

took place at London, but they did not accomplish what they wanted to. In 1933, the Conference again assembled at Ottawa, and it was urged that Canada should have a protected market, and we got this point.

Great Britain imports 76% of all the food products exported from all the countries of the world. What better market could we have than the market of the British Empire? So that when this market was entered into, we were getting a safe market for five years.

The New Zealand Trade agreement for butter terminated. We could not compete with them as regards butter, owing to the difference in climate and resulting care of stock. They let their stock run twelve months of the year, whereas we cannot.

Before the year 1932, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, up Princess Street of Kingston large trucks from Ogdensburg would come and sell their produce to merchants that you could not compete with. We could not export our produce because of the tariff against us and was so heavy we could not get into the ~~Mar~~ American market.

(Quotes Hansard April 9th, 1929) relative to provoking United States)

I say to you- why should Mr. King care whether he provoked the United States. He was Prime Minister of Canada and should protect us. I would like him to explain to this audience why he did this. Were his first and uppermost trust not in the people of this country, or where they not to provoke the people of the United States?

You have only to read the Press, what do you find?

Yet you find Mr. Campbell, in one of his recent meetings say that if he is elected, he is in favor of free trade. Mr. Campbell stands for free trade, yet the American farmers are killing off their stock so as not to have to feed them.

Great Britain came over here and her eyes were opened. As a result of this we got trade. Just let me say this, Some few months ago, the Canadian Dollar was worth 85 cents,- what is it worth today - \$1.02. It was down when Mr. Mackenzie