TWO FISHERMEN DROWNED.

a heavy gale this morning two fishing

boats capsized off Galilee and two men

-John Wilson and Thomas Laison-

KILLED BY BURGLARS.

Wapakoneta, Ohio, Nov. 6. — John Shively, salocakeeper in Kossuth, was

shot and killed last night by bur-

FATAL FALL.

S. W. McElroy, formerly of Kansas, is dead, the result of a fall down a rail-

Cripple Creek, Col., Nov. 6 .- Judge

Room-A New \$20,000 Exhibi-

tion Building.

The Ontario Provincial Winter Fair

was for many years conducted by the

Agricultural and Arts Association.

In 1892 the Provincial Live Stock As-

in this important exhibition. The re-

sults have been most gratifying. In

1891 there were 91 entries in all classes;

\$102 were received as entry fees, and

\$86 as gate receipts. A total of \$188

was therefore received, and there was

supervision of the associations there

1898 there were over 800 entries, over

In 1899 there was over \$5,500 paid in prizes. In 1900 there was over 3,000

entries, and over \$7,000 was paid in

prizes, and 11,600 persons visited the

show. In 1898-99 block tests and lec-

tures by the judges in the ring were

introduced, and have since been con-

tinued, and have proven of great value. It is safe to say that this is

now the most important show, from

an educational standpoint, held in any

part of the world. The dairy depart-

ment is also most complete and valu-

able; in fact, it is the most valuable and instructive show of dairy cattle

held anywhere. In connection with the

country.

The judges after making awards are

requested to deliver addresses and ex-

plain why they placed the awards as

they did. They are most carefully chosen and are men of wide experi-

ence who fully understand the requirements of the home and foreign markets. After the animals are

judged alive, each one entered for the

room where it is killed and dressed

being first privately marked by

judges, also experts, now judge

director in charge of the ring.

block test is sent into the slaughtering

carcasses and again address the audi-

ence and explain their awards, and

outline the requirements of the vari-

A building costing over \$20,000 has

been erected and equipped in Guelph

for the purpose of holding the show.

Lecture rooms capable of seating 600

persons are provided. Last year these

were not large enough, and an over-

flow meeting was held. The success of

this exhibition proves that it is not ne-

cessary to provide questionable enter-

intelligent and appreciative audience.

Last winter a deputation of 60 per-sons from the Maritime Provinces vis-

ited this exhibition. The result is the

government of each of the Eastern

Provinces has decided to co-operate

with the Maritime Stock Breeders' As-

The Ontario Provincial Winter Fair

will this year be held in Guelph, Dec.

10 to 13, inclusive. It is held under the

auspices of the Dominion Cattle

Breeders' Association, the Dominion Sheep Breeders' Association, the Do-

minion Swine Breeders' Association,

committee from the city of Guelph. The

The following is the first draft of

1. All animals to be judged from a

2. Fancy points or breed points are

not to be considered in judging or lec-

BEEF CATTLE.

points of a beef bullock. Illustrated by living specimens. Prof. G. E. Day,

DAIRY COW.

Hon. John Dryden, Arthur Tyson.

W. Robertson.

The desirable and undesirable

desirable and undesirable

feeders' and consumers' standpoint.

the Ontario Poultry Association and a

exhibit of cattle, sheep, swine and poultry, alive and dead, this year will

eclipse any previous exhibit.

turing.

the programme for lecture room:

access from each province.

tainments in order to draw a large,

ous markets and of the consumers.

\$1,100 gate and entry receipts. amount paid in prizes was over \$4,500.

WINTER FAIR

were drowned.

way embankment.

PROVINCIAL

Long Branch, N. J., Nov. 6. - During

LONDON, ONTARIO London, Thursday, Nov. 7.

is said Boss Croker, of New York, very much disgusted at the people we their quiet disturbed or their erves ruffled by demands for justice. ough a fish market, heard the fishman curse an eel that it would not

with the advantages of the Dominion as a field for emigration.

The Chatham Banner-News was one up-to-date manner in which it is conducted from its appearance and proand outspoken style, it is a very thrifty infant. The typographical make-up of Kent's excellent daily shows that those who are responsible for the mechanical part have co-operated with editors, reporters and business manager for the success of the enterprise, and are therefore entitled to credit. The Advertiser joins in tendering congratulations on the anniversary of its birth, and hopes that the future may have in store for the Banner-News increasing success.

Death of Li Hung Chang.

The death of Li Hung Chang removes not only the acknowledged foremost Chinaman in the world, but has been generally spoken of by high judges as a great statesman. This was the estimate of General Grant, who saw much of him at close range, and it is known that Li Hung Chang equally impressed the giant intellect of Gladstone. The outstanding Chinaman's death may have important consequences to his already unfortunate country. Li Hung Chang's genius was, of course, of the Asiatic type, and of late years he seemed more like the agent of Russia than the friend of Great Britain.

The writer remembers seeing Li Hung Chang, a few years ago, carried on a sedan-chair through the Toronto Industrial Exhibition by stalwart Toronto policemen. A powerfully built man the great "heathen Chinee" was; with a face large, smooth, bronzed, and marked by power, subtlety and

The King's Birthday.

As the King's Birthday is a Dominion holiday, by virtue of the Act of Parliament, it will also be a Bank Holiday as well as a holiday in Government offices. But it does not follow that either here or in the motherland the day will be generally observed by the pee- | Scott through Macpherson. ple at large. In the past, it is true, Canadians observed the birthday of the Sovereign with a faithfulness and ain has been for each section of the tion, to pick out its day for observing the event, and hold holiday accordingly. Thus, there has been the spectacle of the court observing the Sovereign's birthday on one day; the metropolis on another; and the great cities and towns throughout the country each on days best suited to their business interests. We in Canada invariably held to the 24th of May as a holiday for commemorating the birth of the Queen. It suited us best of all, because it was the first heliday of the summer. and it came at a time when all were ready to enter into open-air holidaymaking. Thus, it was with enthusiasm that the proposition brought forward by Dr. Hersey, M. P., for making May 24 a perpetual holiday was welcomed by the Parliament and people of the the year when holidays are not gen- and fails to acquire any other. If erally welcome, and it need surprise no the young Highlander cleaves to one if our people generally now show a Gaelic, and adds the speaking of the little of the British indifference always English, French, German and Spanish to celebrate the birthday of the King or Italian to his accomplishments, he

on Nov. 9, no matter on what day of the week it may come. Some cities are talking of postponing the observance of the day till Monobservance of the day day, and the council of this city has already so decreed, and we learn from Great Britain itself that though the practice is not yet settled, it is probable that coronation day, coming near midsummer, will in future years take the place of the royal birthday so far as outside celebrations

It does not yet appear whether any honors will be conferred on the King's Birthday, as was usual on the late Sovereign's birthday, but there is a probability that some titles will be bestowed, for King Edward is understood as being anxious not to depart from the traditions of the court in

Crime in Two Countries.

That was a striking contrast which der United States law and the laws of Great Britain. He pointed out that in Louisville alone, a city with a population of 200,000, there were more murders than in London, with its 7,000,000 people, and that Kentucky, with its 2,000,000 population, has more murders annually than Great Britain, with its population of 40,000,000. There were in you're entirely too partial to the other Louisville, he said, 145 "regularly registered murders," and but 23 convictions. In no case was the death penalty enforced, the average punishment for the whole number being two years in prison. This statement explains the whole matter. If the taking of human life is less seriously regarded by a people than the theft of a horse, and if a murderer has a far better chance to get clear without any punishment at all than to be convicted of the crime, how can criminal tendencies be effectively combatted? If the same year old last Saturday, and from the lax views with regard to crime and its Britain as prevail in the neighboring republic, the record of crime would be just as large and discreditable.

It is the pride of British laws such as we live under, that they are invariably enforced by the strongest public sentiment, and that they are made a praise and a protection to those that do well while always a terror to evil-doers. Our neighbors should once in a while profit by our example, in the enforcement of law, for it is a good one.

A leading Gaelic-speaking Scot, Mr. J. S. Stuart Glennie, LL.D., in an address on "The New Celtic Movement," read before the Gaelic Society f London, recently, bewailed the decay of the language in the Scottish Highlands. He said he had just returned from a visit to Braemar, and had found the country very pleasant, though the state of things was most disheartening. He drove up from Blairgowrie, in Perthshire, but not a Highland bonnet nor a plaid shawl were to be seen. He tried to procure a Highland bonnet there, but he failed. Twenty-five years ago, at the crofters' houses in Braemar, all the people spoke Gaelic. That was changed now. If Mr. Glennie asked a question in Gaelic it was answered in English, when the person addressed understood Gaelic. In the families of crofters, where there were a dozen children, not a word of the old language was spoken. No schoolmaster spoke Gaelic, and although the minister did, he had no congregation for a Gaelic service. The people had been Anglicised. There should be a movement against Anglicisation, exclaimed Dr. Glennie. Let the Gaelic language, he said, be taught to the children. Its cultivation might lead to the lessening of the evils of Anglicisation. Dr. Glennie's subject led him into an enthusiastic eulogy of Macpherson of Ossian fame, through whom not only Britain but Europe had been influenced. He attributed the development of Scott's imagination in a large part to Macpherson's influence. Without the appreciation of Celtic spirit and feeling, "Waverley" never could have been written. This appreciation originally came to

One can admire the picturesque Highland garb and the music of the bagpipes-best heard amid the Scottish mountains and glens-without a zest unexcelled by any portion of the shedding tears, because the English British Empire; but in the United language has, in great measure, taken Kingdom itself there never has been the place of the Gaelic-grand old lanthat unity in observing the Sovereign's guage of the Garden of Eden though birthday that has characterized Cana- the late Dr. Blackie held it to be. The dians. On the contrary, from court fact is, that English is the language circles down, the custom in Great Brit- now most generally used in trade and commerce throughout the world. The community, for each center of popula- young Highlander who is not thoroughly versed in it is at a disadvantage when he goes south or abroad to seek his fortune, as seek it he must, for there is little prospect of his making progress in the home land. There is no reason, however, why the Highlander should give up the Gaelic language while becoming a good English scholar. He may well aim to be a master in both languages, as not a few Canadians, of Highland parentage, have become. Indeed, if the English-speaking people have one fault that is reprehensible more than another, it is that they are too easily satisfied with their lingual attainments. While the Germans learn two, three and four languages, with ease, and get advantages in the commercial Dominion. There is no less respect for world, as a consequence, your ordinthe King than for the late Sovereign, any English speaker is contented with only his birthday comes at a time of the superiority of his mother-tongue,

ufacturer of the old land, as well as of this continent.

Sparks From Other Anvils.

Kingston Whig: The Catholic Register reflects upon the sad demise of Mr. Massey from a disease against which he had taken every precaution. He dreaded typhoid fever, and so lived in the country, on a spot where he was guaranteed pure air and pure water, and where the foods he consumed were calculated to promote his health. Yet he took typhoid fever, suffered from it for weeks, and finally passed away to his reward. The Catholic Register seems to question what it calls "the scientific barrier against microbes." It overlooks the fact that the city of Toronto is not exactly a health resort, that while sanitation is producing its good results, there is still, within its bounds, the cause of disease. Mr. Massey lived in a home that was free from taint of any kind, but he passed through streets where the microbes were at large, and he was not an im-

A Little Sunshine.

If a pretty girl has, indeed, no brains, it simply goes to show that nature isn't giving brains to such as can't possibly use these in their business .-

"It strikes me," said the attorney, side." "No. sir," cried the magistrate, "I want you to understand that I am neither partial nor impartial!"-Phila-

His Plan .- "Ah," said the great for- sociations took a controlling interest eign actor, "I have hit on a plan which will, indeed, bring me distinction." "What is it?" asked a friend. "I shall make a farewell tour of the United States-and I shall not go back. Philadelphia Press.

Uncle-"What are you crying for, \$325 paid in premiums. Under the Georgie?" Georgie-"Teacher caned me because I was the only one-boo- has been a steady growth until in hoo-able to answer a question today." Uncle (indignantly)—"This is scance.
Uncle (indignantly)—"This is scance.

Uncle (indignantly)—"What was the quespunishment were entertained in Great ous, eny poor boy! What was the quespunishment were entertained in Great ous, eny poor boy! What was the quespunishment were entertained in Great ous, eny poor boy! What was the quespunishment were entertained in Great ous, eny poor boy! What was the quespunishment were entertained in Great ous, eny poor boy! What was the quespunishment were entertained in Great ous, enveloped the control of the contr put the bent pin in the teacher's chair?"-Tit-Bits.

10 ACTORS ROASTED

Speaking Gaelic and Other Tongues Were Asleep in a Wisconsin show, poultry exhibits and experiments have been introduced, which Theater.

> All Escape Cut Off Four Performers Injured—Other Casualties.

Ironwood, Mich., Nov. 6 .- Ten lives were lost and four buildings destroyed by a fire which started in the Klondike Theater at Hurley, Wis., today. THE DEAD.

C. W. Cleveland, M. P. Crawford, Thomas Leclaire, George Benert, H. D. Emory, Timothy Ryan, F. L. Kay (St. Louis), Thomas Ozanne, Harry Raymond, Clare Benne. INJURED.

Jennie Bender, Annie Scott, Laura

Russell, "Billy" McLaughlin. The Klondike was a vaudeville theater, and all of the dead and injured were connected with the theater as performers. Most of them lived at Hurley, and Thomas Leclaire brother of the proprietor of the tre-

THE CONFLAGRATION. The fire started on the stage, and in

a few minutes the entire structure was a mass of flames. The third story was at Amherst, N. S. This point was chothe sen because it was central and of easy used as sleeping quarters, and rapid spread of the fire cut off the esof the occupants. The theater building was quickly consumed, and the flames spread to adjoining structures. The Ironwood fire department was called to the assistance of the Hurley firemen, and only by the hardest work was the town saved from being wiped out.

The losses are: E. Leclaire's Klon-dike Theater, \$7,000; M. Cumming's Monarch saloon, \$4,000; Harrigan & Mc-Pherson's saloon, \$6,000; D. P. McNeil, Chicago, \$1,000; Constantine Erspaner.

The charred remains of six of the victims have been recovered, and search is being made for the others. The Klondike Theater was burned once before, in July, 1887, when eleven

women lost their lives. ANOTHER THEATER BURNED. Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 6 .- The Lyceum Theater, a vaudeville house, was detroyed by fire this afternoon, caused by crossing electric wires. When the fire was discovered the audience was nissed, and left the building without disorder. Fred James, a fireman, and Roy Denner, an electrician at the

theater, were badly burned. KILLED BY A BIKER. Toronto, Nov. 7 .- Mrs. S. Magee Tannery, of Belleville, was knocked down yesterday on Yonge street, by a bicy-clist named Robert Pinkey, of No. 144 Brunswick avenue, and died of her injuries in six hours, at the general hos She was 32 years old and had lived in Toronto for a short time.

THROWN FROM A BUGGY. Guelph, Ont., Nov. 7 .- James Goldie, sen., of the firm of Jas. Goldie Company (Limited), met with a severe shaking up yesterday, near the Grand Trunk depot, owing to his horse running away and throwing him out the buggy, landing him on his head. He was also taken to the hospital. doctors in attendance say he will be around in a few days.

DIED OF HIS INJURIES. Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 7 .- Daniel Mc Lelland, the old man who was struck by a C. P. R. train at Hamilton Junction about a month ago, died at the city hospital Tuesday as a re-sult of his injuries. McLelland had no relatives hereabouts.

FIREMAN INJURED. Galt, Ont., Nov. 7.—Charles Phillips, of Harriston, aged about 25, a G. T. R. fireman, met with an accident yesterday morning while coming into Galt. As the train was coming into the sta-tion he leaned out of the engineer's cab to ascertain what was wrong with the air brake, which he thought was not working properly, and his head came in contact with a switch post so forcibly that he was knocked out of the

This Store Does Not foot was amputated. Phillips was also severely bruised about the head and chest. Misrepresent

Goods Are **Exactly** as Advertised.

Great Chances for Friday and Saturday.

Low prices do not count for anything if quality is not there, and the reason our weekly sales for Friday and Saturday have the confidence of the public is that we guarantee that qualities are reliable, and our guarantee is money refunded if goods not satisfactory. As Monday will be a holiday, we will have to do three days' business in two days. So Friday and Saturday seasonable goods will be offered at very tempting prices. Come and put them to the test. See Grocery List.

Grav Flannel.

'Twill Be Held This Year in Guelph' 180 yards light and dark gray twill, regular 20c, Friday and Saturday.16c Dec. 10 to 13 Inclusive.

Flannelette Blankets. Complete Programme for the Lecture

Table Linen. 135 yards, half-bleached, wide, fine

quality, regular 35e, Friday and Saturday25e Kid Gloves.

Ladies' Black Kid Gloves, sizes 5% and 6 only, lace and buttons, re-greens, blue and gray, regular 75c, and \$1 00, to clear, per pair50c adies' Fleece-Lined Cashmere Gloves, black, regular 35c, to clear, per pair290

Cashmere Hose.

Ladies' Black Seamless Cashmere, spliced feet, regular 50c, to clear, special, per pair33c

Bed Comforters==Special.

Sateen Covering Eiderdown Comforters, regular price \$5 50, for ...\$3 90 Silk and Satin-Covered Eiderdown Comforters, regular \$7 00, for \$5 10 Silk - Covered Eiderdown Comforters, regular \$15 00, for\$9 90

See Our

Bargain

Table

Dress Goods

50c, 75c

and goc

Dress Goods

for

Flannelette Underwear.

Corset Covers, in pink, blue or white, Friday and Saturday 25c.
Corset Covers, same colors as
above, embroidery trimmed 35c.
Ladies' Drawers, pink, blue and
white stripes, special for 29c.
Ladies' Drawers, same color as above, embroidery trimmed 39c Ladies' Gowns, white and pink, with frills, Friday special 69c Ladies' Gowns, in pink, blue and white stripes, large sizes, Fri-

Men's Wear.

derwear, special, per suit\$1 00

Heavy Flannelette Night Shirts,
regular 75c, for Gloves, to clear at, per pair 25c Assorted lot Men's and Boys' Ties; regular 25c, to clear 15c

Groceries.

6 Pounds Redpath's Granulated Japan or mixed, for 25c 1 Pound 30c Empire Fresh-Ground

1 Pound 20c Cook's Delight Bak-

Crockery.

\$6 50, for Printed Dinner Sets, gilt line \$12 50, per set, for\$10 00 Printed Cups and Saucers, regular

China Tea Sets, 44 pieces, regular

Clothing.

Suits, regular \$8 00, for\$5 95
Men's Oxford Frieze Overcoats, lat-

est build, velvet collar, special ..\$7 00 Men's Extra Heavy Pants, spe-

latest cut, box back, special\$6 00

Carpets.

Men's Heavy Double-Breasted

ered Butters, etc., at, each10c Ladies' Boots.

\$2 75 and \$3 00 Chocolate Boots for \$1 50 \$2 00 and \$2 25 Chocolate Button \$1 50 Strap Slippers for\$1 19

CORSET SPECIAL.

Best make, and as good a corset as can be made to sell at 50c. 660 pairs to be sold for

Bargain Table of The nimbours of the

Boots.

Our Special

from birth until four years old. Hon. Sydney Fisher. SHEEP

6. Mutton sheep, the desirable and undesirable points. Illustrated by living specimens. Long wools-Prof. Grisdale, A. W. Smith, Arthur Tyson. Medium-Prof. Grisdale, John Campbell, Arthur Tyson.

BACON PIGS. 7. Desirable and undesirable points of a bacon pig. Illustrated by living specimens. F. W. Hodson.

PIG CARCASSES. 8. F. W. Hodson, illustrated; Messrs. J. W. Flavelle, of the Wm. Davies Company, Toronto; C. C. L. Wilson, Ingersoll Packing Co., Ingersoll; and C. F. Hodges, of the Farmers' Co-operative Packing Company, Brantford, have kindly consented to be present

and address one or other of these meetings. CARCASSES (ILLUSTRATED.) 9. Beef, Prof. G. E. Day, H. A. Foulds. A. Tyson. 10. Mutton. Prof. Grisdale, H. A.

Foulds, A. Tyson. POULTRY.

11. Everything points towards a large show of dressed poultry. Every effort is being made by the committee interesting. There will be a large exhibit from the fattening station, illusthe cramming machine, of feeding from the regular fattening coops; also a display of birds showing the effect of food on the color of the flesh.

As usual there will be a cramming machine on exhibition, also crates of birds which will be fed from the machine twice each day during the fair. The following experts will be present: Mr. F. C. Hare, superintendent of the Dominion Fattening Stations; Mr. A. G. Gibert, manager of the poulpoints of a dairy cow. Illustrated by living specimens. Prof. H. H. Dean, try department of the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa; Mr. W. R. Graham, manager of the poultry de-5. Food and care of a dairy female

partment of the Ontario Agricultural | them to the famous Blue Points, or College, Guelph. Short addresses will be delivered

each day of the show by one or other of these gentlemen. During the last day of the show there will be a plucking contest. Last year at Guelph this proved to be very interesting and instructive, and this year it will be larger and more inter-

OPEN MEETING.

1. Hon. John Dryden, chairman.

2. Hon. G. W. Ross.

3. Hon. Sydney Fisher. 4. Prof. C. C. James. 5. Prof. J. W. Robertson The Maritime Winter Fair will be held at Amherst, N. S., December 17 to 19, inclusive. Half rates on all railways to persons who wish to attend either of these shows. A programme similar to the above will be provided

CANADIAN OYSTERS

Dominion's Bivalves Have Suddenly Jumped Into Popularity.

Quebec, Nov. 5 .- The recent jump of to make this display instructive and Canadian oysters into popularity both in the United States and in Europe where they received the highest award

trating the advantages of the use of at the Paris Exposition, has been followed by a visit of inspection here by Dr. F. H. Moore, of the United States Fishery Commission. The commission intends to make an attempt to breed oysters by artificial means on the Pacific coast. Former attempts in this direction, both

Canada and the United States, result-ed in failure. Dr. Moore has been engaged with the Canadian oyster expert, Mr. Kemp, in taking tempera-ture and other observations, and in testing the salinity of the water in various parts of Prince Edward Island. As oysters are supposed to thrive best in cool waters, Dr. Moore expresses astonishment at the average temperature of the Canadian beds, his observations showing that the temperature ranged from 60 to 69 degrees. Experts have reported that on the Pacific coast the temperature is from seven to eight degrees lower

and more favorable than at Prince Ed-ward Island. Canada's favorite oyster is the Malpecque, which, like the Narrows, the Caraquet and several other prime valves, comes from Prince Edward Is-They are the largest of Canadian oysters and the Caraquets the

The Malpecques, when in prime condition, are very large, specimens being often met with up to eight or nine inches long. Some are almost circular, but most of the larger ones are about two-thirds as wide as they are

By the majority of Canadians the largest oysters are the most highly esteemed. They are exceedingly fat and meaty, these Malpecques, when it good order, and are always taken insingle mouthful. As smaller ones are preferred in the United States, the dealers who have a Canadian and an American trade are able, by assorting their stock before shipping, to obtain the highest price for both large and

small Malpecques. The Narrows are beautiful oysters, quite as valuable as the Malpecques in many localities. Both Malpecques and Narrows have a particularly saline Canadians and even Americans who have lived here long enough to become accustomed to them, prefer

any other less saline bivalve. The Canadian oyster fishing season begins on Sept. 16. This year a strong attempt was made by the mayor of Quebec and others to induce the Dominion Government to allow the season to open a few days earlier than usual so that Canadian oysters might appear upon the bill of fare for the Duke and Duchess of York when they dined here on Sept. 16, the date of their landing in Canada. The government declined to make the exception, however, and there is a movement afoot to have the opening of the sea-

son deferred until Oct. 1. The minimum limit of oysters allowed to be caught by the law is two inches in diameter of shell for round oysters and three inches of outer shell for long oysters. A change in this limit is now proposed As an illustration of the unpopular-

ity here of the small oysters so much in vogue in the United States, the Canadian oyster expert reports that a "three-inch oyster is really too small for market, but when it comes down to two inches it is out of character altogether. Several complaints have been made of the small size limit that is at present in force, and until a change is made the fishermen will not throw over an oyster which is really of legal size, though utterly unfit for the market,"

Fire destroyed the big wholesale grocery store of the Milliken-Tomlinson Company, at Portland, Me., causing a loss at nearly \$250,000.



A Skin of Beauty Is a Joy Forever. T. Felix Gonraud's Oriental Cream or Magical Bautifier.



pimples, freck-les, moth pat-ches, rash and skin diseases

similar name. Dr. L.A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them. I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." Also Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair

without injury to the skin.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones street, New York.
For sale by all druggists and Fancy. Goods dealers throughout the United States, Canada

BOSTON, MASS.

Andier's Petroleum Finusion FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Ordinary cough mixtures generally contain opiates that soothe and quiet the cough temporarily, but do not cure it. Besides, they also disturb digestion and cause bowel troubles. For acute or chronic coughs and colds nothing is equal to Angier's Petroleum Emulsion. It effects a rapid and complete cure, and at the same time builds up health and strength and puts the system in a condition to resist catching cold again. It combines the soothing and healing properties of our specially refined petroleum with the tonic qualities of the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, and is perfectly safe, and agreeable to the most delicate stomach. Children become fond of it, and it makes them strong and healthy. It is a perfect remedy for Whooping Cough and Croupy Coughs of Children.

All druggists sell it. Two sizes, 50 ets. and \$1.00 a bottle. Be sure you get ANGIER'S. YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS on a postal card will bring you a free copy of a valuable booklet entitled, "About Your Throat and Lungs." It tells how to care for the Throat, Lungs, and Diet and Hygiene, also Exercises, which are illustrated.

ANGIER CHEMICAL COMPANY,