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REVOLT BREAKS OUT IN WHOLE OF MONTENEGRO

LONDON, Aug. 28. — Fighting has broken out everywhere in Montenegro and the whole country is in a state of revolt, according to news received here. The situation is extremely serious and the Serbians are using strong measures in an attempt to suppress the uprising.

The Montenegrins have cut the railway between Virpazar and Antivari, on the coast.

The Serbians are receiving reinforcements but are not meeting with success in their efforts to put down the revolutionary movement, according to the advices, which represent the Montenegrin national spirit as thoroughly aroused and the animosity of the people against the Serbians increasing.

Norway Will Get All Spitzbergen Archipelago

PARIS, Aug. 27. — The Spitzbergen treaty has virtually been completed and probably will be before the supreme council for approval this week. This treaty gives to Norway the entire Spitzbergen archipelago. It is celebrated chiefly for its coal mines.

Russia, Sweden, Denmark and several other countries claimed Spitzbergen, but practically all of them have waived their claims and it is expected there will be little difficulty in getting all the great powers to ratify the treaty, giving the archipelago to Norway, which is closer to Spitzbergen than any other country. Sweden appears to be the only country likely to refuse its signature and the council expects to persuade it to give up its claims.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY NEAR CADILLAC

Six Young Lives Lost in Flames While Parents Were Absent

CADILLAC, Sept. 1. — Fire of unknown origin took a toll of six young lives on Friday evening last of Driscoll Lake post office, south of here. The remains of only four of the children could be identified and the result of the investigation was the verdict of the jury that death was accidental.

The six children belonged to two different families. Two were the children of Councillor Colin Munroe, the other four the children of Roy McKnight. Both the fathers left home about two weeks ago to go to Jansen, near Wynyard, where they were putting up hay for the winter's feeding of their stock. While the fathers were away Mrs. Munroe and her children went to stay with Mrs. McKnight and last Friday Mrs. Munroe accompanied Mrs. McKnight to the store at Frenchville. After purchasing their groceries they started homeward and saw the blaze from a distance. On arriving at the house they found a number of neighbors who had made every effort to get inside, but the flames prevented them and the heat was so intense they could not get near the building.

Saturday morning neighbors assisted the coroner, Dr. Clark, to search the ruins for the bodies and only four were found which could be recognized. The other two were charred beyond recognition.

During the night of Friday it was believed that two of the children might have got away and so the fields were hunted all night, but no trace of the missing ones found.

The children ranged in age from nine to two years. The cause of the fire is unknown, but it is surmised that the children secured matches in some way and accidentally set fire to the house.

REPATRIATION OF GERMAN SOLDIERS

LONDON, Aug. 30. — Pursuant to the decision of the supreme council at Paris, orders have been issued for the repatriation immediately of German prisoners held by Great Britain in France. The first batch, numbering 1,000, left there today. The repatriation of prisoners from England depends upon sea transportation, which the peace treaty provides Germany must arrange.

Eyewitness Tells Story of Killing Emperor of Russia

LONDON, Aug. 27. — Alleged authentic details of the killing of Emperor Nicholas of Russia and the other members of the Russian royal family, at Yekaterinburg, on July 17, 1918, are contained in a report drafted by an uniformed chief officer who had been employed in an official capacity in southern Russia, was made public today by Reuters' Limited. The story purports to have been told by a sentry who guarded the royal family while its members were under detention.

Under the orders of Commissary Kourovsky, the account runs, the emperor, the empress, Crown Prince Alex and the Grand Duchess Olga, Anastasia, Tatiana and Xenia, together with Court Physician Botkine and three servants, were taken to an underground room.

No interrogatory occurred. The emperor carried his son in his arms because of the boy's inability to walk in consequence of illness. Jourovsky, another Bolshevik leader, and nine Lettish soldiers, the account continues, entered the room and immediately killed all the occupants with revolver shots.

The sentry, on hearing the reports, dashed into the room, he says, and saw eleven bodies lying on the floor. Only the emperor's son was still alive. Seeing this, the narrator added, one of the Bolshevik party killed the crown prince with a point-blank shot.

New Hungarian Cabinet Formed

PARIS, Aug. 28. — Stephen Friedrich, Hungarian premier under the Archduke Joseph regime, has formed a new cabinet for Hungary in which besides the proteotorship, he assumed the post of minister of interior, according to a Havas despatch from Budapest today.

Other members of the cabinet are Count Czaky, minister of foreign affairs; M. Rubinko, minister of agriculture; General Schmitzer, minister of war; M. Erekly, minister of food; Karl Huszar, minister of public instruction; Georges Bolcogy, minister of justice; Dr. Silbery, minister of health; M. Haller, minister of propaganda, and M. Clap, minister of industrial works.

Yukon Has Gone Dry

Government Dispensaries Will Supply Needs of Thirsty From Now On.

DAWSON, Y. T. — The Yukon Territory has gone dry, when the law enacted last spring by the Yukon legislature abolishing the saloon came into effect on September 1. Twenty licensed bars now exist in the Yukon, of which 10 are in Dawson, all connected with hotels or road houses.

A government dispensary will be opened at Dawson and another at White Horse under the control of Commissioner MacKenzie, at which goods will be sold only by the bottle and during limited hours.

Between now and February a plebiscite will be held throughout the territory to determine the future of the liquor business. Three propositions will be voted upon: Sale of liquor through government dispensaries, a home-dry regime, or return to the license system, which has expired. It is believed that the real contest will be between the advocates of home-dry and dispensary systems. Yukon was the only district in Canada where the sale of all kinds of liquor over the bar was permitted during the whole course of the war and at the closing of its saloons, all Canada is under prohibitory legislation.

ROMANIA'S LUCK

PARIS, Aug. 29. — Reports from Budapest say that the crop in Rumania is the largest in 20 years. The Germans are already offering 20,000 marks per carload of twenty tons of wheat.

New German Zeppelin Makes Record Trip

Will Accommodate 35 Passengers in Spacious Cabins

BERLIN, Aug. 28. — A new Zeppelin airship, on its maiden trip from Friedrichshafen to Berlin, covered the 700 kilometers (about 435 miles) in a little more than six hours. The aircraft, which is named Bodensee, attained a maximum speed of 120 kilometres (a little more than 74 1/2 miles an hour).

The builders of the new type of machine have discarded the familiar cigar shape of the old Zeppelins and adopted a conical outlined exterior. The Bodensee is 120 metres long and accommodates 35 passengers. It is equipped with wireless and has a spacious passenger cabin. The passengers are able to obtain running hot and cold water. The aircraft is to go into a daily service. Twenty-one passengers, among them three women, made the initial trip in the airship. The Bodensee was built since the armistice was signed.

U. S. Senators Continue Assailing Peace Treaty

Knox Advises Senate to Even Reject Treaty Altogether

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29. — The treaty of peace was aggressively assailed by its senate foes again today, the foreign relations committee approving three more textual amendments to its provisions and Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania, Republican member of the committee, advising the senate that the only safe way to deal with it was to reject it altogether.

FIRST STEP TAKEN TO LOWER PRICES OF FOOD IN CANADA

OTTAWA, Aug. 29. — The Board of Commerce has taken action to control sugar prices by restraining and prohibiting certain parties from disposing of sugar in such a way as is calculated to unfairly increase its cost. They are particularly restrained from exporting sugar out of Canada. It was stated at the office of the board today that this action was taken in view of excessive and unfair prices charged for sugar and also because large quantities are being or are threatened to be exported from Canada, notwithstanding the urgent need for it in the Dominion.

Belgium Approves Peace Pact

BRUSSELS, Aug. 28. — The Belgian senate today unanimously approved the peace treaty with Germany. The chamber of deputies ratified the treaty August 8.

Re-Opening of Parliament

OTTAWA, Sept. 1. — Parliament came back today for the extra session which the government has called. There are only two outstanding items on the sessional program, one is the ratification of the peace treaty, the other is the ratification of an estimate that will provide each minister, senator and member with an extra indemnity of \$2,500.

Noted Priests Victims of Railway Tragedy

ST. PAUL, Sept. 1. — Father Conrad Glatzmayer, pastor of St. Mary's German Catholic church, and Father Jules Perigord, pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic church, both in Stillwater, Minn., were instantly killed today when the automobile in which they were riding was struck by the Soo Line Limited near Bald Eagle, Minn., near here. The train, which was more than two hours late, was going sixty miles an hour when it struck the auto carrying it for half a mile. Houses and trees obscured their view of the train. Practically every bone in their bodies was broken.

Father Perigord won fame in the world war through which he served as a chaplain with the French troops. During one charge, after all the officers had fallen, Father Perigord took command and led the troops to victory. For this he was decorated and made a captain. The authorities are conducting an investigation into the accident.

REAL END OF WAR

PARIS, Sept. 1. — A decree announcing the resumption of commercial relations with Germany will be published Tuesday, according to the newspapers of today.

INTER-ALLIED MISSION ORDERED TO SILESIA

PARIS, Aug. 30. — At a meeting of the inter-allied coal commission with German experts at Versailles it was decided to immediately send a four power coal mission to Silesia to investigate the situation there.

BERLIN, Germany. — The German-Polish situation took an unexpected aspect when it was announced that an inter-allied mission would leave this city for Upper Silesia immediately. It was announced at the same time that the Polish commission which has been conferring with German government officials will return to Warsaw and make a report.

This new development was the direct outcome of action by the Poles who on Wednesday interrupted negotiations with Germany, claiming the Upper Silesian situation was such that further deliberations were impossible. It was evident that this action came as a surprise to entente representatives here. General Dupont, commander of the inter-allied commission here, expressed the view that the German government has sole authority at present in Upper Silesia.

It is not expected that negotiations with the Poles will be resumed until after the inter-allied commission has made its report and its findings are accepted as final, and until questions involved in the occupation of Upper Silesia, as well as other disputes, are settled by a plebiscite. In the meantime, the German government has agreed to moderate military measures now being enforced in the region, and to discontinue executions.

Situation Improved. — Silesian despatches show that the situation in that region is much improved, from seventy to eighty per cent. of the miners, who have been idle, having returned to work.

TREATY IS CONCLUDED

PARIS, Aug. 26. — A Warsaw despatch announces the conclusion of a treaty between Poland and General Petlura, the leader of the Ukrainians. The terms of the treaty provide for the indemnification of Ukraine for Galicia and that Poland and Ukraine shall unite against the Russian Bolshevik.

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MANY GERMANS PLAN TO SETTLE IN SOUTH AMERICA

BERLIN, Aug. 27. — Five million Germans have filed with the central bureau of immigration and its four sub-stations applications to leave the country. The majority are turning their eyes towards South America. A large number also have indicated their desire to settle in Palestine.

Appointment of German Officials. — BERLIN, Aug. 27. — Dr. Daniel von Haimhausen, former counsel for the German embassy at Washington, has been selected for appointment as German ambassador to the United States, according to authoritative information today.

Dr. W. S. Solf, the secretary for the colonies, is the selection for ambassadorship to Great Britain, and Herr Radowitz, former under-secretary of state, for the ambassadorship to China.

Fritz August Thiel, former German consular representative in Japan, has been picked for the post of ambassador at Tokio.

The appointments of the men selected for ambassadorships, it is stated, depend upon the attitude of the powers in question. If they send charge d'affaires to Berlin, Germany will take like action as to representation in the capitals of such powers. There is no mention at present of the selection of a German ambassador to France.

Want Back Their Estate. — BERLIN, Aug. 27. — Former Duke Charles Edward, of Coburg-Gotha, has filed a suit against the republic of Gotha and its commissioners to recover his estate, which was confiscated when he declined to accept a settlement of 15,000,000 marks.

The Prince of Waldeck-Pyrmont is also suing for the recovery of half his domain after the failure of negotiations with the new government.

Submarine Bremen Not Captured

LONDON, Aug. 27. — There is no truth in the report that the German submarine Bremen was captured during the war and returned recently to Germany, according to official information given out today. It was added that the British admiralty has no knowledge concerning the fate of the Bremen, but that it is assumed the submarine foundered while endeavoring to cross the Atlantic.

Bavarian Army Ceases to Exist

MUNICH, Aug. 28. — The Bavarian army officially ceased to exist today.

Asserted French Caused Trouble in German City

MAYENCE, Sept. 1. — The French authorities of occupation announce that the German newspapers have published erroneous reports concerning the disorders of Friday at Ludwigshafen. They declare that there has been no revolt and that the disturbance which resulted in the death of the postmaster and another postal official was due to exaggerated nervousness on the part of the local police.

As Told in Germany

BERLIN, Sept. 1. — A despatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Mannheim, asserts that Frenchness, in the garb of civilians, promoted an insurrection at Ludwigshafen. They demanded entrance to the main post office at midnight for the purpose of telegraphing abroad news of the proclamation of a republic, but were forced to retire.

REFUSE TO TRADE WITH ANY ALIENS

NOTTINGHAM, Sept. 1. — The Nottingham Lace Employers' association has passed a resolution pledging themselves not to trade for ten years with any local lace firms employing or reinstating any enemy alien who has been interned or left the country or may begin business there. This step is stated to be due to the fact that the trade was boycotted by young Germans before the war who learned the manufacturing process, obtained the best positions and afterwards returned to Germany, where they traded or remained in Nottingham and became severe competitors.

It becomes part of the imperial defence army. President Ebert and Minister of Defence Noske were present at the ceremony of incorporation.

The Bavarian troops were officially turned over to the government forces in the forenoon and held a review by President Ebert with the troops under the national regime. The Bavarian war minister, Schneppenhurst, leaves office, which henceforth will be non-existent.

Need Further Troops to Maintain Order

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 29. — A despatch from Berlin says Marshal Foch has notified the German armistice commission that the supreme council has consented to a provisional increase of the German gendarmerie troops in the neutral zone beyond the Rhine for three months after the peace treaty comes into effect, as the force provided for in the treaty is considered inadequate to maintain order.

May Tax Germans Who Did Not Fight

BERLIN, Aug. 28. — As a result of the government's search for new sources of revenue, the feasibility of assessing men who escaped active service during the war has been suggested.

It is estimated that six million men never wore uniforms, and that if an "exemption tax" averaging twenty marks per man were levied the yield would be 120,000,000 marks.

Von Buelow's View

BERLIN, Aug. 29. — Prince Bernhard von Buelow, former German chancellor, has in a rather belated manner entered the list of those making reservations concerning the outbreak of war by writing a letter to the Fremdenblatt, of Hamburg, regarding the statement made by Dr. Theobald von Bethmann-Hollweg, chancellor in 1914, that the declaration of war was inevitable.

Prince von Buelow sketches his long years as chancellor, tells how he was able to avoid war and admits that peace was desired by Dr. Bethmann-Hollweg, who, he says, however, "lacked political art."

"During the grave weeks before the war," writes Prince von Buelow, "serious diplomatic and political mistakes were made by Germany's political leaders which were unjustly ascribed to the people's responsibility."

New Express Rates

Increase On Shipments Over 100 Pounds—Some Reductions.

MONTREAL, Que., Aug. 24. — In accordance with the judgment of the board of railway commissioners the tariffs of the express companies have been revised effective Sept. 1. While the new schedules provide for an increased rate on merchandise shipments weighing 100 pounds and over, the charges on the smaller parcels are in some instances reduced.

The special scale of rates on shipments over 500 pounds have been cancelled.

With the exception of carload fish rates from the Pacific coast no changes have been made in the commodity tariffs, though after Sept. 1. no cartage will be performed on commodities carried at special carload rates.

On less than carloads no collection service will be given but delivery will be made at destination where a cartage service is maintained.

SMUTTS TO FORM CABINET

JOHANNESBURG, Aug. 31. — Lt.-General Jan Christian Smuts accepted the invitation of Viscount Buxton, governor-general of the Union of South Africa, to form a new cabinet. This is made necessary by the death of General Louis Botha, who had held the office of premier.