MISCELLANEOUS.

BAXTER AS A PREACHER.

Richard Baxter was one of the most powerful preachers that ever addressed an English congregation. He seems to have possessed all the gifts which are generally considered to make a perfect master of assemblies. He had an amazing fluency—an enormous store of matter—a most clear and lucid style—an unlimited command of forcible language—a pithy, pointed, emphatic way of presenting truth—a singularly moving and pathetic voice—and an earnestness of manner which swept every thing before it like a torrent. He used to say, "It must be serious preaching which will make men serious in hearing and obeying it."

Two well-known lines of his show you the man,—

"I'll preach as though I ne'er shall preach again,
And as a dying man to dying men."

Dr. Bates, a contemporary, says of him: "He had a marvellous felicity and copiousness in speaking. There was a noble negligence in his style. His great mind could not stoop to the affected eloquence of words. He despised flashy oratory. But his expressions were so clear and powerful, so convincing, so entering into the soul, so engaging the affections, that those were as deaf as an adder who were not charmed by so wise a charmer."

The effects that his preaching produced were those which such preaching always has produced, and always will. As it was under the pulpit of Latimer and Whitefield, so it was under the pulpit of Baxter. At Dudley, the poor nailers would not only crowd the church, but even hang upon the windows and the leads without. At Kidderminster it became necessary to build five new galleries, in order to accommodate the congregation. In London, the crowds who attended his ministry were so large, that it was sometimes dangerous, and often impossible, to be one of his hearers.

Once, when he was about to preach at St. Lawrence Jewry, he sent word to Mr. Vines, the minister, that the Earl of Suffolk and Lord Brogghill were coming in a coach with him, and would be glad to have seats. But when he and his noble companions reached the door, the crowd had so little respect for persons, that the two peers had to go home again, because they could not get within hearing. Mr. Vines himself was obliged to get up into the pulpit, and sit behind the preacher, from want of room; and Baxter actually preached standing between Mr. Vines' feet.

On another occasion, when he was preaching to an enormous crowd in St. Dunstan's, Fleet street, he made a striking use of an incident which took place during the sermon. A piece of brick fell down in the steeple, and an alarm was raised that the church, an old rotten building, was falling. Scarcely was the alarm allayed, when a bench, on which some people were standing, broke with their weight, and the confusion was worse than ever. Many crowded to the doors to get out, and all were in a state of panic. One old woman was heard loudly asking God's forgiveness for having come to the church at all, and promising, if she only got out safe, never to come there again. In the midst of all the confusion, Baxter alone was calm and unmoved. As soon as order was restored he rose, and said: "We are in the service of God to prepare ourselves that we may be fearless at the great noise of the dissolving world, when the heavens shall pass away, and the elements melt with fervent heat." This was Baxter all over. This was the kind of thing he had not only grace, but gifts and nerve to do. He always spoke like one who saw God, and felt death at his back. Such a man will seldom fail to preach well. Such a man will seldom be in want of hearers. Such a man deserves to be emblamed in the memory of all who want to know what God can do for a child of Adam by his Spirit.—*J. C. Ryle.*

To be Honoured Rather than Laughed at.—During an excursion of George the First, King of England, to Hanover, his secretary Charles Townsend noted the mode of cultivating turnips in that country, and afterwards induced his countrymen to adopt it, for which he was called Turnip Townsend by the foolish wits about court. The annual value of the turnips, chiefly grown on stony lands, or on lands exhausted by previous crops in England, is now estimated at fourteen millions sterling.

FIGHT WITH A BEAR IN THE WATER.

Passengers by the Port Huron boats describe the killing of a large bear in the neighbourhood of that place a day or two since, in a peculiar manner. A man who lives on the American side had occasion to cross the St. Clair river early in the morning, and on the way across, discovered a large bear, which was engaged in the same mission as himself, viz.: endeavoring to gain Her Majesty's dominions. He immediately made for the animal, and being able to make a better headway through the water, soon overtook him and struck him on the head with one of his oars, having no other weapon. The bear turned on him, and with the utmost coolness commenced climbing into the boat, the man in the meantime belaboring his skull with the oar with all his might.—The assailing party by this time found that he had caught a tartar, and that he was likely to become the captured party himself. This apprehension was rendered nearly a certainty by the capsizing of the boat just as his bearship had nearly accomplished loading himself into it. The man, now thoroughly frightened, found himself in the water, clinging to one side of the boat, with the bear looking at him over the bottom from the other side. He then made a desperate effort, righted the boat, ducked the bear, and got in again, but was no sooner aboard than the bear made another rush at him and upset the boat again. A lively scene of flounderings followed, which were fast bringing matters to a crisis, when the battle was ended by the arrival of another man in a boat, who witnessed the fight from the shore, and came off to the assistance of the first adventurer. He split the bear's head open with an axe, killing him instantly. The animal weighed over 400 pounds.—*Detroit Free Press.*

TREATY WITH JAPAN.

The success which has attended Lord Elgin in China, appears to have followed him to Japan, and the news received that the prohibitory system in which that country has so long indulged has been broken through by our Plenipotentiary—a system so jealous that even European money was not permitted to circulate amongst the natives—has diffused a general feeling of satisfaction. Previously we knew less of Japan than of China; but our acquaintance cannot fail to be considerably extended under the new order of things.—Hitherto the Dutch have been the nearest European neighbors of the Japanese, but even they were kept at a very respectful distance. "Nagasaki," we are told, "is the port at which the Dutch have been settled for two hundred years, on a small island connected with the town by a small bridge, and they were kept rigorously to it, never being allowed in the town or country. They, as well as foreigners, are now allowed to walk at pleasure about the town and into the country. Everywhere foreigners are received with the greatest civility by the people." The population of the country is immense. Jeddo is another Pekin. One writer, attached to Lord Elgin's suite, states that the city contains two millions and a half of inhabitants, and he speaks of one street ten miles in length. Unlike the Chinese, the people are scrupulously clean—always washing themselves or their houses. But our belief is staggered when we are told that this primitive people, secluded so completely from the Western world, have numerous and well appointed batteries, ships and steamers of war, understand the electric telegraph, and make thermometers, barometers, theodolites, and various other scientific instruments, and have a short line of railway in the interior. By the terms of the treaty England is to have a resident minister at Jeddo, and at the expiration of a year the principal ports are to be opened for trade. The commercial arrangements are on the most liberal possible terms.—The products of Japan are not very well known, but there can be no doubt that the exporting power of the country is great, while its capacity to consume our manufactures is ample to an extent beyond the anticipations of Manchester, Leeds, Sheffield, and Birmingham. Rice, cotton, tobacco, ginger, tea, and various other articles of Eastern growth can be very profitably and conveniently exchanged for the wares of Lancashire, Yorkshire, and Warwickshire.

FAITH.

Christ says, "Wilt thou be made whole?" giving me to understand that he must do it; and therefore I will never attempt to make myself whole. I would do something for Christ, but I can do nothing for myself, and he knowing this, did all for me.—*Rev. T. Adams.*

How the Price of Bread is Managed in Paris.—Every bag of wheat, flour or meal that comes to the city must be brought to the Hallo au Ble, or Grain Hall. This is an immense area enclosed with a circular wall, and covered by a huge dome; so that it presents a vast, unbroken hall, of grand and beautiful proportions, lighted from the top. Various stalls, with desks, form the offices of the clerks and employes. On the floor of this hall are piled up cobhouse fashion, in huge piles, ten to twenty-five feet high, the bags of grain, presenting to the visitors a striking panorama of solid plenty.

The City of Paris is surrounded by a wall, not for defence, as it is comparatively slight, but simply for police, revenue, and other municipal purposes, one of which is the regulation of the bread market. Barriers, that is gates, with police attendants and revenue officers, form the only entrances to the city, except the River Seine, which has also its guards. Every bushel of wheat or other grain brought to the city for sale, must be registered and stored at the grain hall, under heavy penalties. This regulation is rigidly enforced, which it is easy to do, at the barriers, with so bulky an article; especially as the bags must be of uniform size.

From this register of the daily supply, the government of the city know at any hour just how many pounds or packs of grain of any kind there are in Paris. From an accurate statistics required to be furnished, they know how much flour or meal is baked daily at each bakery, and how much bread of all kinds is consumed. They are therefore able to fix the weight and price of loaves, each size and shape of which has its appropriate name, according to the ratio between supply and demand, allowing a fair and just profit to producers, traders, and bakers; no more, no less. This price, thus fairly graduated at short intervals, is fully proclaimed to the public, the dealers, the bakers, and the police.

The police are authorized to drop in at any time, into any bakery, or bread shop, wherever bread is exposed for sale, and weigh the loaves. There is also a special inspecting officer appointed for this express purpose. His visits are not stated, that they may not have the things got ready for exhibition instead of inspection, according to the English and American fashion of doing such things. If the Inspector finds the weight deficient, or the price of a particular kind of loaf too high for the grade, all the bread in the shop is swept off at once, and distributed to the hospitals and other eleemosynary establishments of the city. Thus are the public protected against private cupidity speculating in the means of existence.

Gapes in Chickens again.—A writer in the *American Agriculturist* says:—"I have frequently noticed in your excellent paper a remedy for gapes in chickens, a complaint very common in some parts of our country. I have been in the practice of raising chickens for more than twenty years, and was never troubled with this complaint. My food for the chickens is common corn meal, wet with cold water, and lightly salted. My chickens are always healthy, and as hardy as pigs. If your correspondent, Mr. McComas, of Harford county, Maryland, will take my mode of feeding his chickens, I think he will be able to dispense with his grease for all coming time."

Camel Hair Bolting Cloth.

KEPT ALWAYS ON HAND from No. 1 to No. 6, by
G. T. HASZARD, Queen Square.

Will your Pills cure my headache? | Yes; and they have cured thousands.

HEADACHE.
HUTCHINS' HEADACHE PILLS,
For
BILIOUS, NERVOUS AND SICK HEADACHE
The only reliable and positive cure.
PRICE, 25 CENTS.
For sale by Druggists generally.
M. S. BURR & CO., General Agents for New England and the British Provinces, 1, Cornhill, Boston.

FOR THE SURE DESTRUCTION of Rats, Mice, Cockroaches, Ants, &c. This preparation differs also, in its effects, from all others, as they do not die in their holes, but instantly leave the premises in the quiet possession of the occupants; and is in every instance warranted. All vermin and insects eat this preparation with avidity, and it can be used with safety under all circumstances.—Price 25 cents per box.

*** The above preparation is manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory, and under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor; and the public are hereby assured that no pains or expense are spared in making this article what the Proprietor fully and conscientiously claims for it, viz: the best in the world. It is the result of time and money—the former of which has been met with patience and perseverance, and the latter with an unsparing hand; and it is with the utmost confidence that it is now offered to the public, as fully equal to all he claims for it! Doubt not, but try it! It costs but little!—And you will never repent the money thus invested. It is warranted in every instance!

M. A. MOORE, Chemist, Prop'tor, Waltham, Mass.
ALSO, PROPRIETOR OF
PROF. MOHR'S GERMAN FLY PAPER, for the sure and certain destruction of Flies, Roaches, Mosquitoes, &c. One million sheets sold in New England alone, last year.
Charlottetown, P. E. I. For sale by all the Druggists.

ABOVE WE PRESENT you with a likeness of Dr. Morse, the inventor of Morse's Indian Root Pills. This philanthropist has spent the greater part of his life in travelling, having visited Europe, Asia, and Africa, as well as North America—has spent three years among the Indians of our Western country; it was in this way that the Indian Root Pills were first discovered. Dr. Morse was the first man to establish the fact that all diseases arise from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD—that our strength, health and life depended on this vital fluid.

When the various passages become clogged, and do not act in perfect harmony with the different functions of the body, the blood loses its action, becomes thick, corrupt and diseased; thus causing all pains, sickness and distress of every name; our strength is exhausted, our health we are deprived of, and if nature is not assisted in throwing off the stagnant humors, the blood will become choked and cease to act, and thus our light of life will be forever blown out. How important then that we should keep the various passages of the body free and open.—And how pleasant to us that we have it in our power to put a medicine in your reach, namely, Morse's Indian Root Pills, manufactured from plants and roots which grow around the mountainous cliffs in Nature's garden, for the health and recovery of diseased men. One of the roots from which these Pills are made is a Sudorific, which opens the pores of the skin, and assists nature in throwing out the finer parts of the corruption within. The second is a plant which is an Expectorant, that opens and unclogs the passage to the lungs, and thus, in a soothing manner, performs its duty by throwing off phlegm and other humors from the lungs by copious spitting. The third is a Diuretic, which gives ease and double strength to the kidneys; thus encouraged, they draw large amounts of impurity from the blood, which is then thrown out bountifully by the urinary or water-sponge, and which could not have been discharged in any other way. The fourth is a Cathartic, and accompanies the other properties of the Pills while engaged in purifying the blood; the coarser particles of impurity which cannot pass by the other outlets, are thus taken up and conveyed off in great quantities by the bowels.

From the above it is shown that Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills not only enter the stomach, but become united with the blood, for they find way to every part, and completely rout out and cleanse the system from all impurity, and the life of the body, which is the blood, becomes perfectly healthy; consequently all sickness and pain is driven from the system, for they cannot remain when the body becomes so pure and clear.

The reason why people are so distressed when sick, and why so many die, is because they do not get a medicine which will pass to the afflicted part, and which will open the natural passages for the disease to be cast out; hence, a large quantity of food and other matter is lodged, and stomach and intestines are literally overflowing with the corrupted mass: thus undergoing disagreeable fermentation, constantly mixing with the blood, which throws the corrupted matter through every vein and artery, until life is taken from the body by disease. Dr. Morse's Pills have added to themselves victory upon victory, by restoring millions of the sick to blooming health and happiness. Yes, thousands who have been racked or tormented with sickness, pain and anguish, and whose feeble frames have been scorched by the burning elements of raging fever, and who have been brought, as it were, within a step of the silent grave, now stand ready to testify that they would have been numbered with the dead, had it not been for this great and wonderful medicine, Morse's Indian Root Pills. After one or two doses had been taken, they were astonished, and absolutely surprised, in witnessing their charming effects. Not only do they give immediate ease and strength, and take away all sickness, pain and anguish, but they at once go to work at the foundation of the disease, which is the blood. Therefore it will be shown, especially by those who use these Pills, that they will so cleanse and purify, that disease—that deadly enemy—will take its flight, and the flush of youth and beauty will again return, and the prospect of a long and happy life will cherish and brighten your days.

For sale at the Apothecaries' Hall, and at the Drug Stores of W. R. Watson and M. W. Skinner, and sold at all the Stores throughout the Island. Persons wishing supplies of the above Medicines, can be furnished at Proprietor's prices at the Drug Store of

W. R. WATSON,
October 6, 1857. General Agent.

CARRIAGE BOLTS,
FROM 1 TO 8 INCHES LONG and from ¼ to ½ inches in thicknes, kept constantly on hand at
GEORGE T. HASZARD'S,
Queen Square.

CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER.

THE WORLD IS ASTONished at the wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases: for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism all its forms, bilious cholic, chills and fever, burns, sore throats and gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine are on circular in the hands of Agents. You may be positively sure of relief if you use it. Millions of Bottles of this medicine have been sold in New England the past six or eight years—

OLD RHEUMATIC AFFECTIONS
CAN BE CURED BY THE
CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER.

Dr. Henry Hunt was cured of Neuralgia or Sciatics Rheumatism, after having been under the care of a physician six months, the Cramp and Pain Killer was the first thing that afforded him any permanent relief.

David Barker was cured of a Rheumatic Pain in the knee, after three or four days and nights intense suffering, by one bottle of the Cramp and Pain Killer.

T. H. Carman, suffering from Cramp in the Limbs, the cords of his legs knotted up in large bunches, was cured by Cramp and Pain Killer. At another time a few applications entirely cured him of an exceeding bad Rheumatic affection in the back.

A young lady 15 years of age, daughter of John W. Sherwood, was long afflicted with

SPINAL COMPLAINT,

after being reduced to the very verge of the grave, was cured by the Cramp and Pain Killer.

John Buckman, after having suffered everything but death from Rheumatism, which seemed to pervade almost every part of the body, was cured by the Cramp and Pain Killer.

Mrs. Davies was cured by it of Bilious Cholic.

A man in Portland was also cured by it of Bilious Cholic, when his life was well nigh despaired of.

Hundreds have been relieved by it of tooth ache, ague in the face, &c. &c.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

AN OLD NURSE FOR Children.—Don't fail to procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. It has no equal on earth. No mother who has ever tried Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children ever consents to let her child pass through the distressing and critical period of teething without the aid of this invaluable preparation. If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of Bottles are sold every year in the U. States. It is an old and well-tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac-simile of *Curtis and Perkins*, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

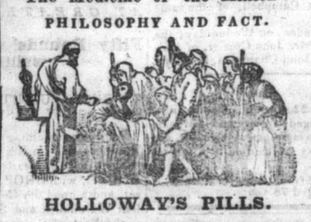
Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

W. R. WATSON,
October 21, '57. Agent for P. E. Island.

THE
GREAT ENTICING REMEDY.
FELLOWS'
WORM LOZENGES!
THE ONLY WORM REMEDY THAT EXISTS,
COMBINING
HARMLESS QUALITIES, DELICIOUS TASTE,
AND
AMAZING POWER!
EMINENT MEN PRAISE THEM;
MOTHERS ACKNOWLEDGE THEIR GOOD EFFECTS;
EVERYBODY SHOULD USE THEM.
Prepared by FELLOWS & CO., Chemists.

READ AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES:

The Medicine of the Million!
PHILOSOPHY AND FACT.



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.
THE EXCITING CAUSE OF SICKNESS.

THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE-sustaining agent. It furnishes the components of flesh, bone, muscle, nerve and integument. The stomach is its manufactory, the veins its distributors, and the intestines the channels through which the waste matter rejected in its production is expelled. Upon the stomach, the circulation and the bowels, these Pills act simultaneously, relieving indigestion, purifying the fluids, and regulating the excretions.

THE NATIONAL COMPLAINT.

Dyspepsia is the most common disease among all classes in this country. It assumes a thousand shapes, and is the primary source of innumerable dangerous maladies; but whatever its type or symptoms, however obstinate its resistance to ordinary prescriptions, it yields readily and rapidly to this searching and unerring remedy.

BILIOUS AFFECTIONS.

The quantity and quality of the bile are of vital importance to health. Upon the liver, the gland which secrets this fluid, the Pills operate specifically, infallibly restifying its irregularities, and effectually curing Jaundice, Bilious Remittants, and all the varieties of disease generated by an unnatural condition of the organ.

A WORD TO FEMALES.

The local debility and irregularities which are the especial annoyance of the weaker sex, and which, when neglected, always shortens life, are relieved for the time being and prevented for the time to come, by a course of this mild thorough alterative.

USED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are equally efficacious in complaints common to the whole human race, and in disorders peculiar to certain climates and localities.

ALARMING DISORDERS.

Dyspepsia and derangement of the liver, the source of infirmity, suffering, and the cause of innumerable deaths, yield to these curatives, in all cases however aggravated, acting as a mild purgative, alterative and tonic: they relieve the bowels, purify the fluids, and invigorate the system and the constitution, at the same time.

GENERAL WEAKNESS.—NERVOUS COMPLAINTS.

When all stimulants fail, the renovating and bracing properties of these Pills give firmness to the shaking nerves and enfeebled muscles of the victim of general debility.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:—

Ague, Asthma	Lumbago, Piles
Bilious Complaints	Retention of Urine
Blotches on the skin	Rheumatism
Bowel Complaints	Secondary Symptoms
Constipation of the Bowels	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Cholics, Consumption	Sore Throats
Debility, Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery, Erysipelas	Tic Doloureux
Female Irregularities	Tumours, Ulcers
Fevers of all kinds	Venereal Affections
Fits, Gout	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c.
Head-ache, Indigestion	Worms of all kinds
Inflammation, Jaundice	
Liver Complaints	

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and 80, Maiden Lane, New York; also by all respectable Druggists and dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices: 2s., 5s. and 8s. each Box.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger size.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder affixed to each Box.

GEORGE T. HASZARD,
Agent for P. E. Island.

BOOKS TO READ.

THE SUBSCRIBER KEEPS a CIRCULATING LIBRARY, where all the popular BOOKS of the day can be had at 2d per volume, and upwards. G. T. HASZARD.

ALLIANCE
Life & Fire Insurance Company,
LONDON.
ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.
CHARLES YOUNG, Agent for P. E. Island.

GREAT P. E. I. REMEDIES!

WM. R. WATSON
WOULD DIRECT PUBLIC attention to the annexed original Preparations, which he guarantees to be all that he claims for them, viz. *the best Medicines of the kind ever offered to the public.* Innumerable certificates of the highest authority, might readily be adduced as to the efficacy of each, but the universal celebrity they have attained throughout this Island, where they are manufactured, and consequently best known, renders it unnecessary.

Balsamic Syrup.

An Invaluable Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Chronic Coughs, Influenza, Difficulty of Breathing, and all Diseases of the Lungs, and Pulmonary Complaints.

This Medicine has the extraordinary property of *immediately* relieving Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness in the Throat, &c. It operates by dissolving the congealed phlegm, thereby causing a free expectoration.

Those who are troubled with that unpleasant tickling in the throat, which deprives them of rest night after night, by the incessant cough which it provokes, will, by taking one dose, find immediate relief; and one bottle will, in most cases, affect a cure.

Where a gentle aperient is required, take an occasional dose or two of "Watson's Dyspepsia Bitters." They operate without producing these unpleasant and often distressing effects which frequently continue for a day or two after taking powerful medicine.

Dyspepsia Bitters.

An Invaluable Remedy for Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Jaundice, Billious Complaints, Bad Breath, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Acid Stomach and Diarrhœa, and all Diseases having their origin in Costiveness or Bad Digestion.

These Bitters will be found beneficial in the first stages of Diarrhœa or Dysentery, by taking half a teaspoonful at bed-time, but when it fails, "Watson's Diarrœa Mixture" will be found a perfect remedy.

Dysentery & Diarrhœa Mixture.

Is a Safe, Speedy and Effectual Remedy for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholic, and Disorders of the Bowels generally, in adults and children; and if promptly applied in cases of Cholera would be productive of the happiest results, as it quickly relieves Acute Pain, dispels Flatulence, subdues Purging, and comforts and invigorates the whole system.

Charlottetown, Jan. 20, 1853. 1y

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED
GERMAN BITTERS
PREPARED BY
Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Phil., Pa.,
WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE
Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia,

Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach,

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness, or Blood to the Head, acidity on the Stomach, Nausea, heartburn, disgust for food, Fulness or weight in the stomach, sour Eructations, swimming of the head, hurried and difficult Breathing, fluttering at the heart, choking or suffocating sensation when in a lying posture, dimness of Vision, Dots of Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration Yellowness of the Skin, and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burnings in the Flesh, Continual Imaginings of Evil, and Constant Depression of Spirits.

The proprietor, in calling the attention of the public to this preparation, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended.

It is no new and untried article, but one that has stood the test of a ten years' trial before the American people, and its reputation and sale is unrivalled by any similar preparations extant. The testimony in its favor, given by the most prominent and well-known physicians and individuals in all parts of the country is immense; and a careful perusal of the Almanack, published annually by the proprietor, and to be had gratis of any of his Agents, cannot but satisfy the most sceptical that this remedy is really deserving the great celebrity it has obtained.

Principal Office, and Manufactory, No. 96, Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want to get rid of Nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?

If you do, use Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and store-keepers throughout the United States, Canadas, West Indies and South America, at 75 cents per bottle

T. DESBRISAY & CO., Agents,
No. 5, 1857. Charlottetown, P. E. I.

LOCKS AND BOLTS.
Door LOCKS of various sizes, from 9d. up to 15s. each
BOLTS round and flat, from 3 inches to 2 feet long, for sale at
GEO. T. HASZARD'S,
Queen Square.

Ayer's Pills

Are particularly adapted to derangements of the digestive apparatus, and diseases arising from impurity of the blood. A large part of all the complaints that afflict mankind originate in one of these, and consequently these Pills are found to cure many varieties of disease.

Subjoined are the statements from some eminent physicians, of their effects in their practice.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, of New Orleans.

"Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease."

For Jaundice and all Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

"Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people."

Dyspepsia — Indigestion.

From Dr. Henry J. Knox, of St. Louis.

"The Pills you were kind enough to send me have been all used in my practice, and have satisfied me that they are truly an extraordinary medicine. So peculiarly are they adapted to the diseases of the human system, that they seem to work upon them alone. I have cured some cases of *dyspepsia* and *indigestion* with them, which had resisted the other remedies we commonly use. Indeed I have experimentally found them to be effectual in almost all the complaints for which you recommend them."

Dysentery — Diarrhœa — Relax.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

"Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses, for *bilious dysentery* and *diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children."

Internal Obstruction—Worms—Suppression.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, who practices as a Physician and Midwife in Boston.

"I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promoters of the natural secretion, when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients."

Constipation — Costiveness.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

"Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease."

Impurities of the Blood — Scrofula — Erysipelas — Salt Rheum — Tetter — Tumors — Rheumatism — Gout — Neuralgia.

From Dr. Ezekiel Hall, Philadelphia.

"You were right, Doctor, in saying that your Pills *purify the blood*. They do that. I have used them for years in my practice, and agree with your statements of their efficacy. They stimulate the excretories, and carry off the impurities that stagnate in the blood, on centering them. They stimulate the organs of digestion, and infuse vitality and vigor into the system.

"Such remedies as you prepare are a national benefit, and you deserve great credit for them."

For Headache—Sick Headache—Foul Stomach—Piles—Dropsy—Plethora—Paralysis—Fits—&c.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

"Dear Dr. Ayer: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly."

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the fearful consequences that frequently follow its injudicious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Has long been manufactured by a practical chemist, and every ounce of it under his own eye, with invariable accuracy and care. It is sealed and protected by law from counterfeits, and consequently can be relied on as genuine without adulteration. It supplies the surest remedy the world has ever known for the cure of all pulmonary complaints; for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease. As time makes these facts wider and better known, this medicine has gradually become the best protection of the afflicted, from the log cabin of the American peasant to the palaces of European kings. Throughout his entire country, in every state and city, and indeed almost every hamlet, it contains, Cherry Pectoral is known as the best of all remedies for diseases of the throat and lungs. In many foreign countries it is extensively used by their most intelligent physicians. If there is any dependence on what men of every station certify it has done for them; if we can trust our own senses when we see the dangerous affections of the lungs yield to it, if we can depend on the assurance of intelligent physicians, whose business is to know, in short, if there is any reliance upon anything, then is it irrefutably proved that this medicine, for the class of diseases it is designed for, beyond any and all other remedies known to mankind. Nothing but its intrinsic virtues, and the unmistakable benefit conferred on thousands of sufferers, could originate and maintain the reputation it enjoys. While many inferior remedies have been thrust upon the community, have failed, and been forgotten, this has gained friends by every trial, and its effects on the afflicted they can never forget, and proofs of them are too numerous and remarkable to be forgotten.

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