

# TURK ARMY ROUTED BY INFERIOR FORCE

## Four Days' Battle Resulted in Utter Defeat of Moslems by Bulgarians.

### Nazim Pasha, Porte's War Minister, Reported Dead—Allies Plan For Spoils.

Sofia, Nov. 4.—Details thus far of the rout of the immense Turkish army by the Bulgarians show that the Bulgarian forces were numerically far inferior.

The Turkish army is reported to have aggregated 200,000 men. It included the garrison which had retreated from the captured fortress of Kirk-Kilisah, as well as the main body of Turkish troops which had advanced from Constantinople. It comprised practically the whole of the Turkish troops remaining in Europe, apart from the garrisons of Adrianople, Salonika, Monastir, Kania, Scutari and a few other towns.

This great army was under the personal command of Nazim Pasha, Minister of War and commander-in-chief, who was assisted by some of the most able Turkish generals serving in the army at the present moment.

The fight opened with the discovery by the Turks of a number of Bulgarian cavalry scouts. The Turks drew in their outposts, and those were closely followed by lines of Bulgarian skirmishers, who were succeeded by the main Bulgarian army in fighting formation.

The battle, which was destined to last several days and result in the defeat of the Turks, was soon in progress all along the line.

The Bulgarian troops repeatedly delivered fierce attacks, sometimes at one point, sometimes at another, along the Turkish line extending from Lule Burgas to Serai.

The Turkish troops offered a stubborn and desperate resistance, but were unable to withstand the onslaught of the impetuous Bulgarians, and finally they turned and fled in great disorder toward Tchorlu, in the south.

The losses of the Ottoman army are reported to have been enormous in dead, wounded and prisoners, as well as ammunition and other supplies.

The capture of a third Turkish military train near Lule Burgas before the battle was an immense advantage to the Bulgarians, as it furnished them with more facilities for the transport of their troops and supplies to the district where the fighting took place.

negotiations on the subject have yet taken place.

**CUTS TURK'S COMMUNICATIONS.**

Sofia, Nov. 4.—The Bulgarian troops to-day occupied the Turkish town of Demotica, thus completely cutting off the possibility of communication between Adrianople and Constantinople.

**MORE DETAILS.**

Sofia, Nov. 4.—A few more details have reached here of the four days' battle between Adrianople and Constantinople, which resulted in the utter rout of the Turkish army.

General Savoff, Bulgarian commander-in-chief of the Turkish army of 250,000 men, under Nazim Pasha, the War Minister. The battle extended along the line from Lule Burgas eastward to Serai. The Turkish front was over 31 miles long.

The Turkish forces greatly outnumbered the Bulgarians, the latter not exceeding 150,000, many having been investing Adrianople.

The eastern wing of the Turkish army at Viza was able to maintain its ground at first against the Bulgarian troops, but could gain no success, and after three days' fighting, fled. The Bulgarian army vigorously pursued the Turks, who retreated in disorder and panic on Serai and Tchorlu. Yesterday they were driven from this stand. Many guns and large quantities of ammunition have been captured. Aivali, near Lule Burgas, and Maras have been burned. All the Christian inhabitants, according to the Bulgarians, were massacred.

The Bulgarians are in pursuit. This seems to indicate that the lines which the Bulgarians are drawing about Constantinople are being brought materially nearer the capital, with only a disorganized and fear-stricken army between the Bulgars and their goal. The Ottoman losses in killed, wounded and prisoners were enormous. Many guns and flags and large quantities of ammunition and other equipment were captured. Bulgarian advisers received last night stated that the villages of Aivali, near Lule Burgas, and Maras, near Adrianople, were burned by the Turks, and all Christians massacred.

**IS TURKISH LEADER KILLED?**

Budapest, Nov. 4.—The Pester Lloyd reports that Nazim Pasha, the Turkish Minister of War, who was in command at the front, has been killed.

**LONDON HEARS IT.**

London, Nov. 4.—A despatch from Sofia to the Central News says there is a rumor there that Nazim Pasha has been killed.

Sofia reports the capture of Nazim Pasha's headquarters, but makes no mention of the War Minister's death.

## NEW JUSTICES

### Appointments to Ontario Bench Made.

Ottawa despatch: The Cabinet today decided upon a number of important Ontario judicial appointments. Sir William Meredith succeeds the late Sir Charles Moss as Chief Justice of the court of Appeal of Ontario.

Mr. Justice R. M. Meredith of the Court of Appeal goes to the Common Pleas Division as Chief Justice, replacing his brother.

Frank E. Hodgins, K.C., Toronto, is appointed to the extra judgeship created at the last session.

James Leith, K.C., chairman of the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board, goes to the High Court in place of Sir William Meredith, who becomes an Appellate judge.

## MURDERER GIVES DINNER.

Montreal, Nov. 4.—In order to say farewell to three companions in the condemned cells and also to show his utter indifference to the fate that will soon overtake him, Sylvia Yacoff, to die if no reprieve is granted him, on Nov. 15, for the murder of his sister-in-law, this morning gave a party. Yacoff sat at the head of the table and the usual prison fare was supplemented by delicacies bought by the host.

Yacoff delivered his speech, expressing his regret at having seen to leave his friends, and then sang a funny song in Russian, his native language.

## AMATEUR AVIATOR FALLS.

Niagara Falls, N.Y., despatch: Chas. Mills, the first falls man to fly, this afternoon attempted a flight to Lockport in his Curtis type biplane, and near Saratoga had a narrow escape from death, when, in attempting to make a landing there, his machine struck a telegraph pole and dropped about 25 feet to the ground. Mills was badly shaken up, and his machine was so badly damaged that he had to give up the idea of continuing his trip.

## MURDER WITNESS FOUND.

London, Ont., despatch: Michelle Fazzara, the nephew of the Italian of the same name who was murdered at Guelph on Saturday night, was to-day located with a Canadian Pacific construction gang at London, and was taken back to Guelph this forenoon, where it is expected he will give valuable testimony concerning threats alleged to have been made toward Fazzara by Giuseppe Fototelli, who is now under arrest, charged with having fired the fatal shots.

## News Notes

A coal barge sank in the Rideau River, but the crew got off safely.

The Port Dalhousie fog alarm will not be operated any more this season.

The Ontario Railway and Municipal Board decided that North Toronto should be annexed to the city.

Mr. W. E. Roney made startling statements at the hearing in the Toronto Surrogate Court in the Simoff estate.

While eating peppermint candy and chatting with her daughter, Mrs. J. Webster, 205 Hamilton street, Toronto, was seized with a choking spell and died before doctors could reach her.

In the British House of Commons Prime Minister Asquith declined to appoint a committee to enquire into the advisability of instituting a system of national military training.

Poetmaster Hitchcock, of the United States, and Hon. L. P. Pelletier are uniting in a crusade against mail order sharks who are using the mails of both countries for fraudulent purposes.

The London Street Railway Company today announced that the scale of wages for 500 men had been increased, the change coming without solicitation from the men.

## SOLDIERS IN CAB

### Toronto Inquest Reveals Strangers Were in Engine.

Toronto despatch: Within 5 minutes before an adjournment was taken last night in the inquest being conducted by Chief Coroner Arthur Jukes Johnson at the city morgue into the Streetsville Junction collision on Thanksgiving evening, when Pte. John A. Bannatyne lost his life, the fact was brought out that two soldiers were in the engine cab of the troop train at the time of the collision.

Although Acting Crown Attorney Thurston conducted the examination of the witnesses, it remained for Attorney Spencer, representing the C. P. R., to bring this fact out in the testimony of George Spencer, the fireman on the troop train. Spencer was asked if there was anything to distract the attention of either he or the engineer on the trip from Milton to the point of the collision. At first the witness said there was not, but when led on by the solicitor for the C. P. R., he acknowledged that two soldiers had entered the engine cab at Milton just before the train pulled out and begged permission to ride there for at least part of the trip.

One of these men rode on the seat with the engineer, while the other occupied the seat of the fireman, on the opposite side of the engine cab.

George Spencer, the fireman, said the train was a very heavy one, and he was kept busy at the fires during the entire trip from Milton to Streetsville. When he went to the window shortly after the engineer blew the whistle for Streetsville he noticed that the semaphore was set against the troop train and so informed the engineer. The engineer's reply was that he had seen it. He could give no idea as to why the train did not respond to the application of the emergency brakes, which he said the engineer applied, unless it was because the air had been used up in the application of the brakes in the attempt to bring the train to a stop through the ordinary application of the air.

Chief Coroner Johnson adjourned the inquest until next Monday night at 8 o'clock.

## VITAL STATISTICS

### Figures for October Show More Births.

Toronto, Nov. 4.—A large number of births were recorded during the month, as compared with that of the previous month and the corresponding month of 1911. The figures are: 1912, 1911, 1910.

Jan.	1,200	1,150	1,100
Feb.	1,100	1,050	1,000
Mar.	1,300	1,250	1,200
Apr.	1,400	1,350	1,300
May.	1,500	1,450	1,400
June.	1,600	1,550	1,500
July.	1,700	1,650	1,600
Aug.	1,800	1,750	1,700
Sept.	1,900	1,850	1,800
Oct.	2,000	1,950	1,900
Nov.	2,100	2,050	2,000
Dec.	2,200	2,150	2,100

Deaths from contagious diseases are:

Oct.	1912	1911	1910
Scarlet fever	0	2	1
Diphtheria	0	2	1
Measles	0	2	1
Whooping cough	1	2	10
Typhoid	0	1	1
Tuberculosis	19	22	22
Infantile paralysis	1	0	1

## MEXICAN PRISONERS MOVED.

Vera Cruz, Nov. 4.—General Felix Diaz, Colonel Diaz Ordaz, and the other prisoners recently sentenced by court martial, were transferred from the military prison yesterday to San Juan De Ulloa. General Beirion, commander of the Federalists, explained that the latter prison offered more safety in the case of the condemned rebels.

The German cruiser Victoria Luise arrived here yesterday.

## TWO YEARS AND THE LASH.

Windsor despatch: Found guilty of attempting to assault an eight-year-old girl in a vacant house on Sunday, October 13, Arthur Garvey was this morning sentenced by Judge McHugh to two years in the Central Prison, and to receive ten lashes during his imprisonment. This is the second time in the history of the county that a sentence has included the bestiality of the assault.

## BLAMED FOR COLLISION.

London, Nov. 4.—The president of the Admiralty Court gave judgment today in an action arising out of the collision between the Helvetia and the Empress of Britain in the St. Lawrence last July, in which the former was sunk, finding that, while both vessels were to blame, the principal fault lay with the Helvetia, the owners of which must pay seven-tenths of the damage.

## MANY CHANGES BY NEW LAW

### Revised Municipal Act Is Ready For House.

### INVITE CRITICISM

### Civic Authorities Will Get Copies For Discussion.

Toronto despatch: A revised municipal act is one of the promises in store for Ontario at the next session of the Legislature. Perhaps more than a revised act, the Government's bill is almost a new act, designed to be an improvement on the existing statute, simplified, clarified and made workable.

At the last session of the Legislature, Hon. W. J. Hanna, Provincial Secretary, introduced what purported to be a revision of the Municipal Act. The bill was given a first reading, and subsequently withdrawn, so that it might be placed in the hands of county and district court judges, solicitors and municipal officials for criticism and suggestion. The bill is now printed, and will be distributed within a few days. Those receiving a copy will be asked to send any observations they may have to make to Mr. W. B. Wilkinson, Law Clerk of Municipal Bills, so that they may receive consideration by Mr. Hanna before the bill is actually introduced.

The revision represents the work of two years by expert draughtsmen, specially engaged for the purpose, and, following the Minister's instructions, the old act containing about 750 sections, including the numerous amendments since 1903, has been cut down to 538 sections, and at the same time incorporating a number of other acts and parts of acts which should more properly be included.

As the municipal act is practically a text-book to municipal officials, the object of the Government has been to make the procedure as simple and uniform as possible, and as nearly as may be to express the intention of the Legislature in language so that he who runs may read.

Among the many changes, the following more important have been noted: To remove doubt in matters relating to annexation of territory as to what constituted a ratepayer the word "elector" is used throughout.

The occupant of land under an agreement of sale with the owner is deemed to be the owner, and the unpaid purchase money is to be deemed a mortgage.

Wherever power to acquire land for the purpose of the corporation is given, the power to expropriate is to be included.

Municipalities in districts are to be placed in the same position as municipalities in counties, except as to the amount of property qualification required. This gives widows and spinners possessing the necessary property qualifications in a township in any of the districts the right to vote at municipal elections and on local option bylaws, etc. At present only males have the right to vote in municipalities formed in unorganized territory.

## PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

### Big Figures in Dominion's Annual Statement.

Ottawa, Nov. 4.—The public accounts for the fiscal year of 1911-12 have been printed and made public. They show that the receipts on account of consolidated fund for the year amounted to \$136,108,217.30, and the expenditure on consolidated fund account was \$98,161,440.77, leaving a surplus of \$37,946,776.59. The total disbursements were \$137,104,082.20, made up as follows:

Consolidated fund	\$98,161,440.77
National expenditure	30,939,575.95
Railway subsidies	859,400.25
Other charges	7,181,665.23
Totals	\$137,104,082.20

The capital account expenditure comprised the following sums:

Intercolonial Railway	\$15,710,448.56
P. E. I. Railway	128,041.91
National Transcontinental Railway	21,110,352.05
Hudson Bay Ry.	159,430.00
Quebec Bridge	1,153,778.27
Canals	2,560,938.11
Public works	4,116,385.05
Total	\$30,939,575.95

Bonities cost \$538,530.83, distributed as follows:

Iron and steel	\$108,750.17
Lead	179,288.19
Binder twine	30,556.78
Crude petroleum	141,937.50
Totals	\$538,530.83

The Grand Trunk Pacific received \$4,994,416.60, in accordance with the "impaired clause" in the Grand Trunk Pacific agreement of 1904.

The railway bonds guaranteed by the Government amounted to \$18,886,969.17. The net debt was decreased during the year by \$122,591.32, and stood on March 31, 1912, at \$339,919,460.71.

## PLOTTED IN PRISON

### Claim Against McNamara in Dynamite Case.

### Peculiar Story Regarding Hockin's Alleged Plans.

Indianapolis, Nov. 4.—That J. J. McNamara since he has been confined in San Quentin prison in California, has been plotting to "get" William J. Burns and Walter Drew, of the National Erectors' Association, was the substance of testimony given this afternoon by Edward J. Brennan, a Government agent, at the "dynamite conspiracy" trial. Brennan testified Hockin stated he (Hockin) had visited McNamara in San Quentin this year and that McNamara had said: "I would like to see them 'get' Burns and Drew."

When Hockin was going to the station to return to Indianapolis, Brennan testified McNamara had said: "I would like to see them 'get' Burns and Drew."

When Hockin returned to Indianapolis, Brennan testified McNamara had said: "I would like to see them 'get' Burns and Drew."

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## WANT NEW RULES

### Breeders Wish Changes in Impotment Laws.

Ottawa despatch: A delegation consisting of Messrs. Miller, Garneau, Brethour, Gardhouse and Smith, comprising the National Live Stock Breeders' Committee, waited upon Hon. Mr. Barrill, Minister of Agriculture, to recommend certain changes in the Canadian customs regulations by which animals are admitted free of duty.

The present regulations, the delegation pointed out, allowed a person domiciled in Canada or a British subject, the duty-free privilege. As a consequence, it was contended, many United States firms interested only in the trafficking of stock "domiciled" an agent in Canada, who was able to bring in live stock, which in some cases were not considered to be the best breed for the improvement of the stock. The new regulation proposed would accord the duty-free privilege only to a "British subject resident in Canada."

## THE IRISH SENATE

### British Commons Agrees on Elective Body.

London, Nov. 4.—The Government offered its amendment to the Home Rule Bill providing for election of members for the Irish Senate according to proportional representation schemes in the House of Commons tonight. The members of the first Senate are to be appointed by the Government. Introducing the amendment, Augustine Birrell, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, indicated that it was intended as an additional safeguard against the objections of the Unionists. The debate on the amendment then began.

Ramsay MacDonald, the Socialist and Labor leader, astonished the House by asserting that though he was utterly opposed to proportional representation, he was prepared to allow the experiment to be tried on the Irish Senate because Ireland, he said, "represented a low form of social organization."

Bonar Law, the Opposition leader, opposed the amendment on the ground that it was utterly valueless as a safeguard.

John Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, gave the amendment a lukewarm support. He said he preferred a nominated Senate, but as long as the nomination idea was to be maintained for the first critical five years he would support it.

The amendment was carried by a vote of 208 to 209.

## CHILD DIES IN FIRE

### Mother Badly Burned in Attempted Rescue.

Owen Sound despatch: Mrs. Charles Tebbitt, of Bellefleur, near Port Hope, was critically injured in an attempt to save her child from a burning house. She was removed to the Hospital here at once and since yesterday has lain in a precarious condition. Mrs. Tebbitt left her two-month-old child in a cradle in the kitchen when she went out to the barn. It had also been there originally and when she came out of the barn she saw flames issuing from the kitchen. She rushed in in a desperate attempt to get her child, but her efforts were futile, and she was severely burned about the face and neck and body. The house burned down and the remains of the child were recovered yesterday. Mrs. Tebbitt's recovery is doubtful.

## CHOICE GERMAN FOOD.

Halle, Germany, Nov. 4.—Scores of stray dogs were found and taken to the meat sold to the public in the city market. There was a race to obtain the "meat" and "meat" as it was were a great deluge.

The city authorities ordered the destruction of the animals, which had been captured for the past month. It is planned to combat the meat famine with domestic animals, and the pastor of the city may next see a "meat" dog.

## ITALY BARS WOMEN LAWYERS.

Rome, Nov. 4.—The Court of Appeals today confirmed the decisions of the lower courts to the effect that women cannot practice law. The case was brought by Miss Labriola, a Socialist, who was the first woman lawyer in Italy, and who has already pleaded with success in the courts.