Timber Trade to the British Empire at large.—And that *Mr.* Speaker be directed to transmit the same.

Immediately after the above resolution, the House went into COMMITTEE OF SUPPLY; and proceeded to dispose of Petitions.

The following, among other grants, was passed:—"*Resolved*, That there be granted to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, the sum of one hundred pounds, to be applied toward the support of a School, under the direction of the Right Rev. the Bishop of Charlotte Town, to be established in the County of Kent, for the higher branches of Education among the Acadian French Inhabitants of this Province."

The report of the debate on this grant occupies *eleven* pages of manuscript, which we omit this week.

(FROM THE JOURNALS.)

Tuesday, Feb. 14.—Mr. Shore, acting Secretary, by command of His Excellency, laid before the House returns from the Collector and Controller of the Customs for the Port of Saint John, for the year ending 5th January last.

Wednesday, February 15.

Mr. Brown, by leave, presented a petition from Peter Stubs, Esquire, praying remuneration for his expences in attending at the bar of the House, in obedience to the Speaker's Warrant, to give evidence in the matter of the charges against James M. Spearman, and Thomas Jones, Esquires; which he read.

Mr. Hill, by leave, presented a Petition from Charles R. Hatheway, Esquire, praying for like remuneration; which he read.

Mr. Allen, by leave, presented a Petition from John Wilson, Esquire, praying for like remuneration; which he read.

Ordered, That the said Petitions be received and referred to the Committee of Privileges.

The following Bills have been sent to the Council, for concurrence:—A Bill to incorporate certain Persons Pew-holders of St. Andrew's Church in St. John;—A Bill to extend the privilege of solemnizing marriage to ministers of certain congregations in the Province;—A Bill to continue and amend the Acts relative to the support and relief of confined Debtors.—The Council have rejected the "Bill to empower the Grand Inquest of Charlotte County, to audit and examine the Accounts of the said County."

SUMMARY OF ENGLISH INTELLIGENCE.

Cholera.—M. Majendie, a Paris Physician, writing from Sunderland, says, "the cases of cholera I have seen far exceed all the images of horror I could possibly have formed. The most athletic man, in perfect health, becomes in a few minutes to all appearances, except that he retains the power of breathing, a perfect corpse, and the countenance assumes the most ghastly character. All this, however, produces scarcely any moral effect on the mass of the population, business is going on as usual, and no more notice is taken than if it were an ordinary disease."

An alarming case of cholera occurred on Tuesday night last in the person of the Rev. Thomas Scott, a Presbyterian minister, who died after 24 hours illness. He was neither ill fed, ill clothed, nor debilitated, but was under extreme apprehension of being attacked by the disorder; so much so, that he would not, in the performance of his duty visit any one who was attacked by cholera. It is said not to be generally contagious until after death, nor even then, until the body has become putrid. But a person who is strongly predisposed to disease is very likely to receive it by contagion, if he remain any length of time in the same room with the patient.—*Northumberland Advertiser.*

Majendie's description of Cholera.—A few days ago Majendie, in returning to Paris from his visit to Sunderland, was asked, by a distinguished physician in London, what he thought of cholera?—"I think (said Majendie) that it is a disease which begins where others end—*with death.*"—*Medical Gazette.*

Burking.—Bishop and Williams, two of the wretches who have been charged with this atrocious crime in England, have been condemned and executed; the confession of Bishop, is given at length in the English papers. He states that the boy who was murdered, and has been supposed to be the Italian boy, was one from Lincolnshire. Bishop, together with his associate Williams, enticed him to their residence at night, where they made him drink a quantity of rum and laudanum; after which they attached a cord to his feet, and lowered him into a well in the garden, to a sufficient depth to produce suffocation. In a subsequent confession, he acknowledged the murder of a young woman, and another boy in the same manner as that which has been already mentioned. He acquits May, who was convicted at the same time with himself and Williams, of any participation in these crimes.—Thousands of persons were assembled to witness the execution of these miscreants, and received them, as they were successively brought forth, with hisses and execrations. As much as five guineas was paid for a single place at a window to see those wretches die.—It is said, that there is no instance of an individual dying with fortitude in the midst of these marks of public hatred; and it appears that these persons, like Burke, were overcome with agony and fear. If it be curious to observe how completely the sensibilities of these wretches were destroyed by their occupation, which they denominate body-snatching,—it is no less so to remark, to what extent the indignation of the people at this newly-discovered crime overcomes all the feeling with which the death of a fellow-being would commonly be regarded.

May, an accomplice, was reprieved, and as an accessory after the fact, was to be transported for life. The following statement respecting him at the moment of his reprieve, is striking:—"When the respite was received for May, the Rev. Dr. Cotton immediately went to the cell, and commenced reading over to him all the letters and applications that had been made on his behalf to the Secretary of State. May said that he was aware that it was all of no use, and that he had made up his mind to die. The Rev. Gentleman then announced the reprieve to him; immediately May raised his hands over his head, and stood for a moment in that position; he then fell down upon his back. The pulsation at his heart and wrist entirely ceased for half an hour, and it was thought that he was dead. A medical gentleman was immediately sent for, and after restoratives had been applied, in about an hour he recovered."

Five of the six Bristol rioters, who were put on their trial on Tuesday, have been found guilty. Sentence has not yet been passed on them.

Another of those dreadful explosions which of late have been so frequent in the Coal Mines of England, has taken place near Wigan, by which twenty-eight persons lost their lives.

The *Algemeine Zeitung* of the 28th Dec., contains an article which purports to give some exposition of the views of the Emperor Nicholas, upon the subject of European politics. Having enslaved Poland, he now turns his fraternal regards to his fellow conservative in Portugal, and is described as being deeply interested in the settlement of the affairs of that country. In fine, a political cholera, emanating from the Russian Cabinet, is to ravage the whole surface of Europe.

The number of Poles at present in banishment amounts to 62,000.

WEST INDIES.

(From the New-York Observer, Feb. 11.)

Revolt of the Slaves in Jamaica.—A letter from Havanna, dated Jan. 14th, received in Boston, says, that there was an arrival there from Jamaica, bringing intelligence of the deplorable condition of that Island. The Negroes 15,000 strong, and well armed, had entire possession of the Interior, and were desolating the Island with fire and sword.

This news is confirmed by the schooner Harvey, Snow, which arrived at Baltimore on Tuesday, from Montego Bay, Jamaica, whence she sailed on the 5th January. Capt. Snow reports that the whole Island was in a state of confusion and alarm, in consequence of the insurrectionary movements of the slaves. The troops had been called out, and had attacked them, and all who did not surrender at discretion, were shot. Many slaves, it is added, had met that fate. Martial law had been declared, and the vessels in port were not permitted to sail. The H. however, being full, and having applied for a clearance several days before the declaration of martial law, was allowed to depart. Three British frigates had arrived there from Kingston, with 500 marines on board. The insurrection was not quelled when the H. sailed, and Capt. Snow saw several large fires burning at a distance. A negro hut had been examined, and three hundred stand of arms found therein. The insurgents appeared to be well armed. The following proclamations was issued on the 2d January.

MONTEIO BAY, HEAD QUARTERS, St. James's, Jan. 2, 1832.

To the [illegible] Slaves.

NEGROES—You have taken up arms against your masters, and have burnt and plundered their houses and buildings. Some wicked persons have told you that the King has made you free, and that your masters withhold your pardon from you. In the name of the king I come among you to tell you, you are misled. I bring with me a numerous force to punish the guilty, and all who are found with the rebels will be put to death without mercy. You cannot resist the king's troops. Surrender yourselves and beg that your crime maybe pardoned. All who yield themselves up at any military post *immediately*, provided they are not principals and chiefs in the burnings that have been committed, will receive his Majesty's gracious pardon. All who hold out will meet with certain death. WILLOUGHBY COTTON,

Major General Commanding.

COMMUNICATION.

To the Editor of the Observer.

SIR—In the *Courier* of Saturday last, my curiosity was excited by observing the conclusion of a Trial in the House of Assembly, respecting the quarrel between Colonel Wyer and a Mr. Spearman of St. Andrews, headed, "Privilege Case,—termination of its proceedings."

On reading this 'termination,' I must confess I was a little surprised at the peculiar mode of Mr. Spearman's defence, and at seeing my name quoted the first as a party in that quarrel.

Now, Sir, beg you will give publicity to these observations on the subject, as I cannot conceive why my signing the petition alluded to, should implicate me in their quarrel, a quarrel that I did not know of, till a few days ago was in existence, and never hearing of or seeing any letter upon the subject.

However, Mr. Spearman's assertions respecting myself are not strictly correct. He observes, I had only lived in St. Andrews a few weeks, and *had never had any* transaction with the CustomHouse. *If* I have said months instead of weeks, it would have been nearer the truth, and darkar that time, if "*never having transaction* with the *Custom House*," the Custom Houshad some transaction with me, and a transaction that I considered at the time, thrice petty, "*groundless and frivolous.*"—I occurred but one time I had occasion to cross the water to see a patient, and I generally (by carry a small box or case (not larger than a small pumpkin) with a few medicines in it. On my return I stepped into the carriage at the ferry, and rode into town. On our arrival opposite the Custom House, the carriage stopped, and I was told I must send my *trunk* into the Custom House for examination. Pooh! my excuse says I—*I have had examinations enough!*—Some one came out, and I had to give up the key—the petty box was carried into the Custom House, and I took my own *trunk, hats* and *all*, off in dudgeon, and walked the rest of the way home. The Custom House had the after politeness to send my newly christen'd box after me; but on future excursions I took care to leave the trunk at home, and hadto substitute pockets for medicines, instead of trunks. I shall always think this a *groundless* cause for putting me to so much inconvenience, as a travelling practitioner.

Again, he says—"*This man never having attempt'd to substantiate his complaints,*" is sufficiently answered by Mr. S. himself, as he observes, "indeed the letter calling on him to do so, *is now* lying in the Post Office.

In conclusion, I beg leave to say, if the man Mr. Spearman wishes to know all the reasons why, I signed the said petition, I will give him a volume of them, (altho' I now have a writing) not to his prejudice, but for the good of the Country. I can forgive him for introducing my humble name so cavalierly before the public, because like many others on this side the Atlantic, he knows me not. I am not one of those that are either to be frightened or *flattered* out of an opinion deduced from reason. I also understand he *has had* higher employments than his present one. Can assure him I am not behind him on that head; and I can make it appear self-evident that I was actuated to fill employments by purer motives, and consequently, I still think myself entitled to the name of Gentleman.

I remain, Mr. Editor, your obd't serv't.

St. John, 20th Feb. W. HUNT, M. D.

THE OBSERVER.

ST. JOHN, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1832.

The English January Mail arrived on Sunday morning last.—The London dates are only to the 5th of the month; and were therefore anticipated by the arrival of the Frederick last week.—In the course of another week we may expect intelligence of a later date.

It is reported, we hear, from unquestionable authority, that the Home Government has signified its assent to the Proposition of the Assembly of this Province, embodied in a Petition to the King, at the close of the last Session, offering to pay the Salaries of the Custom House Officers throughout the Province, at the rates stated in a schedule annexed, and amounting altogether to £4,250 sterling.—We have been informed that the total amount of Custom House salaries upon the existing scale, exceeds £6,000, and that Government has in a spirit of true munificence, undertaken to make up the difference during the continuance of the present Establishment. This settlement of a long pending and difficult question will doubtless give universal satisfaction.—(For the Petition and Schedule we refer our readers to our paper of 12th April last.)

We learn that our House of Assembly, on Friday last, voted £541 : 8 : 3, to defray the expenses attending poor Emigrants landed at this port last year.

A Bill introduced last week to the House of Assembly of this Province for an alteration in the management of the Marine Hospital in this City, has been rejected by a very large majority—only two Members being found to give it their support. The question having been lately much agitated here, we cannot forbear expressing our satisfaction at the decision of the House respecting it; a decision which will, we trust, secure the present usefulness of the Institution from the danger of crude and visionary innovations.

JAMAICA—*Insurrection of the Slaves.*—An article in a preceding column, taken from the *New-York Observer*, and which unhappily appears too authentic to be doubted, gives a deplorable picture of the state of affairs in Jamaica.

[illegible] NOVA SCOTIA.—On the 9th [illegible] motion of Mr. STEWART, the House of [illegible] applied to the Lieutenant Governor, requesting information as to the authority under which three additional Members had been lately added to His Majesty's Council. His Excellency declined giving copies of the Dispatches; but informed the House that the [illegible] the three additional Councillors, had for its object to render that body more independent of any supposed influence from persons holding situations under the Crown.

The Bill was [illegible] on the 13th, and met with some opposition [illegible] finally sent to Committee without a division. [illegible] YOUNG declared himself in favour of the [illegible] generally, but objected to the mode [illegible] intended to be conducted in the present [illegible]. He wished it to be assimilated to the Scotch Banks, where a man by giving security to a certain extent, can open a cash account, draw out money as he has occasion for it, and upon re-payment, be credited with the difference of interest.

A Bill is before the House, to authorize the issuing of Provincial Notes to the amount of £25,000.—A Committee has recommended an issue of Copper Coinage from the Treasury to the amount of £2,000.

The Yarmouth Free Port Petition has been referred to a Committee.

The Legislature of Upper Canada was prorogued on the 28th January, without passing either the Supply Bill or the Road Bill:—The Council rejected the former on the ground that no adequate provision for the services of Government had been made; and at the same time intimated their determination not to give their assent to any Money Bills until such provision were made by the Assembly as the public exigencies appeared to require, and for which the limited scale proposed was in the opinion of the Council wholly insufficient. The Assembly did not concur in the views taken by the Council, and the Money Bills were accordingly rejected.

The Legislature of Lower Canada, it was thought, would be prorogued about the 10th instant.—It will be seen, by reference to extracts in our first page, that there is a probability of the Legislature of Lower Canada being placed in a predicament similar to that of the Upper Province. The Governor, by command of His Majesty's Government, had called on the Assembly for a vote, during the King's life, of certain salaries, with positive orders not to sanction the Supply Bills unless such salaries were granted.—The House having gone into Committee on the subject, Mr. LEE moved that the Chairman do leave the Chair, and the motion being carried by a majority of 42 to 9—the Message of the Governor was thus thrown aside.

STATISTICS OF LOWER CANADA.—The total Population of Lower Canada in 1831, is now ascertained to be 511,919—in 1825 the number was 423,630—increase in six years, 88,289—that is, the population doubling its amount in something less than 28 years. The total number of Emigrants arrived in that Province, in the course of the last six years, is 127,288—of which number 22,032 have permanently settled in the country. 12,993 in the district of Montreal; 9417 in the district of Quebec; 507 in the district of Three Rivers; and 115 in the district of Gaspe.—5342 have settled in the city of Montreal; and 5657 in the city of Quebec.—The total population of the latter city is now 27,562—of the former 27,297.—There are 737 Saw Mills and 489 Potash Factories in the Province.

BIRTH OF WASHINGTON.—To-morrow, (the 22d of February) will complete a period of one hundred years since the birth of GEORGE WASHINGTON.—This distinguished Patriot was born on the 22d February, 1732.—Great preparations are making throughout the United States for the celebration of this first centennial anniversary of the birth of him who has been justly styled "*the Father of his Country.*"

We observe that one of the ships of the New-York and Liverpool line of Packets, is called the *Saint John*, but whether so named in honor of our port, or noble river, we cannot say.

(From the Royal Gazette.)

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, 13th February, 1832.

His Majesty's Government having determined to collect the Quit Rents on the granted lands in this Province—Notice is hereby given, by order of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, that His Majesty is graciously pleased to remit all Quit Rents due previously to Midsummer day last, but that they will be strictly enforced from that period.

With the view, however, of giving every encouragement to persons desirous of commuting them, they will be permitted to redeem them on the following terms:—

At sixteen years purchase to all persons who may redeem them before Midsummer day, 1833.

At eighteen years purchase to those persons who may redeem them subsequently to that period, and anterior to Midsummer, 1836.

And at twenty years purchase to those persons who may commute them subsequently to Midsummer, 1836, with an intimation, however, that His Majesty's Government will then take into consideration how far it may be expedient to dispose of the unredeemed Quit Rents, to any persons desirous of purchasing them on the principle adopted in England, with regard to the Land Tax.

Supreme Court, Hilary Term, 1832.
Thursday, 9th February.

George Kerr and George E. S. Berton, Gentlemen, Attornies of the Court were called to the Bar and admitted, sworn, and enrolled Barristers.

Saturday, 11th February.

Charles Augustus Harding, Gent. having produced the requisite Certificates is admitted, sworn and enrolled an Attorney of this Court.

KING'S COLLEGE—FREDERICTON.

At a convocation held in the College on Thursday, 9th Feb. the honorary degree of Doctor in Divinity was conferred on the Rev. Jerome Alley, A. B. of Trinity College, Dublin, Rector of St. Andrews in this Province.

On Friday, Feb. 10th, the Rev. Dr. Somerville, (in the place of Dr. Gray, whose attendance was prevented by indisposition) and the Rev. Dr. Alley were sworn into office as examiners.

The Students who presented themselves were examined agreeably to lists of books severally furnished by themselves, in the Greek Testament, and the historical truths of Christianity, all controversial topics being systematically avoided; in English and Latin composition; in Euclid's Geometry, Wood's Algebra, and Aldrich's Logic; and in parts of the original works of Herodotus, Thucydides, Sophocles, Euripides, Pindar, Aristotle, Cicero, Livy, Tacitus, Horace and Juvenal. The examination was resumed on the Saturday, and at its conclusion the following certificate was affixed in the College Hall:—

King's College, Fredericton, February 11, 1832.

"The Students, whose names are under-written, have received Testimonia under our hands of their fitness to be admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Arts:—"HENRY SMITH, STEPHEN MILLER, DAVID LEWIS DIBBLEE."

James Somerville, LL.D. } *Examiners.*
Jerome Alley, D. D. }

It should be observed that, although the Rules of the College require the candidates to be classed according to merit, as their respective proficiency may be discovered in the Examination itself, the Examiners had on this first occasion, the satisfaction of finding that there was no necessity to arrange the names in any other order than that of seniority.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER,
From the 14th to the 20th Feb.—Northern aspect.

FEBRUARY	Sun-rise.	Mid-Day.	10 P. M.	Winds, &c.
Tuesday ... 14	14°	26°	19°	W. fine.
Wednesday 15	26	37	22	S.E. snow.
Thursday .. 16	*1	2	*7	N.N.W. high wind.
Friday 17	*3	15	11	N.W. fine. (fine aft'n.
Saturday... 18	12	26	10	W. snow in the morn.
Sunday 19	10	30	23	S.E. snow storm.
Monday 20	25	33	29	E.S.E. snow.

* *Below zero.*

MARRIED,

On Wednesday last, at Waweig, Charlotte County, by the Rev. Dr. Thomson, Capt. JAMES STRANG, of St. John, to Miss JANE, daughter of Mr. S. Connick.

DIED,

At Ahmenadab, in the East Indies, on the 18th June last, the Rev. ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, M. A. eldest son of Major General Sir Archibald Campbell, Bart. G C B. His Majesty's Lieutenant Governor of the Province of New Brunswick.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

ARRIVED,

23. *Friday*, Ship Ann, Smith, Liverpool, 47—J. Slason, salt and coals.
29. *Sunday*, Ship Oxford, Davidson, Port Glasgow, 49—R. Rankine & Co., ballast.

CLEARED,

Ship Devereux, Lunman, Liverpool, timber.
Brig Aurora, Forsyth, Cork, do.

—oo—

The Brig Sultan, of this Port, arrived at Charleston, S. C. on the 27th ult. from Jamaica.

The Friends, Butters, from St. John for Dublin, is wrecked on the southern coast of Wexford.—*Liverpool Times, Jan. 20.*

NEW-BRUNSWICK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the GENERAL MEETING of STOCKHOLDERS of the above Company, for the purpose of choosing Directors for the same for the ensuing year, will take place at the Company's Office, on Monday the 5th of March next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

By order, D. JORDAN,
St. John, February 18, 1832. *Secretary.*

PEACHES.

A FEW Bushels of the above Article, *Dry'd*, is just received per *Robert Ray*, ex New-York—and for Sale. —ALSO—

10 Tierces and Half Tierces of fresh RICE, which will be sold low.—Apply to

Feb. 21. J. HUGHSON, Peters' Wharf.

☞NOTICE.

ALL Persons are hereby cautioned against crediting ROBERT LAWTON, on my account, as I will not be answerable for any debts of his contracting, after this date. JOHN LAWTON.

St. John, 21st February, 1832.—3w*

PER FREDERICK,

HALF-Extra Superfine CAGES;
2 do. ditto Remnants.

Feb. 21. CROOKSHANK & WALKER.

ORREL COALS.

Just received, per ship *Ann*, Capt. Smith, from Liverpool:

70 CHALDRONS best ORREL COALS—*warranted*—For sale by

Feb. 21. CROOKSHANK & WALKER.

MARINE STOCK, FOR SALE.

6 SHARES in the *St. John Marine Insurance Company*—for sale by

Feb. 21. JOHN ROBERTSON.

SUGAR.

10 HHDS. and Tierces good retailing SUGAR—just received, and for sale low by E. DeW. RATCHFORD.

LANDING,

Ex Brig Union V. from Norfolk:

20 M. PRIME Red Oak Hhd. STAVES,
70 do. do. Cypress SHINGLES,
50 Barrels Superfine FLOUR,
50 Bags CORN,
120 Barrels Navy BREAD—For sale by

Feb. 18. CROOKSHANK & WALKER.

FLOUR AND BREAD.

Received per Brig Robert Ray from N. York:

200 BARRELS Superfine FLOUR,—*part of which is in Bond.*

—ON HAND—

150 Barrels and Bags best Norfolk Navy Bread,
20 ditto Pilot Bread,
56 Kegs fresh Crackers;

For sale at the lowest rates in market, by

Feb. 21. E DeW. RATCHFORD.

JAMAICA SUGAR & SLOPS.

9 HHDS. Jamaica SUGAR, of very superior quality—per *Isabella*, from Halifax.
5 Bales SLOPS—per *Miramichi*, from Liverpool. JOHN ROBERTSON.

Feb. 21, 1832.

FOR SALE,

THAT commodious Dwelling HOUSE situated in *Sidney-street*, directly opposite the Catholic Chapel, at present occupied by Joseph Clifford.

21st February. W. & T. LEAVITT.

TO LET,

And possession given on the 1st day of May next:

THAT part of the Exchange Coffee-House fronting on King-street, containing ten Rooms, several of which have fire-places, and is well adapted for a Boarding House or private Dwelling—the use of the passage fronting on the Market-square can be had with it if required.

It is the intention of the subscribers to fit up the large room in the Coffee-House, fronting on the Market-square, into three or four apartments, to be let for offices, the premises being so central they will be very desirable situations for that purpose.

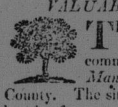
THOMAS BARLOW,
February 21. S. NICHOLS.

TO LET—*From 1st May next:*

THE Premises in King-street, at present occupied by Mr. Keltie. If not disposed of by private bargain, they will shortly be let at Auction to the highest bidder, of which timely notice will be given.

Feb. 21, 1832. J. JOHNSTON.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.



THE subscriber offers for sale the FARM on which he now resides, commonly known by the name of *Coffin's Manor*, in the Parish of Westfield, King's County. The situation is pleasant and convenient, it has its front upwards of two miles on the Nerepis Stream and River St. John, including a large quantity of Marsh Meadow, with an excellent Salmon, Shad, and Herring Fishery. The Farm is under high cultivation, with Buildings of every description in good repair, with a good Garden and Orchard on the same.—Possession will be given on the first day of May next, and further particulars made known on application to the subscriber on the premises.

19th February. WILLIAM BELYEA.

FOR SALE,

AN excellent FARM, situated on the Washademoack, and opposite an Island of the same name containing 300 acres of Land, about ten of which are cleared and partly under cultivation, with a Log House thereon.—For particulars, apply to

JOHN O'DONNELLY, *St. John, or*
PATRICK LAFFERTY, *Grand Lake.*

N.B. The above would be exchanged for a convenient Building Lot or House in town.

2 st February.

COMMISSARIAT OFFICE,
St. John, N. B. 16th February, 1832.

TENDERS will be received at this Office until noon on Tuesday the 28th instant, from persons disposed to supply the following Articles, for the service of the Royal Engineer Department at this place, to be delivered wherever required by the Commanding Royal Engineer, viz:—

1 Cast Iron Hot-Plate, 3 feet 10 in. by 2 feet, ½ inch thick—to be first clean.
1 Gallon Spirits of TURPENTINE,
1 Barrel TAR,
1 Barrel PITCH,
200 Lbs. Sheathing PAPER,
6 Spruce SPARS, 25 feet long, 10 inches diam.
8 Tons Birch TIMBER, 10×10 inches, in such lengths as may be required by the Engineer Department.
50 Loads Building STONE.

The rate sterling to be stated opposite each article. Payment will be made by a draft on the Military Chest, in British Silver, by the Deputy Ordnance Store Keeper, on the articles being delivered and approved by the person appointed to inspect the same.

For PHILADELPHIA,

The fast sailing Brig

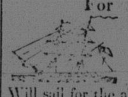
ROBERT RAY,

STEPHEN HOWARD, Master;

Will sail on SATURDAY next. For Passage, (having good accommodations,) apply to the Master on board, or at the store of P. HATFIELD,

21st February. *Ward-street.*

For LONDONDERRY,



The well known copper fastened Brig

ANN,

JAMES STRANG, Master;

Will sail for the above Port on or about the 10th of March, and return from thence to St. John direct.—Persons desirous of sending for their friends from that quarter, will have a favourable opportunity of securing passages, on application to the Master on board, or at the Store of JOHN WISHART.

21st February.

FOR SALE,

A VESSEL, about 95 Tons, now building at St. Mary's Bay, of the following dimensions:—51½ feet Keel, 19 feet breadth of Beam, 10 feet Hold. This Vessel will be copper fastened, of an approved model both for sailing and carrying, and will be ready to launch about March.—Apply to

JAMES H. F. RANDOLPH, *Digby.*

TO THE LADIES.

MRS. J. MILLAR, lately arrived in Saint John, begs to acquaint the LADIES thereof, that she has commenced the MILLINERY Business in Saint James'-street, near the residence of Robert Robertson, Esq. and from her long experience in the above line, flatters herself that any orders she may be favoured with, shall be executed in the most fashionable manner, and on reasonable terms.

Mrs. M. has on hand a variety of New and Fashionable GOODS connected with the above business, which she will be happy to dispose of cheap.

AUCTION SALES.

On Monday the 27th instant, will be Sold by the Subscribers:

THE whole of the *STOCK IN TRADE* of Mr. KENNETH M'KENZIE, at the Store occupied by him in the Market-square, consisting of a very General Assortment of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, and DRY GOODS.

21st Febrnary. MACKAY & MOORE.

On Wednesday the 28th March, at 11 o'clock, the Subscriber will sell at Public Auction at his Store, on the North Market Wharf:

10 PUNS. of RUM; 5 Hhds. SUGAR; 2 Hogsheads of LOAF SUGAR:
300 Pieces Printed Calico; 30 Pieces Cloths;
200 Ditto Brown COTTONS;
2 Bales Sewing Twine; 2 bales Cod Lines;
2 Pieces Carpeting; 20 pieces Ducks;
50 Ditto Homespuns; 300 pcs. lining Cottons;

A great variety of Hardware; *Also* Silks, grode Naps, Persians, Ribbons, Shawls, Scarfs, &c.

☞*Terms—Under £15, cash; £15 to 75, three months; £75 to 125, four months; £125 to 200, six months; £200 and upwards, nine months—approved endorsed notes.*

Feb. 21, JOHN ROBERTSON.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,

For sale at Public Auction, on the premises, on Tuesday the 8th day of May next, at 12 o'clock.

ALL the REAL ESTATE of the late Hon. JOHN BLACK, situated in this City, consisting of several Lots with Dwelling House and Stores fronting on Dock and Nelson-streets, together with the Water Lot and Wharf on the West side of Nelson-street.

The whole will be sold in Lots to suit purchasers, agreeable to a plan in possession of the subscriber, who will readily furnish any further description or information that may be required.

The Terms of Sale will be a deposit of ten per cent at the time of sale, and a liberal credit allowed for the payment of the remainder, of which timely notice will be given. By order of the Heirs.

16th February. WILLIAM BLACK.

☞NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the Subscribers, under the firm of

EVERITT & STRICKLAND,

is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—All persons who are indebted to said firm, are requested to call and settle the same with CHARLES D. EVERITT, at Saint John, or DAVID STRICKLAND, Fredericton; and those who have demands will please render them for adjustment to either of the Subscribers.

CHARLES D. EVERITT,
DAVID STRICKLAND.

January 25, 1832.

HATS! HATS!

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he keeps constantly on hand, (in the same Store formerly occupied by *Everitt & Strickland,*) a large number of warranted Water-proof HATS, of various shapes and qualities, of his own manufacturing; together with an extensive stock of English HATS, and American CAPS; which he offers for sale cheap for cash, wholesale or retail.

CHARLES D. EVERITT.

☞Cash and the highest prices given for Furs.—An Apprentice wanted.

*** *Ground Plaster Paris for sale.*

Market-Square, St. John, 14th February, 1832.

WALKER & MACARA,

Have receiced per Woodman, from one of the first Seed Houses, London:

A GENERAL assortment of Garden and Flower SEEDS, Bulbous ROOTS, &c., warranted the Produce of 1831, which they will dispose of at their usual low rates.

N. B.—W. & M. have on hand a large quantity of very superior *New-Brunswick* TIMOTHY SEED.

☞Shortly expected from the *United States*, a further supply of Garden, Flower and Grass SEEDS.

February 7, 1832.

NAVY & PILOT BREAD

FOR SALE.

50 BBLS. NAVY } BREAD,—superior
50 do. PILOT } quality;
50 Bags of INDIAN MEAL.

February 7. J. HUGHSON, *Peters' Wharf.*

FOR SALE.

A NEW Copper-fastened GIG BOAT, twenty three feet Keel—Apply at this Office.

Feb. 14.

TO LET,

From the 1st May next:

CONVENIENT Apartments in the House of the Subscriber, in Duke-street, consisting of two Parlours, three small Bed-rooms, with a Kitchen and good well of Water, Cellar room for Wood and Coals, Vegetable Cellar, &c. &c. The rent will be moderate to a small family.—Enquire on the premises.

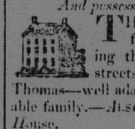
Feb. 14.—4† JAMES HOLMAN.

TO LET.

THE half of that pleasantly situated HOUSE, corner of Duke and Germain-streets, at present occupied by A. GRANT, Esq.: Inquire of Mrs. CALEB WARD, on the premises. February 7.

TO LET,

And possession given the first May next.



THAT pleasantly situated HOUSE, fronting on Duke-street, and adjoining the corner of Duke and Charlotte streets, at present occupied by Mr. James Thomas—well adapted for the residence of a respectable family.—*Also*—*A* Stable, with or without the *House.*

Also—The front Rooms in the corner House adjoining the above—suitable for a small family. Apply to Mrs. DURANT, on the premises.

February 7, 1832.

TO LET,

And possession given the first May next:

THAT well known STORE on the Western side of the Market-Square, at present occupied by Mr. J. T. HANFORD.—For further particulars apply to JOHN JOHNSTON.

February 7, 1832.

TO LET,

From the first of May next:

THAT pleasantly situated Dwelling HOUSE, at the lower end of Germain-street, in this City, nearly opposite the residence of THOS HARDING, Esq. The House contains eight Rooms, five of which have fire-places, besides a good Kitchen and Cellar.—Apply to S. L. LUGRIN.

St. John, February 7, 1832.

NOTICE.

MR. WILLIAM M'RAE, of this City, Grocer, having by a Deed of Assignment, dated this day, conveyed all his Property, Notes, Book Debts, Bonds, and all other effects whatsoever, unto the Subscribers, as Assignees, in Trust to pay and apply the Proceeds thereof to and among his Creditors, who shall make proof of their respective claims, on or before the 1st March next, and agree to accept the same in full of their said respective debts, and give a receipt in full for the same accordingly, ratably, and in proportion to the respective amounts thereof.—All Persons indebted to the said WILLIAM M'RAE, are hereby requested to make immediate payment to either of the Subscribers forthwith; and all persons who have any claims against the said WILLIAM M'RAE, are requested to present the same without delay.

JOHN WISHART,
JOHN MOYES,
JOHN ROBERTSON,
WILLIAM MACKAY.

St. John, 31st January, 1832.