

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, Sept. 26, 1896, says: "If I were asked which single medicine I should prefer to have stored with me, I should prefer to have Chlorodyne."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera.

CAUTION.—Genuine Chlorodyne is a clear, colorless liquid, and is not to be confused with any of the numerous cheap imitations.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold in bottles by all chemists, druggists, and grocers.

J. T. DAVENPORT, Limited LONDON. Wholesale Agents: Messrs. J. & C. G. & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

OUR INDUCEMENT

Bright, airy, well warmed, thoroughly ventilated rooms. Teachers of skill and experience. The best course of study we and the most experienced teachers and business men in America can devise.

The reputation acquired by forty (40) years successful work. Success in placing our graduates in the best situations. Catalogue free to any address.

S. KERR & SON, Oddfellows' Hall.

A SPLENDID SHOWING

that SHOULD INTEREST those who are thinking of attending a Commercial School. The number of new students who enrolled at the

Fredericton Business College

during the months of January and February of this year, was MORE THAN DOUBLE than for the same months of last year.

W. J. OSBORNE, Fredericton, N. B.

Pratt's Astral... White Rose and Ches... High Grade... and "Archlight"

DEER ISLAND MAN SEVERELY INJURED

DEER ISLAND, N. B., May 11.—While sawing timber at the new pulp mill, Henry E. Kay, one of the workmen, cut his foot severely.

Miss Della Haney of the Lubec Herald staff, has been visiting her home here the last week, and will return to Lubec today.

The general opinion here is that the Freeman Union will be broken, either before many weeks pass, and the Maine packers are feeling jubilant over the situation.

DEFAULTING BANK CLERK TAKEN HOME

WINNIPEG, May 13.—Henry Douglas Anderson, a defaulting clerk of the Bank of England, who stole \$5,180 from the Manchester Bank and was arrested at Dominion City after a prolonged pursuit by detectives, left for England today in charge of Detective Smith.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Dr. J. C. Wood.

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Very small and easy to take on trips.

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BRUISES, FOR COLIC, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SLOW BOWEL, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Get Dr. Hamilton's Pills today. Sold by all dealers; 25c per box or five boxes for \$1.00.

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COURT HOUSE AND INSTITUTION OF JAIL A DISGRACE

Chief Justice Speaks Strongly at Burton. Impressive Sermon by Co-adjutor Bishop at Trinity

Lieut. Governor Gives Silver Medals for High School Entrance Examinations at Fredericton

Rev. Mr. Armstrong Cordially Welcomed Informal Reception Given by Warden and Vestry

(Wednesday's Sun.) The institution of Rev. P. A. Armstrong as rector of Trinity Church took place last evening, the service being attended by a large congregation.

The ceremony was performed by Co-adjutor Bishop Richardson, who also preached the sermon. Practically all the clergy of the diocese of St. John were present.

In accordance with the form of instrument of institution and the constitution of ministers to their cures, Bishop Richardson after announcing the purpose for which the congregation had assembled, took his seat in the episcopal chair at the steps of the chancel.

The new incumbent knelt before him while the Bishop read the prayer of institution and gave his blessing. The new rector was then presented with the Bible and Book of Common Prayer by the coadjutor.

The induction into the temporalities next took place. The rector rose from his kneeling position and walked down the main aisle to his seat. There he was met by Richardsons, P. A. Clarke and James H. McAvity, the senior vestryman.

Warden Clarke read the mandate of induction to the rector, and Mr. McAvity handed to him the keys of the church.

Mr. Armstrong then went to the church porch in which hung the bell cord and rang the customary three strokes on the bell.

The remainder of the service consisted of the services of the day and the sermon by the bishop coadjutor.

Co-adjutor Bishop's Sermon His lordship preached from I. Corinthians, 4:1, "Let a man so account of us as of the ministers of Christ, and stewards of the mysteries of God."

The sermon began with a reference to the ancient idea of the likeness between stewardship and Christian ministry. Speaking of the occasion for the congregation was present.

Bishop Richardson referred to the rector as a man who had been called to the ministry, and who should exist between minister and church.

Passing on to the functions of a minister, the preacher mentioned the minister's duty to the church and to the world. That was plainly taught by the Scriptures. Again an important function was the living up to the ideal.

Every man lived up to his belief, and it was necessary for a minister to live up to the creed that he professed.

Touching on the duties of a minister as a preacher his lordship said that the teaching in the Church of England at the present time was to minimize the importance of the sermon. "People go to church to worship not to hear."

In fact, said the bishop, one of the greatest dangers and weaknesses of the Church of England was the desire to lessen and the actual lessening of the importance of the sermon and the office of the preacher.

The Aaronic functions of the priesthood had been found in number—service, sacrifice, intercession, benediction. The same functions still existed. A minister should always remember that duty was to serve his people to the best of his ability.

He should be both cleric and layman but was peculiarly applicable to the preacher. The function of intercession took the form of prayer which should be continually employed.

Benediction or blessing was the last of the four functions. It was something more than the application of earnest prayer as the church gave to her servants a peculiar power in that of benediction.

In conclusion Bishop Richardson commended Mr. Armstrong, the new rector, to the congregation of Trinity with these words: "You must trust him, and respect him very highly on account of his office. I commend him to your sympathy who has been tonight instituted as rector of the parish of St. John."

Informal Reception At the close of the service of institution an informal reception in honor of the new rector was held in the school room of the church by the warden and the vestry.

The reception was largely attended by the clergy and layly. About all the city clergy were present, as well as Rev. Mr. Trampour of Rothesay and Rev. H. E. Gillies of Cambridge.

Rev. Dr. W. O. Raymond cordially welcomed the new rector to St. John and assured him of the support of all the clergy in the diocese of St. John.

Bishop Richardson spoke briefly. He felt sure that the new rector would have that cordial support of the congregation that had always been accorded him.

Mr. Armstrong replied. In a few well-chosen words he thanked those present for their kindness.

CONDUCTORS THINK SENTENCE TOO HEAVY

TORONTO, May 14.—The Order of Railway Conductors may appeal against the sentence passed on Conductor Joseph Thompson at Guelph Saturday of three years' penitentiary for neglect in allowing a collision in which three lives were lost.

The conductors here think the sentence too severe.

R. L. BORDEN AT COBALT

TORONTO, Ont., May 14.—R. L. Borden, Conservative leader, has been visiting the Cobalt mining camp. He left for Montreal today.

Now England annually imports and consumes two hundred million bushels of wheat.

Analysis of the soil of the Canadian west showed that it was from four to five times as rich in the constituents necessary for the growth of wheat as the soil of many European countries.

Canadian farmers were generally well informed and more generally progressive than those of the rest of the world and while the area under cultivation was relatively small it could be stated with confidence that Canada would soon be one of the great wheat exporting countries of the world.

LAURIER'S SCHEME ENDORSED BY CONFERENCE; BRODEUR ON MARINE IMPROVEMENTS

Imperial Conference—An Historic Group Taken at Colonial Office on April 22nd

READING FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: Back row—Sir William Hamilton, Mr. Holderness, Sir William Lyne, Mr. W. A. Robinson.

Middle row—Viscount Churchill, Sir Francis Hopwood, General Botha, Sir J. Mackay, G. W. Johnson, H. W. Just, Hon. L. F. Brodeur, Sir Robert Bond.

Front row—Mr. Asquith, Sir Joseph Ward, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Lord Elgin, Mr. Deakin, Mr. Moor, Mr. Lloyd-George.

LONDON, May 14.—Five million dollars per annum for ten years is the total subsidies from British, Canadian, New Zealand and Australian governments for the scheme of empire fast services on the Atlantic and Pacific which Sir Wilfrid Laurier placed before the imperial conference today.

Of this total two and one-quarter million dollars is said to be allotted to the Atlantic route.

The British ministers especially Lloyd-George, express themselves most sympathetic towards the general end in view and ask time for consideration of details. They attach the greatest importance as Sir Wilfrid does to the fact that Lord Strathcona and Mr. Brodeur were among the guests.

The Canadian Associated Press understands that the question of subsidies was discussed at this morning's sitting of the conference. The subject was introduced by Laurier. Lloyd-George spoke also.

The principle of the subsidies was agreed to with a provision that a committee be appointed to go into the question of cost. Asked in the house of commons whether he would bring before the imperial conference the objectionableness of payment of percentages to emigration agents in Ireland, Campbell-Bannerman replied that the time did not permit of a return to the question of emigration, which has been already fully discussed.

He also stated that he did not intend to ask the views of the premiers on the question of home rule for Ireland.

Whiteley Reid gave a dinner to the colonial premiers. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Frederick Borden and Hon. L. F. Brodeur were among the guests.

The Canadian Associated Press also says that in the presence of a large and representative gathering Hon. Mr. Brodeur addressed a committee at Lloyd's today. Lord Strathcona was present. Brodeur compared insurance

rates of today with those of 1900 as affecting the St. Lawrence route. He pointed out that the annual expenditure for construction in 1906 was about \$30,000, while in 1906 it had reached \$1,200,000.

He dealt most comprehensively with the improvements which were being made to further insure the safety of navigation, such as the perfection of the buoy service and the lighting of the channel. He drew full upon the amount of dredging which has been done every year and providing a thirty-foot channel from Montreal to the sea at high tide.

He explained fully the extensive works which were being carried on by the government towards perfecting the St. Lawrence route by light houses, gas buoys, fog alarm stations, wireless telegraphy, telephones and signal service wrecking plants and submarine signals and referred to the regular inspection and sweeping of the channel annually. He explained that the pilotage system was under government control and referred to the improvements of lighting and buoyage and a vote of thanks was heartily given him. Lord Strathcona also said a few words in support of the St. Lawrence route.

of the chief classifications of the Yorkshire of the present day, are its docility, its early maturing, its excellent crossing qualities. They are said to be earlier maturing, reaching with good care, a marketable condition weighing from 180 to 220 lbs. at from 6 to 7 months old.

The Tamworth which is also described as belonging to the large breeds, is traced from 1815 when it is said to have been introduced into England from Ireland by Sir Robert Peel. The author of the bulletin claims that this breed is purer than any of the others inasmuch as its improvement has been entirely by selection of animals within the breed itself. It is stated to have received little attention outside of the counties of Leicestershire, Staffordshire and North Hampshire until about 1870, when the bacon curers of England commenced a campaign against the then fashionable short fat and heavy shouldered pig, which they found quite unsuitable for bacon production. The Tamworth then came into prominence as an improver of some of the other English breeds. It seems to have maintained from the first its disposition to put on lean meat during its growth.

The Berkshire is stated to have assumed a fairly uniform and desirable type about the year 1835. It was at that time a fine appearing animal, very hardy, of good size and length without coarseness. Unfortunately owing to a fashion which prevailed some years afterwards, the Berkshire was developed on into a thick, short animal with heavy jaw, thick neck and fat back. Later this style of hog became unpopular and the attention was again given to developing great

er length, symmetry and fleshiness. A new found the Berkshire with desirable qualifications as a packer's animal.

The history of the Chester-White is extremely interesting. It is said to trace back to a pair of white hogs imported into Chester County, Pa., from England in 1816. This importation made a marked change in the swine of the district with the result that the Chester-White rapidly grew in favor. In its early years it was a fairly lengthy type of hog but for many years past it has been classed as a corn belt hog and a valuable service is afforded in the selection and management of the animal looked upon with favor by the packers and to some extent they have been successful.

The Poland-China and Duroc-Jersey have during the past ten years grown less and less popular in Canada, according to the author of the bulletin. In 1905 only eight members of the Dominion Swine Breeders' Association bred Poland-Chinas, and three bred Duroc-Jerseys.

With the description of each breed is published a scale of points by which, with the illustrations of typical animals, a valuable service is afforded in teaching the correct ideals to be looked for in selecting breeding animals.

The author of the bulletin is Mr. J. E. Spencer, B. S. A., who has in this Spencer presented a systematic study of work presented a systematic study of swine that should be highly appreciated not only by students of animal husbandry but by swine raisers in all parts of Canada. Copies of the bulletin are obtainable by applying to the Live Stock Commissioner at Ottawa.

In the common jail of Kings county at Kentville, N. S., an commitment under a conviction for an offense under the Canada temperance act, by E. M. Beckwith, as stipendiary magistrate for the county. It is contended that the committing magistrate, at the time of the trial and conviction, had no jurisdiction to try and convict the prisoner and that the office in which he assumed to act had been abolished by implication by a provincial statute and other officers appointed in newly created territorial divisions who had superseded him in office and authority, each in their respective municipalities.

J. J. Power and J. A. Ritchie appeared in support of the application. Ritchie, K. C. contra. Judgment reserved.

KENTVILLE CASE BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT

NEW YORK, N. Y., May 14.—Japan has looked earnestly for an alliance in support of the application. In substance we have always regarded this country as a real ally. We are desirous of having such an alliance if it could be arranged.

DEER ISLAND, N. B., May 14.—An unusual spectacle was witnessed here in the heavy snow storm of Saturday, when the swallows could be seen fitting here and there through the snowflakes, seemingly enjoying the situation.

Ice froze here Sunday morning to the thickness of half an inch.

The employees of the Macdonald Packing Co. at Lewis Cove shelled one day, breaking the record heretofore held by the employees of the Fairhaven factory.

Whatson Johnson leaves here today for Montreal, where he has secured a position.

Howard Butler is building a new residence at Fairhaven.

Herbert Johnson has accepted the position of cook on the steamer Viking. W. G. Haney, who has been spending the winter in New York, returned to his home here recently.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Wood.

SPLENDID BUFFALO HERD FOR ALBERTA

Shipped from Montana on a Fast Special Train

Chicago "Epicures" Paid a Dollar a Pound for Meat Killed from Herd

and \$1,000 to Shoot One

(Calgary Herald.) The American citizens who come over with their families to the Northwest to live in the Canadian west are interested in the consideration that the government is going to a great deal of trouble to make the enforced migration of the Flathead buffalo herd as comfortable for the old timers as possible.

They are to be brought on a special train and passenger time will be made from the starting point until they reach their new home in Alberta. The shipment takes place about the middle of this month.

Park Superintendent Douglas will give the bison the official welcome. Live Stock Agent McMullen of the C. P. R., will give them a personally conducted tour over the company's lines. Dr. Warnock of Pincher Creek will attend to any cases of indisposition which may be found among the herd and incidentally inspect the bloom at the boundary.

The animals are to be loaded at Ravalli, Montana, which is on the Northern Pacific. They are to be taken to Helena, Great Falls, Lethbridge, Macleod, Calgary, and on through to Strathcona, without any stops. There may be some difficulty in getting the buffalo to start on their trip, for they are not accustomed to the up-to-date methods of travel. No doubt in the old days when some of the grand old granddads of the herd wanted to go up to Alberta they just started out and hiked. Nowadays things have changed for all old timers. Whether the bison will appreciate the ease which will be taken of them is hard to say. But there are a lot of good "buffalo punchers" down in the Flathead and they will very likely get them started all right.

It is 741 miles from Ravalli to Strathcona and Mr. McMullen says the train can be brought through in about 48 hours, which is going some. The old bill will be penned up in the cars so that there will be no family squabbles to mar the enjoyment of the journey. The other stock will be loaded like ordinary cattle shipments, loose in the cars.

Mr. McMullen, who is going down to look after the loading and transportation of the herd, knows this particular business very well. He was sold first about fifteen years ago and several times since. He says they are without doubt the best buffalo herd in the world. They are nearly all pure bred, never having been crossed with domestic stock.

He says the former owners of the herd took an old buffalo bull down to Chicago and the meat was sold for a dollar a pound. The animal was a patriarch and his flesh was anything but palatable, but some of the top notchers in the windy city had heard of the whole thing to eat buffalo meat and paid the high price for it.

Parties of New Yorkers made trips out to Montana and paid the owners a thousand dollars to drive a buffalo out on to the prairie, where they played "buffalo hunter" and potted the animal, taking the head and skin as evidence of their prowess.

Mr. McMullen considers it very remarkable that the former owners should have allowed the Dominion authorities to obtain possession of the herd.

BANGOR MAN DIES IN MONCTON HOSPITAL

MONCTON, May 14.—Doctor Putnam, who was brought to the city hospital from Dorchester a few days ago, suffered from heart disease, died today. He was fifty-six years of age, and belonged to Bangor, Me., being very little known in this vicinity.

At the annual meeting of the Strathcona Coal Co., held here today, the financial statement was discussed with a view of more economical production of coal and the directors were instructed to set up a compressed air plant and cutting machinery as soon as possible. F. A. McCully was elected president.

An important meeting has been held to convene at Dorchester on Thursday. The four local representatives, Hon. F. J. Sweeney, Hon. C. W. Robinson, A. B. Copp and C. M. Legere, have invited the sixteen road superintendents of Westmorland to meet them in conference for an exchange of views on road-making and a discussion of the situation generally, in the hope of an improvement in the enforcement of the road act.

TOO MANY DRUGS SAYS DR. OSLER

PHILADELPHIA, May 14.—In an address before the Pathological Society Dr. William Osler decried the use of so many drugs by practitioners and said that in this enlightened age it would be as foolish for a doctor to pretend that he could cure all diseases.

"If you cannot cure a man tell him so," he continued, and reminded the physician of the teacher and not the slave of a patient. We work by wit and not by witchcraft. There are diseases that as yet we have found no remedy for, and we might as well confess it.

"There is too much drugging, and while my theory has been dubbed a shall stick to it that there are only a few great drugs worth handling, and I am not going to name either."

In closing Dr. Osler advocated that courses in practical medicine which should give more practical training in it and less lecture room work.

HE PREACHED ON CHRIST IN POLITICS

Dr. Kierstead Sees Little Difference Between the Two Parties—Breach May Be Healed

WOODSTOCK, N. B., May 13.—Rev. Dr. Wilfrid C. Kierstead, pastor of the United Baptist Church, preached a Sunday morning on the topic "Christ in Politics." The sermon is one in a course which has been listened to by large congregations. The speaker scored the present day system of running corrupt elections, and said there is little fundamental difference between the two great parties in Canada. He thought there was room for a new party to spring up with a great moral issue as its chief plank.

Christian men, said he, should withhold their contributions from both the Reform and Conservative parties. There ought to be a league of sober, God-fearing men in every constituency to see that all corrupt influences are eliminated.

Some twenty years ago at the annual conference of the Free Baptist Church, there was a Free Baptist on the question of holding a split in the ranks of the ministers did not accept the new faith which believed in entire sanctification, as it is called, and the result was that about a dozen ministers were expelled from the church. These formed the nucleus of the Reformed Baptist body, a denomination in which now has a large membership in many parts of the province, particularly in this county. Recently there have been signs of a desire on the part of all hands to heal the breach caused by the seceding of the Free Baptists. There is now a lively interest being taken in a project pointing in the direction of union. At the annual meeting of the Reformed Alliance to be held at Brown's Falls, there will be some definite action taken, at least that is the opinion freely expressed here by prominent men in the denomination.

ENJOYED SNOW STORM

DEER ISLAND, N. B., May 14.—An unusual spectacle was witnessed here in the heavy snow storm of Saturday, when the swallows could be seen fitting here and there through the snowflakes, seemingly enjoying the situation.

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