS.

PETER McINTYRE,
27 ADELAIDE ST. EAST,
Steamboat & Excursion Agent,
Real Estate and Life Insurance.
Several Island Cottages for Sale and Rent; also Island Lots for Sale.

The Scottish Union & National
FIRE INS. CO.
MESSRS. BANKS BROS. having resigned the Agency of that Company, the undersigned have been appointed Agents for Toronto.
36
MEDLAND & JONES,
EQUITY CHAMBERS,
20 Adelaide Street East.

Debtors' and Creditors'
AGENCY.
For the negotiation of settlements between debtors and creditors and for amicably arranging matters of contract in dispute.
For investigating and advising debtors in difficulties with respect to their estates and for submitting true reports to their creditors.
For procuring capital, securing loans and the promotion of companies.
For all matters of business appertaining to that of accountant, assignee, valuator and agent.
All business confidential and personally attended to by
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HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.
A NEW MOVE.
WALTER OVER,
OF THE WINE BARREL,
COLBORNE STREET. 246
has opened a FREE REGISTER for parties requiring dogs and for those having dogs for sale.
BRITANNIA HOTEL,
254 and 256 Front street west, Toronto. ALEX. SCOTT, Proprietor. This comfortable hotel has been recently fitted up in a superior manner and is first-class in every respect. Centrally located. Five minutes walk from Union depot. Terms, $1 per day. Special rates for family and weekly boarders. Bar supplied with best quality wines, liquors and cigars.
CLUB HOTEL,
416 YONGE STREET,
TORONTO.
First-class Billiard and Pool Tables. 46
PRIME CHRISTMAS BEEF
FOR DINNER TO-DAY
at the
CRITERION.
H. S. HUGHES.
REID'S O'CONNOR HOUSE,
ATTHE HAY MARKET.
FOR BIG BEERS AND FINE CIGARS.
BASS' ALE AND GUINNESS' STOUT ON DRAUGHT. 246
REVERE HOUSE,
Corner King and York streets, Toronto.
New open for day boarders. $4.00 per week. Six meal tickets for $1.00. Give it a trial.
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ROYAL ARMS HOTEL,
CORNER YONGE AND EDWARD ST.
The above Hotel has been refitted and improved greatly, and the bar contains the finest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars in the Dominion. It is the best $1 per day house on Yonge street. 464
JOHN CUTHBERT, Proprietor
OAKVILLE DAIRY,
431½ YONGE STREET.
Guaranteed Pure Farmers' Milk.
Supplied Retail and Wholesale at Lowest Market Rates.
246 FRED. SOLE, Proprietor.
BILLIARDS!
Rossin House Billiard Room re-opened, after being thoroughly renovated, is now the most elaborate, handsome, and complete billiard room on the continent.
246 CHARLES HIGGINS, Proprietor.

AWNINGS!
Splendid Line of New Goods. Our Awnings Wear Longer and Look Better than any other. Make guaranteed.
BABY CARRIAGES,
Boys' Express Wagons, Carts, Wheelbarrows, etc., Wholesale and Retail. Our Prices will be found the Lowest in the City, as we intend to sell the Goods.
National Manfg. Co.
70 KING ST. WEST,
The Celebrated Gold Medal Tent Manufacturers.

Where do They Hail From?
It's Impossible—Hold On—There is a Mistake Somewhere—They Can't be Sold for Such a Low Price.
These are the spontaneous exclamations of our assistants as their stocks are passed into their various departments.
Undoubtedly the goods are marvellously attractive in style and variety, and notwithstanding a rising and hardening market in both *Silks, Mantles* and *Dress Goods*, we never imported a finer variety, nor have we ever shown goods so cheap.
As we will never sacrifice the well known quality of our goods to quote low prices, the purchasing public will easily see the advantages we offer in both value and character.
We purpose, *and we will do it*, to sell more goods this spring than we have ever done. Further particulars in a few days.
In the meantime Come In. Look Around. No importunity to purchase. It will pay you.
EDW'D M'KEOWN,
THE CELEBRATED DRY GOODS MERCHANT,
182 Yonge Street,
TWO DOORS NORTH OF QUEEN.

WHO DESIRES
A GOOD FIT?
Those that claim they cannot be Fitted by any Merchant Tailor in Toronto Should Call at
R. GOLDMAN,
THE TAILOR,
556½ Yonge Street,
And Secure a Good Fit or no Sale.
J. HUNTER BROWN,
FOR
FINE TAILORING.
Gentlemen appreciating perfection in
FASHION, FINISH AND FIT
Should leave a trial order.
Scores of city gentlemen testify to the excellence of our work and reliability of fit.
Every garment cut by a thorough artist, made up in first-class style, and carefully examined before leaving our establishment.
Tailors wishing lessons in cutting from a thoroughly competent cutter should make application now. 135
283 YONGE ST., COR. WILTON AV.

NOW IS THE TIME
TO ORDER YOUR
Spring and Summer
CLOTHING.
A magnificent stock to choose from. Call and examine for yourself. Quality and make unsurpassed. A good fit guaranteed.
Prices Lower Than the Lowest.
A. MACDONALD,
355 YONGE STREET,
(OPPOSITE ELM.)

FINE TAILORING.
EMPEY & BALLARD,
62 KING STREET EAST.
Have just received a very fine line of
English & Scotch Tweeds,
DIAGONALS.
A choice line of Spring Overcoatings, Pantings, Etc. 62
NEW TAILORS
FASHION, FIT,
FULL LINE OF SUITINGS, LOW PRICES,
Satisfaction Guaranteed
AT
SEXSMITH & SON,
192½ Yonge Street. 246

MARCHING ON, MARCHING ON,
STEADILY MARCHING ON.
LEAR'S
NOTED
GAS FIXTURE
EMPORIUM.
TO THE FRONT.
R. H. LEAR does not pretend to have doubled his trade in 1885, but selling retail at wholesale prices with 10 per cent. off for cash on all orders over $20 does the business, and keeps him still marching on.
Note the address—
R. H. LEAR,
15 & 17 RICHMOND ST. W.
SEE
Bennett & Wright's
GAS FIXTURES
Largest Stock, Newest Designs, Greatest Variety, Lowest Prices.
SHOW ROOMS 1ST FLOOR.
246
BENNETT & WRIGHT,
Telephone 42. 72 QUEEN ST. EAST.

W. J. GUY,
PLUMBER.
Best work. Lowest prices. Always ready. Estimates furnished. 246
527 QUEEN STREET WEST

SCROLL SAWS
Prize Molly, Demas Saw and Lathe Combined, Demas Saw No. 5.
GRIFFIN AND STAR SAW BLADES.
Rice Lewis & Son,
52 & 54 King Street East, Toronto.

ROYAL CANADIAN
CLOTHES WRINGERS
Improved Model Washing Machines,
ONLY $3.00.
P. PATERSON & SON
77 KING STREET EAST.
AGENTS FOR TORONTO.

Grindstones! Grindstones!
For wet and dry grinding. A large assortment to select from at lowest prices.
LYONS, YORK,
Steam Stone Works, Esplanade, foot of Jarvis Street. 246

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

CARRIAGES.
CARRIAGES.
WM. DIXON,
68 AND 65 ADELAIDE ST. WEST.
Next door to Grand's.
The Leading House in the Trade for Fine Carriages in all the Leading Styles in Gladstone, Surreys, Tee Carts, Village Carts, Physicians' Phetons, Family Phetons, Open and Top Business Buggies, Victorias of the Latest Designs, etc. 246

OLD COUNTRY PASSAGES.
ECONOMY WITH COMFORT.

The Royal Mail Steamship ADRIATIC of the White Star line, has a dining-room and state-rooms for a strictly limited number of intermediate passengers. This accommodation, which is on the Saloon Deck, is furnished with the electric light and every modern comfort. Besides the advantage of being in a magnificent ship, passengers will find it superior in ventilation and many other respects to the saloon on many ocean steamers. The ADRIATIC sails from New York for Liverpool, via Queenstown, 18th March.
246 T. W. JONES,
Gen. Agent, 22 York st., Toronto.

TORONTO POSTAL GUIDE

During the month of March mails close and are due as follows:

	CLOSE.		DUE.	
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
G. T. R., East	6.00	6.45	9.20	10.45
G. & G. Ry	8.00	6.45	8.50	10.00
G. T. R., West	8.30	3.40	12.50	7.30
N. & N. W.	6.30	4.00	10.20	8.10
T. G. & B.	6.00	3.05	11.00	3.30
Midland	6.00	3.30	12.45	9.35
C. V. R.	7.00	3.15	9.30	6.40
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
G. W. R.	6.00	11.30		2.00
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
	2.45	9.30	10.30	7.30
				11.30
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
U. S. N. Y.	9.00	2.45	8.40	4.40
		9.40	10.30	4.40
U. S. Western States	6.00	9.30	8.30	4.40
				7.40

British mails depart as follows:
March 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 24, 25, 26.
Time for closing English mails, 10 p.m. on 10, 17, 24, 31, and 7 p.m. on all other days.