Weekly Colonist

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16TH, 1887.

THE UNSTABLE COUNCILLOR.

Coun. Grant may be a brave man physically; but he cannot be complimented on his moral courage. The way in which he has fenced with the water question in the council and through the papers does not redound to his credit for consistency. In a card published last evening he asserts that "Since a majority of the council pronounced in favor of the new scheme he has not advocated the Hendry one; but what I object to is the manner in which it has been presented to the council." That is a fact. He has advocated neither; but he has thrown every obstacle and quibble in the way of the prosecution of the new scheme. Only a fortnight ago he voted against a call being made for tenders for laying the distribution pipes and the next evening his paper came out and reported him as voting in its favor. What a majority of the council complain of is that Coun. Grant seems unable to pull his mind together on the subject. Now the mayor and Coun. Pearse, everyone always knows where to find them. But Coun. Grant—never! The counciller says that he signed the report of the 20th July "to push on the work upon the plans of Mr. Hendry," "on the recommendation of Mr. Bell." But long before the 20th of July Mr. Bell had recalled his first or progress report and substituted another condemning the Hendry scheme. Was Mr. Grant aware of that second report? and, if so, how did he ignore its existence on the 20th July. With regard to Mr. Keefer's report—who was it took credit to himself for having first suggested that the schemes be referred to a competent engineer? Coun. Grant. And after his suggestion had been adopted and Mr. Keefer had reported adversely to the Hendry scheme, who has assisted the minority in throwing every obstacle in the way of the practical working of the new scheme? Coun. Grant. The uncertain and inconsistent course of this councillor calls to mind the fable of a certain animal in search of provender. He came to a road on the right-hand side of which grew a gigantic, a beautiful thistle, and an equally gigantic and beautiful thistle exactly opposite on the left hand-side. The animal paused to consider which of the two thistles was the finest and most succulent. Which thistle is he to choose? But there is no reason why he should make up his mind for the thistle on his left-hand rather than for the thistle on his right, or for the thistle on his right hand rather than that for the thistle on his left. So he stands unable to make up his mind. And the very reasons which made him so stand, unable to decide, have kept him standing there to this day, and will keep him standing there to the day of his death. We fear that Coun. Grant was in the mind of the prophet who wrote the famous lines, "Unstable as water, thou shalt not prevail."

COMOX SAFE.

The friends of Mr. Humphreys are quite certain that he will be elected in Comox; they were just as sure that he would be returned at the last general elections for the local legislature when he ran in Victoria district; again when he entered the field for the commons at the general elections of this year, and later when he opposed the Hon. the Finance Minister at the bye election. They were all cock-sure Tom would be found at the head of the poll, at least they said so, and bet their money on it, and when the votes were counted up he was found to be in a hopeless minority. The result will be the same this time if any credence can be placed in the reports that reach us from Comox. It is said that Dingwall will rout Humphreys, horse, foot and artillery and teach him a lesson, even more severe than those he has learned in the past. He stayed in Comox just long enough to allow the people to form a true estimate of his character. At first his soft tongue and plausible manners "took" with some of the electors, bnt familiarity in his case bred contempt, and the honest voters of that fine district have realized that these are no substitutes for sterling manhood and earnest devotion to duty. We believe the electorate will return Mr. Dingwall because he is the best man for them; because he is familiar with their district, knowing all its wants, being personally identified with their interests. We believe, too, that Mr. Dingwall will be elected because he supports a government which has always done its duty by Comox and which purposes doing better things in the future. We believe Mr. Humphreys will be ignominiously defeated because his election would be suicidal to the best interests of Comox. He, if returned, would become one of a small opposition, powerless to effect the overthrow of the ministry, and at present broken up by internal dissensions which promise to increase the present government's already large majority. The choice is in the hands of the electors of Comox. That they will decide wisely, and send Mr. Dingwall, one of their fellow-citizens, to represent them in Parliament, we believe will be the decision of the electors of the rising district of Comox.

PECULIAR JOURNALISM.

A rather remarkable case has occurred at Olympia where the legislature of Washington Territory is now in session. In order to get a "scoop" on its contemporaries, Mr. T. B. Wall, one of the correspondents of the Seattle *Post-Intelligencer*, is charged with the theft of the governor's message from the drawer of Public Printer Cavanaugh. It is claimed he broke the lock on Sunday night, and so was able to send the message to his paper three days before the governor delivered it. If the facts are as stated by Mr. Cavanaugh in his journal, *The Partizan*, Mr. Wall has laid himself open to a sentence for burglary. He gave bonds in the sum of $500 for his appearance at the preliminary trial, and is the same correspondent who it will be remembered had some trouble with Mr. Harcourt of the Tacoma *News* some time ago, when the latter narrowly escaped assassination. If there is any truth in the statement, the action of Mr. Wall is a very disgraceful one, and in the interests of the profession demands punishment. The governor had made an arrangement, which was acquiesced in by Mr. Wall and all the other correspondents, that copies of the message should be sent to a trusted friend of his in each of the cities where newspapers were established, so that it would appear simultaneously in all. This should have been regarded as fair. The copy published by the *Post-Intelligencer* does not prove to be the genuine message after all, since some alterations were made in it by the governor after the draft had been stolen. Altogether it's a nasty piece of business and does not reflect much credit on the "superior facilities" of which it is claimed to be an evidence.

It appears that the vendors of discarded cigar and cigarette ends in Paris hold a market of their own in a public place. This is the evil-smelling Place Maubert, and the tobacco "merchants" are generally busy from morning to night in selling packets of *tabac gros* and *tabac fin* to needy smokers. The *tabac gros*, or thickly cut weed, the Paris correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* says, is the residuum of castaway cigars, whilst the finely cut comes from the cigarettes. The *al fresco* tobacco-sellers do a considerable trade, their principal customers being men out of work and the keepers of wine-shops in poor neighborhoods, who retail the stuff thus purchased to their own customers. The stuff is sometimes sold at the rate of 1s. a pound, small packets worth 5 centimes, or ½d., being always on hand for the most destitute of the patrons of these narcotic concoctions. In cases where customers raise disputes about the weight of packets, the tobacco-seller, if he does not happen to have a pair of scales, applies to a friendly costermonger near his "pitch" for his, and the dispute is thus promptly adjusted to the satisfaction of all concerned.

Spokane Falls *Chronicle*: Mr. A. C. Thompson favors the *Chronicle* with a very timely and able editorial from an English newspaper, protesting against the proposed introduction of English rabbits into British Columbia, and pointing out the precedent of New Zealand and Australia. They breed so fast that they become an actual pest and a formidable foe of the farmers. It has been found necessary, in fact, in those countries where their propagation has been promoted, to introduce ferrets and weasels to extirpate them, and these are about as great a nuisance as the rabbits. In the light of this experience, we fail to see the wisdom of importing English rabbits into British Columbia, and would protest against this policy ourselves, as if they are sent there they will soon find their way across the line into Washington territory and then the only resource we would have would be that of reprisal. In other words, we could send them a special consignment of rattle snakes and skunks. In that way only could we play even with our English cousins for the sparrows they sent us to consume our stock of caterpillars and which fatted on the worms and got so sassy that they drove our sweetest singers out of the parks of the east. No thank you, we don't want any English rabbits on this continent. "Welsh rare bits" are good enough for us.

The habit of reading sanguinary recitals bristling with the details of the most hideous crimes is one which can hardly fail to produce an unhealthy moral tone in those addicted thereto. Instances are not wanting in which the perusal of the legendary feats of Dick Turpin and his congeners has paved the way to the commission of crime by young and inexperienced persons, to whom crime had been described with a halo of heroism and courage, in which, as a matter of fact, it is generally wanting. The Birmingham, England, coroner recently held an inquest on a young woman, the circumstances of whose death open up another point of view in the harmful results which may accrue from inconsiderate tampering with the emotions. The young woman in question had been to the Grand theatre to witness the performance of a piece called "The World against Her." She was very much affected by what she saw, and took the earliest possible opportunity of putting an end to an existence which she had just seen depicted in such gloomy colors. No doubt suicide is a comparatively rare sequel to a theatrical performance; but most of us are probably familiar with the depression, occasionally of a very marked character, which may follow a more than usually lugubrious novel or play. Such an effect is, fortunately, ephemeral as a general rule, and effects one less acutely than the troubles of daily life. There are moments, however, when the mind becomes more amenable to such enervating influences, and there are persons who are constitutionally prone to experience violent emotional disturbance, and on whose nervous system too dramatic a recital may produce a really damaging shock. It is more particularly in individuals whose imagination is undisciplined and has not been made subservient to the reasoning faculties, that the most harmful effects are to be witnessed: and, under certain circumstances, the psychical depression may, as in the present instance, give rise to a suicidal impulse. In women and children the absence of due control over the emotions is frequently due to the unhealthy development which results from the ordinary system of female education. Violent emotional disturbances, when frequently repeated, leave a mark on the mind akin to the wrinkles which follow their expression on the features, and disfigure one like the other. Too great care cannot be shown in shielding the young and the emotionally weak from such influences, the effect of which may be injurious and lasting.

M. Meissonier, who is afflicted with incipient paralysis, was told the other day that a friend had sprained his ankle. "Lucky man!" he exclaimed; "if I could have only broken both legs, and had my thumb free, how happy I should be. I could make some attempt to paint in my bed. But not to be able to paint at all! I would willingly give everything I possess in this world for the use of my right thumb!"

SOME STRANGE CONFESSIONS.

Several Good Stories Which Convey Very Needful Morals.

The Rochester (N. Y.) *Union* reports having this dialogue with an eminent physician:

"Can you cure a cold for me?"

"I dare say; where is it?"

"Do you treat yourself for colds?"

"That depends on how bad they are. I had one last week and fixed myself up a dose, but I didn't dare take it. I kept it over night and gave it to a 'deadhead' patient the next day!"

"Then you don't dare take your own medicine?"

"No! I don't dare, and I have no family physician."

A gentleman, a short time ago, consulted his physician about a severe rheumatic attack. As he was leaving, the doctor said:

"Should my prescription afford any relief, let me know it, as I am suffering from an affection similar to yours, and for the last twenty years have tried in vain to cure it!"

The best of phisicians now have the frankness to admit that the schools have not yet mastered all there is to know about the causes of disease, and the best methods of cure. There has been a great advance, no doubt, in medical science, in the last fifty years. Doctors themselves do not take their own physic, even though they may saturate the systems of their patients with poisonous drugs, nor do they bleed, blister and torture, as formerly.

Byron died, it is claimed, because of over-bleeding by his physicians. Washington met with the same fate!

Scientific investigation shows that most ailments proceed from derangement of primary organs, of which the kidneys are the most important. Every drop of blood coursing through the system passes through these organs, and if they are deranged, the blood speedily becomes impure, and carries the seeds of disease to every part of the body. If we keep these organs regulated by the use of a simple vegetable compound like Warner's safe cure, which Prof. Lattimore, New York State board of health analyst, of the Rochester University, says: "I find entirely free from mercury and all poisonous and deleterious substances"—there is little danger of bright's disease, apoplexy, rheumatism, or any of the common ailments, nearly all of which originate in or are made fatal by diseased (though unsuspected) kidneys. This great remedy has the reputation, which seems well founded, of curing more diseases than any one other remedy ever known. It restored the son of the Danish vice-Consul Schmidt of 69 Wall street, New York, from Bright's disease, and General Christiansen, of Drexel, Morgan & Co., Bankers of New York, who knew of the case, pronounced it a wonderful remedy.

As appropriate to the doctors who give to their patients what they will not take themselves, we quote this story:

"Oh, Mr. Smith, help me out," exclaimed a young lady at a church fair. "I've sold a ticket for $15 that only cost 15c. What percentage is the profit?"

"Percentage, madam!" exclaimed the lawyer with merriment. "That transaction is beyond percentage—it is simple larceny!"

The professional man who takes one's money when he can do no one equivalent service will understand the moral.

THE KISSANE CASE.

The Old Indictment at New York will be Dropped.

New York, Dec. 7.—On motion of District Attorney Martine, the indictment for forgery against Wm. Kissane, found in November, 1854, was dismissed by Recorder Smyth. In this indictment Kissane, who is now a wealthy citizen of California, where he is known as Wm. K. Rogers, was charged with forging a check for $14,870 on the Chemical National Bank of New York. It was revived from forgotten obscurity by Gen. Francis Darr, an almost life-long enemy of Kissane. The Recorder to-day made this endorsement on the indictment: "The district attorney states that he cannot procure evidence of witnesses to maintain the indictment, and the end of justice will not be served by moving trial thereof. For this reason, and for the further reason that the indictment was filed thirty years ago, the motion of the district attorney for leave to enter a *nolle prosequi* as against defendant Kissane is granted."

ENTERPRISING BOODLERS.

Jake Sharp's Aids Investing in Montreal Real Estate.

Montreal, Dec. 8.—For some months it has been an open secret that some kind of a deal was to be worked at the annual meeting of the share-holders of the Windsor Hotel, and what has been known as the Burland Ticket people have been quietly gathering up stock until at last they have control. This afternoon when the names of the principal share-holders were published, a good deal of surprise was manifested when it was discovered that John Keenan of Jake Sharp boodle fame was one of the largest stock-holders. This is only part of Keenan's investments in Canada, as it has been understood for some time that he has been quietly buying up valuable real estate in a fashionable part of the city; ans Billy Maloney is also credited with making investments in the same line.

CANADIAN PACIFIC.

Special Dispatch About the Proposed Atlantic Service.

Chicago, Dec. 10.—A special to the Chicago *Daily News*, from Montreal, says that Vice-President Van Horne of the Canadian Pacific, denies that he made tenders for the Atlantic mail service, but admits that Anderson & Co., of London, engaged by the owners of the Orient line, have tendered for the weekly service steamers to make twenty knots and to surpass in every way those sailing to New York and other American ports. While being independent of the Canadian Pacific they would run in connection with its Pacific steamers. Van Horne believes that such steamers would command a large passenger and freight business in the western states, and he thinks that Canada is capable of securing such a line on account of its ties, political, commercial and social, with the mother country. He says that it would culminate in making the Canadian route the favorite one to the east. Other tenders are put in by the Allan, Dominion and Beaver lines.

A STARTLING RUMOR.

War Rates to be Placed on German Cargoes of Petroleum.

New York, Dec. 8.—Sawyer, Wallace & Co. to-day received cable instructions from Europe to place war rates on their cargoes of petroleum shipped from this port in German vessels to Hamburg. The report was quickly circulated and anxious inquiries were made at the offices of the marine insurance companies, relative to premiums of hazards. At the office of the Atlantic Mutual Marine Company it was stated that no confidence was placed in the reports that war premiums were being asked because of the strained relations between Russia and Germany. Two years ago Meissner, Ackerman & Co. received a similar cable under similar circumstances, and which afterward proved to be fraudulent.

WESTERN ASPIRATIONS.

In his "Overland Sketches" Fred H. Carruth says: "While we were camped on the edge of a little Nebraska town a man came along and sat down on the wagon tongue and began to praise the place, mentioning among other improvements, a new steeple that was going up on a church near at hand.

"Isn't that steeple just a little high for the size of the church?" suggested Briar.

"There, struck it the first whack! I told 'em that was the way it would go! Now, I'll tell you," he went on confidentially, "'bout that steeple. It's a 'Piscopal church; they put it up 'bout a year ago with jes' an ord'nary steeple stickin' upon it. Then what did the Baptists do but up an' build a church over here an' r'ar up a steeple on theirs ten feet higher! This nat'rally galled the 'Piscopals some, an' this spring up they socked their steeple fifteen feet higher! It run along till July, an' all the time the Baptists was gittin' hotter n' hotter, an' one day, jes' after the Fourth, what should they do but put some carpenters to work on their steeple and shove her up 'nother ten feet. Then they went round town steppin' high, and the 'Piscopals begun to sweat again. It run along till day before yesterday, when they seen the Baptists an' are goin' 'em ten better! An', do you know, I'll be snaked if I don't b'lieve the Baptists 'll raise 'em for winter? O, we're game in this town ev'ry time!"

"Er—well, which one do you belong to?" Briar enquired.

"Neither, I'm a Methodist. That's our church over there on the hill."

"Well, you're getting left entirely, aren't you—no steeple at all?"

"S-s-h! "That's all right—we know our play! We let on we don't believe in steeples, an' go 'round blowin' 'bout our big bell an' the scolloped shingles on the side of the building'. 'Bout next June you'll see these Baptists' and 'Piscopals' steeples blow over, an' then jes' watch us Meth'dists shack to the frcnt an' r'ar along, slim steeple up into the air so high that they'll be too sick to ever build again! Us Meth'dists may be laggin' a little jes' at present, but you wait till the proper time comes an' we'll make some o' these light weight denominations think the brick court house has fell on 'em!"

KING FARO.

A teacher in the Sunday school
Had taught her scholars how
The truths which scholars ought to know
Who read the Bible through.

But on the day herein set down
A new one had come in—
A little lad, with bren bright eyes,
And innocent of sin.

The teacher asked them all around
Such questions as she thought
Would fit their minds, and bring about
The object that she sought.

They knew of Adam and his sin
Of Paul and Peter, too:
Of Jacob, Joseph, David, Saul,
And him his brother slew.

And then the teacher asked his class
If any one could tell
Who Pharaoh was. "Of course," she said,
"You know that very well."

But, strange to say, no hand arose,
And silence, with a blow,
Had struck the class, and not a one
The answer seemed to know.

At last the new boy's hand went up—
"Well, who was Pharaoh, lad?"
The teacher smiled—the new boy said:
"Twas him that busted dad."

STRANGE IMMIGRANTS.

Supposed Turkish Paupers Arrive in Canada.

Montreal, Dec. 8.—On the steamship Parisian's last trip to the St. Lawrence she landed among her immigrants a dozen of the most squalid and miserable men, women and children who have ever been seen here. It is thought that these unfortunate creatures, who have been wandering about the outskirts of the city for the last fortnight, living on charity, must be Turks, as they speak no language with which any one here is conversant. Seven or eight of them succeeded in getting over to Quebec to-day and have been loafing around in a most objectless manner through the streets, exciting general surprise and pity. The police finally had to arrest one man and two women for persisting in sitting down in doorways, impeding the ingress and egress. Whenever one of their number was spoken to by the constable the party exhibited a card bearing the words "Protected Vaccinated." It is said that these poor people are here on their way to the back door of the United States, by which they hope to get into that country, the laws of which prohibit their entry.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

Annoying little mistakes frequently creep into newspapers notwithstanding every effort to prevent them. A case in point occurred in yesterday's issue. The word "Premier" was made to read "President;" the context plainly shows that the former word was meant.

The board of delegates of the late volunteer fire department yesterday presented the B. C. Benevolent Society with a check for $56.75. This sum is a portion of the balance of the charitable fund of the department which is being divided among the city charities. The thanks of the society are extended to the delegates for their generous donation.

WHAT SOME PEOPLE SAY.

That James O'Connell, stage manager of Charles Andrews' "Michael Strogoff," Company, was struck dead by an electric current, which came down the bell wire when he rang down the curtain at Robinson's theatre, Cincinnati, on Saturday evening. Miss Collins, whom he was engaged to marry, was almost heartbroken by the event.

Prince Bismarck was seized with a sudden illness on Saturday, which, however, speedily passed, but his physicians advise him to abstain from business.

Twenty-two persons were drowned during a recent hurricane off the Orkney Islands.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competi ion with the multitudes of low test short-weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKINGPOWDER Co. 107 Wall Street, New York. aul5 ly

INFANTILE SKIN DISEASES.

Our oldest child, now six years of age, when an infant six months old was attacked with a virulent, malignant skin disease. All ordinary remedies failing, we called our family physician, who attempted to cure it; but it spread with almost incredible rapidity, until the lower portion of the little fellow's person, from the middle of his back down to his knees, was one solid rash, ugly, painful, blotched and malicious. We had no rest at night, no peace by day. Finally, we were advised to try the Cuticura Remedies. The effect was simply marvellous. In three or four weeks a complete cure was wrought, leaving the little fellow's person as white and healthy as though he had never been attacked. In my opinion your valuable remedies saved his life, and to-day he is a strong, healthy child, perfectly well, no repetition of the disease having ever occurred.

GEO. R. SMITH,
Att'y at Law and Ex-Pros. Att'y, Ashland, O.
Reference: J. G. Weist, Drug'st, Ashland, O.

THOUSANDS OF CHILDREN

Are born into the world every day with some cutaneous affection, such as milk crust, scall head, scurf, or dandruff, sure to develop into an agonizing eczema, the itching, burning, and disfiguration of which make life a prolonged torture unless properly treated.

A warm bath with Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, and a single application of Cuticura, the Great Skin Cure, with a little Cuticura Resolvent, the New Blood Purifier, are often sufficient to arrest the progress of the disease, and point to a speedy and permanent cure.

Hence, no mother who loves her children, who takes pride in their beauty, purity, and health, and in bestowing upon them a child's greatest inheritance—a skin without a blemish, and a body nourished by pure blood—should fail to make trial of the Cuticura Remedies.

Sold everywhere. Price, Cuticura, 75c.; Soap, 35c.; Resolvent, $1.50. Prepared by the Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

☞Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp preserved and beautified by Cuticura Medicated Soap.

HOW MY SIDE ACHES!

Aching Sides and Back, Hip, Kidney and Uterine Pains, Rheumatic, Sciatic, Neuralgic, Sharp and Shooting Pains, relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing plaster. 30 cents.

decll-dw-wed&sat

Presentation GOODS.

Very few People nowadays let the Christmas Season pass without gladening the hearts of their friends by the interchange of Prsents of some sort or another.

The first question that suggests itself is, how much can I spare for such an object? Next, what shall I buy? A word of advice. You will save your time and money by going at once to the

B. C. Stationery Co.,

Next Door to the Post Office.

THEIR STOCK OF

Plush, Leather, Brass and Satin GOODS

Are all that could be desired and at Prices to Suit all Pockets.

To speak of Xmas Cards they beat the very mischief. Cards that other dealers ask

15 and 25 Cents

For are Excelled by Us for

5 CTS. 5

Our Stock of Holiday Books, Annuals, etc., bound in leather, cloth and Paper, are such as to please the most sedate and merriest little tot. In order to display our large variety we have been compelled to arrange tables on the second flat. We consider it a pleasure to show our Goods, whether you purchase or not.

B. C. STATIONERY STORE

J. B. FERGUSON, Manager.

dec14

VICTORIA BUSINESS COLLEGE AND NIGHT SCHOOL

Will open Monday, Dec. 12, 1887, in the rooms formerly occupied by Y. M. C. A., corner of Bastion and Government streets, with the following staff of instructors:

H. J. Van Auken, of the Madison (Wis.,) Business College.

Chas. A. Wilhelm, Teacher of Shorthand and Type-writing, Graduate of Heald's Business College, San Francisco, and formerly reporter of the S. F. *Morning Call*.

Mrs. H. J. Van Auken, late Teacher of Vocal Music and Elocution from Nassau Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Business Course

Will include Bookkeeping, Commercial Correspondence, Penmanship and Business Arithmetic.

The object of this Department is to furnish a thorough business education, and we guarantee those who take this course to be fitted for any position in mercantile life.

The Night School

Is an important feature and will enable those who have neglected their early education and who are occupied during the day, to pursue such studies as they desire in the evening.

Personal attention given to each pupil.

References—S. D. Pope, Supt. of Education; A. C. Flummerfelt, Pres. Y. M. C. A.; Noah Shakespeare, M. P.; J. B. Ferguson, Jno. Jessop, D. Spencer, Jas. Hutcheson, W. Walker and Kossuth Co. Bank, Algona, Iowa.

Circulars containing full particulars at the bookstore of J. B. Ferguson & Co., or by addressing, H. J. Van Auken, P. O. Box 33. Victoria, B. C.

☞N.P.—Parties wishing to enter the school will please address the Principal at once.

YARMOUTH SAIL DUCKS.

E. B. MARVIN

HAS IN STOCK

YARMOUTH (N. S.) SAIL DUCKS, all numbers, OUNCE DUCKS from 7 to 12. SAIL & WRAPPING TWINES.

—ALSO—

AMERICAN SAIL DUCKS.

All numbers. OUNCE DUCKS 8 to 15. WIDE DUCKS from 36 to 72 inches.

AT LOWEST PRICES.

E. B. MARVIN,

del1-3m Ship Chandler, Wharf Street.

TIMBER LICENSES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, thirty days after date, I intend making application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease, for timbering purposes, of the following described tract of land:—Commencing at a stake planted at the S.W. corner of Lot 16, Sayward District; thence north 60 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 160 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 120 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 20 chains; thence east 80 chains, more or less, to point of commencement; containing 4,000 acres, more or less.

LEONARD G. LITTLE,
By his agent, C. D. Rand.
Victoria, Nov. 28th, 1887. dec 9-w

NOTICE is hereby given that, 30 days after date we intend making application to the Honourable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease, for timbering purposes, of the following described tracts of land, situate west of Duncan Bay, Sayward District, B. C.:

1. Commencing at the south-west corner of Sayward's lot (comering on Menzies Bay); thence north 40 chains, along west boundary of said lot; thence west 200 chains; thence south 140 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence west 60 chains; thence north 20 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 130 chains; thence west 60 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence east 60 chains, to shore of Campbell Lake; thence easterly and southerly, following the shore of said Lake 600 chains, more or less, to a post planted; thence north 28 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 100 chains; thence north 20 chains; thence east 311.50 chains; thence south 5.25 chains, to corner of Haslam & Lee's limit; thence east 20 chains; north 40 chains; east 20 chains; north 20 chains, along boundaries of said limit to Campbell River; thence easterly 30 chains, more or less, along left bank of said river to a post planted; thence north 113 chains to south-east corner of W. Power's lot; thence west 80 chains; north 80 chains, along boundaries of said lot; thence west 60 chains; thence north 75.25 chains to A. R. Johnson's lot; thence west along boundary of said lot 194 chains; thence north 40 chains along west boundary of said lot; thence northerly 36 chains, more or less, along westerly boundary of Sayward's lot; thence west 60 chains to point of commencement; containing 25,000 acres more or less.

2. Commencing at the south-east corner of Wm. Powers' lot, Duncan Bay; thence south 100 chains; thence east 100 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 60 chains; thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement; containing 880 acres, more or less.

JAMES G. ROSS,
JAMES MACLAREN,
By their agent C. D. Rand.
dec9-w

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land in the Chilcoten District—commencing from the N. E. stake of the Indian reserve situated five miles N. of Annahim's village; thence E. 80 chains; thence S. 80 chains; thence W. 80 chains; thence to point of commencement.

M. DRUMMOND.
Chilcoten Ranche, July 28th, 1887. aug1-3mw

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land in the Chilcoten District—Commencing from the S. E. stake of the Indian Reservation, five miles N. of Annahim's village; thence E. 80 chains; thence S. 80 chains; thence N. 80 chains; thence W. 80 chains; thence to point of commencement.

M. DRUMMOND.
Chilcoten Ranche, July 28th, 1887. aug-2mw

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the chief commissioner of lands and works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situated on the west side of Upper Columbia Lake on a small creek 2½ miles south of Armstrong Creek, the S. E. corner of said lot to commence at an initial stake on said creek and run thence north ½ a mile, thence west ½ a mile to shore of lake, thence south ½ a mile along the lake shore, and thence east ½ a mile to initial stake.

V. W. BARDIE.
Columbia Lakes, Kootenay, B.C., November 12th, 1887. 2mos-wkly

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that I shall apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, Victoria, B. C., for the issuance of a Crown Grant for that lot or parcel of land known as the "Silver King Mineral Claim," which is more fully described as to metes and bounds by the official plot herewith posted and by the field-notes of Survey thereof on file in the office of the Gold Commissioner, Kootenay District.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the mining ground or premises, or any portion thereof, are hereby notified that unless their adverse claims are duly filed within the time prescribed by the Mineral Act, 47 Vict., ch. 10, they will be barred by the provisions of the said Statute.

WILBUR A. HENDRYX.
Kootenay, B. C., Sept. 1st, 1887. Trustee.
oct11 dw

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SUCCESSORS TO MITCHELL AND JOHNSTON.

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When the Heart, Kidneys and Circulation are in a healthy condition all other ailments are minor "afflictions" which readily yield to treatment. Dr. Flint's Heart remedy is a specific for all disorders of these organs. Descriptive treatise accompanies each bottle, or mailed free. It will repay a perusal and prove instructive and interesting. $1.50.

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apr13-sun-wed-fri-1ydw

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The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.

MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates. Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.

Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. jc24-tf-dw

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Harrison Hot Springs, B. C.

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Relief for the Suffering. Pleasure for All.

Hundreds of past sufferers testify to the merits of these Springs. The leading Physicians strongly recommend them.

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Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company

LAND DEPARTMENT.

Notice to Claimants under the "Act Relating to the Island Railway, the Graving Dock and Railway Lands of the Province":

The Company is now prepared to issue Conveyances of Title to all claimants entitled to the same under the provisions of the above Act, and who have fulfilled the Requirements of the British Columbia "Land Act, 1884."

R. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOHN TRUTCH, Land Commissioner.
Victoria, B.C., July 25th, 1887.
jul26-dw

LYON & HEALY

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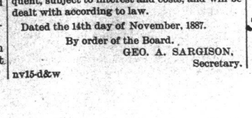

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aprl7-eod-dw

British Columbia Milling and Mining Company

(LIMITED).

Assessment No. 18.

Notice is hereby given that an assessment of one (1) cent per share has been levied upon the members of the above company, payable at the company's office in Victoria, B. C., on or before the sixth day of December, 1887, from and after which date all shares on which said call shall then remain unpaid, shall be deemed delinquent, subject to interest and costs, and will be dealt with according to law.

Dated the 14th day of November, 1887.

By order of the Board.

GEO. A. SARGISON, Secretary.

nv15-d&w