

GLOSSARY

accessorial service - a service rendered in addition to the physical transportation service (e.g., heating, refrigeration, storage, packing)

backhaul - to return over part of a route which has already been travelled.

bonded goods - goods deposited in a bonded warehouse.

bonded warehouse - a warehouse in which goods can be placed without the payment of import duties and taxes until such time the goods are withdrawn for delivery or export.

cartage - hauling freight from the shipper's dock to the carrier's origin terminal and from the carrier's destination terminal to the consignee's dock.

class commodity - a general rate for goods with similar characteristics falling within a broad classification.

common carrier - a carrier who is licensed to carry all goods offered to it within the terms of its operating authority for compensation.

container on flat car (C.O.F.C.) - surface transportation of an ocean freight container on a railway flat car from an inland origin to an ocean port of exit or to an inland destination from an ocean port of entry.

density - the weight of an article per cubic unit of measure

free on board (F.O.B.) - loaded aboard a carrier's vehicle at the point at which responsibility for risk and expense passes from seller to buyer.

freight all kinds (F.A.K.) - general unclassified freight

freight forwarder - a company which provides various services to shippers including the assembly and consolidation of shipments, and subsequent arrangement of sea, land, air or intermodal transportation.

gateway - the point at which freight is interchanged or interlined between two carriers or at which a carrier joins two operating authorities for the provision of through service.

interlining - the transference of freight from one carrier to another to allow for the point to point transportation of goods.

liability - legal and/or financial responsibility for the safe, damage-free delivery of goods.

physical distribution management - the activities concerned with the efficient movement of raw materials from the sources of supply to production and finished products to the customer including transportation, warehousing, materials, handling, packaging, inventory control, order processing, sales forecasting and customer service.

released value rates - special low rates offered by certain types of carriers in return for their being released from liability for damage by the shipper.

shipper's agent - an intermediary who specializes in and arranges intermodal transportation on the shipper's behalf.

terms of sale - arrangements between seller and buyer specifying the point at which responsibilities for freight, duty, insurance and any other costs passes from seller to buyer (e.g. F.O.B., C.I.F., etc... See page 3 and 4).

through bill of lading - a single bill of lading presented by an issuing carrier covering the door-to-door movement of goods.

tracing - the act of determining the physical location of goods in transit.

trailer on flat car (T.O.F.C.) - transportation by rail of a highway trailer to/from railway intermodal terminals (also known as piggyback).

waybill - a transportation document showing details for each shipment.

Sources: - Canadian Institute of Traffic and Transportation
- E. M. LUDWICK & ASSOCIATES INC.