



nois, Soulanges, Vaudreuil, Berthier, Joliette, L'Assomption, Montcalm, Montreal, Hochelaga, Jacques Cartier, Laval, Terrebonne, Two Mountains, Argenteuil, Ottawa, Pontiac, all in Quebec.

In it are the cities of Montreal and St. Hyacinthe, and the towns of Sorel, Hull, St. John's, Farnham, Lachine, Longueuil, Joliette, Aylmer, Chambly, Lachute, Valleyfield, Beauharnois, St. Jerome, Berthier, Buckingham, Laprairie, St. Andrew's, Granby, Knowlton and Huntingdon.

It is divided into the Rural Deaneries of Hochelaga, Bedford, Brome, Clarendon, Iberville, Shefford and St. Andrew's. The clergy number 94, seven of whom are retired or unattached. A few of the parishes and missions are vacant.

The establishment of the Diocese of Montreal is largely due to the late Rt. Rev. G. J. Mountain, the third Bishop of Quebec. After great exertions with the English authorities and after much patient waiting, he was gladdened by the intelligence that Her Majesty had been pleased to set apart a new diocese, with Montreal as its see city, and that the Rev. Francis Fulford, D. D., of England, was appointed bishop. He was consecrated in Westminster Abbey on July 25th, 1850. After eighteen years of a laborious and successful episcopate he passed away, and was succeeded in 1869 by the Most Rev. Ashton Oxenden, who was also Metropolitan of Canada. In 1878 he resigned and returned to England. In the same year the Diocese of Montreal, met and elected on the first ballot, by a good majority of both orders, the Very Rev. Dean Bond to the position of third Bishop of Montreal.

The *Canadian Portrait Gallery* thus speaks of this worthy occupant of the important see of Montreal:—

"Bishop Bond, Dr. Oxenden's successor in the see of Montreal, was born at Truro, a seaport of the County of Cornwall, England, in the year 1815. He received his education partly in Cornwall and partly in London at various public and private schools. In his early youth he emigrated from England to the island of Newfoundland, where, after a brief period in secular pursuits, he studied for orders under the direction of Archdeacon Bridge. In 1840, under the advice and influence of the late Rev. Mark Willoughby, he proceeded to Quebec, where, upon the completion of his studies, he was ordained Deacon, and in 1841 was ordained priest at Montreal by the late Rt. Rev. George Jehoshaphat Mountain, Bishop of Quebec. Immediately after his ordination he

again proceeded to Newfoundland where, on the 2nd of June, in the last mentioned year, he married Miss Eliza Langley, with whom he returned to Montreal. For some years subsequent to his ordination he was travelling missionary with his residence at Lachine near Montreal. Under instructions from Bishop Mountain he organized several missions in the Eastern Townships, and in addition to his clerical duties in organizing schools in connection with the Newfoundland School Society, establishing eleven in the township of Hemmingford alone. In 1848 he was appointed to the large and important parish of St. George's, Montreal, as assistant to Dr. Leach. His connection with that parish existed without interruption for thirty years. He successively became Rural Dean of Hochelaga, Canon, Archdeacon, Dean of Montreal. He was Chaplain of the 1st or Prince of Wales Regiment. He was out at Huntingdon during the raid of 1866, and in 1870 marched with the regiment from St. Armand's to Pigeon Hill.

On the 1st of July, 1878, Bishop Oxenden, who had held the bishopric of Montreal since 1869, resigned. On the 16th of October, 1878, Dean Bond was elected bishop by a large majority of both orders of the Synod. His consecration took place in St. George's Church, Montreal, on the 25th of January, 1879, in the presence of the Bishops of Fredericton, Nova Scotia, Quebec, Algoma, Ontario and Niagara; the consecration sermon being preached by the Right Rev. Dr. Lewis, Bishop of Ontario. He was installed on the Episcopal Throne at the Cathedral Church at Montreal on the following Sunday. He performed his first Episcopal act by administering the rite of Confirmation in the church of the old parish of St. George's.

Bishop Bond has a fine and commanding presence, is an earnest preacher, and an excellent platform speaker.

Bishop Bond is President of the Theological College in the Diocese of Montreal. He received his Degree of M. A. from Bishop's College, Lennoxville, and that of LL. D. from the University of McGill College, Montreal. The diocese over which Bishop Bond presides was originally constituted in 1850. Montreal was the Metropolitan see of Canada from 1860 (when letters patent were issued to the late Dr. Fulford) until Bishop Oxenden's resignation as above mentioned in July, 1878."

MAX MULLER tells an anecdote of Lord Gifford, which he had from the lips of his lordship's brother. One morning the old lord said to his brother: "Brother John, I have had a terrible night. I begin to feel that I am growing fond of my money. I am sure I must do something with it. I must make it useful, not to myself and my family, but to my fellow-creatures at large." The result was the foundation of the Gifford Lectureship in Glasgow.