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The Toronto World.

NEW BOOKS
BLOOD ROYAL
By Grant Allen.
A FAMILY LIKENESS
By B. M. Croker.

THIRTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 23 1893. ONE CENT

LIEUT.-GOVERNOR K.T. BURNS

NEW BRUNSWICK IS TO BE CONGRATULATED.

All the Other Acceptables Have Dropped Out of the Race, and the Announcement In The Canada Gazette Will Name the Member For Gloucester As the Final Choice.

OTTAWA, Jan. 22.—It is said to-night on pretty good authority that the question of who is to succeed Sir Leonard Tilley as Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick has been settled, and that the next issue of The Canada Gazette will contain the appointment of K. T. Burns, M.P. for Gloucester.

The names of Mr. Burns, Hon. Michael Adams, Hon. Peter Mitchell and others have been mentioned in connection with the position for some time past, and it is now said that all the others have dropped out of the race, or have been dropped, and that Mr. Burns has been appointed.

Mr. Burns was born at Thomastown, Tipperary, Ireland, Jan. 8, 1842. He was educated at Halifax and St. John, and then became a merchant and mill-owner. He served in the militia for a number of years, and retired in 1874 with the rank of captain. He was in the New Brunswick Legislature from 1874 to 1878, was first returned to the Commons at the general elections in 1882, and re-elected at the last general elections.

WATER FROM LAKE SIMCOE.

An English Syndicate Offers to Do the Work Gratis.

Ald. Hewitt is circulating a document among his confreres in the council pledging themselves to support a proposition to bring water from Lake Simcoe by gravitation. It is said that already a majority of the aldermen have affixed their signatures to the document.

The scheme, it is said, is being backed by English capitalists. The cost of maintaining the Waterworks Department is about $200,000 annually, and the syndicate proposes, if guaranteed this sum every year, to construct a tunnel and bring the water down to the citizens of Toronto, the city not contributing a cent towards the construction of the work. The cost of the undertaking is placed at $5,000,000.

ROBERT STEVENSON DYING.

The Author of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" Has Consumption.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—Leigh Lynch, World's Fair Commissioner for Samoa, who arrived yesterday with many curios, said to-day that Robert Louis Stevenson, the novelist, will probably never leave his island home, as he is dying of consumption.

Stevenson is not writing a new novel, as has been stated, although he works for a few hours every morning on literary matter, presumably for magazines.

The Boats Saved Them.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 22.—A Monterey, Mexico, special says: Further particulars of the loss of the steamer Paris, from Havre for New Orleans, off the Mexican coast near Tuxpan last Wednesday, were received to-day.

The vessel was disabled during a heavy storm several days ago, and was making for Tuxpan, when she struck an unusually heavy sea and began going to pieces. An effort was made to run her across the bar, but she went down before the work could be accomplished.

The captain, crew and passengers took to the boats, and reached Tuxpan without difficulty.

Mgr. Satolli's Position.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Bishop Keane, rector of the Catholic University where Mgr. Satolli's permanent headquarters are, gave a dinner to Mgr. Satolli to-day. The bishop said that he could illustrate by comparison the relation of Mgr. Satolli's office to the Church of the United States only by showing its similarity to that of the change when a territorial government is elevated to the dignity of a state government.

Mgr. Satolli, in reply, referred to the Pope's love for the American people.

Saturday's Fires.

The firemen were called out three times Saturday, but the damage was trifling in each instance. Shortly after 6 a.m. fire was discovered in Graham's nail works, 1050 King-street west, caused by hot ashes falling on the floor. Damage $10.

About an hour later the furnace in Saker's barber shop, 14 King-street west, set fire to the woodwork. The damage in this instance was also estimated at $10.

At 7.45 p.m. a coal oil stove exploded at No. 15 Duchess-street, occupied by a family named Samuels. The flames were extinguished by the men from the Lombard-street hall before serious damage was done.

Railing Against Fashion.

In writing to an English magazine, Ouida says that "all modern society spectacles are spoiled by the attire of the men, the most frightful, grotesque and disgraceful male costume which the world has ever seen." Notwithstanding this fierce assault of such a clever authoress, men will continue to wear a costume which was devised for practical use and leave the æsthetic style of dressing to the ladies. It might be here remarked that the modern full dress costume for men is incomplete without quinn's shirts, gloves and neckties. e

1892, "The Cream of the Havana Crop."

"La Cadena" and "La Flora" brands of cigars are undoubtedly superior in quality and considerably lower in price than any brand imported. Prejudiced smokers will not admit this to be the case. The connoisseur knows it. S. Davis & Sons, Montreal. 136

Albany Club Steward Dead.

Frank Douglas Barker, who has been steward of the Albany Club for the past seven years, died on Saturday night, aged 28. He served as a boy with Langham Hotel in Portland-place, London. He leaves a widow and three children.

Convincing.

Persons desiring to procure a photograph of themselves superior to any they may have had, can do so by complying with our price. We guarantee satisfaction or money refunded. Herbert E. Simpson, 143 College-street. 136

Failed For $850,000.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Jan. 22.—P. & L. Tessier, fish and oil dealers and fishermen's outfitters, have failed. Liabilities, $850,000.

Beef Tenderloins at Chivrell's to-day.

Another Half Million.

"Board of Trade" Envelopes, and they are better than the last, 85 cents per thousand. H. M. Blight, 51 Yonge-street. 246

Duck at Chivrell's on Tuesday.

Telephone 2298 for choice butter in crocks, pails and rolls at rock bottom prices. Fresh arrivals daily; largest butter dealers in the city. Skeins Dairy Company, 291 and 293 King-street west. 246

NOT AN ANNEXATIONIST.

Sol White Severs His Connection With the Continental Club—His Loyalty Displeased the Other Members.

DETROIT, Jan. 22.—The Free Press says that the annexationists have given Sol White, M.L.A., the bounce, and have declared that he is no longer affiliated with that party. There is probably no annexationist who has received the advertising White has, from the fact that he was a member of Parliament and because he was one of the first to give public utterances on that question.

To many he has been looked upon as the leader of that movement in Canada, but never at any time did those within the circle place much reliance in his utterances. At the meetings he attended in Ontario it was hard to tell which side he was on, and the reason he has not been asked to take part in the meetings held latterly is because the supporters of the movement felt that his remarks would do more harm than good.

When charged upon the floor of the Local House with being disloyal White denied it, and expressed his entire satisfaction with present affairs in Canada. The members of the Continental Club thought, however, they would stick by him, but the final parting was made at the Governor-General's banquet, when White said in his speech: "I yield to no man in loyalty to the British throne and constitution. I am not an annexationist.

"It is a question of alternative propositions. I have said that in preference to commercial union, imperial federation or independence I preferred political union, but I don't think we need a change of any sort." In speaking of the matter yesterday an officer of the Continental Club said: "Yes, it is true that White is no longer a member of our club. We have never been able exactly to tell where he stood, but have deferred any action in the matter hoping that White would come out flat-footed, but his utterances at the banquet prove that he is too strongly wedded to the Tory party.

"This may be attributed, perhaps, to the fact that the local elections will shortly be on. The movement is rapidly increasing in Canada, and we want leaders who are not afraid to come out and say that Canada needs a change, and that change is political union with the United States."

THE FATAL "NO."

A Lesson for Business Men Who Send Telegrams.

[From Town Topics.]

Some time ago a well-know New-street man, who was interested on the bull side of the wheat market, left orders with his brokers at Chicago to take 50,000 bushels at the recommencement of business after the holidays.

Wheat, however, opened in Chicago 2 cents up. The brokers, not wishing to assume the responsibility of getting in then, telegraphed their customer the price of wheat and asking if the order should still be executed.

The reply came, "No price too high."

The order was filled. The market broke 5 cents per bushel, but the man in New-street refused to make the margin good or stand by his contract, claiming that the telegraph company had made the mistake. His answer to his broker's question was, "No. Price too high."

In a lawsuit he was defeated, the court holding that punctuation did not count in a telegraph message, and besides, the word "no" was superfluous, since "prices too high" would have conveyed a negative response to the original despatch.

ARE THEY JAPS?

Coast Indians in British Columbia Have Asiatic Ear Marks.

[From The St. Paul Pioneer Press.]

A tree was felled by a storm in British Columbia recently, and beneath the roots were found Japanese cooking utensils and a hammer and club, both corresponding to such as are used by the Japanese. The rings in the tree show that it was 300 years old, clearly showing that the Japanese were here, or pointing to the Siwash Indians as of Japanese origin.

In the far north the Indian totem poles are in some cases of Japanese workmanship and design, with here and there a Japanese letter, and many are of Japanese national colors.

A lot of Japanese were brought over to work in one of the Columbian mills and at the sight of them the Indians said, "Our people."

The late Japanese consul, Sigeumura, with some leading citizens, visited a great Indian potlach or feast. So soon as he landed from the ship the Indians were heard to remark, "He is one of us." The imitative faculty among these Indians is clearly Mongolian, and their skill in carving leads to the same conclusion.

The Indians of the interior have nothing in common with those of the coast. They lack the small feet, almond eyes, coarse, heavy, black hair, short stature, and timidity that mark the coast Indian as coming from Japan.

Sir David's Motto.

The present seems a good time to reproduce the quotation which was the motto of Sir David Macpherson's exposure of several misrepresentations over ten years ago:

What but mischief can be your object? No sooner are the springs of industry again put in motion—no sooner are the sources of commerce unlocked and are pouring forth the riches of the country in every direction—no sooner has returning confidence in a reanimated government given a new impulse to every exertion of skill, and new directions to labor and ingenious industry, than you agitate your question of reform to set men mad upon theories of government, instead of supporting it by the peaceful enjoyment of its practical blessings, checking the rising prosperity of peace and plunging us back into the dangers and difficulties from which we had almost miraculously emerged.—Erskine.

The Grand Jury System.

How Say You? A review of the movement for abolishing the grand jury system in Canada. By John Alexander Kains, barrister.

The brochure of Mr. Kains is timely. The subject is being widely discussed in legal and lay circles. A brief but lucid resume is given of the history of the grand jury system. The opinions of a number of our judges are given, some also of eminent foreign jurists, condemning the grand jury system and suggesting what they regard as a better method. The pamphlet is admirably arranged, showing considerable legal knowledge and a capacity for putting an argument forcibly. Those interested in this question ought to procure Mr. Kains' pamphlet; it has been gleaned over a very wide field and comprises almost every fact bearing upon the discussion.

The Great Secret.

How we can sell at such low prices—we buy for cash. You can buy men's all-wool Scotch L.W. shirts or drawers for 75c each, 100 dozen of unlaundered shirts, linen front and reinforced bosoms, for 50c, all sizes; black all-wool socks only 25c per pair, full dress shirts only $1.00 each, fine English four-ply linen collars only 20c each or 3 for 50c. All our fine wool underwear are reduced 20 per cent. Bonner's, cor. Yonge and Queen-streets. Branch store 211 Yonge, opposite Albert-street. 246

ALL EYES ARE ON GERMANY.

CAPRIVI HAS TALKED WAR TO THE OTHER NATIONS.

Denmark Has Become Alarmed—So Has Austria-Hungary—The Sultan of Turkey Takes Beer and Pretzels for Breakfast to Show His Love for Emperor William.

BERLIN, Jan. 22.—Chancellor Von Caprivi is still struggling in the deep diplomatic water into which he plunged during the recent sessions of the Parliamentary Commission on the Army bill. Denmark, offended by his allusions to the Franco-Russian intrigue at the Copenhagen Court, has now become alarmed in consequence of the sensation caused by King Christian's unexpected decision not to attend the Princess Margaret's wedding.

The Danish Foreign Office and the Danish ambassadors are taking unusual pains to let the world understand that the unpleasantness of the weather is King Christian's sole reason for changing his mind, but in this city the excuse is regarded as ridiculously inadequate.

Numerous notes have passed between Berlin and Copenhagen during the past week as to the Chancellor's speech before the Parliamentary Commission, and the German Foreign Office has made explanations without end, but Denmark's suspicions have not been lulled. The explanations of the Danish diplomatists as to the necessity they feel for the spending of 56,000,000 marks in fortifying Copenhagen and for pushing their line of defence close against the Schleswig frontier are received here with lack of confidence.

Austria is Restive.

Austria-Hungary also, which has long been expected to say "me, too," to everything Germany asserted, has become restive. Chancellor Caprivi's statements, re-echoed by members of the Reichstag, that the brunt of the next general war must be borne by Germany for the triple alliance, had already evoked some spirited remonstrances from the Vienna press. The Kreuz Zeitung has put the climax upon Austria-Hungary's grievances by publishing a long leader to the effect that the dual Empire is under moral obligations to increase her military establishment in the proportion indicated for Germany by the military.

This leader elicited a prompt remonstrance from Vienna, to which Caprivi could only reply that The Kreuz Zeitung was not an official nor a semi-official organ, and the German Government was, therefore, in no way responsible for its opinions.

With this disavowal Austria-Hungary has been obliged to content herself, although Vienna dailies still grumble about the persistent depreciation of Austria-Hungary's military strength now in vogue in Germany.

A Perennial Feud.

Despatches from Constantinople show that the diplomatic corps in that city is in one of its perennial feuds. The cause this time is that German influence again predominates, and Prince Radolin, German ambassador, is the most favored of the representatives of foreign sovereigns. M. Nelidoff, Russian ambassador, and Sir Francis Ford, British ambassador, have protested against the favoring of Germany in commercial concessions, but the Sultan has remained firm. The special facilities granted to German trade in Turkey have been gained by Prince Radolin principally at the expense of Great Britain, although Russia too has suffered considerably.

The efforts of France to monopolize the foreign influence, always notable in Turkish affairs, have failed also. This fact is shown by the Sultan's recent request that Prince Heinrich of Hohenzollern secure for him permission to send several Turkish marine officers to join the German navy in order that they might receive the benefits of training under German officers on German men-of-war. If war should be declared to-morrow between Russia and Germany the German Foreign Office would feel confident of Turkey's moral support if not of her active participation against Russia.

The Jesuits.

Numerous petitions against the return of the Jesuit orders are received constantly by the Government from Protestant communities, which have been alarmed by reports of Chancellor Von Caprivi's negotiations with the Clericals. The agitation has assumed enormous proportions throughout the Protestant states of the empire, and on Monday was reported to have produced such effect upon the Government that the Chancellor had assured several high church dignitaries he would not allow the admission of the Jesuits under any conditions.

The report enraged the Clerical Deputies, and they decided to remind the Government sharply of the importance of their attitude towards the Army bill. They put up Dr. Lieber, leader of the Democratic wing of the Centre, to speak for this purpose in the commission on Wednesday. Lieber, however, went beyond his instructions and delivered a violent harangue which few but South German Clericals care to endorse. Every member of the Reichstag has received from an unknown source a pamphlet on the Army bill. The author remains anonymous, although he is known to be an eminent Saxon general.

The peace of Europe, he says, is not likely to be maintained after the autumn of 1894, when the Russian army will be armed with the small calibre repeating rifle, therefore will be fully prepared to strike. While the re-armament is still incomplete, and Russia consequently feels constrained to keep the peace, Germany must find her opportunity for final preparation for the inevitable conflict.

The Army Bill.

The proposals to reject the Army bill could be made in good faith only by those ignorant of the growing perils of the international situation; compromises delaying the execution of the bill's provisions for two years or three years were hardly less fatuous; the Imperial Government, after years of provocation, has taken steps to stop the scattering of French propaganda from Luxemburg among the people of the annexed provinces.

A specific complaint, accompanied with proof, has been made by the German Foreign office against a Luxemburg society called the Union des Patriotes Francais. The Provincial Government seized several hundred leaflets that had been distributed and sent them to Berlin with vehement protests that the union was doing untold mischief through its inflammatory appeals, and should be squelched at any cost.

If you are out of sorts use Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti. It will sharpen your appetite and put you right. Sold by all druggists in 5c. packages.

No Oyster Famine at Chivrell's.

A Splendid Opportunity.

While you are striving to meet the necessities of your wife and family, you should not overlook the important matter of making provision for them in case of your untimely death, by securing a life insurance policy in a first-class company (such as the North American Life Assurance Company, Toronto), you can make the necessary provision. 246

Toothache—When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache Gum.

BRITISH POLITICS.

All the Party Leaders Are Hustling Over the Coming Session—The Home Rule Bill.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—All the party leaders have issued whips exhorting their followers to be unremitting in their attendance to their Parliamentary duties during the coming session. Lord Salisbury and Arthur J. Balfour emphasize the statement that it is of the utmost importance for every Unionist to be in his place early and constantly, as the Home Rule bill will be introduced shortly after the opening and heavy and hot debates are to be expected from the beginning.

At a prolonged Cabinet meeting yesterday the Ministers discussed the legal aspects of the Home Rule Bill. Sir Charles Russell, Attorney-General, and Lord Herschell, Lord High Chancellor, who previously had not attended the Cabinet meetings were present and gave their opinions at length.

The Right Hon. James Lowther has been selected to move the amendment of the address. He will ask that immediate steps be taken to legislate against pauper aliens. Legal restrictions of pauper immigration have been advocated by Unionist newspapers for many months, especially since the expulsion of Anarchists from France last spring swelled the Anarchist colony with hundreds of indolent and penniless agitators.

A new department devoted to the interests of labor is to be formed on the lines suggested by Professor Gould, who recently was before the Royal Labor Commission. These lines conform generally with those followed by the labor bureau in Washington. The Treasurer has allowed a handsome sum for the organization of the bureau. Tom Mann will probably be placed at the head of the new Bureau.

Mr. Gladstone has received hundreds of letters in the last few days and scores of callers making inquiries as to the state of his health. The reports that he is failing have caused great solicitude and some alarm among his personal friends and advocates of Home Rule. To dispel all doubts he walks and drives frequently.

WILL IT SUCCUMB?

Great and Exhaustive Efforts Being Made to Throttle the Coal Combine.

The residents in the Hazelton anthracite coal region, realizing from the action of the Reading railway system that not only their business but their very homes were in danger of being lost, have resolved to make a mighty effort to thwart the movements of the combine, and to that end have petitioned the Legislature to revoke the charter of the railroad.

There is hardly a doubt but that this move on the part of the Hazelton miners will have the desired effect, and the Toronto people, realizing this fact and anticipating a drop in the coal prices, seem to be resolved to spend the amount which otherwise would have been expended for fire in preparing to meet the cold blasts of winter on their own ground and there do them battle.

This would account for the great rush of customers to Dineens' fur store on the corner of King and Yonge-streets. On Saturday last the store was crowded throughout the day by customers anxious to place orders for furs of all descriptions. There was a heavy call on white Persian lamb jackets, with tams to match, and sealette and cloth jackets trimmed with fur were also greatly in demand.

Mr. Dineen stated that all his furs must be cleared out, even if he has to reduce the prices below cost, as the spring goods will soon be coming in and room must necessarily be made for them.

A New Move by the Annexationist Contributions to the New York Sun by Mr. Farrer.

The weekly articles on annexation from the pen of Mr. E. Farrer, which have been appearing in The N.Y. Sun during the past six or seven weeks, have been read with interest not only by those interested in the movement, but by hundreds of people who know of Mr. Farrer and who have a curiosity to learn what this versatile writer may have to say on the subject. With a view to supplying the demand Mr. John P. McKenna, publisher and bookseller, 80 Yonge-street, ordered and this morning announces the receipt of a full complement of the papers which contain the articles. The first appeared in The Sunday Sun the last week in November and they have been published weekly since that time. Parties desiring to secure the complete issue should call as early as possible before all are bought up.

Sheep Breeders to Meet.

ALBANY, N.Y., Jan. 23.—The second annual meeting of the Cheviot Sheep Breeders' Association of the United States and Canada will be held at Oneonta, N.Y., July 25 and 26.

Mr. W. W. Cook, manager of Mr. Best's sample room, 99 King-street west, says that he considers Sprudel vastly superior to all other mineral waters for bar or family use, and that he sells more of it than all others combined.

Mr. William Bryan, manager of the Palmer House sample room, says he considers Sprudel decidedly the best mineral water he has ever sold, and that the sale for it is constantly increasing.

Mr. Frederick Hall, manager of the O'Connor House sample room, Adelaide-street west, says that Sprudel is the king of all mineral waters for bar use, and that there is none to be compared with it.

Sprudel Mineral Water from the celebrated springs at Mt. Clemens, Mich., has been analyzed and recommended by Dr. A. R. Pyne, Dominion Analyst. William Mara, sole agent for the Dominion, 79 Yonge-street, third door north of King-street. Telephone 1708.

Mr. J. S. McCall, manager of the Kensington House sample room, says that in his opinion Sprudel will ultimately lead all mineral waters for bar use in Canada, as it does in the United States, as it not only is the most healthful, but the most palatable of all carbonated waters.

Symmetrical Perfection.

For the most symmetrical conception of your face and figure patronize Herbert E. Simpson, 143 College-street. 136

No chance for argument. Chivrell's is open day and night.

Personal.

George McNab, London, is at the Queen's.

J. Watt, Hamilton, is at the Queen's.

Dr. Wareham, Gaspe, was at the Queen's yesterday.

James H. Rutherford and wife, Owen Sound, are at the Palmer.

L. G. Drew, Oshawa, is registered at the Palmer.

George A. Allen, Brockville, is staying at the Palmer.

J. W. Macguire, London, is registered at the Rossin.

A. L. Merrill, Brampton, is staying at the Rossin.

George A. Dana, Brockville, is among the recent arrivals at the Rossin.

D. M. Christie and P. McKerrall, Chatham, are staying at the Walker.

Charles Cameron, Collingwood, is at the Walker.

E. Arnold, G.T.R., is registered at the Walker.

Col. Pope, who has recently undergone a very painful and dangerous operation at the General Hospital, was on his feet for the first time yesterday. The doctor says he will be about inside of a week.

DYNAMITE IN ROME.

A Hotel Partly Wrecked and a House Damaged—A Discharged Employe Suspected of the Crime.

ROME, Jan. 22.—Dynamite bombs exploded almost simultaneously this afternoon before the Hotel D' Angleterre and in the garden of the proprietor's house, in the Via San Claudo. The hotel was partly wrecked.

Nobody was injured, although the hotel had more than 100 lodgers at the hour of the explosion.

The proprietor said this evening that the hotel and contents were almost a total loss. The proprietor's house in the Via San Claudo was less damaged. Nobody was injured, as the family had left home for the afternoon.

The proprietor of the hotel says he is convinced that both explosions were caused by a man whom he discharged recently from his service.

EGAN'S RELEASE.

Nine Years in Portland Prison Equal to 18 Years Out of It.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—James Francis Egan, the Irish dynamiter, owes his release from prison to the persistent efforts of Mr. Redmond, the leader of the Parnellites. On his release from prison Egan was met by John Barry, who accompanied him to London. Egan visited the National Liberal Club in London Saturday night.

He conversed there with Messrs. Macdonnell, Donald, Sullivan and other Irish members of Parliament. Egan proceeded to Birmingham alone on Sunday morning. He was met on his arrival there by his wife. Although thinner and grayer than when he entered Portland prison, Egan looks fairly healthy.

Speaking of the severity of the treatment of political prisoners, Egan said: "Nine years in Portland are equal to 18 years of ordinary life. But there is plenty of life in me yet."

In an interview Egan maintained the truth of the defense he presented at his trial that he was not aware of Daly's connection with the dynamite conspiracy.

Throughout his imprisonment he was buoyed up with the consciousness of his innocence.

He expressed himself as deeply indebted to the two Irish parties for the efforts they made to procure his release from prison. It is reported that another political prisoner was released from Portland Prison on Tuesday last.

FOREIGN FINANCES.

Heavy Investments Through Cheapness of Money.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The rise of foreign exchange rates, notably on Paris, upset the calculations of the money market during the past week. In spite of the revenue payments discount values weakened to 1¼ for three months and ⅞ for short.

A more hopeful feeling prevailed on the stock exchange during the week, and a heavy investment business was transacted owing to the cheapness of money. American railroads were very firm on New York's initiative. Business was more active than it has been for a long time past. Extensive purchases were made on home and foreign account. The dealings, however, were not in behalf of the public but chiefly on professional account.

A Difficult Task.

BERLIN, Jan. 22.—Gen. Gourko, Governor-General of Warsaw, has granted German employes in factories in Russian Poland one more year in which to learn the Russian language. In case they do not know the language in January, 1894, they will be expelled.

Probably Correct.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The Rome correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says: "It is expected that Archbishop Corrigan of New York will receive a severe admonition from the Pope in regard to his opposition to Archbishop Satolli and Archbishop Ireland. It has been decided that the new papal delegate will reside in Washington."

The Khedive Defiant.

CAIRO, Jan. 22.—The good impression caused by the success of Great Britain's intervention in the Egyptian Cabinet affair is giving way to a feeling of great anxiety among the European residents in consequence of the almost defiant attitude since adopted by the Khedive.

Our Next Governor.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—It is stated that Lord Aberdeen will succeed to the Governorship of Canada next June.

Prices Firmer.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—Prices on the Bourse during the past week were firmer than during the preceding week. International funds show fractional advances. There was heavy buying of Rentes on the part of the public, which appears to have recovered its calmness.

Unsettled Feeling.

BERLIN, Jan. 22.—An unsettled feeling prevailed on the Boerse during the past week, but the undercurrent was good. International funds show slight increases.

Closed Firm.

FRANKFORT, Jan. 22.—Prices on the Boerse were irregular during the week, but closed firm.

For indigestion, mental fatigue and dyspepsia use Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti. It is an absolute cure for indigestion. Sold by all druggists and confectioners; 5 cents.

Local Jottings.

At the Canadian Institute on Saturday evening Mr. Edward Meek read a paper on "The Times and Teachings of Cicero."

Mr. J. J. Powell, College-street west, caterer, gave a complimentary dinner to his patrons on Friday evening. About 200 guests partook of the hospitality of Mr. Powell.

We have been asked to state that the announcement made in Saturday's issue that the debt of the Algoma Mission Fund had been paid was premature, as nearly $3000 is still required.

At a meeting of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, Montreal, it was decided to petition the Minister of Agriculture, Ottawa, to appoint a French-Canadian representative at the Columbian Exhibition.

The League of the Cross is growing in membership weekly. At the meeting in St. Paul's parish yesterday Rev. Father Hand delivered an address, and short speeches were also made by Messrs. W. H. Cahill, R. Walbridge, F. Richard and George Rowe.

A prisoner at the city jail, named Thomas Raymond, died yesterday morning. He was committed by the Police Magistrate on Nov. 1 last to six months in jail for vagrancy and drunkenness. Coroner Duncan holds an inquest this morning.

At the last meeting of the Toronto Literary and Musical Club, held in their rooms, corner Spadina and College, owing to the resignation of President McIntire, Dr. A. W. Maybury of Spadina-avenue was unanimously elected. Dr. Murray McFarlane read an original story, entitled "The Fatal Patient." Mrs. W. R. Clark, Mrs. H. W. Parker and Miss Lindsay and Miss Brown contributed towards the musical part of the program.

Nordica-Scalchi last week in Montreal met with a perfect ovation in crowded houses. This company, composed of seven distinguished artists, wherever they have appeared have sung before overflowing audiences. There is not a weak spot in the company, each artist being pre-eminent and at the head of each of their various departments. Subscription list at Messrs. Suckling & Sons' music warerooms.

THE NOVA SCOTIA COAL DEAL

THE LEGISLATURE TO CONSIDER THE PROJECTS OF A SYNDICATE.

Strong Opposition Shown—Extensive Mines To Be Worked Under a Combination of Capital—Ten Million Dollars Have Already Been Subscribed.

HALIFAX, N.S., Jan. 20.—The Nova Scotia Legislature was opened this afternoon for a session of more than ordinary importance. The coal deal with capitalists of the United States and Canada is to be considered. Lieutenant-Governor Daly in his opening speech said:

I desire to avail myself of your advice in a matter of immediate importance, and therefore have summoned you to meet at an earlier date than usual and before the completion of the public documents necessary to the proper consideration of the ordinary business of the province. The special business which has led up to this early meeting of the Legislature relates to the development of our mineral wealth. Encouraged by the provisions of the Mines and Minerals Act of last session capitalists have come forward to undertake extensive coal mining operations. The high financial standing and known enterprise of the parties and the investments they have already made on the faith of assurances given them are a guarantee of their intention to vigorously prosecute the work they have undertaken, which I feel assured will largely increase the provincial revenues and beneficially effect the many interests connected with the coal trade, while it will, I trust, at the same time yield to investors the liberal return which their enterprize will so well deserve. I invite your most careful consideration to the bill which will be submitted to you to confirm the arrangements which my government made with the parties who have undertaken this very important work.

It is reported that the bill for enactment of the deal will be submitted to the House on Saturday afternoon or brought down next Monday at the latest. It is expected that a lively debate will occur then, as a strong opposition to the project is being manifested in certain quarters. An incident of to-day was the playing of "Down in a Coal Mine" by the band of one of the battalions forming the guard of honor for the opening ceremonies when marching to position.

What Mr. Whitney Says.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—Mr. H. M. Whitney, one of the syndicate, said to-day of his Nova Scotia coal scheme:

I am connected with a number of men, some Canadians and some Americans, who intend to take over a number of these mining properties. The underlying idea of the whole scheme is to bring into one large organization, with ample capital, a considerable number of these coal properties, no one of which operated separately has been able to make the large expenditure necessary to the most economical production and transportation of coal. We contemplate the extension of the coal trade to the West Indies and part of South America.

Mr. Whitney's syndicate will have a capital of $10,000,000. It is said that W. C. Whitney is interested in it.

The Late Henry Purvis of Innisfil Township.

On the night of Friday, Jan. 13, 1893, there died at his home, Balsam Grove Farm, Township of Innisfil, Simcoe County, Ont., a man well known in his section of the country and highly respected by his friends and acquaintances—Mr. Henry Purvis.

Mr. Purvis was born in the County Tyrone, Ireland, in June, 1819, being but a few days younger than Queen Victoria. When eight years old he came to Canada with his father and lived near Highland Creek in Scarboro Township until the year 1860, when he moved up to the farm on which he died, then an absolutely solid bush. He bore arms in the defence of the country in the rebellion of 1837, and often spoke of the stirring scenes of those days, especially of the occasion on which as a member of the York Militia he was present at the burning of Montgomery's tavern. He was a Church of England man, a staunch Conservative and an Orangeman, and had a family of 14 children, of whom eight survive him, namely: David, of Purvis Bros., North Bay; Thomas, of the John Abell Engine and Machine Works, Toronto: James, of Purvis Bros, Sudbury; Henry of Toronto; Robert, Albert and Mary on the homestead and Mrs. Johnston of Sudbury. Last Christmas Day was spent by Mr. Purvis in this city, where he had relatives, and he was then a hale and hearty man, but in the brief interval which has elapsed since then he suffered a chill, and died of congestion of the lungs in less than a week. Notwitstanding the severe weather a large number of friends attended the funeral at the 12th line church in Innisfil, where the beautiful burial service was said by the Rev. E. W. Murphy, who for over a quarter of a century has been the clergyman of the parish in which Mr. Purvis lived.

Wedding Bells at Buttonville.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Padget, sr., one of Markham's staunch and successful farmers, was the scene of an unusual commotion on Wednesday, 18th inst., when Mary A. Padget, youngest daughter of William Padget, sr., gave her hand and heart into the keeping of E. D. Wilkinson of York Mills. Rev. J. C. Speers of Richmond Hill performed the ceremony. The bridesmaid was Miss Maggie Duncan of Unionville, assisted by two maids of honor, Misses Della Padget and Ella Carter, nieces of the bride. The groomsman was Mr. Thomas Padget, Woodbridge, brother of the bride.

After the ceremony a charming dance was given, and the bride was the recipient of many presents from her friends in all parts of the township.

The Date of the Nuptials of Prince George and Princess Maud.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The Exchange Telegraph Co. is authority for the statement that Prince George of Wales will marry Princess May of Teck during the second week of April.

Lettuce, Green Onions, Garden Cress and Celery at Chivrell's to-day.

An Injustice to Mr. Jessop.

Inadvertently The World stated the other day that it was Joseph Jessop who was committed to jail for 60 days for theft in Front-street. The goods were the property of Fisher & Co., and stolen from Jessop's sleigh. Dance was the name of the man who stole them.

Heating Stoves specially suited for Workshops and Warehouses. Wheeler & Bain, King-street east.

Royalists Commemorate.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—The 100th anniversary of the execution of Louis XVI. was appropriately observed yesterday by the Royalists of France.

"Clear Havana Cigars."

La Cadena," and "La Flora." Insist upon having these brands. 136

THERE IS NATIONAL REJOICING.

Ex-King Milan Made a Happy Move by Courting Again His Divorced Wife Natalie—Their Son Joyous.

BELGRADE, Jan. 22.—Even the Servian Radicals have joined in the national rejoicing over the reconciliation of Milan and Natalie. The newspapers are vieing with each other in expressing congratulations and good wishes. Young King Alexander has telegraphed to his parents that the announcement of the reconciliation was the pleasantest news ever received by him and has afforded him the happiest hour of his life.

The reconciliation is believed to be an achievement of Russian diplomacy, which has found the absence of such a good friend as Natalie a serious detriment to its interests.

The question as to the necessity of another marriage ceremony is much discussed. The divorce was not accepted as valid by Natalie, although Milan has always maintained that it was complete from every point of view. As the divorce was sanctioned by law it probably will stand and another wedding will be indispensable.

A BOY IN THE ROLE OF JONAH.

Lowered Into an Elephant's Stomach to Remove An Indigestible Iron Bar.

[From The St. Louis Republic.]

Apropos to the incident related in last Friday's Republic of the death of Zipp, the big elephant at Baraboo, Wis., from having swallowed a chain weighing 90 pounds, a reminder was called up and related by Dr. Hume of Denver, who recently registered at the Lindell.

"Just prior to the demise of the much lamented Phineas T. Barnum I was touring in Connecticut and called upon the great showman at Bridgeport, who invited me to see the circus animals in winter quarters. On arriving at the great caravansary where the wonders that tour the country year after year are stored, the illustrious owner was informed that Beta, the prize trick elephant, was ailing. All the symptoms of the poor beast pointed to the fact that she was suffering from acute gastralgia and means had been tried to relieve her without avail.

"It was finally discovered that Beta had by some means wrenched off an iron bar from her stall, and as it could not be found it was surmised that she had swallowed it, and which accounted for the gastric irritation of the valuable pachyderm.

"Mr. Barnum saw that poor Beta must soon succumb to the inflammation caused by such a large foreign body and with ready wit resolved on a unique plan to remove it. Attached to his large winter hotel was a small colored boy who went by the name of Nigger Joe. He was but little larger than a full-grown possum, and P. T. sent for him and explained that he must take a rubber tube in his mouth to breathe through, and, with a rope round his waist, must go down into the elephant's stomach and get out that bar of iron.

"Joe rolled his eyes and demurred, but he knew his employer too well to refuse. Accordingly Joe was anointed with a pound of vaseline and, Beta being safely gagged, he was gently pushed down the giant œsophagus head first, a smooth stick well oiled landing him at the bottom. According to instructions the boy soon gave three tugs at the rope to be pulled out again, and sure enough, tightly clasped in Joe's hands was the offending and indigestible iron bar. It is needless to say that Beta's life was saved and that Nigger Joe was handsomely rewarded for his cure of the valuable elephant's indigestion."

The Jumbo of Idols.

Two miles out from Kamakura and about 20 miles from Yokohama, Japan, on a terrace, near the temple of Kamakura, sits the most gigantic idol or heathen god now known to exist. This immense brazen image of a diety was built or made during the reign of Shomu, who was 46th in the present line of emperors, and died in the year 748 A.D.

This idol, which has been prayed to daily for more than 1200 years by the crowd of devotees that hourly cluster about it, is still in perfect repair, justly reckoned as one of the greatest wonders in the Orient. Frank Dobbins, who visited Dia-Butsu the same summer that the writer worshipped (?) at his shrine, and has given the best description of the god that has yet been written, says:

"The dimensions of the god are truly colossal. His height, from the base of the lotus flower, upon which he sits, to the top of his head is 63½ feet, and above this rises an aureole 14 feet wide, above which again rises for several feet the flame-like glory which encloses or arches in the whole figure. The face proper is 16 feet long, its width 9½ feet. The eyes are 3 feet 9 inches long from corner to corner, the eyebrows 5½ feet, and the ears 8½ feet. The chest is 20 feeth in depth, and the middle finger is exactly 5 feet long.

Around the sides, shoulders and head of the god in front of the aureole, are 16 figures, each in a sitting posture and each 8 feet in height. The leaves of the immense lotus, upon which the god sits, are each 10 feet long and 6 feet wide, there being 56 of them in the cluster. The casting must have been wonderfully well executed, although the fineness of the leaf edges and other parts which I was able to examine, and the elaborate engraving which can still be traced upon the lotus flower itself in the uninjured parts, leave no doubt that the founder's art was supplemented here and there by artists with file and graver. The right hand is open and raised upward; the left rests upon the lap."

The image weighs about 450 tons and is made of a combination of gold, tin, copper and mercury, in these proportions:

	Pounds.
Gold	500
Tin	16,827
Mercury	1,954
Copper	986,080
Total	1,005,361

All other existing colossal images are pigmies compared with Dia-Butsu, whose hard visaged face has looked down on the meaningless rites of heathen idolators for more than 12 centuries.

In Military Circles.

The third annual general meeting of the Canadian Military Institute takes place to-night. The World believes that more than usual interest will be taken in the proceedings, as the treasurer has been kept very busy receiving fees, without the payment of which members can take no part in the meeting. If the contents of a widely-spread postal card mean anything the recent suspension matter will come in for a considerable portion of the evening's program. Military matters of the kind that do not come before the public gaze are very active in Toronto circles at present, and naturally enough the Military Institute is the place where they are discussed.

DEATHS.

BARKER—On Saturday, Jan. 21, Frank D. Barker, steward of the Albany Club, in his 29th year.

Funeral from 34 Colborne-street Monday, 23rd, at 8.30 to St. Michael's Cathedral at 9 o'clock.

LOADER—On Saturday morning, Jan. 21, at the residence of her son-in-law, Thomas Gardiner, Victoria-avenue, Eglinton, Mrs. Loader, in her 74th year.

Funeral on Monday at 2.30.

DORENWEND—On the afternoon of Jan. 21, at 227 Spadina-avenue, Hildebert Clark, only and beloved son of C. H. and Carlotta Dorenwend, aged 6 months.

Funeral 3 p.m., Monday, Jan. 23. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

AN ENTIRE TRAIN BURNED.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT ON THE "BIG FOUR" RAILWAY.

A Passenger Train Runs Through an Open Switch and Crashes Into an Oil Train—Two of the Tanks Split Open and a Huge Blaze Follows.

ALTON, Ill., Jan. 21.—One of the most frightful accidents that ever occurred in or near this city happened at 9 o'clock this morning at Alton Junction, four miles from here, on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Columbus & St. Louis Railway. The southwestern lumber train from St. Louis was 13 minutes late and came into Waun, the station at the Junction, at the rate of 40 miles an hour, and ran into an open switch, crashing into a train of freight cars containing a number of oil tanks.

Two of the oil tanks were split open and the oil caught fire, spreading to the other tank, box and freight cars, and the entire train burned up.

The passenger engineer, W. B. Ross of Malton, Ill., remained on his engine to put on the air brakes and was killed. Fireman Whiteman escaped by jumping. The engine and the combination baggage car and smoker were damaged and eight oil tanks, eight box cars and six flats were rapidly destroyed by the fire. The loss will probably reach $100,000.

Flames Ran High.

An eye-witness says that the shock of the collision was such as to split two loaded tanks wide open, and the oil immediately caught fire, the flames shooting 50 feet into the air. The locomotive and baggage cars were totally wrecked, but the remainder of the passenger train was removed beyond the reach of the flames.

In an incredibly short time the freight train was a mass of flames. Fear of an explosion prevented any attempt to save it. The wrecking train came up from East St. Louis at 11 o'clock, but could do little, and half a dozen switch engines were run out from here to clear the yards.

Hearing of the wreck hundreds of people from this city and vicinity were attracted by curiosity to the scene.

A few minutes past 12 o'clock there was a slight explosion of one tank, which scattered the debris on all sides and set fire to the stock yards enclosures. This produced the impression that the danger of explosions was passed and the throng of bystanders rushed in to save the stock yards from destruction.

A minute later there was a deafening report that shook the earth and a sheet of seething burning oil was flung in all directions. For those within the circle of 100 yards there was no escape. Their clothing was burned and literally fell from their bodies.

Screaming For Help.

In a moment those who were not completely disabled began running hither and thither, waving their hands and screaming for help. Some went to the nearest water and others ran into the fields and are still missing. Panic reigned for a short time until the uninjured recovered their presence of mind to care for the afflicted.

Two barrels of linseed oil were taken from a grocery store and applied to the wounds by several physicians, who happened to be on the ground. Every house in the little village was turned into a temporary hospital, and every doctor in Alton and its vicinity was summoned. As soon as possible a train was made up and 20 of the sufferers were brought here to St. Joseph's Hospital.

A FALLING WALL.

Kills Two Firemen and Seriously Injures One Other.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., Jan. 22.—One of the most disastrous fires that have occurred in this city in five years broke out at 10 o'clock last night in the large six-story McKay building in Stone-street.

The fire started in the fourth story and hardly had the alarm been given before the four upper floors were a roaring mass of flames. The fire spread rapidly into the story below, and in spite of the hard-working firemen at midnight the building was in ruins.

Half an hour after the alarm was given a corner of the wall was seen to topple. A group of firemen had just descended from the ladder when the warning was given. The foreman ordered those on the north side of the truck to push it out of the way, and three of the men, mistaking the order, went to the south.

The wall fell upon them, killing one instantly and injuring the two others. One of the two latter died three hours later.

The building was occupied by nearly a dozen manufacturing concerns and was valued at $50,000 and was insured for $35,000. The Lighthouse Manufacturing Company, one of the occupants of the building, had just executed a contract with the Government for furnishing $1,000,000 worth of mail bags. The estimated loss of the contents of the building is $200,000.

Plan of Home Rule.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—At the close of the Liberal federation yesterday evening Home Secretary Asquith announced that the plan of Home Rule for Ireland would be on larger liberal lines. Ireland would obtain general autonomy, although the ultimate ascendancy of the Imperial party would be effectually maintained. Mr. Asquith, addressing the electoral agents to-day, intimated that the Corrupt Practises Act would be made more stringent and the period of residence required to qualify for voting would be reduced.

THE SEARCH-LIGHT.

Colonel the Hon. Sir West Ridgeway, P.C., K.C.B., K.C.S.I., who has just been appointed to take charge of the new mission to Tangier, has seen much service. He is a descendant of Sir Thomas Ridgeway of Torre Abbey, Torquay, who was created Earl of Londonderry in 1622. He was born in 1844, entered the Bengal army 1861, became captain in 1869, major 1880, lieut.-colonel 1881 and colonel 1885; retired 1889; was successively attached to 20th Regiment, 98th Regiment, Rifle Brigade, 25th Bengal Native Infantry and 3rd Goorkhas. He was appointed by Earl Mayo to the political service 1869 and has been employed in various political posts under successive Viceroys; served in Afghan war in 1879-80 (twice mentioned in despatches, medal and bronze star); appointed an Under-Secretary to Government of India (Foreign Department), 1883; commanded 1884 Indian contingent of Afghan Frontier Commission (consisting of 1100 men, 1276 camels and 774 horses), which he conducted to Panjdeh, 1052 miles, at the average rate of 16 miles a day, without loss of life or property (thanked by Viceroy of India and by Her Majesty's Government); was in charge of Afghan Frontier Commission, May-October, 1885, when he was appointed commissioner for delimitation of Afghan frontier, and successfully negotiated its settlement in 1887. He has been Under-Secretary for Ireland since 1887. He married in 1881 Caroline, daughter of Mr. Robert Calverly Bewicke, J.P., D.L., of Coulby Manor, Yorkshire.

Steamship Movements.

Date.	Name.	Reported at.	From.
Jan. 21	La Bourgogne	Queenstown	New York
Jan. 22	Aurania	New York	Liverpool
Jan. 22	La Normandie	New York	Havre
Jan. 22	Dubbeldam	Southampton	New York

Mild To-Day, Colder To-Morrow.

Southwesterly winds; partly fair and comparatively mild, with some light snowfalls to-day; colder northerly winds to-morrow.