18th the seas round the British Isles will be a "war zone."

- Feb. 4-8.—Germans pushed back on the Rawka river.
- Feb. 6.—The *Lusitania* enters Liverpool after flying the American flag while crossing the Irish Sea.
- Feb. 9.—After repeated attacks, the heights of Les Eparges remain in French possession. Arrival of the Wilhelmina at Falmouth with cargo of food for Germany.
- Feb. 10.—United States Government protests against use of neutral flags by English ships, and warns Germany as to consequences of attacks on American ships in the submarine "war zone."
- Feb. 11.—Cargo of the Wilhelmina held for disposal by a British prize court.
- Feb. 12.—Russian defeat at the Mazurin Lakes.
- Feb. 13.—Great British air raid from Dunkirk on Ostend, Zeebrugge, and other Belgian coast towns.
- Feb. 15.—Germany refuses to yield on her "war zone" decree, which, however, may be cancelled if foodstuffs are permitted to reach Germany.
- Feb. 18.—The Bukovina abandoned by Russian forces.

 German "blockade" of the British Isles
 begins.
- Feb. 19.—Great Britain announces that the practice of using neutral flags will only be employed to avoid capture. Allied bombardment of forts at entrance to the Dardanelles.
- Feb. 21,-Air raid on Essex.
- Feb. 24.—Przasnysz captured by the Germans.
- Feb. 25.—Forts at entrance to the Dardanelles reduced. Sinking of the auxiliary cruiser Clan MacNaughton announced.
- Feb. 26.—Heavy fighting near Beauséjour, in Cham-