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On motion of Mr. Aubrey White, convener, seconded by Lt.-Col. Harkom, the report was adopted and the above declared duly elected.

The Resolutions Committeee then presented the following resolutions:—

Resolved, that this Association re-affirms its attitude in favor of the inspection of the public domain and the inclusion in forest reserves of lands unsuited for agriculture or where the forests are required for the protection of the watersheds, and urges on the federal and provincial governments that such a policy be carried out at the earliest possible date; and that when such reservations are created they should be made of a permanent nature by Act of Parliament and adequate provision should be made for a progressive administration on permanent lines.

Resolved, that this Convention has noted with pleasure that the Parliament of the Dominion has during the past year enacted legislation which provides for a fire patrol along lines of railway, under regulations to be formulated by the Board of Railway Commissioners; and also an amendment rendering Railway Companies liable for damage to any property, including timber, that may be destroyed through the agency of such companies.

Whereas, efficiency in the administration of the forests of Canada, which are one of the greatest of the national assets, can be obtained only by adopting a permanent policy carried out by a staff appointed on the grounds of special fitness

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for the positions which they are to fill, and removable only on grounds of inefficiency.

Therefore, Resolved, that this Association urges on the federal and provincial governments the necessity for providing a system of examinations to test the qualifications of appointees and of making appointments permanent during good behaviour, and that in the case of the federal government for this purpose appointments should be placed in the hands of the Civil Service Commission.

Whereas, the history of forest management in countries where it has been highly developed demonstrates that the profits to the state from the forest are directly proportional to the expenditure for efficient management.

And, whereas, the expenditure on forest management in Canada is on the average less than one cent per acre of the forest lands, while the average in other countries ranges from two cents per acre in the United States to six cents per acre in India, nine cents per acre in France, and \$1.90 per acre in Prussia, and whereas efficiency of administration will require a much larger expenditure than is yet being made in Canada.

Therefore, Resolved, that the Canadian Forestry Association in convention assembled urge upon the federal government and the governments of the provinces the necessity for providing larger appropriations so as to ensure efficiency of management and increasing profitableness from the forests of Canada

Resolved, that this Association notes with satisfaction the passage of an Act by the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, empowering municipalities to take up waste lands for the purpose of reforestation, and expresses the hope that the policy of waste land planting in the older provinces be further developed and placed on a practical basis.

Resolved, that this Association impress upon the government the necessity of building, equipping and maintaining in conjunction with the Forestry Branch an experimental laboratory for testing and investigating the physical and mechanical properties of Canadian woods with a view to extending the possibilities of their use; for experimenting with the preservative treatment of timber against decay with a view to making possible the use of non-durable Canadian woods; for experimenting in the manufacture of wood pulp and paper from the less valuable Canadian woods and different grades of wood waste which might be made available for pulp and paper manufacture.

Resolved, that this Association deprecates the practice of exporting in large quantities Christmas Trees of spruce and balsam