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SIXTH YEAR — SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 11, 1886.—EIGHT PAGES. — PRICE ONE CENT

A PRINCE'S POPULARITY.

ALEXANDER'S ENTHUSIASTICALLY GREETED AT VIENNA.

Austria Sends a Diplomatic Letter to the Czar—The Prince Invited to Visit the Queen at Balmoral—More of Russia's Intrigues—England's Finger in the Pie.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 10.—The Journal de St. Petersburg says Alexander's proclamation of departure contains mention of alleged Russian assurances given to him. For reasons useless to discuss Russia could not make an engagement with Prince Alexander. In view, however, of the party struggle in Bulgaria and the agitation of the public mind which the proclamation has caused, Russian agents in Bulgaria have been instructed to inform the Bulgarian people that Russia is disposed to exert her influence to establish party concord and restore quiet. Russia will not withhold her support from any legally constituted provisional government, guided by non-partisan interests and conducted for the general welfare. Russia is willing to apply herself to the task of removing dissension, from the painful consequences of which Bulgaria has already suffered too much. Russia hopes that the Bulgarian nation and her representatives will be able to appreciate this counsel and act accordingly.

Loyalty of the Bulgarian Army.

VIENNA, Sept. 10.—The Neue Freie Presse publishes a despatch from Sofia stating that the officers of the Bulgarian army stationed there met yesterday and adopted resolutions pledging themselves in fervent loyalty to Prince Alexander and expressing themselves as confident that he would return to Bulgaria. The major and two captains of the Pladiff regiment supported by the soldiers of the regiment had joined in a plot to prevent Prince Alexander from leaving Bulgaria. The leaders in the conspiracy were placed under arrest, but were released after his departure.

The Fremdenblatt says: "Those newspapers which speak of incorporating Russia and Bulgaria reflect only Russia pan-Slavist aspirations. The insinuation that Austria would participate in any of the intrigues connected with the Bulgarian question, especially with that having for its object the re-opening of question of annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina are wholly baseless."

The Prince's Popularity.

VIENNA, Sept. 10.—Crowds of people gave Prince Alexander an ovation here on his arrival and departure.

Prince Alexander's triumphal progress is almost without a parallel. At every village in Bulgaria through which he passed peasants were awaiting his coming, and he was everywhere greeted with enthusiasm. Similar scenes occurred on the Roumanian shore and in Austria.

After the Prince had departed from Pesth a hostile demonstration was made before the Russian consulate and the police had to be summoned to disperse the crowd. At Presburg and other large places, large crowds were assembled to do honor to the Prince.

England's Attitude.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 10.—Viedmosti says Russia has still to deal with English intrigues and Battenbergism in Bulgaria.

The Novoe Vremya says: "Of all the signers of the Berlin treaty, England alone appears inclined to oppose Russia's Bulgarian policy. Russia must know whether England's intention is serious in order to prepare herself to take measures accordingly, as Russia will not be brought to a standstill by England's veto."

Russian Intrigues.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—A Berlin correspondent of the Times says the opinion gains ground that the Czar's action is due more to a personal than a political motive; and that he only wanted to avenge himself on Alexander.

There are no signs that Austria intends to oppose the further extension of Russian influence in Bulgaria. This decision is said to be due to the Hungarian agitation in favor of resisting Russia.

Prince Alexander, in a interview yesterday, said he would have to remain quiet for three months. He would simply keep his lips closed and await the course of events. Germany, Austria and Russia, he said, had forbidden him to execute the plotters against him, thus depriving him of the very essence of power, and abdication was the only honorable mode of escape from such a position.

The military authorities have ordered the release of all who were arrested for taking part in the revolution.

The opposition in the Sobranje intend to protest against the regency on the ground that it was illegally appointed.

Russia has offered to guarantee a Bulgarian loan of 10,000,000 roubles.

At Home With His Father.

DARMSTADT, Sept. 10.—Prince Alexander has arrived here. He was received by the secretary of the English legation and the burgomaster, and at once proceeded to Jugenheim, his father's residence.

Austria Remonstrates.

BERLIN, Sept. 10.—The Tageblatt says the Austrian Government has sent a diplomatic note to St. Petersburg remonstrating against the sending of any Russian official to Bulgaria.

It is reported that Prince Henry of Battenberg, who is on his way to Darmstadt, brings with him a letter from Queen Victoria, inviting Prince Alexander to visit Balmoral.

England Struck by Russia.

From the St. James Gazette.

It is no use pretending that events as they now seem to be shaping themselves are not unfavorable to this country. The correct tone to assume seems to be that it is all Germany's business and Austria's, and that, of course, if those powers are satisfied, we need not mind. No amount of this sort of talk will conceal the fact that the defeat of Prince Alexander is ostentatiously asserted in Russia, and believed elsewhere to be the defeat of England. He slighted the Czar and took counsel with Lords Salisbury and Roseberry, and for this he is brought to the dust. Our ally is humbled and our implacable enemy is exalted: and we are to accept it all placidly as being a thing of no particular moment to ourselves! It is just as well to clear our minds of cant and confusion, and to acknowledge that Russia has succeeded in striking a trenchant blow at this country.

CABLE NOTES.

Marquis Tseng states that the Russia-Chinese difficulty has vanished.

By an explosion in a colliery near Bristol yesterday seven persons were killed and ten injured.

Prince Henry of Battenburg has gone to Darmstadt to escort Prince Alexander to Balmoral Castle.

The report that the island of Cuba had disappeared is without foundation. Telegraphic communication with Havana is uninterrupted.

Affairs in Madagascar are not satisfactory so far as French interests are concerned. The Government is sending reinforcements to Tamatave.

The statement that the troops at Birr Barracks in King's County, Ireland, mutinied against performing any more eviction duty is pronounced untrue.

At Butte, Mont., John Hobbar attempted to jump across a mine shaft. His head struck a cross bar and he fell to the bottom of the shaft, 81 feet, and was terribly mangled.

Lord Hartington and Mr. Chamberlain will address meetings during the recess of Parliament in opposition to Home Rule for Ireland. Mr. Chamberlain will probably visit Belfast.

The Univers of Paris publishes a telegram from the Bishop of Tonquin saying that 700 Christians have been massacred and forty villages burned in the Province of Wahca and that 9000 Christians are perishing of hunger.

The Emperor William, the Empress and Crown Prince arrived at Strasburg yesterday. They were received by the King of Saxony and the Grand Duke of Baden. The streets were decorated and lined with troops and cheering crowds.

It is reported that the Porte refuses to receive Sir William White as locum tenens of Sir Edward Thornton, British ambassador to Turkey. This action is attributed to Russian influence, Sir William White being decidedly anti-Russian.

TO-DAY'S DEMONSTRATION.

Places of Organization and Line of March of the Labor Procession.

Old Probs predicts that the weather to-day will be fair, and on account of the big labor demonstration it is earnestly hoped that his prediction will be realized. The arrangements for the procession were completed last night. Its route to Exhibition Park will be Yonge, King, Simcoe, Queen and Strachan-avenue, the starting point being at Yonge and Wellesley streets. The different bodies will organize as follows:

Trades and labor council and district assembly K. of L.; ladies' assembly K. of L., and visiting labor organizations on Wellesley-street.

Lathers', plasterers' and plasterers' laborers' unions on Breadalbane-street.

Amalgamated society of carpenters and joiners, American brotherhood of carpenters, and assemblies of K. of L., Nos. 6429 and 8235 on Maitland-street.

Bricklayers' union and stonemasons' union on Grosvenor-street.

Builders' laborers' union and K. of L. assemblies Nos. 3499 and 6025 on Alexander-street.

Stonecutters' union, K. of L. assemblies 3087, 6953, 2622 and 3491 on Grenville-street.

K. of L. assemblies 2211, 6256, 5527, 5762 and 5845 on Wood-street.

K. of L. assemblies 5254, 5630, 6728 and amalgamated society of engineers and machinists on Yonge-street avenue.

Typographical union, bookbinders' assembly and K. of L. assemblies 6553, 6561, on Carlton-street.

K. of L. assembly 2305 and iron moulders' union on Buchanan-street.

K. of L. assemblies 4614, 7661, 5493 and cigarmakers' union on Anne-street.

K. of L. assemblies 3490, 2782 and 7210 on Hayter-street.

K. of L. assemblies 3684, 3181, 5882, 6420, and 4238; on Gerrard-street east.

K. of L. assemblies 4999, 5742, and West End Mercantile association, on Gerrard-street west.

Unorganized labor arranged according to order of grand marshal on Elm-street.

What with 8000 men, bands, banners, emblems and regalia it will be a great turnout.

A MYSTERIOUS CORPSE.

Body-snatchers Believed to Have Been at Work in Hamilton.

HAMILTON, Sept. 10.—Early this morning some men in a boat on the bay saw three men and a woman in a boat rowing around in a suspicious manner. One of them said the woman looked as though she might be dead. The strange men seemed to be rowing from the cemetery at Rock Bay, and disappeared up the Desjardines canal toward the Dundas marsh. At noon Mrs. Pauline, an aged woman, went down to the marsh near the canal to fish, and says she there saw the body of a young woman floating in the water. She was so unnerved that she immediately returned home and did not recover for some time, when she notified the city police. A search party has been at work all afternoon and evening looking for the body, but without success. Search will be resumed to-morrow.

Berlin wool 7c. per oz., Zephyr 8c. per oz. Fingering 8c. per oz.—Needlework Fancy Dry Goods and Millinery at half prices, cash under at 113 King-st. West. Jas. C. Farley, dealer in bankrupt stocks.

THE LATEST SEIZURE.

Particulars of the Capture of the Schooner Pearl Nelson at Arichat, C.B.

HALIFAX, Sept. 10.—An Arichat despatch to-night gives details of the seizure of the American schooner Pearl Nelson. She arrived from Grand Banks on Tuesday night, and Captain Kemp permitted eleven of his crew, belonging near Arichat, to land about midnight and visit their families. A customs officer learned this fact and visited the vessel early in the morning, but Captain Kemp had then gone ashore to report. The skipper admitted that the crew had landed during the night with his knowledge and the vessel was thereupon detained but subsequently released on depositing $200, half the usual fine.

AN IMPORTANT RAILWAY DEAL.

Reorganization of the Western Freight Association.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—The western railway general managers, after a three days' session, succeeded to-day in reaching a basis of compromise and reorganizing the Western Freight Association. The pool will go into effect September 15. This completes one of the most important and far-reaching railway deals on record.

A Young Widow's Desperate Suicide.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—Mrs. Frank Comfex, a widow 25 years old, made a desperate and perhaps successful attempt this afternoon to end the lives of her two children and herself by corrosive sublimate. When found the woman was conscious but resisted any attempt to save her life and soon died. The little ones are still alive.

Clean houses, offices, stores, etc., are greatly to be desired by all Christians, and the supervisors of above places would show their tact and clearsightedness by obtaining at once the new tar based steel wire door mat. Office and manufactory, 6 Wellington-street west. 138

Decision Against a Canadian Propeller.

BUFFALO, Sept. 10.—In the case of the Canadian propeller California, which transported passengers from Cleveland, O., to Windsor, Ont. where the voyage was temporarily broken but resumed on the same vessel and the passengers were carried to Chicago, Acting Attorney-General Jenks holds that the vessel having made substantially a continuous voyage from Cleveland to Chicago is therefore subject to the penalty of $2 for each passengers transported under the law forbidding, under such penalty, the transportation of passengers in foreign vessels between American ports. Thus is settled an important point which was recently referred by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Attorney-General.

Fatal Quarrel in a Restaurant.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—Morris, cook and Foster, waiter in a Madison-street restaurant, quarrelled over an order. The cook plunged a carving knife into the waiter's abdomen, inflicting a mortal wound. The waiter picked up a knife and slashed Morris, who was probably fatally hurt.

True Bill Against the "Clerk."

MONTREAL, Sept. 10.—Complaints having been made in the newspapers that a gambling machine was in operation in the establishment of Mr. Corderly, broker, known as the "Commercial Grain and Stock Exchange of Chicago," an information was laid before the Police Magistrate. The Grand Jury found a true bill against Cordingly on the charge of keeping a gambling house and he was arraigned in the Court of Queen's Bench yesterday. The trial will take place next week.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

Geronimo is to be tried by court martial, and it is expected will be sentenced to death.

All the stove foundries in Philadelphia are idle, the men being on strike.

Hoffman & Co., fancy dry goods importers of San Francisco, assigned yesterday: liabilities $500,000.

Edwin Potts' residence at Watertown, N.Y., was struck by lightning last night, and Edwin Potts, jr., killed.

The alleged sea serpent seen in the Hudson River proves to have been a log about thirty feet long from the burnt steamer Daniel Drew.

Capt. Scammon, of the steamer Mary D. Hume, reports at San Francisco that sixteen miles northwest of Point Reys on Wednesday there were nine distinct shocks of earthquake felt.

The coal conference at Philadelphia between representatives of the Pennsylvania, Lehigh Navigation and Reading Companies yesterday afternoon, adjourned for a week without taking any action.

The clothing cutters in thirty New York shops went out on strike again yesterday. They claim that the bosses compel them to work more hours per day than the rules of the union allow.

Messrs. Warner and Dakin, bicyclists taking part in the annual tour of the League of American Wheelmen from Buffalo to Harper's Ferry, took headers on a steep hill leading to Ithaca, N. Y., and were probably fatally injured.

Jas. C. Farley of 113 King-st. West is clearing three bankrupt stocks. Ladies, call early and get first chance. One stock just being opened out. Bargains tremendous and striking. Chas. Kelley's old stand.

10,000 HAPPY CHILDREN.

THE LITTLE ONES' FETE DAY AT THE INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

Wellesley School Carries Off the Prize in the Drilling Exercises—Three Flat Races in the Horse Ring—The Trades Unions' Day—Exhibition Echoes.

It would be hard to imagine a more inspiring sight than was presented the whole of yesterday at Exhibition Park. Fully 10,000 children from the public schools and the juvenile charitable institutions of the city romped and played all over the beautiful grounds until they tired themselves out. The girls for the most part were dressed in white and the boys disported themselves in airy summer raiment, which they found to be very comfortable and seasonable, the weather throughout the day being warm. The heat however was pleasantly tempered with cooling breezes off Old Lake Ontario.

The directors of the Exhibition did a wise thing when they set apart a day specially for the school children, with admission at the nominal sum of 5 cents. One director said to The World that he was better pleased with the merry-making of the little ones than if they were adults twice over the number who tipped in their 25 cents each at the turnstiles. The World hopes the director was sincere in his remarks and that the board as a whole shares the same opinion. The children began to arrive as soon as the gates were opened, and they continued to pour in until the grounds were completely in their possession. The older visitors calmly and contentedly took back seats and acknowledged that the little ones were masters of the situation. In the afternoon the Grand Stands were packed with the parents and friends of the juvenile visitors, and they watched with unabated interest the competitive drill exercises of the larger boys from Wellesley and Ryerson schools for prizes. The former school mustered 45 strong under their captain, Master John Palen, and the latter 46 in command of Master Edgerton Shore. The exercises were conducted by Drill Instructor Thompson, the judges being Capt. and Adjt. Delamere, Q.O.R., Capt. Tom Brown, Q.O.R., and Capt. and Adjt. Manley, Royal Grenadiers. The manoeuvres of the boys were well prettily and exactly performed, and called forth unlimited applause from the stands. To the inspiring strains of the "British Grenadiers," by the Grenadier Band, the march past the saluting point was neatly executed. Wellesley and Ryerson were the only schools that entered. After an hour and a half's critical work, the judges awarded the first prize to the Wellesley boys. They were much larger than the boys from Ryerson, who also got a prize. Each one of the winning class will get a gold pin, and for the seconds a silver pin will be awarded.

The horse ring was again well patronized and three exciting flat races were run. The judges were Mr. C. T. Mead and Auctioneer McFarlane, and Mr. T. Jones acted as starter. Dr. A. Smith, looking handsome and healthy after his holiday jaunt, was on hand and kept things moving. The first event was the open flat, with four entries at $10 each and $30 added money. The conditions were twice round the ring (about 1 furlonga), best 2 in 3, light welter weights (143 lbs.), the winner to receive 75 per cent. of the purse. Noble & Crozier's (Orangeville) Gen. Spike beat J. Wellington's stable (Toronto) Duke of Wellington, Mr. Ward's Williams and Mr. C. W. Campbell's Wild Rose faced the starter. Spike bolted in the first heat and after behaving badly for some time, only managed to save his distance. Wellington won the heat handily, Wild Rose second, Williams third. Spike had his revenge in the next heat and proved himself speedy enough to win rather easily, Wellington being second, Wild Rose third. Williams did not start. Rose not having won a heat in two was disqualified for the third, and Spike and the Duke went at it. The Orangeville gelding, with Charlie Phair up, again proved too speedy for the Toronto chestnut, and won the heat and race in 1.35. Summary:

Gen. Spike (C. Phair)	4	1	1	
Duke of Wellington	1	2	2	
Wild Rose	2	3	dr.	
Williams	3	dr.		

Time—1.32, 1.33, 1.35.

The next event was for hacks, heavy welter weights (168 lbs.), a dash three times round the ring, entrance and purse same as in first race. The starters were A. Shield's Cyclone, Smith & Gardiner's Marchaway, F. A. Campbell's Milo, Joe Elliott's Minnie Elliott and W. H. Beatty's Sallie Wilson. This contest from the start was between Cyclone (C. Wise) and Marchaway (C. Phair). These two went at it in grand form, but the horse from Wellington-street, although admirably ridden by Phair, could not muster speed enough for his antagonist, who was bedecked a winner by Wise by over a length. Time 3.22½. A protest was entered against Cyclone for foul riding.

The Farmers' Plat brought out four starters. This race is for non-thoroughbred horses owned by farmers, to be ridden by farmers or farmers' sons. The distance was three times round the track. The association added $50 to the $5 entrance, the first to receive 75 per cent. The race was the most exciting of the day, but two or three protests were shouted into the judges' ears at the finish. Everyone who did not win wanted to mount the rostrum. The two cracks of the field were John Cloughton's (Reach) Sallie Snobbs and Mr. Black's (Utica) Billy McCann. The other two entries were John Hazard's (Caledon) Fred Hazard and Roxford Maid. Sallie Snobbs and Billy McCann ran a desperate race for first place, and Sallie only got in under the wire a winner by a nose. Billy McCann was disqualified for foul riding and Fred Hazard was given second money. Time 2.22½.

It is to be hoped Dr. Smith, Mr. Christie and Mr. Charles Brown will never rest until there is a half mile or a mile track in the grounds. The horse ring is the great keystone to the success of the Exhibition. With the sharp turns and curves on the present track horses take desperate chances of getting out without being lamed or killed. It is absolutely dangerous to start a good horse on the track. It has been repeatedly demonstrated that a good horse-ring would prove the best paying attraction of the fair.

Exhibition Echoes.

Mr. W. A. Forbes, the handy and courteous telephone agent at the grounds, is a favorite with all his patrons. Mr. Forbes has filled the post for four years and it is hoped he will be there four more.

Manager Hill yesterday received a letter Fred DeConna, of the DeConna family, from Warren, Ohio, stating that owing to the death of his partner (his wife) he would be unable to fulfil his engagement here. Thus one of the cleverest features of the amusement program will have to be dispensed with. Something good, however, will be substituted.

This will be trades union day at the fair. The grounds will be open till 10 o'clock this evening.

The "mounted lancer" who performs the freaks in the horse-ring is a puzzle to the occupants of the Grand Stand and the spectators generally. Yesterday a visitor far away back was so mystified by the "lancer's" gestures that he swore till the air was blue that "thar eternal critter had 'em sure."

One hundred electric lights will be on the grounds this evening.

The C. P. R. Exhibit.

The exhibit of grains, grasses, fruits, roots, timber, minerals and live stock gathered from the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, between Winnipeg and the Columbia Valley, in British Columbia, is attracting universal attention and admiration. Everyone who visits Agricultural Hall (in the northwest corner of the grounds), where the exhibit is housed, expresses astonishment at the wonderful progress that is being made in agricultural pursuits in the country traversed by that great highway. Wheat, barley, peas and oats are shown in perfection. There is also no less than fifty different varieties of succulent native grasses. The exhibit of roots and fruits are almost as fine as can be seen in any part of Ontario. Rich specimens of gold, copper, silver and iron ore are on view. But probably the most wonderful articles in the collection are the specimens of cedar and Douglas fir trees from British Columbia. These specimens are 7 and 8 feet in diameter, and are the admired of all admirers. There are a large variety of articles that would take a volume of The World to explain fully. People who are interested in the natural resources of the great Northwest should not fail to see this exhibit. Mr. W. A. Baker and Mr. T. O. Armstrong are in charge, and they will be most happy to give any information they can to visitors. Specimens of live stock, native and crossed, from the great ranches west of Calgary are also to be seen.

Close to the C. P. R. exhibit is one from the Free Grant district in the County of Hastburton. The specimens of grains, roots and fruit are very creditable indeed. They were collected together by the natives and went down to the fair in charge of Mr. Wm. Fielding, the Government immigration agent at Minden, and Mr. Fielding will always be found near the exhibit.

OTTAWA AND NEW EDINBURG.

A Question of Religion Involved in the Annexation of the Village to the Capital.

Attorney-General Mowat yesterday heard arguments by a couple of deputations on the annexation of New Edinburg to Ottawa. He was supported by Messrs. Fraser, Hardy, Pardee and G. W. Ross. Aldermen O'Keefe, O'Leary, Durocher, Desjardins, Germain and LaVerdure represented the malcontent party of the Ottawa City Council, and County Solicitor William Mosgrove and Warden John Dawson, the County Council of Carlton. Neither the annexation aldermen nor the village were represented.

The Ottawa aldermen told an interesting story. Last February the Protestant members of the Ottawa City Council brought in a measure of ward redistribution whereby the Roman Catholic citizens would be hived up in two wards. The number of Roman Catholic representatives at the Council Board would then be six only, whereas under the present system of ward distribution the Catholics can elect several more. The measure was defeated and the Protestant aldermen, casing about for some means to gain the required majority, hit on the idea of annexing the vice-regal suburb of New Edinburg, across the Rideau River. Now, New Edinburg has a 1600 population, as against a 7000 population of several city wards. Nevertheless the 1600 ratepayers would elect, as the Catholic aldermen claim, three Protestant representatives. These three would give the Protestants the required majority and the city would be so divided that "one third of the population would possess two-thirds of the influence." There were other reasons why New Edinburg should not be annexed, but this was chief.

"But," said Mr. Mowat, "you don't mean to say that it was a straight vote between the Catholics and Protestants?"

"Yes, sir," answered Ald. O'Keefe. "It was not our fault but that was the way of it."

"Hum. Hum. A most unfortunate state of affairs," said the Premier.

The County representatives took no side in the matter. They merely desired, in case annexation takes place, to be recouped for the loss of a $11,684 bridge they had built across the Rideau River and which would be entirely in the city limits.

The Premier forgot to say that he would give the matter his most serious consideration.

Manufacturers and all parties interested in the economical and efficient transmission of power by pulleys and belts, should not fail to see the pulleys manufactured by the Dodge Wood Split Pulley Company, now on view at the Industrial Exhibition also at work driving the machinery exhibited by the following well known manufacturers, viz., John Bell & Co., Williams, Hart Emery Wheel Company, Prescott Emery Wheel Company, Ball Electric Light Company, E. Westman, A. R. Jardine, &c., &c.

COL. GILDER'S JOURNEY.

The Intrepid Adventurer Starts for York Factory from Selkirk.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 10.—Col. Gilder started last evening for York Factory having been detained waiting for the Hudson Bay steamer up in which he sails to-day from Selkirk to Norway House. While here he purchased a fur outfit and a couple of wooden sleighs eighteen feet long and four wide. They are made entirely of wood and after the Siberian pattern. They are bound together with wires and will stand an enormous amount of rough usage. The colonel received every attention here from government and Hudson Bay officers.

Sir Alexander Galt's Barns Burned.

MONTREAL, Sept. 10.—One of the most disastrous fires which has visited the municipality of Verdun for a number of years took place early this morning in Sir A. T. Galt's barns, at present occupied by Thos. Brown, milkman. The barns contained all the year's crops, which were totally destroyed. Damage $7000, only half insured.

One Child Fatally Shoots Another.

LONDON, Ont., Sept. 10.—This evening, while playing with a loaded revolver, a 10-year-old lad named Geo. Lewis accidentally shot and killed Geo. Bruce, aged 5 years.

Burned to the Water's Edge.

OWEN SOUND, Ont., Sept. 10.—Report comes from up the Peninsula that last night the steamer General Wolseley, bound from here to Dyer's Bay, caught fire and was burned to the water's edge. Near Cape Croker she was run ashore and the crew escaped. Insurance $3000 in two American companies.

Fatally Stabbed in a Fight.

HALIFAX, Sept. 10.—In a frolic at Orangedale, Cape Breton, yesterday, two young men named McLennan and McDonald got into a quarrel. A fight ensued, during which knives were drawn and McLennan was stabbed to death. McDonald was arraigned at Port Hood to-day and committed for trial in the Supreme Court.

Dying in Prison.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—Daly, one of the 1884 dynamiters, is dying in prison. The Smith O'Brien branch of the National League, to which Daly belonged, has adopted a resolution expressing indignation at the Government for refusing to allow Daly's relatives to visit him.

A Cheese Factory Burned.

GOODWOOD, Ont., Sept. 10.—The cheese factory at this place owned by J. F. Todd was entirely consumed by fire this afternoon together with the season's make valued at $900. The total loss is $1400. No insurance.

Nicoll, Sutherland & Jefferis, late Reimer & Nicoll, wholesale importers and jobbers in Fine Woollens and Tailors' Trimmings, 23 Front-street west, Toronto. 246-246

OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Items of Interest Received by Mail and Wire.

The sixth tea-ship with freight for the Canadian Pacific Railway, will soon be due at British Columbia.

The West Oxford Cheese Manufacturing Company has received an order for a two-ton cheese for the English market.

James Byres, aged 14, son of a farmer in the vicinity of Maitland, was killed by a G. T. R. train near Prescott the other day.

Hamilton's fall trade appears to be in a flourishing condition. It has now nearly 300 members, a larger number than at any time in its career.

The jury in the trial of Havelock Smith at St. Thomas for the murder of Marshall Piggott, after being locked up all night failed to agree and were this morning discharged.

The Quebec Gazette will contain to-day the proclamation of the Lieutenant-Governor dissolving Parliament, and the nominations will take place on October 7 and the general elections on the 12th.

A man named Dupuis, a resident of Sherbrooke, Que., was miraculously and completely cured of dropsy at the shrine of St. Anne. The disease had been of eighteen months' standing, and during that time he had consulted twenty-two physicians.

The much talked of attempt to wreck a train with an Orange excursion on board July 13 on the Canada and Atlantic Railway from Kingston to Ottawa is easily explained. A supply train dropped some ties which the section men neglected to remove.

The 2-year-old son of Mr. Robert (of Thebaudeau & Co., Montreal), was yesterday playing on a balcony in front of his father's residence, St. Andre-street, when he overbalanced himself and fell to the ground. He was picked up unconscious and died in a few minutes.

The other night Malcolm Gardner's barn on the 5th concession of Sydenham, was destroyed by fire together with contents, consisting of part of last year's crop and all of this year's and farming implements. Loss about $3000; insured for $12,000.

Rev. A. A. Beaudry, cure of Charlesburg, was found asphyxiated from gas in his room at the Seminary at Quebec yesterday. It is supposed that after turning off the gas the reverend gentleman accidentally turned it on again before retiring for the night. It was some hours before he recovered consciousness.

Almost an Earthquake.

Toronto was stirred to its utmost depths last night over the whitewashing of the Hamilton Ball Club. The Toronto management intends presenting Pitcher McKinley with a large limburger cheese as a token of strength. It is expected a swoop will be made on quinn, the shirtmaker's, new neckties to-day, everybody feels so tickled over the result.

THE MINISTERIAL TERM.

RECOMMENDATION TO CONFERENCE THAT IT BE MADE FOUR YEARS.

Reception of Visiting Brethren From England and the United States—Their Speeches—Changing the Names of Important Offices.

There was a general feeling of relief at the conference yesterday that the great discussion on confederation was over. Some of the brethren who had been at high pressure for several days are beginning to recover. The opponents of the scheme have not given up all hope. Their policy for the present will be neutrality. They say that the confederationists will never be able to raise $450,000, which they must do in order to carry out the bargain. The Education Committee to which the subject was referred, stands about 20 against and 24 for confederation.

General Superintendent Carman presided. Mr. Cox explained that Mr. Gooderham's promise of a subscription towards confederation was based on the same condition as his own. A reply from the Governor General to the loyal address of Conference, was read. An encouraging report was read from the Board of Directors of Whitby Ladies' College. The Itinerancy Committee recommended that the ministerial term be extended to four years, and that there be no change in the present law as to the appointment of laymen on the Stationing Committee. The report was laid on the table.

Dr. Pickard gave notice that three General Superintendents were necessary for the work of the church and that Conference should decide their places of residence. W. E. Sanford gave notice that the title of General Superintendent be changed to President and that there be a Vice-President; these two, with the Mission Secretary and the Presidents of the Annual Conferences, to be the Cabinet, or Honorary Committee upon Church Work. Mr. T. Colling gave notice that the financial year close May 31. Rev. D. G. Sutherland gave notice that Mr. Mulock's letter on federation, as read by Judge Dean, be placed on file by the Secretary.

A motion to divide up Guelph Conference would hold its next session in Trinity Church, Montreal. Dr. Potts gave notice of a motion naming the Church hereafter, "The Methodist Church of Canada." A motion that the Church should take a deeper interest in the christian training of men and women was approved of, and the subject referred to committee.

The evening sitting was devoted to the receiving of delegates. The gallery and back part of the church was filled with visitors. Rev. T. Bowman Stevenson, representative of the British Conference, was the first speaker. He reviewed the progress of the Methodist Church in England. In regard to the revelations of vice made in London a short time ago, he said that the Methodist conference had not hesitated as to its action. It did not approve of all the methods used, but it did insist that the law should be enforced, and even more stringent one should be passed. He was sorry to say that their legislators would not have touched the question had they not been compelled to do so. The national conscience had been trained to a higher position. No man whose life is scandalous can be put at the helm of the Ship of State. The conference had opened rooms in London to which young people could come for refuge at any time of the day or night. In this respect the Salvation Army deserved credit, and he wanted to say that he admired them because they often did work from which the churches shrunk. He was impressed with the greatness of the work that lay before the Canadian church. He had landed in Quebec where he thought everyone engaged in religious work should land. One of the greatest victories ever gained was that of Wolfe on the plains of Abraham. How very different would the history of this country be had Montcalm won that battle. Multiply Quebec a thousand times and what would you have? Probably a great cathedral before which even St. Peter's would pale, and probably the Pope would have been brought over long ago. The human mind would have been a slave to the priest, and the open way to the cross would have been closed. North America was saved at that time from spiritual slavery. They had great property and great opportunities in this new country, and he prayed God that they might have a great future.

Rev. Dr. Lyons, representative of the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States, and Bishop Galloway of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, also addressed the conference on the work in their respective territories. They showed by figures that the Methodist Church was making rapid progress—in numbers, power and grace—in the United States. Resolutions were passed, thanking the delegates for their addresses.

The conference resumes business at 9.30 this morning.

Visitors to the Exhibition should not miss seeing the Toronto Steel Wire Mat Company's exhibit and examining into the merits of the mat. Orders left with attendant promptly attended to. 136

COURT SCENE AT OWEN SOUND.

A Barrister Ejected By the Magistrate and Chief of Police.

OWEN SOUND, Sept. 10.—As a trial was in progress in the Police Court, Samuel Platt, barrister, appearing for the defence, a dispute arose between the Police Magistrate and Mr. Platt, as to the manner in which a witness should be examined. After some words the Magistrate ordered Mr. Platt to leave the court, which he refused to do. He then ordered the Chief of Police to put him out, when the Chief told the Magistrate to put him out himself, which he proceeded to do, calling upon the Chief to assist him. Mr. Platt was forcibly ejected, and has entered an action against Mr. Spencer and the Chief, laying damages at $25,000. The Chief of Police has also entered an action against Mr. Spencer, the Police Magistrate, for grossly insulting language arising out of the case.

Championship lacrosse match—Toronto v. Ontarios—on Rosedale Ground Saturday afternoon. 456

An Unknown Infant's Fate.

Coroner Johnson yesterday conducted an enquiry touching the infant found dead on the Northern Railway track near Weston. There was no evidence to show how the infant had actually met its death, but the theory is that it was born in the closet of a railway coach and dropped off the train by its mother. A verdict of found dead was returned by the jury.

Don't fail to see the Toronto-Ontario lacrosse match Saturday afternoon on the Rosedale Ground. 456

The Loyalist Delegates.

Dr. Kane and Mr. Smith, the loyalist delegates, and Mrs. Smith were driven about the city yesterday by prominent members of the local branch of the Loyal and Patriotic Union. In the course of the day they took in the Exhibition. In the evening, and in company with Grandmaster Parkhill, they attended the concert at the County Orange Hall.

"Timon of Athens" to Have a Show.

The Senate of Toronto University last night decided to replace Shakespeare's "Merchant of Venice," by "Timon of Athens," in the junior matriculation honor work and the first year pass work for 1887.

Oysters! Oysters at O'Neil's Dining Hall, 239 King east. 56

Main Feature at the Exhibition.

One of the main features at the Fair this year is the exhibit of stoves by G. & J. M. Strathern. They are immense, perfect and economical as regards fuel, but still having the brilliant appearance other stoves have. The public pronounce them as the best in the market, and may leave their orders at 179 Yonge-street, where the same class of stoves, house furnishing goods, etc., may be had at the very lowest price. Strathern's house is known everywhere. x

DISCUSSING MISSIONARY WORK.

Third Day's Proceedings of the Provincial Synod.

MONTREAL, Sept. 10.—At the meeting of the Provincial Synod today the discussion on the educational question was continued, when a committee was appointed to draw up a resolution embodying the views of the House. A committee was also appointed to reply to the greetings of the Methodist Conference.

The remainder of the day was taken up with discussing missionary work. The Synod resolved itself into a meeting of the domestic and foreign missionary society, with the Metropolitan in the chair. The report for the last three years showed the receipts for domestic missions to have been $26,507 and for foreign missions $16,453. The report was adopted, after which the election of a Board of Management was proceeded with, resulting as follows: The Bishops (ex-officio), Nova Scotia—Rev. F. Partridge, J. W. Wyld, Rev. J. R. Murray and W. S. Silver, Halifax. Quebec—Rev. M. M. Fothergill, Quebec; Judge Hemming, Drummondville; Rev. A. A. Vonhoffland and Mr. W. H. Carter, Quebec. Toronto—Rev. Canon Dumoulin, Hon. G. W. Allan, Rev. J. D. Cayley, A. H. Campbell, Toronto. Fredericton—Rev. Canon Brigstock, St. John; R. T. Church, Rothsay; Rev. Mr. Forsyth, St. John; H. Lee, Fredericton. Montreal—Very Rev. Dean Carmichael, Hon. Thomas White, Rev. Canon Norman, L. H. Davidson, Montreal. Huron: Rev. Canon Innes, E. Baynes Reed, V. Cronyn, London; W. Short, Simcoe. Ontario—Archdeacon Jones, Napanee; R. T. Walkem, Kingston; Rev. E. P. Crawford, Judge Reynolds, Brockville. Niagara—Ven. Archdeacon Dixon, Guelph; H. MacLaren, Hamilton; Rev. Canon Houston, Niagara Falls; S. McKenzie, Niagara.

Interesting address were afterwards delivered by the Bishop of Algoma, Hon. Thos. White, Minister of the Interior, Rev. Dr. Longford of New York, Rev. O. Fortin of Winnipeg, Rev. Canon Cooper of England, Rev. Mr. Wilson and Rev. Mr. Davenport of Fredericton. The latter gentleman suggested the formation of a missionary brotherhood who should be celibants in order to devote their whole energies to the work.

THE GOVERNMENT OVERCHARGED.

Evidence of an Expert in the Alleged Coal Frauds—How Symons is Implicated.

In the case against Patrick Burns, Sergeant Swanson and others, for alleged conspiracy to rob the Dominion Government in re contracts for supplying coal to the Infantry School barracks, Expert Lye yesterday testified that from December 31, 1883, to April 30, 1885, the account amounted to $3,067.50, and that the Government had paid $3,514.69, being an overpay of $447.19. This included a large number of interpolations made in the ledger of which no reference was made in the day book. When these entries were deducted the overplus would be greatly increased.

Charles H. Symons, recalled and cross-examined by Dr. McMichael, said: I was employed by Burns from 1877 to 1885, starting at a salary of $50 a month. My duties in the office was to keep the books, having charge of the ledger, and I was supposed to post all the entries. There was one book kept for the purpose of swindling the customs.

Dr. M