

THE TRUE WITNESS AND UATHOLIC CHRONICLE. د میده ساید به داده از با به ۲۰۰ میلیونست. در باید باید بیود بای میروند است. در معاد است به داده از باید ۲۰۰ میلیونست. در باید باید بیود بیو میرو کند میرود سور کنو ب

OUT SOBTE DE CHOSES.

6 ANY CONTRACTOR

DYNAMITE, DYNAMITERS AND DYNAMITISTS (?)

and their Failure-A Scare jat Wool-

wich Arsonal and an Arrest in Bublin,

TOBORTO, May 13 .- Information has been

obtained from a reliable source that soms.

thing more was intended than a more scare in

the dynamite cartridges being placed under

the Parliament buildings. Ever since the

threatened attempt to blow up Bidean Hall,

Ottawa, the Dominion and provincial authori-

ties have had fuller information of the ac-

tions of supposed dynamiters than the public

was aware of, several discoveries of dynamite

having been recently made in different parts

of Canada which have been kept secret. The

operations of the dynamiters in Oanada have,

it is alleged, been carried on under instruc-

tions from heidquarters in New York. In

January last a vote of \$2,500 was made from

an emergency lund to carry on the work in

Canada. Three men, Nesblit, O'Hare and

Mullane, undertook to expend this sum in the

destruction of public buildings in this coun-

try. The latter two are supposed now to be

in Ontaric, and Nesbitt is dying in Troy, N.Y.

They made soveral visits to Ottawa during

the last session of Parliament, and they have

plans of both the Ottawa and Toronto Gov-

erpment Houses. The baggage of one of

them was captured and explosive material

SOME MATERIAL

was received at the express office, directed to

Nesblit, which fell into the hands of the

THE DYNAMITISTS

drank several times with a detective. They

were here when the dynamite was discovered

in the parliament buildings, and they were

seen next day at the Humber. They

boarded at separate houses, and hept regular

henre, leading people to think they were em-

ployed in a respectable business. They

attended goveral parades of the volug-

no doubt they placed dynamite under the

parliament buildings with the intention of blowing them up, but why they did it so onre-

lessly is open to conjecture. Other circum.

stances in corroboration of the above can be

cited. On the 17th March last a black leather

walise, the owner of which has not yet been

discovered, was among the baggage which crossed at Suspension Bridge from the Ameri-

clothing, including part of the uniform of a

UNITED STATES SOLDIER.

about eight by six inches, around which was a

sheet of paper bearing printed directions for

using dynamite. The customs officer did not

to the Minister of Oustoms and probably hand-

ed by him to the secret service. Since then

the government considered it wise to take

precautions and for some time the tunnel un.

der the new Welland Canal has been guarded.

Result was at one time a sergeant in the

knew too much to claim it. A couple of dy-

namitists took

There was also a coil of wire and a box

police. In Oitawa

found amongst it. A tin case containing

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has no Mother Graves, Worm Exterminator has no equal for destroying worms in children and Harabgue from Jenses McShane, M.P.P. adults.

Positive, Comparative and Superlative A Chinaman at Prescott, Ariaons, is trying Humbug-Alleged Dolugs of Three to figure in politics. Emissaries in Canada-Their Plans

Thos. Sabin, of Eglington, says: "I have removed ten corns from my jeet with Holloway's Corn[Oure."

An unknown friend gave the University of New York \$25,000 last week.

---- Druggists in maiarial districts say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is as much the standard remedy for female weaknesses as Quinine is for the prevailing chills and fever.

Beebe, Ark., expects to ship over \$100,000 worth of strawberries this season.

IT REMOVES WEINKLES AND SOFTENS THE FIN-The regular use of MUBRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER at the tollet tends to prevent and remove wrinkles, the softness of the skin produced by it taking away the natural inclination of the cuticle to form into ridges and furrows.

Paul Dans, the Sun editor's son, was a adge in the New York dog show.

Mr. H. F McCarthy, chemist, Ottawa, writes: " I have been dispensing and jobbing Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda for the past two years, and consider that there is no better preparation of the same kind in the market. It is very palatable, and for chronic coughs it has no equal."

A lump of Alabama coal, weighing 140,000 pounds, is on exhibition at Birmingham. Orion Catlin, 49 Pearl Street, Buffalo, N.Y. SEVE: "I tried various remedies for the piles, but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which entirely sured me after a few applications." Since Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oll has become celebrated, unprincipled persons are imitating it. Get the genuine. . .

Since Lord Tennyson became a peer he has attended the House of Lords but once.

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, teers, thereby becoming familiarized with the interior of the armory. There is internally or inhaling, it is a matchles compound.

Luke Walker, aged one hundred, was burled last week. He fought under Bollvar. By land or at rea, out on the prairie, or in the crowded city, Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the best for purgative purposes, overywhere alike convenient, officacious and safe. For sluggish bowels, torpid liver, indigestion, bad breath, can to the Canadian side. The valies bc-ionged to Nesbitt, and contained some remedy. fatulency, and sick headache, they are a sure

Walter Burko made the Manhattan Elerated Boad pay him \$250 for dropping a piece of coal to his eye.

Notwithstanding much has been said about the importance of a blood-purifying medicine, it may be possible that the matter has never care to open the package, and it was forwarded seriously claimed your attention. Think of it new ! If, by the use of a few bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla you avoid the evils of scrofula, and transmit a healthy constitution to your offspring, thank us for the suggestion.

New York has a Society for the Bellef of Ruptured Persons, and it is chartered to hold United States ordnance and was leader of the | \$1,250,000 worth of property.

trio, and it was by the merest accident that he lost the value. They had always come to Norland, writes: "During the fall of 1881 I was Oanada by the Central Bailway, but that time much troubled with Biliousness and Dyspepthey came by the Erie road. The baggage sis, and part of the time was unable to attend by the Central is always examined on the to the duties of my profession. Northrop & American side, but the Erie baggage comes Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic across for examination to the Canadian side. Cure was recommended to me, and I have It was their oustom to transfer the dynamite much pleasure in stating that I was entirely to their pockets on the American side, but on cured by using one bottle. I have not had an and speeches, had hurled his " good and great the occasion referred to, being passengers by the Erle it came across to Canada and they gained fifteen pounds in weight."

The Dakota newspapers say that Dakota

NOTES FROM QUEBEC.

[From our Special Correspondent.]

QUEBEO, May 15, 1884. Mr. James MoShane arose this afternoon to make one of the greatest efforts of his life in analhilating the Hon, Mr. Flynn. The gifted orator proceeded to speak on many subjects consecutively, but when he spoke on several simultaneously Mr. Taillon, the leader of the Government, called him to order, and then a long discussion that degenerated into a wrangle took place, in which Mr. Gagnon, Mr. Mercier, and others, took part. The occasion of this discussion was the attempt of Mr. McShane to read an editorial in the *Gazette* regarding the passage of the gerrymandering bill making another township out of that of Shefford. The speaker cautioned him not to read any article that would cast reflection on bills passed in the house. This made Mr. McShane angry, and ne said he had a right to read an article from the strongest Conservative jourcal in the Province, the Gazetie. He reirsined, however, and read an extract from the Waterloo Advertiser regarding the qualities of the mule, from the pen of somo American humorist, in which he said that "A mule was known to kick a commercial travelle: on the cheek and was badly injured—the commercial traveller must be the Hon. Mr. Lynch." Mr. Mo-Shane is the Sir Boyle Boche of the House and his many mixed metaphors and similes kept the members in convulsions of laughter. His discourse was like the rambling bee that gathers owee's from every flower, and he dovoralled one subject into an other in a manuor all his own, which rever failed to interest his hearers, although it left them without much information on any particular subject. His speech, which occupied nearly two hours before recess, commenced with regrets that an aggressive policy was pursued by the majority in the Legislature against the interests of the city of Montreal, which paid more than five-sighths of the taxes of the whole Province. The members did not err through ignorance, as facts and figures had been placed before them, and he sin cerely hoped that the matter of the school commissionership would be set right. Then he "went for " the Minister of Ballways whose delection from the Liberals would leave for over a bloodless stain on his record. He and Mr. Flynn had once been warm friends, and he looked upon him as the bright particular star of the Liberal party until he had found him out. Mr. McShane then let loose the visis of his wrath showing that "earth both no rage like love to hatred turned," reminding one of the couplet :--

"Alas, they had been friends in youth, But whispering tong uss can poison truth, And constancy lies in realms above And youth is thorny and life is vair,

And to be wroth with those we love Doth work like madness in the brain."

He followed the career of the Commissioner of Bailways who, knowing from previous experience the unparliamentary manner in which he would be assailed, had wisely left the chamber. This, Mr. McShane alluded to frequently, repeating that there were many things which he had left unsaid as he did not wish to stab a man behind back nor in the dark. He not iall, however, to give his did not iall, however, to give broad hints of all he knew, and if Mr. Flynn had been present it is doubtful if he could did have been more explicit. He said, with great emphasis, that Mr. Flynn, through his writings attack of my old complaint since, and have gained iffteen pounds in weight." tion and debt, from which Mr. Joly was try-ing to lift it. Mr. McShane said that he will raise about 40,000,000 hushels of whest had spoken to Mr. July on the subject of the desirability of having a representative of the Irish Boman Ostholics in the Cabinet, and Mr. Joly had offered him a portfolio, which he declined in favor of that ingrate-Flynn. Then the angry orator launched into a tirade, saying that Mr. Fiynn was not an Irish Oatholic, and not even an Irishman except in name, he was only a Canadian, "not a Canadian like my friend Taillon, who is a good fellow, and in using the word Canadian he merely meant to distinguish it in a national sense from that of Irishman." He then hurled words of soorn against his antagonist jokingly cut it of. He sues them for \$10,000 and then wandeted off into some other subjects, praising Mr. Mercier's past record, which had always been wise, consistent and honorable, and that bright brilliant statesman who had come to relieve Mr. Joly from the burden of leadership had the entire confidonce of the Liberal party, and one might as well stop the tide from running as prevent him from attaining a foremost rank in the party. Then he again abused Mr. Flynn, saying that Judas Iscariot and Lord Castlereagh when they betrayed had the moral courage to end their lives by their own hand, but Mr. Flynn remained to fill the land with vultures and birds of prey known as political hacks, who were sucking out the life blood of our fair women and hardy sons of toll. Then he assailed Mr. Bobertson for outting down the pay of the poor employees and reducing the moneys given to charities, and then predicted that the time was coming and fast approaching when the Liberal party would have retribution. Then he got back to Joly, whom he said was one of the most honorable gentlemen that ever "trod the walls" of the house. Mr. McShane then reverted to Mr. Mercier, whom he excused from going over from the Conservative to the Liberal ranks, saying that Gladstone and McGee the "greatest living dead statesman" had done the same. He denounced the present policy of sending paupers to parliament, and accusing Mr Dansereau of geiting \$15,000 to buy books for the library instead of which he bought toys for his children, lived like a prince in Paris and had his linen marked at an expense of \$180. The inspired orator then dropped in a promiscuous manner into finances, but figures are not Mr. MoShane's forte, be is much better at figures of speech, and all he said on the subject was that the Province was now \$22, 000,000 in debt, and the Government should try and collect it. Montreal was not going to be always imposed on, and if matters went on as they were, she would cease to be the " continual hen which lays the golden eggs." The government had too many hack lawyers selling the people who came down to Quebeo to get jobs and lengthened work that should only take months out into years. He deneunced the Montreal Court House, which was a mass of rottenness and corruption filled by old worn-out political hasks, two or three of whom it took to do one man's work. He said he would like to have a lease of that Court House for just two years, and in that time he would double its revenue and clear out the political hacks. This Prov-ince was an infimmery for decayed political hacks. He saw no relief for the present financial difficulties except by direct taxation. He was particularly severe on the Royal Commission, which has done nothing during a whole year but write up a report that planted sensible men could finish in a month, and the last.

one of the commissioners had the effrontery to charge \$3,500 for the job. Such political pirates, he said, should be in prison. Then he commended certain papers for the independent stand they were taking, even in defance of their own party. After assailing the Macdonald Government for granting \$32,-000,000 to the Canadian Pacific, he paid a compliment to Mr. Biske, whom he hoped would one day rescue this province from dishonor. This statesman's name would remain "unsullied, bright and beautiful, while that of the traitors would be tarnished, sullied, dirty." Then he moved a vote of want of confidence, merely repeating Mr.

Mercier's previous motion.

regulate the liver, and regulate the bowels, and do not purge. They are sure to please. 110 TTS Fig brandy is a new California drink. HORSFORD'S AOID PHOSPHATE,

FOR LEMONS OR LIME JUICE, is a superior substitute, and its use is posi-

tively beneficial to health.

In England a "drummer" is called a "bagman.'

Holloway's Ointment and Pills,-Female Complaints .- On the mothers of England devolves much and serious responsibility in scouring for their daughters robust health ; frequently, alast thoughtlessly excrificed by culpable bashfulness at a particular period of life, when all important changes take place in the female constitution, upon the management of which depend future happiness or misery. Holloway's Pills, especially if alded with the Olatmont, have the happlest effect performance of which health and even life itself depend. Mother and daughter may safely use these powerful doobstruent remedies without consulting any one. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints these Pills never fail, never woshen the system, and always bring about the desired result.

The skileton of a full grown man weighs 14 pounds.

Freeman's Worm Powders are agree able to take, and expel all kinds of worms from children or adults.

Oaroline County, Md., wheat is twenty-two

inches high.

CATARRH .- A new treatment has been discovered whereby this hitherto incurable disease is eradicated in from one to three applications, no matter whether standing one year or forty years. Descriptive pamphlets sent free on receipt of stamp. A. H. DIXON & SON, 805 King street west, Toronto, Canada. 89 **tt**

Sacramento had the first cherries of the season last Tuesday.

CONSUMPTION OUBED.

An old physician, retired from practice having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanont cure for consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful ourative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve humansuffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by set dressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES 149 Power's Block, Rochester, N.Y. 10-19

COLONIZATION. The Debate on the Autonomy Besolutions -Mr. Poupore's Speech in the House-" Quebec First."

The remarks of Mr. Poupore, M. P. P., on the autonomy resolutions, more particularly in reference to the colonization works of the province, are worthy of some attention. In the debate which ensued Mr. Poupore said the question of colonization was one upon which good deal had been said, not only on this occasion, but upon two or three previous occasions, and up to the present moment he had

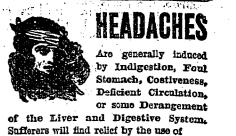
so ably dealt with by all the hon. gentlemen who had already spoken on it. The County of Pontiac chered a broader field for colonization than any other county in the province, and he did not think he was saying what was not becoming when he said that he should be only too happy if the Inspector of Coloniz 1tion paid a visit to his county and made a report of things just as they existed. He was confident that that report would shew that more colonization money should be granted to his county than had hitherto been given to it.

Was it not for the colonizing and the opening up of the interior of the Province, and calculated to assist in making roads into its rural sections that were that day inaccessible to intending settlers. He hope that a good efficient inspector might visit Pontlac, and he was satisfied his report would show the Gov. ernment the necessity and advisability of increasing the colonization grant to that county. No question apportaining to or affecting in establishing those functions, upon the due | the autonomy of any Province could be discussed in a parilean split with sny hope of redressing or preventing alleged grievances. Men who could not rise above party were not worthy of recording an opinion upon so important a question. The extreme view enunclated by those who differed from the political party in whose hands the Federal Government was now placed, proved conclusively that whilst they solemniy professed a desire to advance and promote provincial rights, they were introducing what would be vet in the end

GRAVE PROVINCIAL WRONGS.

He would ask the hon. gentlemen, what injury had been inflicted upon the Province of Quebec by Federal legislation? Was it the terms of union? He answered that the British North Americs Act was the product of both political parties, and that it did not lie in the mouth of the leader of the Opposition there or the leader of the Opposition claswhere to blame the Federal authorities without proving that other than political reasons impelled the adoption of such a policy. But more. Was it because certain acts passed by the Legislatures of various Provinces had been disallowed? Why, if this was the case, no man was readier than the Hon, Edward Blake when Minister of Justice to plok flaws in Provincial Legislation, and out of 1105 bills passed from 1868 to 1882 in the Provinco of Quebec only two ment of Sir John A. Macdonaid, and yet the Leader of the Opposition would ask the country to believe that the autonomy of this Province was in jeopardy. He would like to think that other than political motives impeiled the hon. leader of the Opposition to adopt the method he did in introducing the question of PROVINCIAL AUTONOMY,

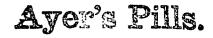
but that he was following out a party policy must be beyond question, as in Ontario the Liberals were raising a similar cry, and each Province was being stirred up to rebel against the Act of Union. And this in face of the fact that out of 6,000 Provincial Acts since Confederation, only 32 had been disailowed twenty of which were under the Mackensle regime and only 12 under that of the Conservatives, as follows :- Ontario 4, Quebec 1, New Brunswick 1, Nova Scotia 2, British Columbia 4, making 12 in all. This showed the utter hypocrisy of the Liberal party in claiming to be the champions of provincial rights. It was like their policy throughoutprofession but not practice. As a native of the Province, his motto would ever be "Quebec first"; not Quebec first in the spirit of demagogueism, not Quebeo first in the sprit of fault-finding and narrow-partisanship, but Quebec, first in the spirit of progress, in the spirit of harmony, in the spirit of union, and this policy was the one for every true and patriotic believer in provincial rights to adopt. We knew no class, we knew no special oreed, and he trusted that the day might be far distant when men would forget



May 21. 1884.



to stimulate the stomach and produce a rega lar daily movement of the bowels. By their action on these organs, AVER'S PILLS divert the blood from the brain, and relieve and cure all forms of Congestive and Nervous Headache, Billous Headache, and Sick Headache; and by keeping the bowels free, and preserving the system in a healthful condition, they insure immunity from future sitacks. Try



PREPARED BY

Dr.J.C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Draggista.



Regulate the Stomach and Liver,

HOUSE OF PROVIDENCE, TOBONTO. That excellent charitable institution the House of Providence, at Toronto, in charge of the good Sisters of St. Joseph, has sent out its annual state ment from which we glean the following particulars :-

There have been admitted during the year 1883, S3 men, 147 women, 96 boys and 109 young girls, and in addition to these figures there were in the house on January 1833, 470 souls, making in all a total of 910. Many of these have been provided for, but the first day of the present year there were 537 in the house.

Fifty-one children were adopted out of the house last year, and 135 were taken back by Darents or other relatives. No less than 39 people who came to the house suffering from disesses were discharged as cured, while 39 died in the institution during the year. Of the inmates in the house last year, 649 were received from the city of Toronto, 190 were from other parts of Onterio, and 71 were destitute immigranty. The roceipts of the house from all sources during 1883, including a cash balance of of \$178 brought over from 1882, were \$31,004. Of this inter sum the City Council supplied \$2,000, and the Ontario government \$6,590. Bernard Sullivan leit the house a bequest of \$500, and another were disallowed, the one by the Government gentleman one of \$200. The rest of of Mr. Mackenzle and the other by the Govern-ment of Sir John A. Macdonaid, and yet the fatigible sisters, or formed the net receipia from concerts and pionics. \$2,200 was borrowed, but \$1,498 was repaid. Permanent improvements in the shape of a brick stable and a new roof on the main building cost \$4,007. A balance of \$1,916 due on the chapel building account was paid, and \$1,728 on account of "Sunnyside" was paid out. The notual cost of maintaining the house for the past year was \$21,490; the maintonance for each inmate was \$42,72 per annum, or 11% conts per day. The expenditure on bohalf of the sisters thomselves was only \$750, their work being in reality a labor of love. The liabilities of the house of providence at present are on mortgage \$13,600 and outstanding debts 5,000, or a total of \$18,600. The security is, however, ample, but the sisters are desirous of paying cfi this debt as soon as possible.

not expressed his opinion on this very important subject, not because it did not affect the constituency which he had the honor to The action of Carter's Little Liver Fills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently represent, but because the question had been

WHAT WAS COLONIZATION MONBY GRANTED FOR?

A COUPLE OF AIR OUNS to Ottawa about the beginning of April last year to kill the Governor-General and a man named O'Brien, who was working on the Ottawa and Occidental Railway under the name of O'Nell, was to use a dynamite dart. O'Brien applied for a situation at Bideau Hall. but meantime the plot was discovered. O'Brien escaped, but his baggage was seized at his boarding house. This was the cause of the special guards being placed around Bideau Hall at that time, the press insinuating they were so placed to scare away muskrats. The dynamitists also intended to throw vitriol in the Princess Louise's ince when she was in Toronto last September, but got no opportunity. She was warned, and when she visited Montreal shortly alterwards she wore a thick well. There is no devilish act members of this brotherhood would not do. It is opposed not only to the English government, but to all European governments. Its members are to be found in every European country, and branches exist in Tc-ronto, Ottawa and Montreal. The magazine at the old fort here and one on the north shore of Burlington Bay, opposite Hamilton, are proposed as points of attack.

THE WAY THEY USE DYNAMITE .

is generally by pocket battery. A piece of stout telograph wise is stuck into a cap and a copper wire is fastened to this. A man could then walk away and unroll several hundred yards of fine wire, connect battery with it and the building would be demolished. This was the object of the plece of telegraph wire found with the cartridges under the parliament buildings here, but they had fuse in case the battery did not work. There must have been fifty pounds of dynamite brought by the trie into Canada, including what the Government has captured. It is aliesed that two constables and a detective here are sympathizers with the dynamitere.

LONDON, May 13 .- A tin can containing 40 detonators for firing dynamite and gun cotton was found to-day under the wall of Woolwich Arsenal. Another box near by contained 7 lbs. of earthy substance, labelled

" GROUND UMBER."

If the material proves to be dynamite there seems to be no doubt that a large portion of the arsenal has had a narrow escape. The Dublin authorities received anonymous threats that attempts would be made to destroy the Nelson Column, which will be constantly guarded. The look on the gate at the Castle yard has been destroyed, and a labourer named McGinn was discovered within the precincts of the Castle with a bag of gunpowder furnished with a long fuse. He has been sentenced to three month. It appears not improbable that some of the reported discoveries of dynamite are flotitions. A man has been charged here with pretending to be a discoverer of dynamite in the

Strand in order to screen robbery. ST. VINGENT, May 9. -- The dynamite scare has reached the English Islands. The luggage of persons arriving at the various ports is carefully examined. The departure of the war steamer Canada from here is attributed to information that the dynamiters were on the track of Prince George of Wales, who is on the steamer.

Prof. Low's Magie Sulphur Soap is highly recommended for all humors and skin diseases.

this year, against 18,000,000 last year.

AFTER YEARS OF SUFFERING, persons who have sought remedial help from other sources, have obtained the long desired relief from Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, which puts a stop to the torments of Dyspepsia, renews the activity of the Bowels and Liver, relieves maindies incident to the gentler sex, and builds up failing health and strength, gives purity to the blood, and tone to the whole system.

James Hann, whose beard was two feet long, got drunk in Brooklyn, and friends damager.

EPPE'S COCOA-GRATEFUL AND COMPORTING. -"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of diges-tion and nutrition, and yet by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every endency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished trame."-Civil Service Gasette. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets and tins (} lb and 1 lb) by grocers, labelled __ JANNE EPPS & Co., Homeopathic Chemists, London, Eng-

John Hogan who could not read or write, died near Columbia, S. C., on a pile of straw. He had \$7,000 in greenbacks in his belt, and owned \$15,000 worth of real estate-all earned by hard work.

THE LATEST DYNAMITE HOAX.

land."

Budget.

It was known that a certain smart U. S. young man had studied chemistry for six months; had ordered a sectioned hand-bag and sailed for England. It was subsequently ascertained that he had made several visits to a clock and watch maker before leaving. The cable was used to cause his arrest on arrival and a trio of metaphysicians were summoned to open the bag, which, in view of probabilities, were regarded as patriotic herolam of the highest order. The official verdict reported 23 samples of Johnston's Fluid Beef, 10,000 circulars, 4 shirt collars, and a box of tooth-picks. -Hull

The latest (of course, from life) portrait of Wales now parading in the columns of papers represents the Prince with a full head of hair delightfully parted in the middle, when in point of fact that part in the middle begins just above each ear, and about three-fourths of Wales' head is as bare as a billiard ball.

AST NEW BOOKS.-THE LIFE OF MARTIN LUTHER, by Rev. Wm. Stang, 2 mo. 112 pp Price, free mail, 25 cents. SHORT MEDITATIONS to aid plous souls in the recitation of the HOLY ROSABY, 24 mo., 383 pp Price, bound, free mail, 50 cents. FR. PUSTET & CO., Publishers, 52 Barclay St., New York. 10

NATIONAL PILLS are a milk perga tive, acting on the Stemach, Laver and Bowels, removing all observations.

Ootton seed oil is said to be much better than any other for use in the student lamp. A BELIABLE WITNESS.

> R. N. Wheeler, of Everton, speaks highly of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, having seen its effects in his own case, a severe inflammation of the lungs and distressing cough, was quickly and perfectly sured, which had resisted other treatment.

The Sultan of Turkey recently gave a re-

ception to the Orown Prince of Austria at a cost of £200,000.

> A WIDE BANGE OF USEFULNESS. The great household remedy so popular with the people-Hagyard's Yellow Oil-is alike valuable for external and internal use, curing rheumatism, colds, sore throat, croup, frost bites, burns, bruises, and alliameness and soreness of the flesh.

Two slaves, formerly owned by Jeff Davis, now own his plantation, for which they paid

SPBING CLEANING.

\$200,000.

Every good housewife will renovate the entire house at least every Spring and Fall. Our systems often need renovating also, and there is nothing better to make pure blood and cleanse and regulate all the secretions than Bardock Blood Bitters, preventing diseases incidental to the season's changes.

Mme, Nilsson suys that she manages to walk at least two miles every day for exerclse. A. . . .

A BAD INFIRMITY. The loss of the sense of hearing is both annoying and dangerous. Those suffering from deafness should try Hagyard's Yellow Oil according to directions. This invaluable household remedy cured John Clark, of Millbridge, Ontario restoring his hearing in one week.

A business dispatch from Philadelphia went to London and brought back an answer in 55 minutes.

A VICTIM OF MISPLACED CONFIDENCE The individual who places trust in many of the claims of advertised remedies is often sadly disappointed, but the array of facts regarding the honest virtues of Burdock Blood Bitters are indisputable. It positively cures diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys. Investigate the proofs and testimonials.

Oll speculation has gained such magnitude that the sales in the different exchanges argregate 50,000,000 daily, and there are 56,-000,000 pipe line certificates Outstanding.

A PAINFUL OCCUBRENCE.

Some of the most painful sufferings that afflict mortals occur from rheumatism. Either the acute or chronic form may be eradicated from the blood by an early use of the grand purifying system renovator, Burdock Blood Bitters.

Twenty per cent. more cotton has been planted this year in Louisiana than during

THE BROTHERLY TIES THAT UNITE THEM,

or sink their manhood in mere party squab. bles that might advance for the time being the interests of office-hunters, but could never conduce to the welfare and solidification of the masses in the Province. He was ready, should danger threaten, to stand shoulder to shoulder with all parties towards maintain. ing the honor and integrity of the Province but he was not ready and not willing to waste any strength he might have in fight ing all the windmills the leader of the oppo sition might think it advisable to attack. "We are strong when we are honest," and he said the very act of Confederation and the Privy Council of Great Britain at all times would prove saleguards to the autonomy of the Province. In the United States a conflict had irequently arisen between individual States and the Federal authority, but the laws of the country established the respective rights of each power and gave them just what they were entitled to and no more. They must expect misunderstandings to arise but the history of other countries would always be a warning to the Federal Government against endeavoring to encroach upon any rights guaranteed them by the Canadian constitution.

THE PAHNELLITES AND LIBERALS.

LONDON, May 16 .- The split between the Parnellites and the Government is complete. The Liberals accuse the Parnellites of deceiving the Government whips by promising to support the Government in voting against the censure motion. Confident of the Irish vote, the whips refrained from bringing up their whole voting power. Hon. George Otto Trevelyan, Ohiet Secretary for Ireland, in the House of Commons last night showed the changed disposition of the Government toward the Parnellitos by intimating that he would henceforth decline to answer questions put to him by Irish members in relation to the police administration in Ireland.

P. J. Sheridan, the Irish revolutionist, is about to zemove to Southern Colorado, and there, upon a tract of 22,000 acres, he intends to form an Irish colony. A stock company is to be formed to promote the colonization of the Irish people on an extended scale.

English shooting clubs have killed \$97,000 pigeons in the last five years,

THE FARMER STILL TILLS THE SOIL.

A sudden obsuge from poverty to wealth is apt to turu men's heads, but it has not proved to be so with Mr. Elbert S. Montgomery, of Mt. Olivet, Ky., who last week received here, through the First National Bank, \$15,000, as the holder of one-fifth of ticket No. 86,800, which draw the capital prize in the April drawing of The Loui-ians State Lottery, costing him but one dollar. He is st home pursuing the even tenor of his way as a farmer, and shows a disposition to use wisely the money dams Fortune has bestowed upon him. When the public was inclined to doubt if he would receive the money, he was offered, by responsible parties, the amount called for, less two per cent, but knowing the integrity of The Louisiana State Lottery management, he declined the offer, and has received \$15,000 in full. It was the first lottery ticket he ever held in his life, and he paid for it the sum of one dollar .-- Meysville (Ky), Bulletin, April 29.

MABRIAGE OF MLLE. BOSA D'ERINA.

"Erin's prima donna," Mile. Bosa d'Erina, after wandering all over the world without meeting her smally, has found the "lost chord" in New York city. On Sunday night she sang and performed on the grand organ at the Holy Innocents' Oburch for the last time as mademoiselle. Next Sunday evening she will take upon herself the holy order of matrimony, and by marriage will become Mme. le Comtesse de St. Croix, her intended husband, Prof. G. B. Vonton, having just in-herited the title by the death of his uncle.

The bride has a history. She was born Ross O'Toole, in the city of Armsgh, Ire-land, in 1852. The professor has also seen thirty-two summers. At 12 years of age Mile. d'Etina was appointed by his grace of Armsgh organist of the osthedral in that city. In 1865 she gave 100 vocal and organ recitals at the Dublic exhibition; in 1867 she gave over 200 reoliais at the Paris exhibition, specially rendering the music of her native land. In October, 1869, Mile. d'Erina made her debut in London at Marlborough house before their royal highnesses the prince and princess of Wales, siterwards playing for forty weeks at the Boyal Gallery of Illustration in Sullivan's operettas. She then made the tour of Ireland. In 1870 Mile, d'Erina orme to America, and have played in all the principal cities.

Mosquitods are so thick in New Orleans just now that the people are literally living inside mosquito bar tents and have them over their dining tables as well as beds.

A person in Washington called an "English dude " advertises in the papers of that city as follows : " English taught as spoken in London." He has several pupils among the "sillies." ---

A movement for Arthur as a candidate for the Presidency has commenced in New York