

BUSINESS OF SYNOD BEGUN

Report of Committee on Bishop's Charge Gone Into and Adopted—Its Provisions —Committees Appointed.

The business session of the Anglican Synod opened in Trinity church school room Wednesday. There was a full attendance of clergy and delegates, the names of which have already been published.

The bishop's annual address was an able and eloquent effort. It dealt with various questions of church work in the diocese, matters dealt with at the Lambeth conference, General Synod at Ottawa, church union and the temperance question in connection with the church.

His lordship urged the importance of holy communion, and especially the benefit derived from corporate communion. Of church union he felt that much progress had been made and the union seemed nearer. The question required careful dealing with it, else the union would be in name only.

Religious education in the schools was also dealt with. It was a family duty that no stone be left unturned for the religious education of the young. He appointed a committee of the synod to meet a committee of other religious bodies to confer on the question. The new hymnal was referred to, and his lordship thought it would be found that while the hymnal would not meet the approval of everyone, it was compiled as to more than ever unite the schools of thought.

The work of Sunday schools also came in for consideration. His lordship inquired for the general synod of Canada to enquire into methods of more centralization of the work.

On the temperance question the general synod had committed the church to a more pronounced stand than had the previous synod. The bishop advocated the total abstinence from the use of intoxicants, and the same might be a sacrifice in order that the example would assist others.

Home mission work came in for attention and that four clergymen had been secured in England for work in the diocese and six others would shortly arrive. Stipends for clergymen in outlying districts should be increased and he advocated the adoption of a canon along the lines of that in use in Nova Scotia which gave a schedule.

His lordship spoke of the pride he had felt in the presentation at the Lambeth conference of the diocese, and said that the amount would be devoted to home missions.

Work of laymen in the church was touched upon. They could be a great help to the ministers. He recommended the Laymen's Missionary Movement to their aid. The coming more important than ever. The synod of men for Holy orders.

Before the Lambeth conference, and as a result thereof, the diocese was divided into a committee of clergy and laymen who would have this matter in hand. The building up of the diocese should be more under the supervision of the bishop as in many cases the diocese was in undesirable localities. The result of local feeling a committee should deal with this question the local clergy be represented on the committee.

Rothsay school was recommended for the support of the diocese. Matters in connection with improvements to the cathedral were dealt with also. The cathedral was recommended to be dealt with by a specially appointed agent.

The charge was a lengthy one taking two hours for its delivery. At the completion of the charge an address welcoming the bishop back from the Lambeth conference was read by Rev. Dean Schofield. It spoke of the great good that results from such representative gatherings of churches, and of the part his lordship had taken in the conference. The General Synod at Ottawa was also referred to and the address breathed loyalty to the bishop and co-operation in the work of the diocese.

His lordship made a feeling reply, thanking the synod.

Rev. Canon Montgomery introduced Canon Scott, of Quebec, Rev. R. A. Armstrong, Rev. J. M. Lockwood, of Nova Scotia, was also introduced.

Reports of committees were then received and adopted. They appear in a printed journal of the proceedings. The committee appointed to report on the bishop's charge will make their report during this afternoon.

The sessions of the Church of England Synod were held yesterday morning. The report of the committee on Bishop Richardson's charge was considered by sections. With the bishop's report on the true use and value of the church, the committee heartily concurred. To the use of the Lambeth Conference as a source of enlightenment and inspiration, the committee bowed with pleasure. As to danger of infection from the use of a monastic life, the committee recommended that the high opinion as to the value of such danger should be disseminated.

Regarding religious education, it was recommended that a strong committee of clergymen and laymen confer with committees of other denominations and urge upon their board of education the adoption of arrangements such as exist in Quebec and other provinces.

The use of the new hymn book was strongly urged and it was advised that the treasury board of the synod advance to the book depository a sufficient sum to purchase hymn books for the diocese. The section on Home Missions and Clerical Stipends was as follows:

"On this question your committee endorse the principle enunciated by your lordship, and recommended that a canon on similar lines to that of the Diocese of Nova Scotia be formulated and that the matter of graded stipends be meanwhile referred to the board of missions with instructions for immediate action. And they further recommend that the synod authorize the executive committee to take such steps as shall be necessary to establish an augmentation fund for the purpose of increasing the stipends in those self-supporting parishes where the aid stipends are not already up to the standard outlined."

The section was, after a long discussion, carried almost unanimously.

The synod committees were appointed at this session.

The following are the committees:—

Standing committee—Rev. S. Neale, Canon Montgomery, Canon Cowie, A. W. Smithers, Messrs. G. O. D. Oddy, A. C.

Fairweather, G. Sidney Smith, C. H. Giles.

Executive committee—Rev. G. A. Kuhring, A. W. Daniel, R. A. Armstrong, G. F. Scovil, W. B. Siam, H. G. Alder, E. B. Hooper, J. E. Hand, H. F. E. Whalley, M. M. C. Shewen, R. P. McKim, W. J. Wilkinson, and Messrs. T. B. Robinson, Justice Hanington, Lt. Col. H. M. Campbell, Wm. M. Jarvis, F. E. Neale, H. B. Schofield, T. B. Kidner, A. J. Gregory, J. R. Campbell, W. E. Vroom, W. B. Wallace, J. K. Scammell.

Board of missions—Rev. A. W. Teed, R. P. McKim, G. A. Kuhring, G. F. Scovil, Canon Cowie, Lt. Col. H. M. Campbell, Messrs. A. C. Fairweather, F. E. Neale, G. O. D. Oddy, E. M. Shadbolt, T. B. Robinson, T. B. Kidner, W. M. Jarvis, W. S. Fisher and C. J. Osmann.

Board of finance—Messrs. W. M. Jarvis, T. B. Robinson, W. S. Fisher, H. B. Schofield, H. M. Campbell, W. E. Vroom, A. C. Fairweather, G. Sidney Smith and J. R. Campbell.

Board of church literature—Rev. W. H. Sampson, E. B. Hooper, D. Conyers, R. Quinn, J. W. B. Stewart, R. Coleman, and Messrs. C. E. L. Jarvis, J. R. Campbell, T. B. Robinson, C. H. Giles, E. T. Sturdee, L. C. L. Ketchum, G. O. D. Oddy, and E. M. Shadbolt.

Standing committee on Sunday schools—Rev. A. W. Smithers, Canon Hanington, and Messrs. Justice Hanington and S. G. Olive.

Board of education—Rev. S. Neale, H. F. E. Whalley, and Messrs. J. H. A. L. Fairweather and T. B. Kidner.

Constitution and canon—Rev. Archdeacon Raymond, Archdeacon Newham, Canon Montgomery, Scott Neale, and Chancellor Allen, Messrs. W. B. Wallace, W. M. Jarvis, and E. J. G. Knowlton.

Committee on statistics and state of the church—Rev. Archdeacon Newham, Canon Hanington, Archdeacon Raymond, Canon Montgomery, and Messrs. W. B. Wallace, E. T. Sturdee, T. C. L. Ketchum, G. O. D. Oddy, and E. M. Shadbolt.

Committee on memorials to deceased members—Archdeacon Forsyth, Rev. Dr. Campbell, and Messrs. Hurd Peters and A. C. Fairweather.

Committee on unfinished business and printing—The Lord Bishop, Archdeacon Newham, Archdeacon Raymond, Messrs. R. Campbell and J. H. A. L. Fairweather.

Committee on credentials—Rev. A. W. Smithers, E. B. Hooper and Messrs. A. C. Fairweather, J. R. Campbell and G. O. D. Oddy.

Regular meetings of committees—Archdeacon Raymond, Rev. E. B. Hooper, R. A. Armstrong, G. A. Kuhring, Messrs. A. C. Fairweather, J. R. Campbell and G. O. D. Oddy.

Lay members' board of discipline—Messrs. G. O. D. Oddy, A. C. Fairweather, Sheriff Stirling, Col. H. M. Campbell, J. P. Burdell, J. R. Campbell, W. Gilmore, W. B. Wallace, C. H. Giles, Justice Hanington, J. S. Armstrong and A. J. Raymond.

Theological study—Archdeacon Forsyth, Archdeacon Newham, Archdeacon Raymond, Canon Hanington, Revs. Dr. Campbell, W. B. Siam, R. A. Armstrong, E. B. Hooper, D. Conyers, H. M. Sampson, E. B. Hooper, G. F. Scovil, W. J. Wilkinson, H. G. Alder, G. F. Scovil.

Members of the board of management of the M. S. C. C.—Ven. Archdeacon Forsyth, Rev. G. F. Scovil, Messrs. G. O. D. Oddy and W. M. Jarvis.

Prizes for girls' school, Windsor—The Lord Bishop, Rev. Canon Cowie, Rev. G. A. Kuhring, Mr. Justice Hanington.

Governors of King's College, Windsor—Rev. A. W. Smithers, and Mr. A. C. Fairweather.

Trustee of Girls' School, Windsor—Mr. Justice Hanington.

Committee on Lord's Day observance—The Lord Bishop, Revs. W. H. Sampson, J. E. Hand, S. Neale, and Messrs. A. H. Wetmore, A. H. Wetmore.

At the afternoon session consideration of the report of the committee on the work of the diocese was resumed.

Section 7 relating to the Medley canon was adopted as follows:—

"Your committee are of the opinion that this office should be filled, and that the board of missions be instructed to augment the interest accruing from the Pan-Canadian thank-offering by a grant from the board of missions, sufficient to raise the stipend of such canon to the sum of \$1,000.00 and to make it important to keep before the diocese the necessity of adding to the capital sum of the Medley canon fund until such sum shall be sufficient to provide for both the salary and contingent expenses connected with the Medley canon, and the committee respectfully suggest that the offerings at confirmation services should be devoted to this purpose."

Section 8 was as follows:—

"Your committee heartily rejoice to hear of the good work done for the diocese by the members of the different chapters of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew in St. John and elsewhere, and also of the phenomenal success of the laymen's missionary movement in St. John. They send delegations to other parts of the diocese."

Section 9 relating to the ministry was as follows:—

"Your committee having given careful consideration to the section of his lordship's charge dealing with the subject of the ministry, would recommend the issuing by his lordship of a special epistle and gospel for the ember seasons; and would also approve of the formation of a committee of candidates called therein recommended saving always the Episcopal responsibilities."

The section was adopted without discussion.

Section 10 regarding appointments to rectories and removal therefrom was adopted as follows:—

"Your committee most strongly approve the principle set forth in his lordship's charge, with regard to appointment of clergymen to aided missions, and recommend that the executive committee be authorized to prepare a bill to amend the church act, insofar as it relates to election, and management and control of all temporalities in all aided missions and request such bill to the synod at its next session; and that a special committee be appointed to deal with the subject of removal from rectories."

Discussion Over Aided Missions.

On section 11 relating to aided missions there was a long discussion.

The report of the committee as originally presented was as follows:—

"Your committee are of the opinion that in regard to aided missions, the grant should be made to the missionary in aid of stipend, on condition that an amount to be agreed upon between the board of missions and the mission be raised in the mission and paid directly to the missionary, and that the board of missions be instructed to carry this into effect; and further, they recommend that all aided missions be encouraged to make voluntary offerings to the missionary fund of the diocese."

The recommendation of the committee that the amount raised in the mission should be paid direct to the missionary

was strongly opposed, and a long and earnest discussion followed.

The committee asked leave to amend their report by substituting that the board of missions should reconsider the present canon and report at the next meeting of the synod but as the resolution retained the condition as to the method of payment to the missionary the request was refused.

The great majority of the clergy from the country parishes were in favor of the present system. Dean Schofield, G. O. D. Oddy and one or two other members advocated the change.

The discussion had not concluded at 6 o'clock when the synod adjourned until 8 p. m.

This and the remaining sections of the report were adopted at the evening session. The other sections provided: That the stipend for each canon be raised to \$1,000 a year and traveling expenses, and that the offerings at confirmation services be devoted to the needy canonry fund; that the executive committee move for the amendment of the Church Act regarding election and presentation to rectories; that graves should be made to missionaries in aid of stipend, on condition that an arranged amount be raised in the mission and paid directly to the missionary; that an advisory committee be appointed to consider all proposals to erect new churches in the diocese.

His lordship announced that he had appointed Rev. A. W. Smithers, Medley Missionary Canon.

The report of the committee on constitution was considered and adopted and the notice of motion from last year to transfer the funds of the board of education to the financial committee was carried. W. B. Wallace, K.C., gave notice of motion for next year to amend the canon referring to the widows and orphans fund and the synod adjourned till this morning at 10 o'clock.

HAZEN'S DISGRACE

(Toronto Globe.)

At his St. John meeting Hon. Mr. Pugsley absolutely disposed of the Mayes case, and Conservative journals which go on referring to the St. John "scandal" are sinking against the light. The assertion can be made with confidence that no fair-minded man can read the correspondence as submitted at the recent meeting in St. John without being convinced that Mr. Pugsley's attitude towards Mayes was strictly what the head of a department should be towards one of its contractors.

For example, late in 1907, Mayes wrote the department complaining of untoward happenings on his contract, and asking that certain changes be made in it, to which Mr. Pugsley replied under date of December, 16th, 1907:

"Dear Sir—I have under careful consideration your letter of the 22nd ult., asking me to ask the you will proceed with the contract of the 30th of September, 1905, and after consulting with the chief engineer of my department and examining the contract and specifications very carefully, I have come to the conclusion that it will not be possible to comply with your request, and I have, therefore, to ask the you will proceed as rapidly as possible and complete the work required under said contract."

"I shall be glad to learn from you how soon you will be able to complete this work. I am yours very truly,

WILLIAM PUGSLEY.

Is that the letter of a man who felt he was under any obligation to his contractor? Is there any fear or cringing in it from beginning to end? Some time later Mr. Mayes appears to have made up his mind, or the St. John Tories made it up for him, to undertake to blackmail the Minister. In May, 1908, and from time to time thereafter, Mr. Pugsley received communications from Mr. Mayes urging the purchase of his dredge at \$150,000. The department needed a dredge in that harbor, but when the Government inspectors examined Mayes' dredge he reported that the contractor was asking nearly \$500,000 more than the dredge was worth.

At length the Minister received a peremptory telegram again offering the dredge for sale, and in the light of subsequent revelations, containing the suspicion of a threat. To this Mr. Pugsley replied:

"St. John, N.B., Oct. 7, 1908.

"Dear Sir—I am in receipt of your telegram of the 30th ult., in regard to dredge 'Beaver,' which was recently examined by the Hon. Mr. Prime Minister. I regret to say that his estimate of the value of the spars is very much less than the estimate given by Mr. Mayes; and upon his report it would be impossible for me to recommend the purchase of the dredge at the price Mr. Mayes puts upon it. Yours truly,

WILLIAM PUGSLEY."

Again let it be asked, is that the letter of a Minister who was faithful to the public interest or who feared that Mayes could reveal anything damaging to his reputation as a public man? Did Premier Hazen know of these letters? Did Mayes and his coadjutors deceive him as to the date of the note of 1905? Or did he want to be deceived, and for a mere ephemeral triumph, a twenty-four-hour triumph, endeavor to blacken the character of a political opponent, although cognizant that the documents in the case bore a wholly contrary signification?

It is not William Pugsley who is besmirched by the Mayes case, but J. D. Hazen, Premier of New Brunswick, and he is besmirched beyond the possibility of cleansing.

Laurier's work conducted on an increase in the amount of capital invested in manufacturing industries, from 447 millions in 1900 to 834 millions in 1905; in the amount of wages paid from 113 millions in 1900 to 162 millions in 1905; in the amount of output from 481 millions in 1900 to 706 millions in 1905.

HOW TO MARK YOUR BALLOTS

ST. JOHN CITY AND COUNTY.

1

ALEXANDER W. MACRAE
of the City of Saint John,
Barrister-at-Law

2

WILLIAM PUGSLEY
of the City of Saint John,
Barrister-at-Law

ST. JOHN CITY.

1

JOHN WATERHOUSE DANIEL
of the City of Saint John,
Physician

2

JAMES PENDER
of the City of Saint John,
Manufacturer

CROCKET'S DEFEAT SEEMS CERTAIN

Reports from Various Constituencies in York Indicate That
Former Member's Majorities Will Be Wiped Out, and
Brown Will Make Large Gains in Liberal Strongholds.

Fredericton, October 22.—From every part of York county the news is of the most cheering character with regard to the result of the election. It is expected that not only will Mr. Brown's majority be nearly equal to that which Mr. Crocket received in the election of 1901, but that the result of the election of 1904 will be to show that a great deal of money must have been expended in the interests of Mr. Crocket. It is a most significant fact that during the election of 1904, no less than 1,250 more votes were polled than at the by-election of 1901, and 800 more than the hotly contested election of 1904. Where had these additional votes come from? They were brought out by the result of the election which will take place next Monday must be very misleading. The Conservatives are not now lined up with money as they were at the last general election, but will have to be upheld by the doctrines of the purity league whether they like it or not.

At the by-election of 1901, Fredericton gave Mr. Brown a majority of 260 votes. At the general election of 1904, Mr. Brown's majority was reduced to 103, largely as a result of over-confidence on the part of the Liberal party. It is expected that Mr. Brown's majority in Fredericton at the coming election will be not less than 200, and it may be as large as that which Mr. Brown had in 1901.

New Brunswick gave Mr. Crocket a majority of 23 in 1901, and in 1904, Mr. Crocket obtained a majority of 23 in that small parish. No one need be surprised to find New Brunswick pretty equally divided in the coming contest, although Mr. Crocket may still have a small majority there.

The parish of Kingsclear gave Mr. Brown a majority of 72 in 1901, but in 1904 this majority was reduced to 44. Kingsclear will give Mr. Brown good support at the coming election, although Mr. Brown in 1901.

The parish of Manners' Station gave Mr. Crocket a majority of 13 in 1901, and in 1904 it was increased to 41 in 1904. It is probable that this parish will break even at the coming election.

The parish of Prince William gave Mr. Crocket a majority of 16 in 1901, while in 1904 Crocket had a majority of 22. This parish may also be expected to break even at the 20th inst.

The parish of Dumfries will stand about the same at the coming election as it did at the last.

HOW YORK COUNTY BALLOTS SHOULD BE MARKED

County of York

1

NELSON W. BROWN
of the Parish of Middle Southampton
Member

2

OSWALD S. CROCKET
of the City of Fredericton
Barrister

RINGING MILFORD CHEERS SHOW THAT SECTION UNITED FOR PUGSLEY.

(Continued from page 1)

would open up a vast fertile country for settlement.

Improvements were being made in the harbors of the dominion, both inland and on the coast, in order to provide for the increasing business, and this policy would be continued.

Dr. Pugsley went on to contrast the conditions at the port of St. John in 1885 under the Conservative government which paid subsidies to the steamers going to Portland (Me.), with the winter port business of today. He spoke of the action of George E. Foster in compelling the city to pay \$40,000 for the Carleton Branch railway as compared with the appropriation of \$250,000 which St. John harbor had received during the last twelve months.

"The Liberal government," he said, "are doing things not standing still and what has been done is an earnest of far more to come." He pointed out that while twelve years ago the exports through the port of St. John were nothing, last year they were \$24,000,000. He referred to the improvements which with the assistance of the government, the C.P.R. and Grand Trunk Pacific were making in the harbors of Victoria and Tiffin, and to the enormous increase in grain exports which would pass through St. John as a result of these improvements and the reduction in the grades.

After touching upon the debt of \$118,000,000 which accumulated under Conservative rule and upon the extensive works which the Liberals had been able to accomplish out of the enormously increased revenue, Dr. Pugsley went on to speak of the success of the tariff and to show how the Conservative policy of high protection would shut out the imports and decrease the revenue.

Has Done Much for St. John.

He then turned to discuss his own position as a candidate. The same arguments," he said, "which induced Liberals and Conservatives alike to send me as their representative to Ottawa fourteen months ago by acclamation exist today. Why did you send me then? Because it was felt that I might exercise some influence on behalf of this constituency. Can anyone point to a single instance in which I have failed?"

Dr. Pugsley, amid much cheering, went on to instance the dredging which has been done, and to refer to the policy adopted of treating St. John as one of the national ports under which parliament had agreed to build the wharves and relieve the taxpayers of St. John of the expense. He pointed out the work which the fielding was doing in the channel and would continue to do as another instance of what he had accomplished for the port, and to the dredging of the Sand Point berths at the government's expense.

"You wanted me there," he continued, "to advance your interests. What is the situation today? Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his government are going to be sustained as sure as the sun will rise tomorrow morning. Look over Canada where you will. He will have an enormous majority in the province of Quebec. In Ontario, Mr. Wilfrid told me himself after his recent tour that he never had such a reception. Look at the West with the millions of immigrants who have settled there as a result of the Liberal policy. He will be sustained there."

"Go to Nova Scotia. Have the people of that great province any reason to trust the man who has been their idol for so many years—Hon. W. S. Fielding? He will have a solid phalanx at his back. In this province there is not a single constituency on which the opposition can count with confidence, and they know it (loud cheers).

"In Charlotte, Ganong is fighting for his life and the indications are that Mr. Todd will win. In Kings-Albert, Dr. McAlister has been able to turn the tables on Mr. Fowler and with a vengeance. And so on all over the province.

"I appeal to you who asked me fourteen months ago—Liberals and Conservatives alike. If I have done my duty by my constituency in the past, the demands are even more urgent today that you should have a man there who is in movement, and a supporter of the government like Mr. Pender (cheers).

"I want St. John to be in line with the government, and have as its representative the man who will assist Sir Wilfrid Laurier to carry out his policy to advance St. John."

My opponents say I am appealing to you from self interest. Did not you appeal to me on grounds of self interest? I was premier of this province. Did you not ask me to come and be your representative? Day in and day out I have sought to advance your interests and now I ask you to send me back again to represent the good work and with Mr. Pender as my colleague to see that justice is done to St. John, and to carry out that grand Canadian policy of bringing Canadian trade through the Canadian channels to Canadian ports. A storm of cheering, Dr. Pugsley resumed his seat.

Mr. McDade.

Mr. McDade on being introduced by the chairman was given a most enthusiastic reception. In his opening remarks he referred to the millmen's strike to retain the nine hour day, seventeen years ago, and amid much cheering spoke of the active part he had taken to secure for the men a complete victory. He refused any reward then, he said, and he would always be willing to be of service to the working classes on the same terms as in the past (cheers). Among those to whom credit was due on that occasion were Hon. H. A. McKeown, the late Hon. David McLellan and his good friend and advisor, the present minister of public works (cheers).

Mr. McDade went on to speak of the active interest Dr. Pugsley had shown in the working classes in the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1903 and contrasted the result of the improvements promised by Mr. Hazen. After getting the votes of the electors, he said, Mr. Hazen, Mr. Maxwell and others struggled and clutched the act.

After paying an eloquent tribute to the sterling qualities of James Pender, whom Mr. McDade said he had known since he was a boy, he passed on to refer to the attacks by the Conservatives on Dr. Pugsley. They attacked him, he said, like they did Hon. A. G. Blair, but there was no shadow of a doubt but that he would be returned with a solid New Brunswick majority. He would not in the future have to devote his time to the attacks of men like Fowler and Crocket.

The charge which had been made that Dr. Pugsley had plundered the provincial treasury had been effectively answered again and again. In the words of Hon. George F. Hill, Mr. Hazen and his friends were only talking for effect. They recognized that Dr. Pugsley was head and shoulders above them and the ablest man in New Brunswick.

Mr. McDade went on to refer to some of the canvasses used in the last provincial campaign which helped to put Mr. Hazen

in power. He spoke of his own correspondence with Mr. Hazen in which he stated that he could no longer support him, and of the subsequent attack which had been made on him in the Fredericton Gleaner. It had been charged, he said, that he had offered to sell the secrets of the Liberal party. He made an eloquent defence of his position and scored Mr. Hazen for not having instructed the reporter to publish a retraction.

In closing Mr. McDade said if the occasion ever occurred again, either with his pen or as a speaker, he would be at the service of the working classes as he was seventeen years ago. He appealed to them to vindicate his good name and repeat the tactics of Mr. Hazen and his party by giving Dr. Pugsley a record majority (loud cheers).

Dr. Pugsley again came forward and asked his friends to use their best efforts in his behalf and to work hard for his election. He was greeted with round after round of cheering and assurances of support.

The meeting closed with cheers for Laurier, Dr. Pugsley and Mr. McDade.

FREDERICTON CHURCH CALLS SYDNEY PASTOR

St. Paul's, Presbyterian, Unanimous
for Rev. Dr. Smith as Their Minister.

Fredericton, N. B., Oct. 22.—St. Paul's Presbyterian congregation tonight at a large and representative meeting by a unanimous vote decided to extend a call to the Rev. Dr. W. H. Smith, pastor of Falmouth street church, Sydney, N. S., and the call was afterwards signed by all those present.

Recommendations of the highest character were submitted to the meeting and it is expected that Dr. Smith will accept. He is about thirty-eight years of age, a native of Pictou, N. S., and before being settled at Sydney held a pastorate at Summerside, P. E. I. He is a graduate of Dalhousie University and Pine Hill College, Halifax, and is a preacher of recognized ability. The salary is \$1,800 and a manse.

Hon. Wm. Pugsley—"Mr. Hazen knew it was a false affidavit and should have had it corrected and resworn. Mr. Hazen allowed the statement to go broadcast all over the country, even though he knew it to be false."

CROWDED LIBERAL MEETING AT MILLSTREAM

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Sussex, N. B., Oct. 22.—The large public hall at Mill Stream was crowded to overflowing tonight in the interest of Dr. McAlister and many were unable to get in. Warren Mason in the chair. Geo. W. Fenwick, of the Dalhousie Law School, Dr. Pearson and E. H. McAlpine, were the speakers. The meeting closed with ringing cheers for McAlister.

SIXTY SMALLPOX CASES IN EDMUNDSTON

Fredericton, Oct. 22 (Special).—Dr. E. B. Fisher returned to the city late evening from Edmundston where he had been inquiring into the smallpox situation. He reports that there have been sixty cases in the town and that twenty-five houses are under quarantine. One of the men who is thus isolated is a member of the local board of health. There have been no deaths.

The disease is of a mild type. The only thing feared now is the spread of the cold weather but a hope is kept the situation well in hand. The disease is supposed to have been brought to the town by some natives on the G. T. P.

Richibucto Notes.

Richibucto, Oct. 22.—Mrs. R. O'Leary and youngest daughter, little Miss Elinor, left on Monday for Montreal, to visit relatives.

W. H. Hogan left on Monday for New York to spend a short vacation.

An automobile party consisting of Frank Curran, John Jardine, W. D. Carter, J. D. Irving and Frank Sweeney, went yesterday to Ford's Mills to hold a meeting in the interest of the Liberal party. They report a very successful meeting (West Branch the night before).

Urban Johnson, who of a slight attack of paralysis a short time ago, has sufficiently recovered to be able to make a public address.

Richibucto Division, No. 42, Sons of Temperance, at their meeting last evening, entertained quite a number from Rexton Division, No. 419, among them, Geo. N. Clark, W. P. P., Miss Helen Carson, R. S., Miss Kate Doherty, F. S., Miss Isabel Palmer, A. C., and most of the other officers.

At a Children's Day service held in "Chalmers" church recently, Miss Jennie B. Irving was presented with a diploma for correct recitation of the shorter catechism, and a reward gift of a nicely bound copy of Whittier's poems.

N. B. S. S. Association.

St. Stephen, N. B., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—At this morning's session of the N. B. Sunday School Association, Marion Lawrence gave an interesting talk on "Teaching Training Work." In the absence of Treasurer R. M. Currie, Miss Stillwell gave that officer's report at this afternoon's session.

E. R. Macdonald, superintendent of the teacher training department, presented his report this evening, stating that there were 335 students in the province and fifty-nine had taken the examinations. Diplomas were presented to the class by Marion Lawrence, who gave a most instructive address on teaching.

Rev. S. T. Bartlett delivered a stirring address on the teacher. Secretary Titus reported that 198 delegates were in attendance.