"DOWN WITH AUSTRIA": "DOWN WITH GERMANY" SHOUT THE ITALIANS

[Canadian Press.]

PARIS, March 16.—The Havas Agency received today the following dispatch from its correspondent at Milan:

"There was a great demonstration here last night in favor of intervention by Italy on the side of the Allies. Crowds of manifestants marched through the streets and gathered in front of the cathedral. The Republican deputy, Eugenio Chiesa, made a speech to the crowd in front of the Chamber of Commerce.

"The police charged and dispersed crowds which were shouting: 'Down with Austria!' Down with Germany.'"

AUSTRIA UNWILLING TO GRANT DEMANDS OF THE ITALIANS.

ROME, March 16.—The political pressure on the Italian Government to pledge Italy's course in the future, either to the empires of central Europe or the Allies has been augmenting for some time, and is today believed to have reached its climax.

According to thoroughly reliable sources of information, Prince Von Buelow, the German ambassador, has given formal assurances that Germany will be able in the end to overcome the resistance of Austria and induce Vienna to concede to Italy the territorial concessions demanded, together with a free hand in Southern Albania. In addition, the central empires would further Italy's ambitions in the eastern Mediterranean. The German diplomat pointed out furthermore that the marine supremacy of Great Britain and France would have the effect of crushing Italy.

Allies' Arguments.

Representatives of the Allies' in their negotiations with the Italian Government, have presented the matter in quite a different light. They have united in saying that the defeat of Germany and Austria-Hungary is inevitable even without the participation of Italy. In case Italy refrains from taking part, she will receive nothing from the Allies when the settlements are made. They advance the further argument that with the conclusion of peace, or shortly thereafter, the separation of Hungary from Austria is quite to be expected. This would lead to the absorption of the Austrian provinces of German nationality by Germany and the consequent extension of German dominion to Triest, which thus would forever be lost to Italy. In addition, Italy would be forced to abandon Avlona and the Aegean Islands.

Difference Is Great.

What is believed in high quarters to be an authoritative outline of the territorial demands of Italy and the position of Austria in regard to them, was obtained today. The difference between the Austrian and Italian points of view as thus indicated appears to be so great that persons in authority see no likelihood of an agreement. The concessions which Austria is believed to be willing to make are insignificant as compared with the demands of Italy.

FUGITIVE PRIEST CARRIES FORTUNE IN JEWELS TO N. Y.

NEW YORK, March 16.—A king's ransom in jewels, blazoned in the royal eagles of Spain at the time Charles V., most powerful monarch of the sixteenth century, ruled Castile, Aragon and the German Empire, lies under guard at the customs house here, awaiting appraisal.

The gems, set in gold on white and purple robes and mounted on two golden crowns, were brought into New York by a Catholic priest, clad in shabby clothes, who fled from Mexico City a month ago, made his way to Vera Cruz, and sailed aboard the steamer Montevideo. The Montevideo reached New York March 6 with this priest and six other fugitive priests who had been banished from Mexico by General Obregon, Caranza's lieutenant at Mexico City.

From the depths of a battered suitcase the gems and robes were tumbled out upon the dock for inspection by the customs authorities. They so dazzled the inspectors that they were hastily put back into the suitcase. Under guard, they were taken to a safe deposit vault where they were locked up and special guards put over them. Rough estimates placed their value at from $200,000 to $500,000.

Meantime, the priest who brought the gems and robes into the country, is waiting without divulging his identity, for the appraisal.

VANCOUVER WORLD SOLD.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 16.—On the application of the bondholders of the World newspaper, Chief Justice Hunter this morning made an order to sell the property to John Nelson, formerly manager of the News-Advertiser, who has formed a new company to make the purchase. He will pay about $25,000 in cash and take over certain obligations, making the purchase price considerably less than $100,000.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

OTTAWA, March 16.—The names of three killed in action, one death from wounds, ten wounded and one case of illness are reported among the Canadian expeditionary forces by the Militia Department tonight. The list follows:

PRINCESS PATRICIAS.

Killed in action—March 6. Sergt. H. Connor. Next of kin, E. E. Connor, Camrose, Alta.

March 5.—Pte. A. Willey. Next of kin, Mrs. Willey, No. 46 Gore street, Hamilton, Ont.

Severely wounded—Pte. J. Curley, admitted to No. 1 stationary hospital, Rouen, March 5. Next of kin, Thomas Curley, Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

Major John S. Ward, admitted to No. 7 stationary hospital, Boulogne; gunshot wounds. Next of kin, Mrs. J. S. Ward, (wife), No. 50 Cadogan Place, London, Eng.

Died of wounds—March 12. Corporal A. Muir. Next of kin, Mrs. D. Muir (mother), East Angus, Que.

Wounded—Pte. H. M. Granville, admitted to No. 1 stationary hospital, Rouen; gunshot wound in leg. Next of kin, Wilma J. Granville, Dubuc, Sask.

Slightly wounded—(But on duty)—Lieut. A. M. Gow, March 13. Next of kin, Mrs. A. M. Gow, No. 819 Mulvey avenue, Winnipeg, Man.

SECOND BATTALION.

Severely wounded—Pte. Nicholas McDonald, admitted to No. 11 general hospital, Boulogne; gunshot wound in arm. Next of kin, Mrs. N. McDonald, Parry Sound, Ont.

Seriously ill—Pte. John Mates, suffering from bronchiactasis at Devizes. Next of kin, Mrs. Sarah L. Mates, (wife), No. 105 Scholfield avenue, Brockville, Ont.

TENTH BATTALION.

Slightly wounded—Pte. W. F. Asifat, admitted to Netley Hospital, March 11. Next of kin, Mrs. W. Asifat, postoffice, Medzilleus, Massarouet street, Russia.

Wounded—Lieut. S. Norton Taylor, March 13. Next of kin, Mrs. A. Norton Taylor, St. Margarets, Pyrford, Surrey, Eng.

Slightly wounded—March 8, Pte. J. Cartwright, admitted to Rawalpindi general hospital, Boulogne; gunshot wound in back. Next of kin, Susan Cartwright, (mother), No. 238 Habinson avenue, Elmwood, Man.

March 11, Pte. F. Slater, admitted to Netley Hospital, wounded slightly. Next of kin, James Slater (father), P. O. box No. 5, R. F. D., Vineland, N. J.

FIFTEENTH BATTALION.

Killed in action—Feb. 28, Pte. F. Ferland. Next of kin, Oddile Ferland, Que.

Seriously wounded—March 7, Pte. A. Gazey, at No. 3 general hospital, Le Treport; gunshot wound in head. Next of kin, Mrs. Elizabeth Gazey, No. 77 Ellen avenue, Toronto.

The Supreme Test of a Healing Agent

Psoriasis or Chronic Eczema Defied All Treatment Until Dr. Chase's Ointment Was Used.

After suffering with the terrible itching of Psoriasis for five years, and being told by physicians that she could not be cured, Mrs. Massey turned to Dr. Chase's Ointment and was entirely cured.

MRS. MASSEY

You will find this letter interesting, and will not wonder that the writer is enthusiastic in praising this ointment.

Mrs. Nettie Massey, Second Con., Ont., writes: "For five years I suffered with what three doctors called psoriasis. They could not help me, and one of them told me if anyone offered to guarantee a cure for $50.00 to keep my money, as I could not be cured. The disease spread all over me, even on my face and head, and the itching and burning was hard to bear. I used eight boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and I am glad to say I am entirely cured, not a sign of a sore to be seen. I can hardly praise this ointment enough."

Can you imagine a more severe test for Dr. Chase's Ointment? This should convince you that as a cure for eczema and all forms of itching skin disease Dr. Chase's Ointment stands supreme. Put it to the test. 60c a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

BORDEN DOWN TO PARTY POLITICS

His Speech Pure Campaign Work From Start To Finish.

SIR WILFRID REPLIES

Says Sir Robert Told Him That This Was To Be a War Session.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, March 16.—Yesterday Sir George E. Foster made a speech marked by high statesmanship. Today Sir Robert Borden spoke and talked party politics; there was nothing but recrimination in his speech from the opening to the close. It was pure campaign work and contained the threat of an election.

The Premier opened with bitterness. Sir Wilfrid's reference to the failure of the Canadian Government to follow the examples set by the British Government of consulting the Opposition, had evidently stung him. Premier Borden said that the Monday before the day the session opened, he had communicated to the Opposition leader the general program of the Government as far as he could foresee it, with the exception of the financial proposals, which could not be disclosed. At the conference Sir Wilfrid had promised to transmit to the Government the Opposition program. But so far, "I have not received a word from him."

Called It a War Session.

At the close of the speech Sir Wilfrid replied briefly to this, saying that the Premier had come to him and told him that this was to be a war session, and confined to war legislation, that there would be measures for further appropriations for war to indemnify the Government's action regarding Dominion notes and further war tariff changes. "I told him that we were quite satisfied with any legislation for advancing the cause of the war, and that if there was anything else to be brought up on our side of the House apart from the war, I would give him notice. Nothing else has occurred." That, Sir Wilfrid intimated, was the reason there had been no communication to the Government. "If the Premier suggests that the Opposition was consulted, as the British chancellor of the exchequer consulted the Opposition leaders in the British Houses," said Sir Wilfrid, "I can only say that he is absolutely mistaken."

Criticizes Amendment.

Almost at the opening of his speech Sir Robert declared that the Liberal amendment to the tariff resolution was a want of confidence motion, and that the proposals of the Opposition leader were merely negative, he believed, they amounted to a declaration that Canada should not take her fair share in the war. There were cries of "No" and "Shame" from the Liberals, and applause from the Government side at this statement. The Liberal leader, said Sir Robert, had attempted to arouse feeling in this country which would set class against class at a time when there should be harmony. He had charged the Government with being unfriendly to the mother country in the addition of five points duty against British goods. The answer to this charge was that in the tariff changes of 1907 the Liberal Government had amended the British preference so that it was less advantageous to the mother country than it had previously been. He censured and denied Sir Wilfrid's charge that the new taxation proposals of the Government was a free trader out of office, and a protectionist in office; that he had a free trade leg and a protectionist leg to hop on. Sir Robert repeated the argument of Sir George Foster, that under the new tariff the British manufacturer had been given increased preference because the duties had been raised only five per cent against British while they had been raised seven and a half per cent against foreign goods entering Canada. He frankly declared that the tariff increases were for the purpose of giving the manufacturers more protection, and said that unless the people wanted to see the Canadian factories closed in large numbers there had to be additional protection given at this time. Revenue had to be raised and to raise it the Government had to borrow or to tax; the more they taxed the less they would have to borrow.

Sir Robert declared that the action of the Liberal majority in the senate in killing the Government naval bill had given great satisfaction to the Germans, and quoted a Hamburg paper to that effect.

Sir Robert's Flop.

That in England the Opposition had really been consulted by the Government in regard to all legislative proposals was declared by Mr. F. B. Carvell, who followed. It was not to be wondered that the Premier was troubled as to the navy, after subscribing to a Canadian navy in 1909 and killing it in 1911, and in substitution proposing a gift of money for ships which would not have been completed until this war was ended. If the Government had exercised economy it could have paid for the Transcontinental and the Hudson Bay railways out of the surpluses which the Liberals had left to them; if they had shown reasonable economy they would not have to impose fresh taxation now. No one could doubt that the tariff changes were for the purpose of increasing protection and not for raising money. How the tariff increases would operate in regard to boots and shoes showed this. It was estimated that in Canada everyone spent about five dollars a year on boots and shoes, which made the total expenditure of the Canadian people on this account about $40,000,000. About five million dollars worth were imported, so that the Canadian manufacturer supplied about thirty-five million dollars worth a year. The seven and a half per cent increase in duty would enable the Canadian boot men to increase the price of their product so as to take two and a half million dollars more from the people, while the treasury would be receiving an additional revenue from the extra taxes on imported boots and leather of not more than $600,000.

The Liberals were willing to vote a hundred millions or a hundred and fifty millions for war with unanimity, but where the Government made war the excuse for other things there would be criticism.

GODERICH GIRL DIES IN STRATFORD HOSPITAL

[Special to The Advertiser.]

STRATFORD, March 16.—Early this morning at the General Hospital, Miss Helen E. Fridham, of Goderich, passed away. She was a popular student at the local Normal School, and as a tribute the students this morning marched with Principal Dr. Silcox to the depot, whence the remains of their late schoolmate, in charge of her father, F. J. Pridham, were conveyed to her home in Goderich. Miss Fridham was taken ill on Sunday, and was operated on for appendicitis on Monday night. Death resulted early this morning.

ASSOCIATED PRESS FREED OF BLAME

No Violation of Federal Anti-Trust Act, Says Attorney-General.

SUN COMPLAINT QUASHED

Associations Have Right To Refuse Services To Other Papers.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, March 17.—Attorney-General Gregory has written a letter addressed to James M. Beck, counsel for the Sun Association, disposing of the complaint against the Associated Press for alleged violation of the federal anti-trust act made by the New York Sun Printing and Publishing Company.

The Attorney-General's letter, dated March 12, makes known that there is no ground for action by the federal authorities against the Associated Press under the anti-trust act.

The Attorney-General's letter is the result of a petition filed on February 3, 1914, by the Sun Printing and Publishing Association, asking the Attorney-General to make an investigation and then to institute proceedings against the Associated Press.

Associations Legal.

The chief point of interest in the Attorney-General's letter is his statement as to the right of a group of newspapers to form an association under given conditions, as follows:

"Assuming that the kind of service in which the Associated Press is engaged is interstate commerce (a question not free from doubt), I am nevertheless of the opinion that it is no violation of the anti-trust act for a group of newspapers to form an association to collect and distribute news for their own benefit, and to that end to agree to furnish the news collected by them to each other, or to the association, provided that no attempt is made to prevent the members from purchasing or otherwise obtaining news from rival agencies.

Corollary True.

"If that is true, the corollary must be true, namely, that newspapers desiring to form and maintain such an organization may determine who shall be and who shall not be their associates.

"This, of course, is not to say that such an association might not develop into an unlawful monopoly. The facts adduced, however, in my opinion, do not show that that has happened in the case of the Associated Press."

ST. THOMAS WOMAN ALLEGES ASSAULT

Two Married Men Remanded On Bail On Her Charge.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

ST. THOMAS, March 16.—Two married men were arrested today on an information laid by a married woman, residing on Talbot street west, the wife of a Wabash trainman.

The complainant states that last Saturday afternoon, when leaving one of the amusement houses for home, she was followed by the accused men, whom she alleges, pursued her upstairs to her rooms and forced an entrance. In the struggle that took place, she declares, her glasses and clothes were torn, and that she was overpowered and assaulted by both men.

The men will get a hearing on Tuesday, the 23rd inst. They were let out on bail.

The case has created considerable excitement.

Suffered Intense Pain In Her Back

Could Hardly Do Her Housework.

If a pain attacks you in the back "stop and think" what it is and what causes it.

If the kidneys are at fault—and in a large majority of cases of pain in the back they are—doctor them at once, and doctor them persistently, as it is impossible to have a well, strong back unless the kidneys perform their functions properly.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure all forms of kidney trouble, and cure them to stay cured.

Mrs. H. F. Jacob, Lavant Station, Ont., writes: "I take pleasure in telling you how much good your medicine has done me. I had suffered from intense pains in my back and was so bad I could hardly do my housework. My kidneys were also bothering me a great deal. I tried several kinds of patent medicines and was almost discouraged, and was looking for some other kind of medicine to try when I noticed your advertisement of Doan's Kidney Pills, so I thought it could not hurt to try them. I noticed a great difference when I had used one box, and to my great relief when I had used three boxes I was entirely cured, and I have not been bothered since. I will not hesitate to recommend them to all I know."

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50c a box, or 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When ordering direct specify "Doan's."

THIN PEOPLE CAN INCREASE WEIGHT

Thin men and women who would like to increase their weight with ten or fifteen pounds of healthy "stay there" fat should try eating a little Sargol with their meals for a while and note results. Here is a good test worth trying. First weigh yourself and measure yourself. Then take Sargol—one tablet with every meal—for two weeks. Then weigh and measure again. It isn't a question of how you look or feel or what your friends say and think. The scales and the tape measure will tell their own story, and most any thin man or woman can easily add from five to eight pounds in the first fourteen days by following this simple direction. And best of all, the new flesh stays put.

Sargol does not of itself make fat, but, mixing with your food, it turns the fats, sugars and starches of what you have eaten into rich, ripe, fat-producing nourishment for the tissues and blood—prepares it in an easily assimilated form which the blood can readily accept. All this nourishment now passes from your body as waste. But Sargol stops the waste and does it quickly and makes the fat-producing contents of the very same meals you are eating now develop pounds and pounds of healthy flesh between your skin and bones. Sargol is safe, pleasant, efficient and inexpensive.

Leading druggists in London and vicinity sell it in large boxes—forty tablets to a package—on a guarantee of weight increase or money back. We

NEWS FROM SECOND FLOOR

Just Two More Lectures and Fittings of the Gossard Corsets

On a living model: this afternoon and tomorrow, from 3 to 5 p.m., in Restaurant—Fourth Floor.

Every lady should avail herself of the opportunity of attending these last two lectures and fitting demonstrations. They are very instructive, and it will be time well spent.

THE GOSSARD CORSETS. (They lace in front). Sold by Smallman & Ingram at $2.50, $3.00, $4.50, $6.50 and $12.50.

Today we particularly direct your attention to the departments devoted to outfitting the Babies and Little Girls. On the second floor will be found the new ideas in Children's Spring Wear for all ages from baby up to misses' sizes. Let these departments save you a lot of worry and time this spring by selecting the pretty made-up things that are here at such reasonable prices.

CHILDREN'S SPRING COATS

3 to 6-Year Sizes—All-Wool Cheviot Coats, with sailor collar, belt across the back, patch pockets, 2-color styles, navy with scarlet collar and scarlet with navy collar. Prices ..... **$4.25** and **$4.75** each

3 to 6-Year Sizes—All-Wool Serge Coats, lined throughout, sailor collar, patch pockets and cuffs trimmed with narrow Soutache braid. Prices ..... **$4.25** and **$4.50** each

3 to 6 Years—All-Wool Serge Coats, lined throughout, patch pockets, removable collar and cuffs of White Pique. Coats in navy and scarlet. Prices ..... **$4.25** and **$4.50** each

8 to 12 Years—All-Wool Navy Cheviot, shield on sleeve, belt and collar piped with scarlet. Price **$5.00**

8 to 14 Years—All-Wool Cheviot Serge, belt all round, military pockets notched collar and lapels. Scarlet and navy. Prices ..... **$5.00** and **$5.75** each

INFANTS' DEPARTMENT

Child's Play Rompers, in pink or blue cambric, also in tan, 2 and 3 years. Price, **50c**

A pretty and durable Chambray Romper in blue with white pippings; also tan with red pipings, or all white; a touch of hand embroidery on collar. Ages 2 and 3 years. Price **65c**

Boys' Sailor Romper of White Seersucker or Striped Cambric, buttons straight down the front; belt, 2 and 3 years. Price **85c**

Infants' Well-Made Creepers of Blue and White Gingham, or pink and white; collar and cuffs neatly faced with white cambric; has belt; pocket piped with white cambric; ½-year and 1-year size. Price **75c**

Boys' David Copperfield Suits, made of White Cotton Panama or Blue Drill trousers and white blouse, 2 and 3 years. Price **$1.50**

The Billy Vestee Suit, made with tiny blue and white vest, fastening at the waist with pearl buttons, for little boys 2 and 3 years. Blue and tan drill. Price **$1.50**

Attend the Demonstration Today 3 to 5 p.m. of GOSSARD CORSETS (Lace In Front)

Last chance, tomorrow, 3:00 to 5:00 p.m. Reception Hall, Fifth Floor, to hear Mrs. C. S. McMichael lecture and demonstrate Gossard Corsets on a live model.

600 of Those Bungalow Aprons We Sell at 25c and 50c Have Arrived

AT **25c** EACH.—A large circular apron, made of good quality gingham, in checks of black and white, also blue and white. Price ..... **25c** each

AT **50c** EACH.—Bungalow Aprons, made of good quality American Prints, in patterns of white with navy stripes and dots; navy with white stripes, also blue and white checks. Price ..... **50c** each

2 for **25c**—Dutch Dusting Caps to match the aprons. Price ..... **2** for **25c**

Be Here Early Tomorrow For These 600 Men's Handkerchiefs, 10c Each--- 3 For 25c, or 95c Dozen

Extra quality fine cambric, 21 inches square. Just received from a manufacturer in Belfast, Ireland.

600 Boys' Handkerchiefs 6 1-2c Each--- 4 For 25c, or 75c a Dozen

A dandy handkerchief for school, and a line that is very scarce, in a good quality. Here is your opportunity to get good Cambric Handkerchiefs, 17 inches square, at prices that will pay you to lay in a good supply.

Spring Styles in Children's and Misses' Cotton Voiles, Organdies, Ginghams, Prints and Crepe Dresses From $1.95 Up to $5.00

A range of new fashions in Swiss Embroideries, Fine Voiles and Embroidered Organdies, many trimmed with fine laces and duchess satin ribbons. Misses' and Children's sizes ....**$1.95** to **$5.00**

From 75c to $3 a Dress

A large assortment in Tub Dresses, comprising materials of Colored Crepes, Chambrays, Ginghams and American Prints. Misses' and Children's sizes **75c** to **$3.00**

MISSES' DRESSES

Misses' Dress of Serge; waist has set-in sleeves; collar and button trimmings of red satin; vest effect; girdle of self; skirt three-piece, made in navy, also black. Price **$5.50**

Misses' Dress of Serge; waist in coat style, collar of white satin; crushed girdle of satin; vest button-trimmed; skirt circular from yoke. Made in tan or fawn. Price **$13.50**

Misses' Dress of Shepherd Plaid, small check, waist in coat styles, trimmings of Copenhagen blue satin; girdle of satin; cuffs of coat and yoke finished with pipings of satin. Price **$10.00**

Misses' Serge Dress in Peter Thompson style; yoke with shield collar, and cuffs finished with braid binding; shield on sleeves; middy bow of satin, leather girdle; skirt side pleated from yoke. Made in navy, also black. Price **$10.00**

150 Pairs Boys' Fine School Knickers 98c

These are smart styles in various shades of the Greys and Browns, and lined throughout with strong cotton lining. Sizes for ages 5 to 16 years. Tomorrow **98c** pair

Boys' Navy Serge Norfolk Suits, $5.50 and $6.00 Tomorrow

Made from Fine Twill British Serge, the kind that gives satisfactory wear. Coats are of the Norfolk style and bloomer knickers. 7 to 11 years. Tomorrow, **$5.50** suit. 12 to 16 years. Tomorrow ..... **$6.00** suit

MEN! Can You Do With an Extra Pair of Trousers at $1.95

There are just 60 pairs to clear Thursday at this price, that sold regularly up to $4.00. All in fine tweeds or worsteds, in odd sizes, picked from the stock for quick clearance. Every size from 32 to 42 on sale. Thursday **$1.95** pair

Did you read yesterday's Ad. on St. Patrick's Day Specials?

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

This is "The Day of Specials" at this store as advertised yesterday.

BRITISH CASUALTIES

(Special Cable to The Advertiser.)

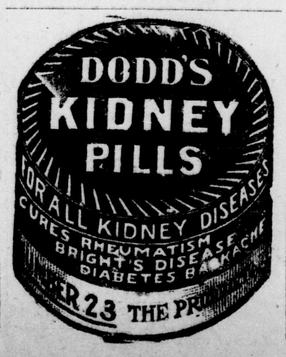
LONDON, March 16.—The following casualties to the British expeditionary force are reported under date of March 13:

Killed—Aldworth, captain, Berkshires; Alexander, lieutenant, Scots Fusiliers; Brabourne, captain; W. W. Lord and Burnand, second lieutenants, Grenadiers; Calley, lieutenant, Wiltshire; Dalez, second lieutenant, North Staffordshire Regiment; Darby, lieutenant, and Douglas Hennant, captain, Honarables G. H. Grenadiers; Gordon, lieutenant, Berkshires; Griffith, lieutenant, Fusiliers; Kirkaldy, second lieutenant, Seaforths; Moffatt, second lieutenant, Scots Fusiliers; Raynes, second lieutenant, Sussex Regiment; Ross, lieutenant, Gordon Highlanders; Row, second lieutenant, Suffolk Regiment; Saunders, lieutenant, Royal Berkshires; Taylor, lieutenant, Monmouthshires; Wood, captain, Wells Fusiliers, and Bellingham, lieutenant, R. F. A.

Wounded—Anstrather, captain; Bruce, lieutenant, Hon. Eveleigh, second lieutenant; Wick, captain, Seaforths; Bain, second lieutenant; Crawford, major; Rawson, captain; Walker, second lieutenant; Gordon L. Geldredsomervell, second lieutenant; Guthrie, second lieutenant; Mildmay, second lieutenant; Percy, second lieutenant, Grenadiers; Casill, second lieutenant; Dennis, lieutenant; Eagar, lieutenant; Fraser, captain; Harris, captain; Nugent, lieutenant; Ransom, lieutenant; Alston, lieutenant; Welsh, Fusiliers; Ashmead, Bartlett, lieutenant, Bedfordshires; Bennett, lieutenant, West Yorkshires; Bentley, second lieutenant, Yorkshires; Cattington, second lieutenant, Manchesters; Biddle Ope, second lieutenant, Shropshires Light Infantry; Danby, lieutenant, Royal Field Artillery; Ehrenborg, lieutenant, Border Regiment; Gordon, lieutenant, C. F. Northstaffordshires; Holness, second lieutenant, Manchesters; Loder, captain, Scots' Guards; Lomax, second lieutenant, Scots' Fusiliers; Lonesdale, lieutenant, King's Royal Rifles; Mair, lieutenant, Manchesters; Maddison, captain, Yorkshires; Minshullford, captain, Welsh Fusiliers; Omorchoe, lieutenant, Leinster Regiment; Ormsby, lieutenant, Army Medical Corps; Owen, second lieutenant, Border Regiment; Oxley, second lieutenant, Northstaffordshire Regiment; Paton, lieutenant, Duke of Wellington Regiment; Prothero, second lieutenant, Argyle Sutherland Highlanders; Rodwell, captain, F. J. Suffolk Regiment; Sampson, second lieutenant, Border Regiment; Seymour, second lieutenant, Scots' Guards; Staveley, second lieutenant, Royal Field Artillery; Thornton, second lieutenant, Wiltshire Regiment; Turner, lieutenant, H. K. Suffolk Regiment; T. F. Walsh, second lieutenant, A. C. M. Royal Horse Artillery; White, captain, C. R. Yorkshires; Hutchinson, second lieutenant, King's Own Yorks Light Infantry; James, second lieutenant, Manchesters.

SETTLEMENT EXPECTED.

Seattle, Wash., March 17.—Negotiations begun yesterday between representatives of the 'Longshoremen's Union and waterfront employers are expected to result today in an amicable settlement of the 'longshoremen's strike, which now includes coastwise, overseas and Alaska shipping at Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., and Seattle and Tacoma.



Just One Application and the Hairs Vanish

(Toilet Talks.)

Any woman can keep her skin free from unsightly hair or fuzz if she will follow these simple instructions: When hairy growths appear, apply a simple paste, made by mixing some water with powdered delatone. Apply this to hairy surface and after 2 or 3 minutes rub off, wash the skin and the hairs are gone. This is a harmless treatment, but be sure you get the real delatone.—advt.