HEINZE TROUBLES ARE EXTENDED

Brother's Firm Suspends—F. A. Heinze Retires From Bank Presidency

NEW YORK'S SENSATIONS

Failures in United States and Germany Cause Much Uneasiness

New York, Oct. 17.—Otto Heinze & Co. made the announcement today that the firm will permit itself to be temporarily suspended from the privileges of the stock exchange. Cross & Kleeber yesterday declared that their failure was due to Otto Heinze & Co. declining to take up stock purchased for them by Cross & Kleeber.

The directors of the Mercantile National bank went into session shortly after 11 o'clock. The meeting was prolonged until well past noon. At 12.30 Chas. W. Morse left the board room long enough to announce that Mr. Heinze had resigned the presidency, and that the office had been offered to Wm. B. Ridgeley, comptroller of the currency.

F. Augustus Heinze in announcing his resignation said: "In view of the difficulties in which my brother's firm finds itself, I have determined that it is proper that I should give liberally of my time to aid them in straightening out their affairs. In aid of this, I have, after consulting with my fellow directors of the bank and my personal friends, and consulting as well my own personal interests as a stockholder of the bank, this day resigned as president, remaining, however, as a director, and I have joined with my fellow directors in a request that Mr. Ridgeley accept the place made vacant by my resignation."

Washington, Oct. 17.—Comptroller of Currency Ridgeley, in reference to the announcement that he had been invited to become president of the Mercantile National bank of New York, stated today that he received a telephone message yesterday saying it was thought that action would be taken, but added that he had not yet been invited to take the place. Mr. Ridgeley said he had nothing to say as to whether he would accept the offer.

Sensations followed each other in rapid succession in the financial list today as the result of the collapse of the projected corner in United Copper and the suspension of a prominent brokerage firm yesterday. The firm of Otto Heinze & Co. was suspended on the stock exchange. F. Augustus Heinze, the Butte, Montana, copper magnate, resigned the presidency of the Mercantile National bank of New York. The Amalgamated Copper, at its directors' meeting cut its quarterly dividend from 2 to 1 per cent. The directors of the Boston & Montana Copper Co. declared a quarterly dividend of $6 as against a former dividend of $12. The failure of Haller, Soehle & Co., prominent bankers in Hamburg, Germany, with liabilities that may reach $7,500,000, was announced. The state savings bank of Butte, Montana, of which the Heinzes are the principal stockholders, suspended.

These sensations caused the stock market to be halting and irregular, but there was an apparent feeling that the break of the attempted corner in United Copper had cleared the situation somewhat and the market rallied before the close. The suspension of Otto Heinze & Company, of which Max M. Schultze is the stock exchange member, was based on a complaint to the exchange by Gross & Kleeber, the stock exchange firm which failed yesterday. In a communication to the president of the stock exchange this firm charged Otto Heinze with refusing to accept 3,022 shares of United Copper, said to have been bought on the order of the Heinze firm. This action, Gross & Kleeber aver, was responsible for their failure. Attorneys for this firm said today that the amount owed the firm by the Heinzes aggregated $600,000. The Heinze firm announced that it was entirely solvent, that all its legal obligations would be met. The attorneys say that the suspension by the stock exchange was accepted by the firm to give the latter an opportunity to sift its legal obligations from numerous claims which have been made against it which are not legal obligations.

The resignation of F. Augustus Heinze from the presidency of the Mercantile National bank was announced this morning, and simultaneously he issued a statement in which he said that his resignation was due to the fact that he wished to devote all of his time to straightening out the business of his brother's firm. He stated positively that he had not disposed of his holdings in the bank, and that the control would remain where it had been and he would continue to be a director. William B. Ridgeley, at present United States comptroller of the currency, has been offered the presidency of the bank, but it is not yet certain whether he will accept.

The low price of refined copper, which fell even lower than yesterday, and the demoralized condition of the metal in the market is the reason given for the reduction of the dividend by the copper companies. The Amalgamated quarterly dividend of but one per cent. was a surprise. While it was known that there would be a reduction, 1½ per cent. was the lowest dividend expected. The news of the failure of the Hamburg firm and the Butte bank followed closely on the news of the suspension of the Heinze firm on the stock exchange.

The Butte bank is largely controlled by the Heinze interests. The fact of Otto Heinze & Co.'s suspension and the news of the Hamburg failure precipitated a run which immediately forced suspension of the bank. In a statement the officers declared the bank in a perfectly solvent condition, and that the suspension is solely to gain time to adjust the bank's affairs.

GET BRITISH IMMIGRANTS

Rudyard Kipling's Remedy for Western Labor Shortage

Toronto, Oct. 17.—"Pump in immigrants from the Old Country; pump them in," that is the solution Rudyard Kipling suggests should be applied to the Asiatic problem in Western Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. Kipling arrived in Toronto from the west last night by special train from North Bay. The visitors were received on behalf of the Canadian Club by President Turnbull and others, and proceeded at once to the King Edward hotel. It was in an interview that Mr. Kipling gave expression to the opinion regarding emigration from the Old Country.

"Immigration," he said, 'is what you want in the west. We must have laborers there. You want immigration, and the way to keep the yellow man out is to get the white man in. If you keep the white man out then you will have the yellow man to do the work. Pump the immigrants from the Old Country in; pump them in. England has five millions of people to spare."

Rudyard Kipling expressed the opinion that both in the Mother Country and in Canada the labor party is opposed to immigration. In England, the party is opposed to immigration because it would remove their great grievance with regard to the unemployed, while in Canada there is a feeling of opposition to immigration because of fear that the labor market will be swamped.

Reverting to the west, Mr. Kipling said: "You haven't got a sufficient supply of white domestic servants there for the needs of the country. You haven't got white girls to do the work. A man cannot let his wife work herself to death with the housework, and, therefore he cannot be blamed if he gets a Chinaman."

MARCONI AT WORK

Commercial Message Now Being Sent Across Atlantic

Glace Bay, N. S., Oct. 17.—The Marconi wireless station opened for commercial business today, between five and ten thousand words being sent without a hitch. Marconi stated that thirty words a minute could be handled and expressed entire satisfaction with the operation of the system.

ELEVATOR SITES IN VANCOUVER

Mr. Whyte Speaks of Possibility of Grain Traffic Diversion

Vancouver, Oct. 17.—William Whyte, second vice-president of the C.P.R., who is in the city, said today: "It is the intention of the company to reserve sites for grain elevators on the Vancouver waterfront. This idea is being kept in view in the yard improvements now being carried out, as it is impossible to tell what effect the building of the Panama canal may have on the export movement of wheat from the prairie provinces. One result may be that the very large percentage of the grain may seek an outlet via Vancouver instead of reaching the Liverpool markets via the St. Lawrence river route. Under these circumstances we have felt justified in making provision for future contingencies. If the grain from a big area of the Canadian west can be hauled here and loaded on steamers, making the passage of the Panama canal and landing it in Liverpool, only one transhipment being involved, as compared with elevator charges for transhipment at Fort William and Montreal—I say if this can be done more cheaply via Vancouver, then the business is bound to come this way."

CANADA BUILDING THE BEST THERE

Dr. Carter Tells of His Visit to the Dublin Exhibition

(From Friday's Daily)

Dr. H. Carter, who has been spending nine months in the United Kingdom and on the continent, studying at some of the larger hospitals, among them the London General hospital, St. Thomas' hospital, and others in London, the Hotel Dieu and others in Paris, returned home a few days ago. He also spent some time in United States hospitals at New York and Chicago, and was present at a number of major operations by the famous Mayo Bros. of Rochester, N. Y.

While abroad Dr. Carter also traveled considerably for pleasure. He visited the Dublin exhibition, and states that the Canadian building there was the best of all the buildings on the grounds. He was with a party of fifteen, all of whom but himself were from the United States, and they took off their hats and gave three cheers for Canada after seeing the Canadian building.

Everywhere Dr. Carter heard enquiries regarding British Columbia and Victoria in particular. Many asked numerous questions regarding climate, opportunities for settlement, and other things. Victoria seems to be very widely advertised.

When in Ireland Dr. Carter visited the Lakes of Killarney, and he tells some interesting stories of the yarns told by the native guides of the district, especially the boatmen. One story dealt with a giant named O'Donovan, who came every seven years to a pile of stones from his home at the bottom of the lake.

"Have you ever seen him?" asked Dr. Carter.

"Sure," answered the boatman, and "faith, if yer honor's here next May—that's when he comes up again, I'll introduce you to him."

Another boatman told how the last snake in Ireland was "done for." St. Patrick had driven out all the others and one only was left. The last one was found by a giant at the edge of Killarney, and after swinging the reptile around until it became dizzy the giant dipped the snake's head under the water and drowned him.

London, Paris, Marseilles and other places were visited by the doctor, who returned via the United States, crossing the Atlantic on the Cedric.

New Mayor of Grand Forks

Grand Forks, Oct. 17.—At the nomination for the office of Mayor held here yesterday Alderman N. D. McIntosh was elected by acclamation. It is understood that the Mayor-elect is strictly for a closed town, and will have all laws enforced.

Another election will be held in a few days to fill the vacancy on the old-ermanic board caused by Mr. McIntosh's resignation as an alderman.

ANOTHER GRANBY RECORD

Treated Three Thousand Tons of Ore Daily During Last Week—Boundary Output

Phoenix, Oct. 17.—Granby smelter made a new record last week, treating more than 3,000 tons of ore each day of the week. The following are the figures of the output from the several shipping mines of the Boundary, together with the treating tonnage figures from the three district smelters. Ore was sent out from Boundary mines as follows:

To Granby smelter—From Granby mines, 19,847 tons; from Emma, 1,175 tons.

To British Columbia Copper Company's smelter—From Mother Lode, 4,601 tons; from Snowshoe, 2,058 tons.

To Dominion Copper Company's smelter—From Rawhide, 2,954 tons; from Sunset, 1,162 tons; from Mountain Rose, 60 tons.

To Trail smelter—From Snowshoe, 2,856 tons.

Total shipments for the week, 34,713 tons; total shipments for year to date, 988,838 tons.

Boundary smelters this week treated as follows: Granby smelter, 21,524 tons; British Columbia Copper Company's smelter, 9,800 tons; Dominion Copper Company's smelter, 4,176 tons. Total treatment for week, 35,500 tons.

Total shipments for the week, 34,713,299 tons.

The Union church of Yokohama has extended a call to Rev. Roseberry Good of the First Presbyterian church, Mount Sterling, Ill.

GUGGENHEIMS SPEND MILLIONS

Vast Expenditure by Powerful Mining Syndicate in Yukon District

Vancouver, Oct. 17.—O. B. Perry, general manager of the Yukon Gold company, the title of the corporation owned by the Guggenheims and now operating dredges in the Klondyke, was in town yesterday en route to New York. He also has charge of their extensive hydraulicking plants in the Atlin district. Although they have already expended millions of dollars in purchasing concessions and installing the latest type of dredges no return is expected until next year.

During the past two months three of the dredges on Bonanza creek have been given practical and satisfactory tests. The clean-ups, it is said, indicate that the New York people will amass millions out of the beds of the various streams and river beds. Four additional dredges are now under construction. They will be distributed on Hunker and Bonanza creeks.

A 65-mile ditch for the water system on Bonanza is under construction. The intake will be at Little Twelve Mile. During the past season the Guggenheims had over 1,200 men continuously on their pay roll. This number will be greatly reduced as soon as the building of the dredges and the digging of the ditch shall have been completed.

SESSION TO OPEN JANUARY SIXTEEN

Provincial Executive Busily Engaged Upon Measures to be Introduced

(From Friday's Daily)

The provincial legislature will assemble January 16 next, according to the announcement of Premier McBride yesterday. The proclamation calling parliament together will appear in the provincial Gazette in the near future.

The members of the government have been hard at work for some time drafting their programme for the approaching session. Hon. W. J. Bowser, attorney-general, has relinquished his appearance at the Vancouver assizes in order that he may give his attention to departmental matters. Hon. F. J. Fulton is expected to return the end of this week, which will permit of full executive sittings.

A session of the executive will take place on Monday next, at which a number of important matters will be transacted.

FINE KELOWNA TOBACCO

Department Official of Ottawa Pays a Visit to Locality and Makes Report

Kelowna, Oct. 17.—Mr. J. Charlan, chief of the tobacco division of the department of agriculture at Ottawa, was here the past few days preparing a report to the Dominion government on the possibilities of tobacco growing in British Columbia. He pronounced the bench lands in this vicinity as being well adapted for the growing of the leaf, but thought the difficulties of irrigation and the scarcity of labor would be a great drawback for some time.

The crop of Messrs. Holman and Casonso was visited, and Mr. Charlan spoke in glowing terms of the quality of the article as he found it. He said under proper conditions the Kelowna product should be worth from twenty-five to thirty cents a pound in the Canadian market, whereas the market price is now only about twelve cents a pound. He also said the tobacco grown in this district was a better quality than that grown in the States, but as is already well known, sufficient quantity is not yet grown in Canada to supply the home demand, and until then it will be necessary to import the product.

HUNDREDS DIE IN GREAT STORM

Spain, Portugal and Southern France Scenes of Wild Havoc

RIVERS RAGING TORRENTS

Second Storm Sweeps Region and Greatly Extends Destruction

Paris, Oct. 17.—Despatches from the center and south of France today all confirm the worst reports of the destruction caused by the floods. The rivers Loire, Rhone and Saone, and their tributaries, are raging torrents, causing in some places the highest water ever recorded. In hundreds of cities and towns the water is from two to ten feet high in the streets, resulting in great distress.

Reports from Spain and Portugal show that many of the larger rivers are out of their banks, while mountain streams are turned into wild torrents. Telegraphic communication is badly interrupted, and details are hard to get. It is certain that many hundreds of people have been drowned in the three countries, and the property loss is enormous. Thousands will suffer severe hardships.

The storm center moved seaward for a time today, and the weather cleared temporarily, but another storm swept over an extended area tonight with great violence. The rivers are again rising, and barges are being swept away. A tremendous sea is running in the Mediterranean, the Atlantic and the English Channel.

There has been more or less damage at Toulon, and other portions of France. A mountain near the village of Brainconnet is sliding away, as a result of the heavy rains. It has already destroyed several houses in the village and others are threatened.

Diamond Thief Convicted.

Vancouver, B.C., Oct. 17.—Guilty, with sentence reserved for one week, that inquiries may be made regarding the young man's past, was the finding of Judge Cane after a brief trial of John F. Ward. He is the light-fingered gentleman from Philadelphia, who lifted a tray of diamond rings from the window of Broadhead's jewelry store on Hastings street and upon being pursued, dropped the tray in front of the Metropole hotel. Later he was found strolling the broad walk of the C.P.R. tracks just for the air and sunlight.

At the police station a roll of bills and an opium outfit was found in his apparel. Yesterday, although he declared he had come here for his health and was the most surprised man in Vancouver when arrested, Judge Cane found him guilty of the theft. Mr. W. E. Burns appeared for the crown and Mr. J. W. DeB. Farris appeared for the prisoner.

A.O.U.W. Grand Council.

Montreal, Oct. 17.—The grand council of the Ancient Order of United Workmen for the province of Quebec and the Maritime provinces is holding a secret session here today, the principal item of discussion being secession from the parent body in the United States.

OLD GERMAN FIRM HAS GONE UNDER

Haller, Soehle & Co., Hamburg Bankers, Have Heavy Liabilities

Hamburg, Oct. 17.—The old banking firm of Haller, Soehle & Co. failed today. The liabilities of the firm are variously estimated in the neighborhood of $5,000,000, but the Hamburger Machrichten says this afternoon that it is informed by a banker who is in a position to know the facts that the liabilities will reach $7,500,000. This will make the collapse of this firm the biggest bank failure in Germany since the famous breakdown of the Leipziger bank, in June, 1901. The assets of the firm have not yet been ascertained, but in banking circles the capital of the partners is declared to be $2,250,000.

Nearly all the joint stock and private banks in Hamburg are affected in varying degrees by this failure, but a number of them say that their claims are adequately secured. Among the firm's liabilities are acceptances of $3,750,000. The largest amount held by any individual seems to be $175,000 in the hands of the Vering bank.

The difficulties of the firm arose chiefly from its connection with a mining company at Teplitz, Bohemia, in which much capital was locked up. In addition the firm had interests in several coal mines in Austria, and was concerned in several real estate ventures. Near Vienna it had established so-called "caumacite" works designed to exploit a new method of developing unusually high temperatures in furnaces. In connection with this enterprise was a glass factory.

It is also declared that Haller, Soehle & Co., had put considerable sums in real estate mortgages. All these assets hard to convert into cash without heavy loss, but the bankers holding the paper of the firm believe the liabilities can probably be met if liquidation is not too much hurried.

Haller, Soehle & Co. had been in existence for seventy-seven years and ranked as one of Hamburg's oldest patrician houses. It had long enjoyed a very high reputation as gilt-edge, and was willingly discounted. Latterly, however, the credit of the house had been on a less assured basis. Two of the older members of the firm died within a rather short period. The present partners are Dr. I. C. Soehle and I. W. Leubers, both men holding positions of trust in other financial institutions of this city. Dr. Soehle is a director of the Woehsler bank and the Carbonite Explosives company. It is probable that the position of the firm has been partly weakened through settlement with the heirs of the deceased members, as this absorbed considerable capital. It had been known for some time in a narrow circle of bankers that Haller, Soehle & Co. was in a rather precarious position, and yesterday one of the foremost Hamburg banks instituted an investigation of the financial position of the firm with the view of organizing a coalition of the banks.

The failure created a panicky condition, and various sensational rumors were in circulation.

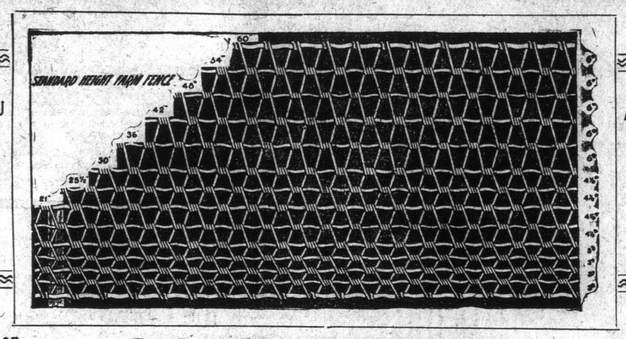
Berlin, Oct. 17.—Several large Berlin banks are involved in the failure, but for moderate sums only, which are regarded as safe.

The news of the failure caused heavy selling on the bourse, bank stocks especially scoring big declines. American shares were depressed upon reports from New York.

It was announced tonight that the central committee of the Reiche bank has been called to meet tomorrow.

FENCE WITH KOKOMO WIRE FENCING

AND YOU WILL NEVER REGRET IT



AND YOU WILL NEVER REGRET IT

CORNER OF YATES AND BROAD STS. B. C. HARDWARE COMPANY PHONE 82 P. O. BOX 683

MILLIONS OF SALMON OVA

Staff at Harrison Lake Hatchery Meeting With Much Success This Year

New Westminster, Oct. 17.—The staff of workmen engaged in gathering salmon ova for the Harrison Lake hatchery are meeting with splendid success this year and already fifteen million eggs have been gathered and safely housed in the hatchery.

The work, however, will be continued for some time yet and it is expected that from five to ten million more eggs will be secured before the spawning season is over. All the ova taken so far is of sockeye salmon, but a considerable quantity of cohoe and spring salmon eggs will be included in those yet gathered.

The greater part of the supply is being secured on Morris and Silver creeks this year and although the officials wish for a little rain to increase the flow of water they would rather be without it than have the floods which occurred last season, and as a result of which the greater portion of the spawn was lost.

The staff gathering ova for the Bon Accord hatchery near this city is also meeting with success and over five million eggs have been secured while the total number taken for the season will probably pass the ten million mark.

Ask for Amherst solid leather footwear.

TIDE TABLE

Victoria, October, 1907.

Date	Time	Ht	Time	Ht	Time	Ht	Time	Ht
1	4 23	3.1	.....		14 29	7.7	.....	
2	5 27	3.2	.....		14 44	7.6	.....	
3	6 15	3.2	.....		14 24	7.5	19 33	6.4
4	0 01	6.8	6 56	3.3	14 06	7.5	19 49	5.9
5	0 53	7.1	7 34	3.5	14 16	7.5	20 12	5.3
6	1 47	7.2	8 11	3.8	14 32	7.7	20 41	4.6
7	2 42	7.4	8 47	4.2	14 51	7.9	21 16	3.9
8	3 38	7.5	9 24	4.7	15 12	8.0	21 57	3.3
9	4 37	7.5	10 02	5.3	15 36	8.1	22 43	2.7
10	5 47	7.4	10 41	5.9	16 03	8.3	23 33	2.3
11	7 05	7.3	11 22	6.6	16 27	8.4	.....	
12	0 27	2.0	8 38	7.4	12 08	7.2	16 54	8.4
13	1 25	1.9	10 53	7.6	13 10	7.5	17 24	8.3
14	2 26	1.8	12 10	7.9	14 49	7.7	18 02	8.0
15	3 27	2.0	12 57	8.0	16 31	7.5	18 56	7.6
16	4 25	2.3	13 12	8.0	17 40	6.9	21 40	7.2
17	5 21	2.7	13 21	7.9	18 40	6.2	23 28	7.0
18	6 14	3.3	13 23	7.8	19 26	5.3	.....	
19	0 58	7.0	7 03	3.9	13 36	8.0	20 04	4.4
20	2 12	7.1	7 47	4.5	13 53	8.1	20 39	3.6
21	3 18	7.2	8 38	5.2	14 13	8.3	21 16	2.9
22	4 21	7.2	9 07	5.9	14 34	8.4	21 56	2.4
23	5 33	7.3	9 45	6.5	14 54	8.5	22 39	2.0
24	7 10	7.4	10 25	7.0	15 11	8.4	23 24	2.1
25	9 09	7.5	11 16	7.5	15 22	8.3	.....	
26	0 10	2.2	.....		15 28	8.1	.....	
27	0 57	2.4	11 56	8.1	.....		.....	
28	1 45	2.6	12 24	8.1	.....		.....	
29	2 35	2.9	12 45	8.1	.....		.....	
30	3 27	3.3	12 54	8.0	.....		.....	
31	4 20	3.7	12 39	7.8	.....		.....	

The height is measured from the level of the lower low water at spring tides. This level corresponds with the datum to which the soundings on the Admiralty chart of Victoria harbor are referred, as closely as can now be ascertained.

The time used is Pacific Standard, for the 120th meridian west. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The figures for height serve to distinguish high water from low water.

KIDNEY TROUBLES FROM THE LIVER

In his study of kidney disease, Dr. Chase found that fully 90 per cent. of the cases arose as a direct result of liver and bowel disorders, and it was working on this idea that led to the discovery of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Through overeating, irregular meals, or food that does not agree, the liver is deranged, poisonous bile is left in the blood, and the digestive system is upset. Headaches, biliousness, pains in back and limbs, ill temper, and general out-of-sort feelings result.

These are among the symptoms of liver complaint, but during such attacks the kidneys are overworked and after a while there is pain and smarting when passing water, the urine is highly colored and contains deposits, the pains in the back becomes more severe, you have rheumatic pains it may be, and are gradually falling a victim of Bright's disease of the kidneys.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills were prepared for the express purpose of effecting cure in every stage of such cases. They enliven the liver, regulate the action of the bowels and invigorate the kidneys. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

VICTORIA'S QUALITY STORE

Before Buying

GROCERIES

Write us for prices and we can save you money. Mail Orders receive our best attention.

FELL & CO., Ltd.

P. O. Box 48. VICTORIA, B. C.

Hazelton and Bulkley Valley

Prospectors and intending settlers can be fully equipped at R. S. Sargent's General Store at Hazelton. All prospectors' groceries packed in cotton sacks. Small pack train in connection with business.

—Drop me a Line —

R. S. Sargent, - Hazelton, B. C.

Fourteen years in Business at Hazelton

SOLITAIRES AND THREE-STONE RINGS

Solitaire and three stone diamond rings are the most favored of all finger adornments—especially as engagement tokens.

In both styles we have particularly attractive values at $25.00, $50.00 and $100.00.

These would cost you considerably more in any other store in Canada.

THE J. M. WHITNEY CO.

Diamond Merchants, Jewelers and Silversmiths.

39 GOVERNMENT STREET. VICTORIA, B. C.

YOU CAN SAVE

50%

on Crockery, Glassware, Silverware, Pictures by returning

White Swan Soap Wrappers

to our Premium Bazaar, Douglas St.

B. C. SOAP WORKS, VICTORIA

Japanese Damage Claims

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 17.—The statement of the Japanese claims for the destruction of property by rioters in Vancouver is one of the most complete documents ever prepared for presentation to the Government. The property is minutely described and photographed or a blue-print of the buildings is given. There are two columns of figures. One shows the damage done and the other the loss of time to business. For loss of time there is a claim of $11,100, and for damage to property, consisting principally of broken windows, there is a claim of $2,400, making in all a loss of about $13,500. Some items might be pruned down a little, but that may be safey left to Mr. Mackenzie King.

A LUMBER TRANSACTION.

Calgary, Oct. 17.—As an outcome of Wm. Stuart's statements at the lumber combine investigation in Edmonton yesterday, to the effect that Mr. Sereth, manager of the Riverside Lumber company, had stated in his presence that he delivered 36,500 feet of lumber to the city of Calgary for a contract and that he charged for 39,000 feet, Alderman Suitor has determined to have the matter threshed out before a police magistrate.

Last night Ald. Suitor declared: "I propose to have all these people up before a magistrate and let them say under oath what they have said about this contract with the city. I am convinced that the city got every foot of lumber that it paid for, that it got exactly what it bargained for at the building of the stables at the exhibition grounds. By day labor saved the city about $2,000. I do not know what Mr. Sereth said to Mr. Stuart, of the Lumbermen's association, but I do know what the lumber company delivered to the city of Calgary."

Mr. Sereth declares Mr. Stuart's evidence before the commission to be untrue. He says that the combine attempted to prevent him getting the lumber in British Columbia, but were not successful