## FROM KING'S CHAPEL.

BY OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.

Lightly we glance the fresh-cut marbles o'er; Those two of earlier date our eyes enthrall; The proud old Briton's by the western door, And hers, the Lady of Colonial days, Whose virtues live in long-drawn classic phrase, The fair Francisca of the southern wall.

Ay! those were goodly men that Reynolds drew, And stately dames our Copley's canyas holds, To their old Church, their Royal Master, true, Proud of the cloim their valuant sires had carned, That "gentle blood," not lightly to be spurned, Save by the churl ungenerous Nature moulds.

All vanished! It were idle to complain That ere the fruits shall come the flowe Yet somewhat we have lost amidst our gain,— Some rare ideal- time may not restore. The charm of courtly bree-ling, seen no more, And reverence, dearest ornament of all.

Thus musing, to the western wall I came,
Departing: lo! a tablet of fresh and fair.
Where glistened many a youth's remembered name
In golden letters on the snow-white stone...
Young lives these aisles and arches once have known,
Their country's bleeding after might not spare.

These died that we might claim a soil unstained, Save by the blood of heroes; their bequests A realm unsevered and a race unchained. Has purer blood through Norman venus come down From the rough knights that clutched the Saxon's

Than warmed the pulses in these faithful breasts?

These, too, shall live in history's deathless page,
Iligh on the slow wrought pedestals of time,
Ranged with the heroes of remoter age;
They could not die who left their nation free,
Firm as the rock, unfettered as the sea,
Its heaven unshadowed by the cloud of shame.

-September Atlantic.

## MISCELLANY.

EVERYONE asks where is Don Carlos at this most momentous epoch. He is cool and calm at a place that has really a very suggestive name, Viareggo, in Tuscany. His sister, the Duchess of Madrid is with him.

THE sum of 830,000 marks, subscribed by termany as a compliment to the Crown Prince and Princess on the occasion of their silver wed-ding, has been assigned for the benefit of various sanitary and benevolent institutions in Ger-

ME. MONCURE CONWAY leaves England for a lecturing tour in the Australian Colonies. He was entertained at a farewell dinner by a num-Fer of triends at Bedford Park, which abode of culture and aesthetic enlightenment his pen has done much to celebrate. Mr. Conway has one of the most charming houses of the place, and is never weary of expatiating on the advantages of such a spot for the cultivation of art and li-

THE arrangement between Mr. Augustus Harris and the directors of the Royal Italian Opera Company has been continued for another year. The Covent Garden authorities, we understand, have agreed not to let their theatre for pantomime, while Mr. Harris, on his part, undertakes not to permit Italian opera at Drury Lane. Only Italian opera, however, is inter-dicted at Drury Lane, where the Carl Rosa Company will begin a six weeks' season of English opera at Easter.

Some time ago it was announced that Duke Ernest of Saxe-Coburg the late Prince Consort's crother, was engaged in preparing his memoirs for publication. It is now stated on good aushority that great efforts have been made in the very highest circles, both in Germany and in England, to induce him to abendon his inten-tion, but without success. The first volume in this interesting publication will probably appear and cause a sensation before the end of the present year.

WHEN the curtain fell on the closing performance of "Parsifal" at Bayreuth, a touching incident took place behind the scenes. The banker Gross led Wagner's children up to the assembled actors, and in the name of their dead father thanked the assembly for the care and labor of love expended by each and all in producing the last work of the great dead master. Singfried, Wagner's son, thirteen years old, then, in a few simple words, stiffed with sobs, thanked the actors personally and all the children shook hands with them.

THERE is an eloquent little paragraph apropos of fires in theatres, to be found in the report of the Metropolitan Beard of Works just issued to the public, and we gather from it that the Board have done their work well and looked after the safety of the public. It has caused great expense to many managers, but if they will look upon it with an enlarged understanding and both eyes open they will see that in the long run safety is a grand investment. A disaster to one or two theatres would be ruin to all man-

ONE of those troublesome people who hear and see and find out everything has just discovered that Mr. Gladstone does not read the news-There are few newspapers which do not publish Reuter's telegrams, and yet Mr. Glad-stone deliberately informed M1. Ashmead-Bartlett the other evening that he had never seen the statement that the French newspapers were highly gratified at the English Premier's amende honorable in the Madagascar matter. It is a pity if Mr. Gladstone did not enjoy that brief satisfaction, for he cannot suppose his countrymen

are highly gratified at the position they at present occupy in respect to this question.

In the way of habilimentary phenomena Paris boasts of at least one original dandy of the first water. He is the Comte de M., who has carried the art of dress so far that, whenever he deigns to make a visit, he composes for the occasion a special toilet, which, from the socks to the but-ton-hole, shall be a harmony in harmony with the temperament of the person whom he visits. The Comte has a cupboard full of socks of all shades, arranged by tones and half-tones, a complete gamut of color, a clavier de chaussettes so perfect that Massenet, it is said, will undertake any day to play a symphony of Chopin upon it.

Two ladies summering at Rye Beach suffered a nervous shock at the dinner table of the hotel the other day, from the effects of which it is feared they will never wholly recover- The cause of the disturbance was singular. The ladies were entire strangers to each other, yet as they sat vis it vis it was only too apparent that they were dressed exactly alike. Their dresses were identical in material, style and trimmings. The unfortunate victims of adverse circumstances stared maliciously at one another for some moments, and then pretended to be deeply immersed in the bill of fare. But their appetites were gone, and now a dressmaker is minus two profitable pa

A PERSIAN pupil of the Abbé Sicord gave the

tollowing extraordinary answers:
"What is gratitude?" "Gratitude is the memory of the heart."
"What is hope?" "Hope is the blossom of

happiness."
"What is the difference between hope and

desire?" "Desire is a tree in leaf; hope is a tree in flower, and enjoyment is a tree in fruit."
"What is eternity?" "A day without yesterday or to-morrow; a line that has no end."
"What is time?" "A line that has two

Does God reason?" "Man reasons because he doubts; he doubts, he deliberates, he decides. God is omniscient; He never doubts;

He, therefore, never reasons.

Volcanic eruptions began on the 26th ult., on the island of Krakatoa, near Java. It was thought at first that the disturbance would be confined to that comparatively unimportant locality; but on the 28th and 29th ults., the disorder showed itself a wide-spread one. The many volcanoes of Java became affected, and it is feared that the end of the disaster will show it to have been one of the most frightful known in the history of volcanic eruptions. A despatch from Batavia says that the towns of Anjer, Tjuringine and Telokbelong have been destroyed. It also says that all the light houses in the Sunda Straits have disappeared, and that where the mountain of Kramatun formerly stood the sea now flows. The aspect of the Sunda Straits is much changed and navigation is dangerous. Thousands of lives are reported lost, and the money losses are beyond computation.

As account of the dresses worn at the fashion dde watering-place, Dieppe, is rather startling-The most enormous patterns appear on the toilets, and every color of the rainbow is to be seen in the floating ribbons with which the gowns are trimmed, so that a fashionably-dressed woman looks like a recruiting sergeant masquerading in petticoars. One dress had a fable of La Fontaine's illustrated in its various scenes. This was so conspicuous that whenever it apcated, quite a small crowd followed at a little listance, pointing out the different pictures and chattering about the eccentricity of the whole. One laty wore a costume of red, green and blue, arranged in alternate wide panels.

An interesting spectacle was witnessed in the House of Lords recently. It was not until ten minutes past five o'clock that Lord Carlingtord was able to get under way with the Tenants' Compensation Bill, but when he did obtain his chance he used it unmercifully. He spoke for fifty minutes, during which period he accomplished many things, not the least successful of which was the putting of Lords Derby, Kimber-ley, and Northbrook into a deep slumber. The three noble earls reposed upon the Treasury bench in an elegant variety of easy postures one with his hat over his eyes, another with his hand placidly clasped across his breast, and the apparently qualifying for an apoplectic fit which was about to break out, when his head, dropping lower and lower every minute, came finally in contact with his neighbour's coat col-

AN editor in Chicago recently ordered a pair of trousers from the tailor. On trying them on they proved to be several inches too long. It being late on Saturday night the tailor's shop was closed, and the editor took the trousers to his wife and asked her to out them off and hem them over. The good lady, whose dinner had, perhaps, disagreed with her, brusquely refused. The same result followed an application to the wife's sister and the eldest daughter. But before bedtime the wife, relenting, took the pants, and, entting off six inches from the legs, hemmed them up nicely and restored them to the closet. Half an hour later her daughter, taken with compunction for her unfilial conduct, took the trousers, and cutting off six inches, hemmed and replaced them. Finally, the sister-in-law felt the pangs of conscience, and she too performed an additional surgical operation on the garment. When the editor appeared at breakfast on Sunday, the family thought a Highland chieftain had

Mr. PORTER RHODES, the fortunate owner of the priceless diamond that bears his name, is at present in Paris awaiting the result of a competition between two millionaires desirous of pos-sessing the jewel. The stone was found in his mine at Kimberley, South Africa, in the beginning of 1880, and made a great sensation among the diggers when the discovery was made known about four months later. Mr. Porter Rhodes was obliged to satisfy their curiosity by exhibiting the diamond. Accordingly he placed it in a friend's office, charged a sovereign for admission, and in this way received one hundred pounds within the first two hours. Altogether he made by the exhibition five hundred pounds, which he gave to the local hospital. On his arrival in England he was honored with an invitation to Osborne, in order that Her Majesty might inspect the stone. He was afterward taken to Osborne Cottage and had an interview with the Empress Eugénie. Mr. Porter Rhodes considers that his diamond as far surpasses the Kohinoor in purity as it does in weight, the Indian stone weighing one hundred and six and a half carats, the Cape diamond about one hundred and fifty

An official report on the Italian press, lately published, gives the following particulars: About 1,378 papers and periodicals are published in Italy. Lombardy has the largest number, two hundred and seventeen, and the province of Rome comes next with two hundred and ten. Tuscany, Piedmont and Campania have each a little over one hundred and fifty. The other provinces follow in a declining scale from one hundred downwards. The Basilicata, a province of the tormer Neapolitan kingdom, has only five. The city of Rome itself publishes two hundred, Milan one hundred and forty-one, and Naples one hundred and twenty. In all Italy, one and sixty papers appear daily, one hundred and and thirty-seven are week, and five hundred and thirty-seven are weekly periodicals. There are two hundred purely political journals, fifty-sight politico-religious, sixty-nine purely religious, one hundred and ninety-four deal principally with economical or agricultural subjects, and wighty three are hypercare. The solder and eighty-three are humorous. The oldest paper in Italy is the Gazzetta di Genova, which was established in 1797. In the year 1881, one hundred and sixty-six new journals and periodicals were started, three hundred and twentythree in 1882, and thirty four since the beginning of the present year. Naturally, many disappear as fast as they come into existence; often the first number is the last.

## OUR CHESS COLUMN.

All communications intended for this Column should be addressed to the Chess Editor, Canadian ILLUSTRATEO NEWS, Montreal.

A short time ago we gave notice of the annual meeting in England of the Counties Chess Association, and we are now enabled to publish briefly the results. Mr. Thoroid was the winner of the first prize of the First Chess Tournament, Mr. Fisher the winner of the second prize, Mr. Cook carried off the third prize, and Mr. Born the fourth.

In the Second Chess Tourney, Mr. Pollock won first prize, Mr. Locock second, and the Rey, Mr. Huntsman and Mr. Wildman tied for the third.

In the Handicap Tourney, the Rey, Mr. Maedonnell won the first prize, and Mr. Mills the second.

We will endeavour togive in our Column next week the score of one of the games of this interesting contest.

The anticipated visit of Dr. Zukertort to this continent will do much to stir up interest in chess on this side of the Atlantic this winter, but there is every reason to believe that it will be confined to the players of the United States.

To what extent the chessplayers of Canada might be inclined to prevail upon the first prize winner of the International Tourney to extend his journey to the cities of the Dominion where chess clubs are in existence, is a matter of conjecture only.

the cities of the Dominion where chess clubs are in existence, is a matter of conjecture only.

We have two chess associations in Canada, the Canadian Chess Association, and the Ontario Chess Association. Combined action on the part of the officers of these bodies, and hearty co-operation on the part of members of our chess clubs generally would do much to bring about an arrangement which would give to our Canadian players advantages similar to those which are soon to be realized by our American cousins.

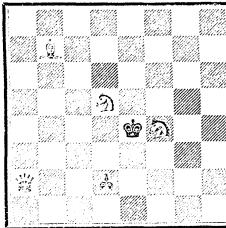
The Philadelphia Times is authority for the statement that Zukertort intends coming to America "on speculation." There is no doubt that he will be well received, for he has shown himself to be a gentleman in every particular.

Zukertort is a thorough master of the new and old schools of chess. Being a pupil of Steinitz's and a disciple of Morphy's, he deserves the title of chess champion of the whole world,—tilohe—Democrat, St. Louis.

The Russian players, Mr. Tehigorin and Prince of Mingrelia, have been fighting against the best French players in Paris. Playing in consultation against Messrs, A. de Rivière and Taubenhaus, they were beaten, drawing one game and losing one. Against Messrs, Clere and Goudjou, for a stake of 50 francs, they were victorious, drawing one game and winning one. A match was afterwards arranged between Messrs, Tschigorin and A. de Rivière, the stake being 800 francs, furnished one half by each player, to be paid to the combatant first winning five games. From the 19th to the 23rd July they played four games, of which Mr. Tchigorin won three, and Mr. A. de Rivière one. Very fine games may be expected from such players, without fear of being disappointed.—" Brooklyn Chess Chroniele."

The chess world will doubtless be sorry to learn that the exhibitions in London of the wonderful chess automaton. "Mephisto." have been discontinued. We tried hard to persuade Mr. Gunsberg to bring the automaton over to this country for awhile, but that gentleman seems fully convinced that the cost of transporting such a complicated piece of mechanism would be entirely too great for the venture.—"Mr. Sellman in the Baltimore American."

PROBLEM NO. 450. By W. Greenwood. BLACK.



WHITE.

White to play and mate in three moves SOLUTION OF PROBLEM NO. 448.

1 R to Q Kt 4 2 Mates acc.

1 Any

GAME 576TH.

GAME IN THE NUREMBERG TOURNEY.

A fine game between Messrs, Gunsberg and Winawer. (From the London Times.)

Irregular Opening.

Black .- (Winawer.) White,-(Gunsberg.) Black.—(With 1 Pro Q 4 1 2 B to B 4 4 3 P to K 3 4 B to Q 3 5 P to Q B 3 6 K to B 3 7 Q K to K 6 3 9 Q to K 6 3 1 P to K R 4 11 P to K R 4 11 P to K R 4 11 P to K R 5 (6) 13 P to K 6 (6) 14 B to Q K 5 5 R to K to K 5 6 Q 5 R to K 6 (6) 15 R to K to K 5 8 4 1 P to K R 4 1 P to K R 4 1 P to K R 5 (6) 1 1 B to Q K 5 5 1 K to K 5 6 R to 1 Kt to K B 3 2 P to Q 4 3 P to K 3 4 B to K 2 5 Castles 6 P to Q Kt 3 7 P to B 4 8 Kt to B 3 9 Kt to Q 2 10 P to K R 3 8 Kt to B 3 9 Kt to Q2 10 P to K R 3 11 R to K 8q 12 Kt to B 8q 13 P to K R 4 14 P to B 3 15 B to Kt 2 16 B to Q 3 17 Q takes B 18 P to R 3 19 B to R 2 20 B to Q 2 21 B to Kt 4 ch 22 B to Q 6(6) B to Q Kt.5 R to Kt sq B takes B B takes L B to Kt 3 Sekes Kt (d) R to Kt 3
B takes Kt (
K to B sq
Q to Q sq (c)
K to Kt sq
P takes P
E F to K 4 22 B to Q 5 (7) 23 P takes P 24 Q to B 5 25 P takes P 26 P to B 5 22 P takes P 23 P to K 4 22 K to K t3 24 K to K t3 25 K t to K t3 25 K t to K t3 26 K t to K t3 26 K t to K t3 27 K t takes B 28 Q to K t3 30 Q to Q sq 33 K R to K t3 32 Q takes P ch 23 K to K t3 35 R to K t3 35 R to K t3 36 R to K t3 36 R to K t3 37 R to K t3 38 K to K t3 40 Q to R to K t5 40 Q to R to K t5 40 Q to R to K t5 40 Q to R 8 ch 45 Q takes P ch 45 K to K t5 K to K 5 48 K to K t5 K to K 5 48 K to K t5 R t5 R to K t5 R to K t5 R to K t5 R to K t5 R t5 R to K t5 R to K t 27 Q to R 3
28 B P takes Kt
29 K to B 5
31 Q to B 4
33 Q to B 4
33 K to B 3
34 Q to B 4
33 K to B 3
34 Q R to C 5
36 R to C 6
36 R to C 6
36 R to C 7
36 R to C 8
36 R to C 8
37 R to C 8
38 R R to C 9
39 R to C 8
30 R to C

NOTES.

(a) We should certainly in this position play P to R 5 first. This followed by R to K K tsq. Q B 2 and Castles, would yield Black a fine attacking game. The move in the text as properly answered by Gunsberg, leads somewhat for a time to that which is known in chess as a block position, each Rook's Pawn impeding the progress of the other.

ing the procress of the other.

(h) This isolated Pawn at K 6 requires attention and vigilance on the part of White; his game, however, is fairly well developed, and his Kt at K B sq. averts all risk of mate. Pawn at R 4 is his weak point; should he lose this his game would probably become indefensible; his best chance in such a position would be in a well judged counter attack.

(a) Very injudicious, Q to Q sq. preparing an attack on K to R P at once, would have been the proper line of play. This B was required to defend the important Kt P, also to oppose adverse Q B.

(d) Again unwise; it was desirable to retain the White Bishop, which was more valuable than the Black Knight as the position stood. (Such is the note in the Times. We presume the White Bishop and White Knight --E(b).)

write (enignt. ~ 17.10.)

(a) Rather too lale now; this would have been advantageous, as suggested, at move 14.

(b) A very important move for White, which Black ought to, and with due diligence and care could have

prevented.

(a) White could safely and prudently play Kt takes Pnow, for, in reply to Black's threatened move of Kt to B 5, Q to B 6 would be quite satisfactory; and if Kt took P, K to R 2 would be safe and effective.

(b) The Paris and Vienna victor (Black) has, we fear, somewhat underrated the powers of his opponent Gunsberg (Mephisto) who has now a decided advantage, which he maintains capitally, finishing a highly critical ending in excellent style.

There Field and Farm.

-Turf, Field and Farm.

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