

## TWAS THE NIGHT BEFORE CHRISTMAS

To-morrow--Christmas!

On the streets and in the shops tired, hurrying, laughing, jostling Christmas crowd, bundle-laden. Old darkies selling holly wreaths and mistletce disputed the curb with ferretfaced, raucous-voiced young men, who jingled the small silver in their pockingled the small silver in their pockets and loudly besought passers by to stop and watch the antics of Jack in the Box and the Tumbling Bear. Alley children with pinched, dirty little hopeful faces, scurrying through the crowd hand in hand, taking a vicarious Christmas joy in the store windows. All the world roundabout seiling, buying, planning, seizing the pleaing, buying, planning, seizing the pleasures of the moment, enjoying in prospect those of the morrow. High carnival in honor of Father Christmas, with pelting snowflakes for confetti.

Christmas—yet not Christmas. For the spirit of the feast is peace, and never since the angels sang their in-spired message to the shepherds at Belbishem had war so racked the

"Men of good will" who this day a "Men of good will" who this day a year ago had come home gift-laden to cheerful firesides and happy children lay to-day huddled under a frozen blanket of earth, with the winter's snows for coverlet. Over half the fields of Europe their homes stood like snagged teeth, a bit of broken wall and a cold chimney. Wives and childand a gold chimney. Wives and child-ren were departed. No good St. Noel would fill the little sheef this year with toys and sweetmeats. War had frightened the jolly old saint away, and the little shoes were in tatters from endless miles of wayfaring.

In the big, hurrying city of the new world where Jason Blake had made his fortune the war, thank God, was little more than a many-reeled, melodramatic motion picture, showing morning and night on the printed pages of the newspapers. It thrilled and interested its huge audience twice a day. Sometimes it drew tears from the eyes of the many, and money from the pockets of the few. Moneyed men, like Jason Blake, had damned the war whole-heartedly at first, but had taken to smiling contentedly instead as foreign exchange got back to a working basis and foreign orders for shoes and blankets and automobiles, for grain and beef and army mules began a golden song over the Atlan-

Jason Blake was secretly proud of his reputation as "a hard man." A newspaper paragrapher had lately described him as a "commercial dreadoing to some of his "The dreadnaught, however," he had observed with a pleased pom-"is sometimes vulnerable The best of us have our weak side. Now, I think mine must be my fondness for children. I could never be harsh to my child."

admirable weakness,"

used the banker very badly, indeed. He would not have minded being either a widower or a divorcee. But he hated being a man whose wife had run off-not to be with another, but to be away from himself. However, he was indulgent to little Dorothy, with her spun-gold hair with its trick of curling in little tendrils about her temples, just as her mother's had done, and her mother's imperious, romantic, knight-errant temperament

The banker was spending his after-noon in his office downtown over a report on some timber properties The report pleased him, as he raised his eyes from the typewritten pages to the window. It was snowing hard, which he thought was quite the proper thing for the day before his fur-lined coat and electrically-heated limousine. He would be very comfortable at the club this evening It was one of his idiosyneracies that

he never spent. Caristmas eve at home, It was on a Christmas eve cight years ago, that his wife had left his scene. She had told him that he had seen an unpleasant scene. She had told him that he had a worse her for a heart and that he had a worse her for a heart and that he had a more her for a heart and that he had then held him very tight. a money bag for a heart and that the money in it was counterfeit. He sign-ed to think of it. Poor man! His only offence was that he was ten years offence than the girl he had married, and a man of affairs. He had given everything that a rightly-organ-woman's heart should cravewels without stint, dresses beyond French maids and motors, a cottage at a modish water-ing place, a town house that was the of their fashionable neighbors. And yet she had gone. The fact that he had given her so little of his so-slety and less of his love was, he

felt, only incidental. He had married

felt, only incidental. He had married late in life and money, though perhaps it will not cover a multitude of sins, like charity, should at least cloak a few peccadilos.

Their second baby had been born a month after she had left his house. It was characteristic of the man that he had never seen its face. He had not even inquired whether it was a boy or a girl. And perhaps it was characteristic of his wife's steadfast pride that she had sent him no mesting the stead of pride that she had sent him no mes-sage. He had heard of the event quite casually, and had commissioned his lawyers to interview her for him. She sent back word that she could take care of herself and the baby very well. That closed the incident, Jason Blake sometimes wondered how she managed, as she had no money of her own. She had put on her oldest clothes when she left, and had left the jewels he had given her. Well, he had been willing enough to support her. He would never run after her with money. It was a sop to his vanity to reflect that women who are about to become mostrange things. mothers sometimes vio

It was growing dark in his private office. Time for the club, a cocktall and dinner. A solitary clerk was hove ering about the outer office, anxious to get home to the real work of the day, triming the Christmas tree. Blake never liked employees who watched the clock. "You seem very anxious to be gone, sir," he said coldly to the

"You got a little Christmas tree to trim at home, sir," explained the clerk, "You know it's Christmas eve, sir," The clerk wasn't very sure whether big men like Jason Blake

ever gave a thought to very small events like Christmas.

Stran. to say, Blake smiled. "Good night to you, Waters, and a merry Christmas." The clerk stared. Jason Blake had regained his good humor. He was mentally comparing the poor devil's lopsided dollar tree with the magnificent affair that half a dezen carpenters and decorators and elec tricians were at that moment installing in the drawing room of the Blake

maneleh.
Dorothy Blake sfill believed in
Santa Claus. She loved him as she
would a doting, but somewhat stern.
old grandfather. He was alternately a threat and a promise. She couldn't understand, though, why Santa Claus, who was a saint, and therefore had all Heaven to draw upon for beautiful playthings, so often overlooked poor girls and boys. Maybe the anr paragrapher had lately de-im as a "commercial dread-Blake had shown the clip-Blake had shown the clip-Santa had only left-overs for the rest of the world. Then, of course, the rich children would have to come

first. Dorothy was sitting alone, curled up in a big leather chair in front of the fire in her father's library, at the pre cise moment Jason Blake handed his beautiful seal-lined overcoat to the hat boy at the Cosmos Club. Old Mrs was what he wanted to hear.

Blake was the more complacent over this "admirable weakness" because his 10-year-old daughter. Derothy, was the image of her mother, who had

Dorothy had been tures" in the smouldering logs. had summoned out of ner childish fancy and heart's desire a gentle fancy and heart's mother face in the glowing heart of the embers, and the image of a play-mate, a little brother she thought it must be. A brother would be de lightful, even better than Brownie. Sne had Brownie beside her now, tucked warmly under her arm. her playfellow since Bear, Bear, her makes ago. He was the do He was the dearest played with him, scolded him, loved

"Brownie," sne said to him, in her solemn childish voice, "you're only a Lecay Bear, so I don't spose you can see my mamma and little brother He liked show. It never the like in the fire in the fire. I do wish they dereath and truly come to live with us." inconvenienced him. The chill had she need him up in the hirelight and the wet helped him be thankful for looked at his whitesical, fuzzy little lace. "Why, Brownie, I do beheve you're crying. There, now, don't be a jealous old Teddy Bear! You're mother's own little jet. I'd love you

She heard the knob turn and the big mahogany door swung on its hin-ges. Some one walked over to the big library table. There was a rustling and a discreet retiring step. She pecped and saw the solemn back of the butler vanishing over the threshold.

Wake up. Brownie," she command-"It's the evening papers. Come let's you and I read them.' the one with the most pictures on the hearth rug. Newspapers were a forbidden diversion, to be pilfered and puzzled over when opportunity offer d.
"Oh, Brownie, here's all about the

poor Belgium little boys and girls— let's read it." Dorothy and Brownie were old acquaintances of a place callwere old acquaintances of a place call-ed "Trenches," where all the fighting seem to occur day after day, and of that strange piece of field equipment known as "Heavy Casualties." She wondered why it always was so heavy, and if the poor soldiers grew very tired of carrying it with them, like the sack of wicked deeds in Pilgrim's Pro-

She read Brownie the story of the "Little Belgium boys and girls..." It seemed that the American children had sent them a shipload of toys for Christmas. "You see, Brownie," she explained. "Santa was afraid he might get shot if he went to Belgium, and they he could never come back to and then he could never come back to the other little boys and girls. So he told the American children to send all their old toys on a ship, and he would bring them new ones."

She wished she had sent something on the ship.

on the ship. She was very sorry for the little children whose fathers had the little children whose fathers had gone to war. "I know what we'll do," she whispered, excitedly, in the Teddy Bear's ear, "you and I'll send our presents right now. We won't bother about any old ship. We'll just go out ourselves and keep right on walking till we meet some little Belgium children." Her geography was a little Her geography was a little

She had made up her mind what her gift would be. For a brief unhappy moment she feared that she ought to sacrifice Brownie because he was her favorite, and a gift cought to he the favorite, and a gift ought to be the best one can afford. But he was too worn and tattered to be held desirable by anyone but hereals. by anyone but herself. So she chose her new bisque doll. It came next to Brownle in her love.

It took but a moment to get the toy from the nursery, dressed in its winter finery. She slipped on her own little fur coat and hat to match, and tugged at her rubber overshoes Brownie she tucked under her coat to keep him warm. With the doll in her arm she tip-toed down the polished hardwood staircase. The hall was empty. One moment her small hand empty. One moment her small hand was on the knob of the front door; the next, she was out in the storm.

Dorothy had as little knowledge as Brownie of the intricacies of the city's streets. She only knew that she must walk straight ahead. She would be bound to find the "Belgium child-The city was so big that the must be comewhere.

The snow was blown by a blustery wind. The streets were crowded, and a little girl like Dorothy would be simply swallowed up in the vortex of hurrying clerks and shoppers. She walked ahead boldly, turning corners when it seemed good to do so, getting more hopelessly lost every minute. She never thought of that. She saw only one issue at a time. At present it was her task to find the "little Belgium children.'

Once she thought it might be well to ask the traffic policeman at a street corner. "Have you seen any little Bel-gium children?" she demanded. "A Merry Christmas to you, little miss, said he, "but don't be plaguin' a body with simple questions like that. Yo'd better run home before you catch your death of cold."

Not ver, satisfactory, that. So she kept straight ahead. Not a square far-ther her persistence had its reward. She was off the business streets and in a neighborhood somewhat down at the She saw a little lad in a worn reefer and old woollen cap industri-ously trying to brush the snow off the broken steps of one of the houses. The door stood half open behind him. A gas jet without a globe disclosed broken plaster and ragged wall paper, and a long, bare flight of steps back in the shadow. It was so different from anything Dorothy had ever seen that she judged she had reached the goal of her quest. Also she was getting a bit tired. So she went bodly up to him.

"Little boy," she inquired, "are you a Belgium?" The little boy stopped he asked.

"It's nice to get Christmas pres-nts," she replied, "and the little Belgium boys are all going to But their fathers have to be

"My father is dead," said the boy "and I want a Christmas present. So I guess I must be a Belgium."

"All right," agreed Dorothy. "Then I'll give you this lovely doll." She showed it proudly. The boy's face fell. 'i ain't a little girl-what do I want with a doll?" 'Well," said Dorothy, "I guess I'll

have to go look for a little Belgium

mave to go look for a little Belgium girl—I never thought of that."
"Hold on," said the boy. "I've got a mamma, and maybe she'd like to have a doll. She told me Santa Claus wouldn't bring her any present She said he only brought them to little girls-and she she was still a little girl. So maybe she'd like a doll. Come on in and we'll

He led the way up to the second storey. It was only a short flight of steps. The house wasn't as Mg as the garage in the back yard of Dorothy's She asked the boy if anybod; else lived there. "We used to have some boarders," he answered, "but w "We used to have haven't any more. Most of them lost their jobs and couldn't pay mamma anything. So we live all by ourselves Mamma says the landlord going to put us out because we can't

He opened the door of the front room. A pretty women—"she looks just like my dolly grown up," Dorothy little oil stove turned very low. e had a shawi thrown around her loulders to hepl her keep off the chili of the room. One of the window paner been broken and was stuffed with

a balled newspaper.
"Swept already, Brother?" she asked, without look ing up from her work. he answered, "but "No, mother," he answered, "but here's a pretty little girl I brought up to see you. She has a doll for the little Belgium children. I guess I'm because father's dead, and she need to give it to me. But I'm a coy, I told her, and maybe you'd like

## Stiff, Enlarged Joints Limber Up! **Every Trace of Rheumatism Goes!**

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The blessed relief you get from Ner-viline comes mighty quick and you lon't have to wait a month for some sign of improvement.

You see Nerviline is a direct application; it is rubbed right into the sore joint, thoroughly rubbed over the joint, thoroughly rubbed over the twitching muscle that perhaps for years has kept you on the jump. In this way you get to the real source of the trouble. After you have used Nerviline just once you'll say it's mazing, a marvel, a perfect wonder

a bit drawn and tired. The kind of face, Dorothy thought, that she had

face, Dorothy thought, that she had seen in the heart of the embers. "That's kind," said the woman, in a voice as sweet as her face. "But, Brother, you know, I have always told you that we could not take gifts from anyone. And you're not a little Belgian, you know. They're even poorer than we are." than we are.'

than we are."
She looked again at Dorothy. "You sweet little darling," she said softly. "So you wanted to give your best dolle to the Belgians? It was a pretty thought, but the Belgians are far away, over across the broad ocean away, over across the oroad ocean, and they would never get your gift in time for Christmas. Better keep it dear, And how did you get into this neighborhood all by yoursel?"

neighborhood all by yourself?"
Dorothy felt like crying. She had never been so dreadfully disappointed. She rubbed her eyes with her chubby fist. "Brownle and I just walked," she explained. "Here's Brownle—my Teddy Bear. He's the dearest little fellow in the world. You know, I'm never afraid with Brownle."

never afraid with Brownie."
"Do you know where you live?"

asked the mother.

Dorothy looked blank. It hadn't occurred to her before. She had heard of lost children, and the thought that she was lost herself seemed as strange as it was terrifying. But she did not cry. "I live in a great, big house with marble doorsteps and a silver door knob, and a butler and a governess, and Nogi, the cook and Pat, the chauffeur, and Mrs. Kennerd, my nurse—and, and, I don't know what street it's on, but it's a beautiful big street, with lots of houses and autoasked the mother. street, with lots of houses and auto-

mobiles.

mobiles."
"And is your name Dorothy Blake?"
asked, the mother.
"Yes," said \ Dorothy, beginning to
sob, "and I just know poor Mrs. Kennerd will catch it for letting me go
out. I'm a bad, miserable girl, and I
guess Santa won't bring me any-

'You poor little darling," murmured the woman. "Come right here and sit on my knee."

She took the little girl in her arms She took the little girl in her arms and hugged her close. Dorothy nestled under the shawl. The woman with the sweet face was kissing her and crying a little. It was more comfortable than the big, eas ychair at home by the fire, and Dorothy didn't feel a bit afraid. So she fell asleep in the wift way children have. The in the swift way children have. The woman disengaged one hand and, leaning, raised the wick of the oil stove, though kerosene had gone up a cent a quart again, and the can out on the window sill was almost empty. Jason Blake was sipping his high-

ball and smoking an exceedingly good cigar when the page called him to the telephone. He listened a moment, hung up the receiver with a bang, and the control of the contro nung up the receiver with a bang, and bolted out the door without a word to the circle at the wide fireplace. They stared in amazement. He had never left the club so early Christmas eve for years to their certain know-ledge.

As contrasted with these

ledge.
He called a taxicab at the stand down the street, dashed home for a moment, threw the servants into consternation by a rapid tirade of abuse that left him choking and them ashamed, and boited off again; this time in his own automobile, for police station.

The police can set the wheels in motion quickly when the lever is thrown over by a man of wealth and influence. Blake went straight to influence. Blake well settled to the captain of detectives. He described Dorothy minutely. Word for word, the description was dictated over the open wires of every police station in town. More tersely it was spoken by every house sergeant to the men on beats when they "pulled the box" on the hour. By 10 o'clock Christmas eye the town was being combed for the

child. ost child.

Blake smoked cigar after cigar in the captain's room at detective head-quarters. Then came the first flash. district, remembered seeing the child. It was a clew, anyhow. Blake took four of the best headquarters men in his machine and dashed to the Twelfth. He staved there to wait while they got out on the trail, taking wait Mulvihill's crossing as a base and weeping in four directions.

was Mulvihill, who had begun puzzle out what the child leant when she asked about the lum children." who his the gium children." who hit the right trail. He turned down the poores street on his beat, and began to in-quire at shops and houses. A greeer who was keeping open late to catch Christmas trade had seen Dor talking to the how and vanishing house with him. The score

Mulvihill, a mild-mannered man,

ound Dorothy still asleen in the woman's arms, and the oil heater burn-ed nearly out. The boy, still in his reefer to keep warm, was sitting quietly beside the pair. It puzzled and quietly beside the pair. It puzzled and angered the policeman to be told. In the woman's sweet, but very positive voice, that the child belonged to her and shouldn't stir out of the house. The woman looked up and smiled. It will have to tell that to the lieuten-

Just think of it, five times stronger and more penetrating than any other known liniment. Soothing, healing, full of pain-destroying power, and yet it will never burn, blister or destroy the tender skin of even a child.

You've never yet tried anything half

so good as Nerviline for any sort of pain. It does cure rheumatism, but that's not all. Just test it out for that's not all. Just test it out for lame back or lumbago. Gee, what a right fire cure it is for a bad cold, for chest tightness even for neuralgia headache it is simply the firest ever. For the home, for the hundred and one little ailments that constantly ar-

ise, whether earache, toothache, stiff neck, or some other muscular pain — Nerviline will always make you glad you've used it, and because it will cure you, keep handy on the shelf a 50c family size bottle; it keeps the doctor's bill small; trial size, 25c; all dealers, or the Catarrhozone Co. Kingston, Canada.

They went to the station house in a xicab to save time.
"I'll take the child, ma'am," he sug "so's not to wake her.

gested, so's not to wake ner." She had fallen asleep again. Brownie clutched tight under her arm.
"You'll not," said the woman. "A mother's always strong enough to carry her own baby."

Jason Blake confronted her at the

lieutenant's desk. Her head was bent close to the little rose face under its fur-trimmed bonnet. He put his hand

on her arm roughly.

"Give me my child," he commanded.
The woman looked up. "Hush," she
said simply, "you'll wake her. You
know she's my child, too, Jason."

"Dorothy!" he exclaimed. He whipped off his seal-lined overcoat and
flung it around the woman's thin overcoat and woman's thin it around the woman's thin ders. "You should have better

shoulders, "You should have bette sense than to come out like this-you'll catch your death of cold." The woman smiled. "Here is the boy, Jason. He has your eyes. I named him after you."

"Good night, gentlemen," said Jason Blake, "and a Merry Christmas to you." He handed the lieutenant a

tight little package that showed yellow under the electric lights.
"This is Mrs. Blake," he continued, "and we're going home to help trim

the Christmas tree."

As the limousine sprang forward he eaned over and whispered for you. Dorothy my dear. It's been for you, Dorothy my dear. It's been waiting for you all these eight long years.

## Moral Crisis of the War

It would be a singularly unfortunate thing if any European public should mistake the present outbreak should mistake the present outbreak for peace agitation in the United States for the real opinion of this country. Three separate and utterly dissimilar elements are represented in this present agitation. First, the sincere pacifists, who belong to precisely the same group which in France and Great Britain proved more useful to Cormen plans than Prussian army German plans than Prussian army corps; second, those who, seeking personal or commercial advertisement, have seized upon peace talk and ac-tivity as the cheapest and most ad-vantageous method of advertising personalities otherwise obscure or ware on sale in every market place; thire one sale in every market place; thire the German propagandists, who are eager to use every tool and every agency to assist their fellow countrymen in harvesting the fruits of their great labors and sacrifices. This is the census of the contemporary peace movement in the United States, and it is in no true sense representative

there is a considerable well-defined group of Americans who recognize that the moral crisis in the great world war has now arrived, and the next few months will decide whether the war is to prove one of the greatest landmarks in human history, one of the most beneficial and splendid struggles for liberty and rightous struggles for inerty and right-eousness that has ever taken place, or whether a premature and illusory peace is to perpetuate the evil that the war has disclosed, and leave the new generations to wrestle with the same perils and the same dangers which have for nearly 50 years turned back the wheels of progress and subtracted so much from the development of the world.

The military crisis of the great war came in August and September, 1914; it was met by France almost single handed, and it was met and mastered. On the field of the Marne it was decided that the Prussian world supremacy, attained by one g gantic, terrible, merciless sweep. by a defiance of all the laws of men and of God, was not to be realized. Inferof God, was not to be realized. Interior in rumbers, resources, preparation, the French, by devotion, genius,
sacrifice, rolled back a third barbarian inroad upon the civilized world,
and threw back the Hun and the Arab.
So much France did, with but a
hendful of British and Belgian troops
sendening ralian but slight aid. This

hendful of British and Belgian troops rendering valiant but slight aid. This was the French contribution to the sum total of human happiness and freedom, a contribution no whit inferior of which are even now too little understood by English-speaking nations. This done, there remained to France the strength and the courage to hold the harrier erected against the to hold the barrier erected against the flood, to man the walls which, like those the Romans built in their time against the outer darkness of barbar-ism, were the sole protection of our civilization against a destruction as terrible as that which laid Rome in terrible as that which laid Rome in ruins and carried fire and slaughter over the face of the world that had been civilized.

One day as Stuart gazed at the map he remarked that the towns as they had been assembled looked like some monstrous animal. A few teachers

are slowly beginning to understand the battle of the Marne was to an-other world, threatened by a storm, which burst upon earlier generations of men. But there remains another task. It is still for the organized force es of civilization to restore to the world that was so shaken and injured by the barbarian outbreak of 1914,

and to wring from the savage invad-ers themselves the last semblance of: a reward which they have gathered; solely by their violation of all the rules and laws that represent the sum total of civilization and human Peace now would not mean immedi-

ate Prussian supremacy. The worst of the dangers that threatened us all of the dangers that threatened us an a year ago is banished. But peace now would mean that Germany, the Germany that is expressed by those who now dominate and direct Teutonic fortunes, would take home from this struggle rewards which would be but the incentive to new inroads and fresh efforts to complete the conquest of Europe and the utter destruction of Europe and the utter destruction of the small peoples and the numerically weaker races. It would mean that Prussian rulers would still have some-Prussian rulers would still have something to show their people as the fruits of their leadership and the justification of their command.

A premature peace would be but an interruption to the property of t

interruption to the progress of a campaign and a crusade of Germany against all civilization. It would mean that those who conceived, planded that the process of a campaign and distributed the process of a campaign and a crusade and a campaign and a crusade and a campaign and a crusade and a crusade and a crusade and a campaign and a crusade and a cr ned, directed the present onslaught would have a new opportunity to gather up their strength, profit by their errors extend their preparation. It would mean that the next generation of men would have to go back to the trenches in which the present have lived and died for so many bitter months. It would postpone, but it

would not abolish the peril.

For what the French and British are now fighting is not a nation, it is not a people, it is an idea. It is the idea which carried Napoleon from Madrid to Moscow and led French armies from the Channel to the Holy Land. It is the idea of world domination, of the superior race, of the right of one nation and one race to enslave, subdue, crush other races, merely because t possesses greater numbers and a larger genius for adapting to the of destruction the lessons and discovcries of the modern age.

There is no question of dividing Germany, there is no question of partitioning the provinces whose people are by choice and loyalty Teutonic. No such ambition to-day stands in the way of world peace. Peace is impossible because the Germans, having invaded Belgium, France, Poland, Serbia, claim as the reward of their efforts the right to rule over Frence, Belgian, Serbian and Polish people, claim the right to transform the violence and might people who would be what ancestry and tradition make them into unwilling Germans, that the grandeur and power of the German people may be expanded, and the em-pire of the Hohenzollerns and the vassal Hapsburgs may be the mightiest on the face of the earth.

So long as this German idea remains peace would be an empty sham. Until that day when the German people are willing to renounce the dream of dom ination over alien people and unwill-ing races, there can be no peace and every temporary truce is a danger, not a respite. The time when the German people will renounce this dream has not yet come. So far as it is possible to judge, the rulers of Germany re-main now as faithful to the doctrine of world power as sixteen months ago, of world power as sixteen months asy, when they launched their thunderpolt. As for the people, not yet is it possible to believe that they are willing to make sacrifices which are essential to

an enduring peace.

This, then, is the moral crisis in this tremendous conflict, and in this crisis the gravest responsibility must rest with the British people. The rest with the British people. The French have done their part, and what they have done will remain forever prized by those who love liberty. Much the British have done, but their sac-rifice as compared with the French. is still slight. The great work which is to be done must be done by the nation whose resources are still undiminished, whose numbers have known no such losses as France has suffered in her magnificent campaigns.

For many Americans the chief interest, the real concern, now must be as to what part the British people will choose to play. Peace on terms which will mean little or no immediate sacrifice for the British can be had at any time. But such peace as is now pos-sible will leave France and Belgium, if temporarily evacuated by the Germans, exposed to a new storm a few years hence. It will leave the Serbs still at the mercy of the Austrians and the Poles under the domination of the Prussians, whose rule in Posen has been one of the most brutal examples of race slavery in world history. ew York Tribune.

## THE GERRYMANDER.

Gilbert Stuart's Cartoon Made the Political Trick Notorious.

Gilbert Stuart, who is best remem-pered for his portraits of Washington. was also a cartoonist, and it was lee, according to James Melvin Lee, in Cartoons Magazine, who designed the fa-

toons Magazine, who designed the famous Gerrymander cartoon.
In 1811, writes Mr. Lee, the struzzle between the Democrats and the Federals for the control of Massachusetts was extremely bitter. The Democrats had elected Elbridge Gerry governor and had carried both houses of the legislature. To retain this supremacy they remapped the senatorial districts and divided the power of their political adversaries by paying no attention to county boundaries. In Essex county the relation of the district to the town was most absurd, and a map of the was most absurd, and a map of the county thus laid out hung in the office of the Massachusetts Sentinel.

monstrous animal. A few touches of his pencil added the wings and claws, been civilized.

Such was and remains the French contribution. This Americans day by day are learning to appreciate more fully and admire more generally. What Marathon and Valmy were to the human race, what Poitiers and Chalons were to mankind, Americans the first personal and the christened the creature a salamander. At the suggestion of Editor Russell, the name was changed to Gerrymander. The cartoon thereafter frequently appeared in a "broadside." while the term became one of reproach.