

arrh.

to get the best of you amount to much—it's the creeping along with a person with a foul, the people you meet

subject is as limited of the many nostrums for the purpose. For such things similar. You see, it's not pleasant for you. You simply haven't thing for it. But don't seek help in the pro-

tion and Advice counsel, sympathy, and urge. The treacherous in my life-study and I in my workings from I can tell you how to quickly—permanently, to whom I have and they may be found wholeheartedly, sin- and the wonderful ade. I will gladly send to many people I have right near to you.

HEAD AND THROAT.

out? (test) easily? in damp weather? or was a good deal? full feeling in your head? sensation in your throat? to clear your throat?

unpleasant discharge from drop into your throat

ations, yes or no, write down plainly on the dot and send to Dr. Rourke, Dublin University, Ireland, 7 to 12 Dame

Specialist, 7 to 12 Dame

He will give you valu-

CHARGE.

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YEAR.

Cents.

me Provinces.

ING NEWS.

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20 YEARS

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US OFFENCE.

Breaking into Tuskett

MAYOR UPHELD.

Reformatory Governors Endorse Refusal to Admit Good-speed.

At Meeting Yesterday They Passed Resolution Upholding Mayor White and Telling Him to Go Ahead.

The board of management of the Industrial Home and met in the City Hall Tuesday and almost unanimously endorsed the action of His Worship Mayor White, the chairman of the board in his refusal to sign the warrant admitting Fred Goodspeed to the reformatory. With only two dissenting views they agreed with the mayor that Goodspeed was not a fit person to be sent there and that they should resist his admission as far as they could.

Mr. McKewen said the sentence was as final as the decision of his worship apparently was. Having been pronounced by the judge it could not be changed. Judge Ritchie thought if other indictments were hanging over Goodspeed he might be tried and held under the custody of the law under those. He has confessed to three burglaries and had only been indicted on two. If the crown was of the same opinion as the board regarding his admission to the reformatory he could get out of the difficulty this way. Under the law a boy could be sent to the reformatory who had never been committed petty larceny. There were no other boys who had never committed any crime, but were there just for the care and instruction. Had the chief justice consulted any of the members of the board he would have hesitated before sending Goodspeed there. To put a boy with his experience in crime in the reformatory he felt the good of the institution would be at an end. If they were forced to receive him, the speaker said, he would be in favor of bringing the matter to the attention of the minister of justice with the object of promoting legislation authorizing his transfer thence to the penitentiary.

John E. Irvine endorsed the course of the mayor. Goodspeed's admission would be to the great detriment of the reformatory under present conditions. He hoped for an amicable adjustment, but would not favor his admission unless forced by law to do so.

Mr. Estabrook spoke of the chief justice's remark, since the sentence that he was sorry he had not sent the boy to the penitentiary. He hoped the matter might be settled that way, but would oppose its settlement by the sending of Goodspeed to the home so long as he could be kept out of the reformatory. Mr. Skinner gave it as his opinion that the fear that Goodspeed might contaminate other inmates of the home would not be the law, but sufficient reason for the chairman to refuse to sign the warrant.

Lady Tilley endorsed every action of the mayor, and promised her support in the course he was pursuing. Mrs. E. A. Smith, in the interest of the boys in the home, said the board should not be in a position to resist the sentence, which she characterized as the greatest travesty on justice she had ever heard of.

Hon. T. Dunn said the law had been tried before an intelligent jury and the chief justice of the province. Why should the board question the decision? Still the great point to be decided was the power of the chairman in the matter. Mr. McKewen believed that Goodspeed was at heart a better boy than many already at the reformatory. He was by no means a hardened criminal, as had been shown by his record while in the home, and the influence which controlled him here. He did not think he would contaminate any of the boys out there, and the other hand considered a term in the institution would be the making of Goodspeed.

He went into the case at length, apologizing for Goodspeed's conduct throughout and deprecating the feeling that had developed against him. He thought the board, however, should not be influenced by public opinion, and should not place itself on record as resisting the administration of justice. The opinion of the attorney-general was that the warrant should be signed, and the chairman of the board of the reformatory, he considered that the legislature intended to confer no such powers upon the board as the board was now claiming. He did not think if the mayor were to persist in his refusal, that he would be forced to sign by law, but he regretted greatly that the matter had gone as far as it had.

In conclusion Mr. McKewen moved that the chairman confer with the attorney-general with a view of seeing if Goodspeed's admission to the reformatory could not be removed. This was seconded by Mr. Dunn, after a clause had been added endorsing the chairman's action to date.

In amendment J. E. Irvine, seconded by Mr. Allison, moved that the board endorse the actions of the chairman in refusing Goodspeed admission to the home, and that he be authorized to take such further steps as may be considered necessary after conference with Recorder Skinner.

This was carried, with Messrs McKewen and Dunn voting against it.

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It cures all kinds of rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, and all other forms of nerve pain. It is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists.

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sign the warrant. What were reasonable grounds was a matter for decision by the courts. He detailed the process that would probably be taken to force the chairman by a writ of mandamus to sign and said that in his opinion while this was being argued before the courts the prisoner could not be released under habeas corpus proceedings.

Mr. Allison asked if it were possible for the matter to be settled by the adjustment of the sentence. Goodspeed still to be kept out of the institution. Mr. McKewen said the sentence was as final as the decision of his worship apparently was. Having been pronounced by the judge it could not be changed.

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A COUNTRY REVERIE.

Ben, said Silas to his friend, "I received a letter from Cousin Eph. in old John. And there I'm going to go."

For all the chance a person gets up here on the farm, Ben, don't count for much. I'll leave Jennie in the morning."

I'm told by Ruben Summers and Philomena Winters, too. There's lots of chance for a city job for the likes of me and you."

But if that falls, all's not lost. For I'm told what a true: "Your always sure of a city job if you measure 5 feet two."

How do the city people know what's going round? For all the gutter farm boys have got free charge of the town."

There's many names I could mention that's left here a week ago. Who are attracting great attention on the St. John force, you know."

You talk about your city men knowing how to get a job? Why, they didn't begin to know it till Uncle Josh went down."

He showed the city people, and I'll tell you some plain. He's made them wish to goodness he was back on the farm again."

Cause, don't you know, these city folk are always doing harm. And don't know how to govern themselves like we do from the farm."

Oh, won't I have a bully time. When to old St. John I go. Going to get a city job? Me and Cousin Flos."

And when I get my city chap. You needn't have any alarm. I'll be a good fellow for Cousin Bill. Then he can quit the farm."

It makes no difference if I have no vote. Or what ratpayers say. They country boys have got the pull. And control St. John today."

So I'd like to see the city chap that pays taxes for me. I'd be a city job. I'd be a city job. I'd be a city job."

For Uncle Eph. and Cousin Eph. Straight for him, Ben. I'll be a good fellow for Cousin Bill. For he ain't the kind of man they want on the police force, don't you know."

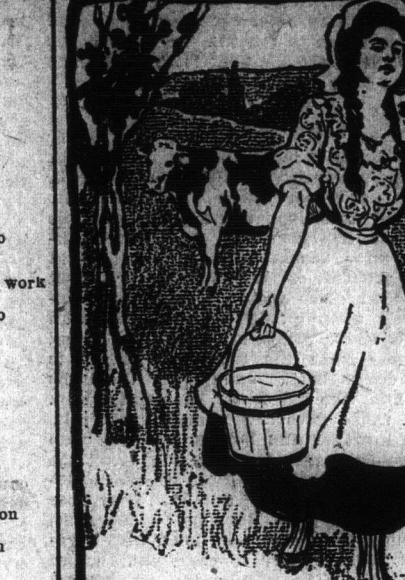
And when upon the force I get. I'd learn the street and the law. And when you'd come from Toronto I'd show you round the town."

So I'm going to quit tomorrow. I've sold my stock and barn. For Eph. guarantees me a job. When I come down from the farm. J. W. O'G.

EQUITY COURT.

Judgment in Hale v. People's Bank of Halifax—Other Cases.

Judgment was delivered Tuesday morning by His Honor Judge Barker in the case of Hale v. The People's Bank of Halifax, and Murchie. The bill was dismissed with costs. It was decreed that out of the fund in court to the credit of the cause, being the proceeds from the sale of the timber license and limits, there be paid to the defendant, the People's Bank of Halifax, the sum of \$67,384.45, less \$197 standing to the credit of Hale & Murchie, the sum of \$65,407.45, and the sum of \$64,000 at six per cent. from November 15th, 1899, until paid; and that the said sum when paid be in full satisfaction by firm of Hale & Murchie of all indebtedness by them to the bank, for which the bank holds an assignment of the said timber license mentioned in the bill in this suit, as a security either directly for moneys advanced by the bank to the said Hale & Murchie, or as a security for guarantees given to the bank by the defendant, John G. Murchie, in connection with the said advances. Costs of the sale of timber license to be included.



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The finest creamery butter, the kind you like on your own table, is absolutely the only kind that's ever used in Christie's Biscuits.

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JOHN MCGLOONE

Sent to Dorchester for Three Years on an Old Sentence.

John McGloone, one of the young men who were arrested for selling drunk with Jennie McLeod in Hillyard's shipyard, will go to Dorchester penitentiary for some time as the result of his recent outbreak.

Over a year and a half ago McGloone was convicted before Judge Forbes under the speedy trial act, of breaking and entering Isaac Rubin's place on Main street and stealing therefrom a quantity of rubber. Judge Forbes sentenced the prisoner to three years in the penitentiary, but suspended sentence for the time being, pending McGloone's future good conduct, and gave him a week in which to leave the city.

Over a year and a half has elapsed since that time, and McGloone is still here. During his period of probation, he has been in and out of the city several times, but his reputation has not greatly improved, for although he may not have appeared in court, he has been under the eye of the police and reports of his conduct have been received by the chief.

Tuesday afternoon McGloone was sentenced by Magistrate Ritchie to eight dollars or one month in jail for drunkenness and eight dollars or two months for profanity. He was remanded on the charge of assaulting Jennie McLeod, and yesterday, as the girl declined to prosecute, McGloone was sent to jail to serve his sentence, his fine not having been paid.

Then Chief Clark took a hand in the affair, and at once reported to Judge Forbes that McGloone was a dangerous character, and that he had been in the city several times, and that he had been in the city several times, and that he had been in the city several times.

McGloone was brought before Judge Forbes at half-past two yesterday afternoon in the circuit court and was remanded to three years in the penitentiary.

THE CARE OF FURNITURE.

(Harper's Bazar.)

The care of furniture woods is an exceedingly interesting part of the intelligent housekeeper's duties. The daily dusting must supplement the weekly rubbing of the "bloom" in the blood. You can depend on it absolutely as we shall endeavor to prove by putting the opinions of residents of this city:

Mrs. M. E. Cobham, 6 Sydney street, St. John, N. B., states: "I was all run down in health; my nerves were very unsteady and sometimes I suffered severely from headaches. Hearing of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, I obtained a box and the results in my case have proven exceedingly satisfactory. Since I began using this ready-made nervous system has been built up and my general health improved very much. I can speak very highly of this medicine."



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Mrs. D. K. McLaughlin, 78 St. Patrick St., St. John, N. B., and whose husband is a ship carpenter, states: "My daughter was a victim of severe nervousness and acute indigestion. Hearing of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I decided to get a box of it. We found the Food a great nerve builder, and it has entirely cured her of indigestion. We have also used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills in our family for liver and kidney trouble and think they have no equal."

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN on city, town, village or country property in amounts to suit, at low rates of interest. H. H. PICKETT, Solicitor, 20 Princess street, St. John, N. B.

WANTED.

HOME WORK AT KNITTING every body to honest industrious families in every locality. Good wages. Ten dollar outfit required. No risk. Write W. J. OSBORNE, WOOLLEN COMPANY, Toronto.

WANTED.—Agents to buy Sample Roll and take orders for enlarging photographs. For information write P. O. Box 125, St. John N. B.

WANTED.—A Female Teacher of Second Class, to take charge of the school in No. 1 District, Tennant's Cove, Kars, Kings County. Salary \$120.00 per year. Apply to T. G. THORNE, Secretary.

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After Christmas

A large number of young men and women of the Maritime Provinces are coming to FREDERICTON to attend the MARITIME COLLEGE and we are enlarging our already spacious and well equipped quarters to accommodate them. Hundreds of graduates of this institution are holding good positions throughout Canada and the United States. Your chances are as good as theirs. Send for catalogue. Address W. J. OSBORNE, Principal, Fredericton, N. B.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWN'S CHLORODYNE

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, Sept. 23, 1885, says:

"If I were asked which single medicine I should prefer to take abroad with me, as being generally useful, to the exclusion of all others, I should say CHLORODYNE. I have tried it, and it has given me relief in the relief of a large number of simple ailments forms its best recommendation."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWN'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera.

CAUTION.—Genuine Chlorodyne. Every bottle of this well known remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHOEA, etc., bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor—

DR. J. COLLIS BROWN.

Sold by all Chemists at 1s. 1/2d., 2s. 6d. and 5s. 6d. Sole manufacturers—

J. T. DAVENPORT, LTD., LONDON

\$3 a Day Sure

DR. McAGUE'S

Heave Cure

For sale by McEldred Drug Co. and R. Clifton Brown.

PROBATE COURT.

In the probate court yesterday letters of administration were granted in the estate of Thomas Richardson, to the widow, Margaret Richardson. Estate \$500 personal. John Kerr, K. C., proctor.

Letters of administration in the estate of Joseph Davidson were granted to the widow, Catherine A. Real estate, \$700; personal, \$250. Francis Kerr proctor.

A petition was presented by the administrators for passing the accounts in the estate of James Miller. Citation was issued returnable Feb. 22. Estate, \$175,000. C. F. Sanford, proctor.

The last will of Beesie Parker was admitted to probate and letters testamentary were granted to Leonard Parker and E. T. C. Knowles. The executors named in the will. Estate \$5,000 personal. E. T. C. Knowles, proctor.

VINDICATING HIS FACE.

Joseph Z. Brown, a colored man, was until lately a waiter in a restaurant in Reading, Pa. He worked there for three days, and then was discharged. When he asked for the reason the proprietor told him that he was so ugly that the guests did not look at him. Consequently Mr. Brown has sued the proprietor for defamation of character and wants \$100 damages, the amount of eight months' wages, asserting in his complaint that while his face is not so ugly that it might be, it is none the less endurable as a spectacle.