been more seemly and more politic to have suffered in silence, secure in the esteem and admiration of his own countrymen, and of the whole world, Germany excepted? How many a professional man of low degree has learned thus "to suffer and be strong" under undeserved blame, obloquy and Persecution even, only those who are in the profession know.

The question of damages for the learned German professors seems to be in nubilus, but we have not heard, nor perhaps shall we soon hear the last of this quarrel.

The surreptitious acquisition of the proof sheets by some smart journals is another phase of the affair which does not reflect credit upon their management; and indeed the whole matter, from beginning to end has, we believe, been a mistake, and one which may be far-reaching in its results, and out of which no good can possibly come. The handling of the German physicians was so rough, that they would have been more than human if they had not struck back with all their power and venom even, and it yet remains to be seen which of the parties to the controversy have the best of 1t, if indeed any decision ever be reached. But Perhaps our readers have had a surfeit of the subject. Certain it is that the daily papers have not spared space to place the points of the contest before the public, and no doubt every one in the profession at least, has his own views on the subject. We shall therefore forbear inflicting our readers, further than this notice of a subject which is attracting so much attention at the present time.

THERAPEUTIC NOTES.

For insomnia and restlessness of typhoid at night, Prof. Janeway recommends morphia sulph. It gr. given in hot milk at ten o'clock in the evening, and he has found this of more service than any other hypnotic.

For diarrhea of typhoid, or in fact any diarrhea, he strongly recommends salol, thus:

Sig.—One every four hours.

This in its passage through the alimentary canal is converted into salicylic and carbolic acids in the intestines, and thus acts as a direct anti-

septic and prevents sepsis of the bowels, and in his experience, is the best internal antiseptic we can use; it is also claimed that it has a decided empirical effect in checking diarrhea. A case of violent diarrhea was recently admitted to the hospital, and the first day the movements numbered 24; salol was then prescribed and the second day the number was reduced to three, and on the third day no movement.

Prof. W. H. Thomson begins the treatment of every case of typhoid with bismuth and pepsin and continues it throughout the whole course of the disease, claiming that as the stomach is the seat of parenchymatous degeneration, gastric digestion needs assistance, which is obtained by the pepsin, and bismuth controls gastric disturbances and irritations. During the course of all fevers, the entire alimentary secretions are checked, and thus the system is deprived of its natural antiseptics and as a result fermentation is set up, which causes the diarrhea. Here the indication is to give intestinal antiseptics and he prefers bismuth, as having given him the best results.

M. et divide in chart No. xii.

Sig.—One t. i. d.

For vomiting of pregnancy, very good results have been obtained from 3ss-3j doses of fld. extract viburnum prunifolium. It has been extensively tried in Bellevue and other city hospitals. In a series of eight cases, in which it was recently given in 3j doses, a uniformly successful result was obtained. It seems to have a direct action on the uterus itself, thus preventing the reflex irritation which results in vomiting. In some of the hospitals all other remedies have been discarded.

For uremic dyspnea, Dr. Roosevelt recommends cobalt nitrite in \(\frac{1}{4}\) grain doses, repeated every hour, until the characteristic nitrite headache is produced, and then discontinued.

For the same affection and for urgent uramic symptoms of all kinds, Dr. Porter gives $\frac{3}{4}$ grain of pilocarpine hypodermically, and claims to get rapid relief. He believes that the drug acts as a vasomotor stimulant and increases blood pressure, and that the lethal effects of the drug are due to the