MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

LANDLORDS AND LADIES
Who want Boarders should Advertise for them in the Gazette. It costs only
50 CENTS A WEEK.

The Evening Gazette is Growing in Circulation more rapidly than any daily paper East of Montreal.

The Evening Gazette.

The Evening Gazette is the Largest daily paper in the Maritime Provinces.

A NEW STORY,
The Master of Ballantrae,
By ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON, Author of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde.

VOL. III.---WHOLE NO. 518. ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, JANUARY 6, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS

Is offering rare inducements until further notice far outdoing all previous advertisements. Grey Flannels for Men and Boys Shirts, 13 cents a yard; Swansdown, fine heavy make 8c., 9c., 10c.; Tapestry Carpets from 65 cents a yard down to 40 cents; 100 Doz. Towels, 42 inch at 9 cents, 10 cents, 12 cents and 25 cents. There are also big bargains in Tweed for Men and Boys wear as low as 26 cents a yard. In Red Flannels there are a great fall. Linen crashes down to 8 cents a yard. Men and Boys Shirts and Drawers down to 40 cents on the Dollar. Linen Handkerchiefs 4 cents each. FINE GOODS.—Men's White and Colored Shirts down to 40 cents each; a Job Lot of Men's Braces 40 inch long, Brass Buckles and ends, 25 cents a pair, original price 45 cents.

J. W. MONTGOMERY,
9 KING STREET.

NOBODY'S trade can be retained unless honest treatment is accorded the buyer. Competition is so strong that customers are posted on goods and values and any attempt to make you pay a dollar for what is only worth eighty cents you would promptly resent. The qualities and styles of goods are so numerous that you should see and feel what you are buying, and with that end in view we say, "Come to us and if the goods you buy are not in every way satisfactory bring them back and get your money." Does that look as if we wanted you to pay a dollar for what is only worth eighty cents? How any merchant can make a fairer offer we are unable to understand. We are enlarging our trade and we want your

BUSINESS.

HUNTER, HAMILTON & McKAY,
97 KING STREET.

GLASS AND PUTTY.
McCAW, STEVENSON & ORR'S
PATENT 'GLAZIER" DECORATION,
A Perfect Substitute for Stained Glass.
New Designs in Window Shades and Wall Papers.
F. E. HOLMAN, - - 48 King Street.

Look out for announcement in reference to our opening of
Linens, Cottons and Hamburgs.
A Superb Stock to select from.
DANIEL & ROBERTSON,
LONDON HOUSE RETAIL,
Cor. Charlotte and Union Streets.

THE VERDICT.
If you want Wool Fascinators, Clouds, Squares, Vests with or without sleeves, Children's Jackets, Wool Shoes, Mitts, &c., we are showing a pretty lot, which we are selling at the lowest living profit.
KEDEY & CO.,
213 UNION STREET,
P. S.—When you call don't forget to ask to see our 25 cent Black Wool Hose.
K. & Co.

SHARP'S
Favorably known for upwards of forty years it has become a household name No family should be without it. It is simple and very effectual. In cases of Croup and Whooping Cough it is marvelous what has been accomplished by it.
BALSAM
In its use the sufferer finds instant relief. How anxiously the mother watches over the child when suffering from these dreadful diseases, and would not she give anything if only the dear little one could be relieved- Be advised of
HOREHOUND
and keep constantly on hand in a convenient place a bottle of this Balsam. If you cannot get it of your dealer, send direct to us, in stamps or currency, 30 cents,
ANISE SEED.
with your address, and we will forward, carriage prepaid, one bottle of this wonderful remedy, so that you may try it and be convinced.
SHARP'S BALSAM MANUFACTURING CO.,
CONNOR & DINSMORE, Proprietors,
Saint John, N. B.
T. B. BARKER & SONS, Wholesale Agents.

BOUDOIR CALENDAR.
An exquisitely dainty daily remembrancer, with quotations specially suited for ladies; decorated in turquoise blue, gold, and bronze, and bearing delicate sprays of blush rose. This calendar displays the numerals in red. It is ornamented back and front to correspond, and is suspended by gold cord. Price 50 cents.
FOR SALE BY
J. & A. McMILLAN,
98 and 100 Prince William St., St. John, N. B.

The New Crockery Store,
94 KING STREET,
NOW SHOWING FULL LINES OF
FANCY CHINA,
FRUIT SETS AND DISHES,
IN THE LATEST PATTERNS.
CHARLES MASTERS.

SECOND EDITION.

SUICIDE A FAILURE.

ACONITE AND A RAZOR FAIL TO KILL.

Dr. Kniffin Says He Was Discouraged at the Strong Public Feeling Against Him.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

TRENTON, N. Y, Jan. 6.—Dr. Kniffin, the husband of the woman found smothered to death on Friday morning took an ounce of aconite and gashed his wrists and throat with a razor, at his home, early this morning. The juglar vein was not reached, The cut in his throat is four inches long, but the wounds in the wrists are not at all serious.

Owing to the largeness of the dose of aconite it acted as an emetic and Dr. Kniffin is now out of danger.

He says he tried to kill himself because he was discouraged at the strong tide of public feeling against him.

STORY OF AN EYE WITNESS.

How the Revolution in Brazil Was Inaugurated—The People Apathetic.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—The Strabo arrived here from Santos and Rio Janeiro today. The vessel entered the port of Rio Janeiro on November 17, when she met the Alagoas going out with the departing Emperor, Dom Pedro, on board. Captain Matthewson says that the first thing which aroused his suspicions about the trouble in Brazil was the fact that the Alagoas did not fly the old flag. The Brazillian vessel Amazon, which was lying in the harbor, still kept under the old flag, but one day 20 soldiers boarded her and hauled it down. The captain hoisted it again, but, under threats of being shot by the soldiers, lowered it for the second time. Capt. Matthewson heard that two cadets on board the Amazon had committed suicide through grief for the fallen Emperor. He also says that a number of sailors from loyal war ships who went ashore under the imperial flag were fired upon by the soldiery, but no one was hurt. Capt. Matthewson saw officers in the street telling people that any one discovered plundering would be shot. To impress this argument policemen carried Winchester rifles. The national flag has been changed three times since the revolution. The latest design is a globe filled with stars, each one of which represents a province of the republic.

Capt. Matthewson says the people are unaccountably apathetic. If a citizen can be induced to express an opinion he admit his lack of faith in the stability of the provisional junta, but will hold up his hands in horror at the idea of doing anything himself to alter the situation. Everybody is waiting for some one else to do something. Probably the initiative in the movement to establish a legitimate government will be taken in some province, and the revolt will then become general. Then it will be found that the present government has absolutely nothing behind it. The genuine Republicans secretly look to Silvera Martins as the head of their party. The first act of the provisional government was to clap this able and patriotic man into prison, and it is feared he will die there. The only other man who would be universally recognized as leader in the Republican movement is Baron Lodario, who though minister of marine under the empire is embued with republican ideas. He is not the kind of Republican that Fonseca and Barbosa are but believes in legitimate methods and he was wounded in trying to check the recent rebellion. The provisional government manufactures cablegrams purporting to show that all the nations in the world and all the great bankers have recognized the junta. By posting and circulating these, and keeping strict censorship over the cables, it keeps the people misinformed as to the real situation.

When Capt. Matthewson was at Santos a smuggling case came up in the British consul's office. There were no courts in session, and the collector of the port ordered the American code of laws to be used in settling the case. The British consul agreed, and the matter was satisfactorily adjusted. The courts are in a badly demoralized condition.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Jan 6.

	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Closing
WHEAT.				
Jan	78	78	77¾	77¾
Feb	78¾	78¾	78¼	78¼
May	82¾	83	82¼	82½
PORK.				
Jan	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20
Feb	9.30	9.30	9.30	9.30
May	9.65	9.67	9.62	9.67
OIL.				
	105¼	103¼	103	103

LOCAL MATTERS.

For additional Local News see Last Page.

CHARTERED.—Bk. Emil Strang, St. John to Newport, Cardiff or Swansea, at 55s. Bk. Herbert, St. John to same ports, at 53s, 9d. Bgtn. Peeress, Savannah to Santa Fe, at $24. Bk. Maud Scammell, Rodonda to Booth Bay, Me., phosphate rock, $3.25 per ton.

THE BODY RECOVERED.—The body of James Magee was taken out of the well at Lancaster this afternoon about 3 o'clock. It was recovered at a depth of 47 or 48 feet after being thirteen days under ground. An inquest is now being held by Coroner Robinson.

The Equity Court.

In the Equity Court this morning, before His Honor Judge Palmer, the Anning Estate Case was set down, by consent, for trial on the 28th April next. A large array of counsel, interested in the matter, was present.

E. McLeod, Q. C., who appears for the plaintiff; C. N. Skinner, Q. C., who appears for all the trustees and Mrs. Macpherson; C. A. Palmer, who appears for Benjamin W. Anning and the committee of George Albert Anning; R. C. Skinner, who appears for the trustees of the Public Library. E. T. C. Knowles for John Hopkins; John Kerr and Dr. Barker, Q. C., for the firemen; Dr. Alward for the Protestant Orphan Asylum and R. O. Stockton for the Y. M. C. A., the W. C. T. U. and the S. P. C. A.

An application for an injunction to restrain the sale of certain property in Westmorland county was made by Allen O. Earle, Esq., counsel on behalf of Messrs. Smith and Kaye, solicitors in the case of Angus P. LeBlanc vs Wm. J. Robertson. The plaintiff claims a prior bill of sale.

His Honor granted an interim order to stop the sale until the matter is heard by the court.

Methodist Ministers Meeting.

The usual meeting of the Methodist ministers was held at Centenary church this morning. There were present Revs. H. Daniel, H. Pope, E. Evans, R. Wilson, F. H. W. Pickles, T. Marshall, T. L. Williams, W. Lawson and H. S. Hartley.

This being the first meeting of the new year a special prayer meeting, conducted by Rev. E. Evans, was held. The watch night services were more largely attended than usual. The Covenant services were also largely attended. A reception and baptismal service was held last night.

At Carmarthen street church, Rev. T. L. Williams, assisted by Rev. J. F. Estey in the opening of a new church at Paterson Settlement, Welsford, circuit. He reported large congregation, services and collections, and good progress in church work in that circuit. All ordinary services of the Methodist churches are given up during the week of prayer. The first of the series of Saturday night concerts at Carmarthen street church was very successful.

Life in Japan.

In Japan women have always held a higher position than in other Asiatic countries. They go about freely wherever they please, and the seclusion of the Chinese is wholly unknown to them. The schools receive as many girls as boys, and as a result of my observations I can safely say, without idle compliment, that the former are brighter than the latter.

By degrees, and under these favorable conditions for general observation, some of the causes of the people's happy spirit of independence began to be revealed to me. The simplicity of their lives, in which enters no selfish rivalry to outdo one another, accounts in a large measure for this enviable result. Regarding one another very much as belonging to one family, their mode of life is more or less on the same plane, and consequently a spirit of great harmony prevails. A very small income is sufficient to supply the ordinary necessities of life, and everything else is secured with but little effort. Household effects are few and inexpensive, and should everything be destroyed by fire or loss in any way, it is not an irreparable calamity. All can be replaced at a small outlay, and life go on as before.

The tenant, upon renting a house, is put to little expense to furnish it; indeed, he requires absolutely no furniture at all. The clean, finely woven mats which cover the floor serve as table, chair and bed; and as it is the universal custom to remove the shoes before entering a house there is no danger of one's bringing with him the dirt from the streets.

His bedding consists of cotton quilts, which are spread out on the floor at night, rolled together in the morning and stored away in a closet during the day. A few pictures and specimens of beautiful script decorate the walls, a few vases contain sprays of flowers, and a number of cushions on the floor complete the furnishing of the room. Yet it does not seem empty or cheerless, for the general arrangement of harmonious colors, the different woods employed in its visible construction and the beauty of the finished workmanship make a most harmonious and pleasing combination."—Wones in Century.

Killed by His Victim.

Those of us who have seen a toad "take in" a bumblebee or a wasp can testify that predatory creatures sometimes make mistakes in judgment when they choose their victims. A southern exchange gives us another lively and more tragic illustration of the same fact.

A fishing party came to Mount Vernon, Va., from the capital recently, and after viewing the Washington estate and securing a fragment of the famous cherry tree, a part of which is still on sale, went several miles down the river to fish. Toward evening, when the piscatorial sport was about to be abandoned and camp struck for the night, an eagle was noticed approaching, bearing in its talons a burden that apparently worried it.

When over the fishermen the bird's flight weakened, and a drop of blood was noticed to fall on the canvas. A moment later the eagle began rapidly descending, and soon fell to the ground.

Hastening to the spot, the men found the bird dying, yet firmly grasping in its powerful talons a large sized ferret as its prey. The animal was fighting frantically for freedom, and had killed its captor in the battle. The eagle had evidently stolen a march upon its cunning victim, but greatly mistook its game.

The ferret was held in such a manner as to inflict upon it no vital injury. Its head being entirely at liberty, it had lacerated its captor in a terrible manner, and at length killed it. The eagle was a monster, measuring four and one-half feet from tip to tip. The ferret was killed by the fishermen, and the pair will be mounted in their warlike attitude.—Youth's Companion.

Example.

Courage, like cowardice, is contagious, and the officer who longs to lead brave men into battle often needs only to show his own personal daring.

During the defense of Vicksburg six batteries were completed by the Confederates under the eyes and fire of the Federal troops. One of these batteries, in process of construction, was under the command of Col. Henry W. Allen, and he soon had five or six guns in position. The enemy discovered his rapidly accomplished task, and by the time the last gun was fixed their shells fell thick and fast among the Confederate soldiers.

The men, unused to such warm work, began to dodge, a course of action which roused the ire of their intrepid commander. Springing upon the most exposed gun, he shouted:

"Soldiers, you came here to fight; you are ordered to build this battery, and (drawing his revolver) I'll shoot down the first one of you that dodges from this work. No soldier of mine shall dodge from his duty."

The effect was sudden and tremendous. The colonel remained standing erect on his gun, and the men at once rushed around him.

"We won't dodge!" cried they. "Get off that gun! We'll die with you!"

There was no more dodging that day. —Youth's Companion.

Country Wells.

How far from all sink drains, barn yards, etc., must a well be in order to insure safety from drainage into it from these deposits of filth? An article on this subject in The Sanitary Inspector says for every foot downward of a sub-soil drain or a well, the surrounding soil is drained four feet on all sides, A well, therefore, twenty feet deep, and in which the water has settled near the bottom, or has been pumped dry, drains the soil about 100 feet around it, speaking generally. The Inspector says the best all round sample of water in Maine that has come to that office was from a well, but it was situated in a field 450 feet from all human habitations. The worst sample also came from a well, but it was at the edge of a barn yard.—Lewiston Journal.

THE SILVER BILL.

IT WILL BE PRESENTED TO CONGRESS SHORTLY.

A Limited Discretion Will be Vested in the Secretary of the Treasury.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK. Jan. 6.—A Washington special says that Secretary Windom's silver bill will be introduced in both houses of Congress in a few days.

The bill is entitled "A bill to authorize the issue of certificates upon deposits of silver bullion. Discretion will be given to the secretary to suspend the receipts of bullion, but only under circumstances where an attempt to raise the price of silver is made for speculative purposes.

It is not intended to leave the discretion so wide as to permit the suspension of receipts merely for the purpose of preventing inflation. At the Treasury department it is admitted that it would be useless to attempt to limit the receipts of silver to the products of American mines. The only provision bearing on this point will be a prohibition against the acceptance of foreign coins as bullion. Foreign silver melted into bars cannot be discriminated against. The secretary, however, argues there is no serious danger from the expansion of the currency, so long as new money is good money, representing a substantial value.

MAX O'RELL ON BOULANGER.

He Says the Exhibition and Eiffel Tower Killed Him and He Will Never Appear Again.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK. Jany. 6.—M. Paul Blouet (Max O'Rell) says of Boulanger's prospects with the French people.

"He is a thing of the past, with no more influence in French politics than I have, as dead, in fact, as a roast pig.

Personally, Boulanger is a clever man, but as a soldier, well, he never had a chance to show what he was in that direction. Those dear French people, you see, saw in him, the embodiment of revenge against Germany. He was merely the tool of the various factions.

The Exhibition and the Eiffel tower killed Boulanger in France. In the sight of these, Boulanger was forgotten. He will never appear again.

THE C. P. R. IN MAINE.

How the Maine Central Has Forced it into its Peculiar Position There—A Yankee Monopoly's Sharp Practice.

BOSTON, January 3.—In the Lewiston (Maine) Journal appears an article on the railroad war between Bangor and the Maine Central which contains a deal of matter both interesting and important. The statement is made that the Maine Ceneral and the Canadian Pacific have formed a combination whereby the foreign corporation agrees to violate that clause of its charter which provides that it shall give pro rata rates from the West to points in Maine. The city government of Bangor, which owns the Bangor and Piscataquis road, proposes to appeal to the Attorney-General of Maine to take action in the matter. Strange as it may seem, the Journal says, the great Canadian Pacific, extending from the Pacific almost to the Atlantic, is dependent upon the Boston and Maine's system (which really controls the Maine Central), not only for an entrance into Boston and Portland, but for an outlet to the seaboard in winter. The Canadian Pacific railroad asked the Legislature of Maine for permission to build across the State to Vanceboro, but the Maine Central's influence at the State House was potent, and the foreign corporation was only allowed to come to Mattawamkeag, a point on the European and North American division of the Maine Central. Thence to Vanceboro, where it joins the New Brunswick road, its traffic goes over the tracks of the Central.

In return for this traffic privilege the Central demanded, and of course obtained, the right to name the billing points and billing point rates on the Canadian Pacific railway. The indignation of the business men of Northern and Eastern Maine, who are obliged to pay just as much for Western freight left at Greenville as the Maine Central has to pay at Mattawamkeag, seventy-six miles further, or the New Brunswick road at Vanceboro, 132 miles further, is intense, and it is not against the Canadian Pacific railway, but against the Maine Central, which is recognized as the real offender. The city of Bangor built the Bangor & Piscataquis road at a cost to date of fully $150,000. This road taps the Canadian Pacific at two points, and the greatest possible benefit was expected to accrue from this connection. Maine Central people offered $110,000 for it last year, but the Bangoreans rejected the offer, swearing that the great monopoly should never get the Bangor & Piscataquis. Now the Maine Central has built the short cut from Dexter to Foxcroft, and thereby gotten into the Piscataquis country, and of course injured the business of the Bangor road. This is, however, a minor matter compared with the discrimination in rates above mentioned. The business men of eastern Maine are up in arms about the whole business and propose to see if the law can be enforced.

THEY LOVE CANADA.

How Yankee Politicians Will Deal With Canadians.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The attention of congress has been repeatedly called to the subject of adopting some legislation to prevent Canadians and other foreigners from carrying on business on the American side without becoming citizens. A bill has been prepared, which will be presented on the reassembling of congress, which is designed to shut out Canadians from carrying on busiuess in the United States. It provides that no foreigner shall be the chief officer, president, superintendent, manager or director of any corporation formed under the laws of the United States, or any of the states, nor be conductor, engineer, brakeman, baggageman, or switchman, or car-driver on any railroad, including street railroads nor contract to do any work for the United States, and has declared his intention to become a citizen.

Should this proposed law be adopted, it would seriously interfere with a number of Canadians and others engaged in business in the United States, among them Erastus Wiman who has lived in New York many years, managing extensive corporations, while retaining his citizenship in Canada. Many complaints have been made by persons living along the border, on account of the scores of Canadians coming over and engaging in various enterprises, driving out Americans while still retaining their residence in Canada.

TOUCHING AND TRUE STORY.

Pathetic Close of the Life of Mrs. R B Hayes.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 1.—A pathetic story of the late Mrs. Rutherford B. Hayes, and one that is vouched for by the ex-president, will be printed in the January number of the Ladies Home Magazine of this city. It is as follows:

Some of her nearest relatives had died of paralysis, and she had a premonition that she, too, would pass away with the same disorder. She had a long talk with her husband on the subject about three years ago. He endeavored to chase away her fears with light and kindly words. Early last autumn, just about the time of the anniversary of the death of her brother, who had passed away in paralysis she spoke of her premonitions again. Her fears now amounted to an absolute conviction, and she spoke of her end by paralysis as an event certain to take place. None of the endeavors of her husband to turn her thoughts to a more cheerful subject could avail. She quietly insisted on arranging with him her business and other affairs. She put her house in perfect order. "And now," she finally said, "if I am stricken with paralysis, as I believe I shall be, I will not, as you know, be able to speak. But perhaps I may still be able to hear. You may ask me then whether my mind is serene and clear, whether I am at ease and free from pain. For the answer yes to these questions, I shall press your hand. If I cannot truthfully reply in the affirmative, my hand will not clasp yours." Three days after this what she feared would happen came to pass. She was suddenly stricken down with paralysis. Her organs of speech were benumbed. She could not utter a word. Then all she had said came sadly back to the memory of her devoted husband. Looking down into her shining eyes he took her hand in his and asked the questions which days before she had suggested. "Wife, dear, are you at ease; is your mind serene and clear, and are you free from pain?" Slowly the poor white fingers closed upon his, giving his hand a gentle, reasuring pressure. The next day the brave and loving wife was dead.

Brevities.

Mr. G. R. Pugsley is ill with La Grippe which he contracted about a week ago in New York. It is thought he will be able to return home in a few days.

Says the Amherst Press: Policeman Purdy has been off duty for a few days owing to a kick received by him while making an arrest at Tidnish last week. He took his man into custody all right, after putting a head on him almost twice its natural size.

MRS. A. D. Hoyt, of Weymouth, N. S., now in her 96th year, recently entertained a number of friends at a five o'clock tea prepared by her own hands, and acted the hostess with a vigor and zeal almost youthful.

A number of soldiers in the Halifax garrison have been attacked by La Grippe.

Some twenty families from the Highlands of Scotland are expected to arrive in Halifax in May. They will purchase lands for farming purposes in Annapolis valley most likely.

John Moir, of the firm of A. Moir & Co. Halifax, was terribly burned by molten copper on Saturday.

At the close of yesterday morning's service in Union hall, North end, the Rev. Dr. Macdougall was presented with a purse containing $76 by the members of his congregation.

Robert Nicholson stole a pipe and a cane from Geo. W. Hoben's drug store on Saturday, and on Sunday he was arrested by Officers Moore and Miles with both articles in his possession.

The repairs to the steamer City of Monticello will be completed next week, and she will be ready to go on the bay route by the 20th inst.

H. T. Stevens, of the Moncton Times, has issued his card to the Westmorland electors. He is opposed to the government.

A fire in St. George originated Sunday morning in the store occupied by G. E. Adams and thence spread to the store and dwelling house of John Frawley. All three buildings were consumed. Mr. Adams had $1,500 insurance on his stock and Mr. Frawley $1,000 on his house and store. The building occupied by Mr. Adams was owned by St. Marks church corporation.

John Gibson, founder of the firm of Bauld, Gibson & Co., Halifax, died Saturday night, at the age of 85 years,

Isaiah Peppard, Judson Crowe, David Johnston and Abner Crowe, each aged about 16 years, are in jail, at Truro, on suspicion of incendiarism in connexion with the burning, some weeks ago, of the general store of John M. Blackie and ten other buildings at Great Village.

Fredericton's aldermanic elections take place on the 27th inst.

During the three months just ended 31 patients were admitted to the Victoria hospital, at Fredericton, and treated in the general wards. Of these 10 were surgical cases, 12 medical and 9 typhoid. Besides these seven patients were admitted and treated in private wards.

Saturday evening a large number of the friends and associates of M. J. McGill, until recently chief clerk in the general passenger and ticket department of the New Brunswick railway, entertained him at supper at Prof. Washington's dining rooms, Charlotte street. Mr. McGill left this morning for Bridgewater, N. S., to commence his duties as auditor of the Nova Scotia Central railway.

Daniel P. Flewelling, a young man of 23, while skating from Oak Point to Brown's Flat to attend church yesterday morning, broke through the ice and was drowned. His brother who was with him was rescued with difficulty. The body was recovered about an hour afterwards. His funeral which takes place on Wednesday will be attended by Prospect Lodge, I. O. G. T. of which he was a respected member.

Of Personal Interest.

John S. Seaton, Jr., returned this afternoon to Montreal, where he is studying medicine at McGill.

Jas. Killam, of Yarmouth, and Lee Watson, of the C. P. R. at Montreal. are registered at the Royal.

Gilbert Pugsley, who has been ill with La Grippe at Boston, is expected to return home to-day.

SECOND EDITION.

NEW WAR SHIPS.

FIVE MORE VESSELS TO BE COMMISSIONED.

Not Half the Present Fleet Serviceable—Supposed ten New Ships will be Authorized.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—In addition to the Baltimore and Charleston, just added to the list of vessels in active service, at least five new vessels will probably be put in commission during the year, namely the Philadelphia, San Francisco, Concord, Bennington, and Vesuvius.

The old navy, including the apprentice squadron and receiving ship comprises 30 vessels, less than half of which, however, are actually in a serviceable condition. It is expected that Congress will authorize the construction of at least ten new ships during the present session.

HALIFAX MATTERS,

Divorce Court Judgments by Judge Graham.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 6.—Judge Graham delivered judgment to-day in the divorce court as follows: Re Ruby Roberts vs. Frederick Roberts of Newport. The evidence showed that the husband had committed adultery with May Eliza Mosher, wife of Major Mosher, of Falmouth. A divorce was granted with costs.

In the case of Major Mosher vs Mary Mosher, an action arising out of the above case in which similar evidence was given, a divorce was also granted.

In the cause of Mary Myers vs Richard Myers, of Porter's Lake, a divorce was refused, the Judge intimating that the evidence did not show that the husband had committed adultery.

In the cause of Jeffrey vs Jeffrey, which was a petition for divorce on the ground of cruelty, the Judge refused to grant a divorce, but allowed the petitioner to amend her petition and ask for a judicial separation which will likely be granted.

LA GRIPPE IN MONTREAL.

The Doctors are Overworked and Some of Them Laid up. Over a Thousand Cases in Toronto.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.

MONTREAL, Jan. 6.—The weather has again turned mild and is most unfavorable to the influenza. The disease has got a big hold in this city.

The doctors are badly overworked and some of them are laid up.

There is hardly a large establishment in this city which has not some members ill with La Grippe and some lines of business are very badly crippled It is raining again today.

A telegram from Toronto says there are over a thousand cases of la grippe in that city.

Indian Rising in New Mexico.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Jan. 6.—The Pueblo indians of five villages in the northern part of Bernardino county are up in arms and work on the big ditch now being constructed by the Rio Grande Irrigation and Colonization company has been suspended owing to their warlike demonstrations. The Governor has been notified.

An Outlaw Rescued.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

MACON, Ga., Jan., 6.—Willie Wallace, a notorious outlaw was rescued from jail Hamilton yesterday morning by a gang of his friends, who broke the locks and battered down the jail doors.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Jan., 6.—Indications.—Generally cloudy, warmer weather and rain. Increasing southwesterly winds, followed by colder clearing weather Tuesday.

London Markets.

LONDON, 12.30 p m.

Consols 97 3 16 for money and 97 9-16 for the account
United States Fours, ... 129¼
Do, do. Fours and a half..... 107
Atlantic and Great Western firsts..... 35¾
Do, do do seconds.....
Canada Pacific.....
Erie 27¾
do. Seconds..... 101¼
Illinois Central..... 122¼
Mexican ordinary..... 40
St Paul Common..... 72¾
New York Central..... 111
Pennsylvania.....
Reading.....
Mexican Central new 4s.....
Bar Silver .....
Money 5 per cent.
Rate of discount in open market for both short and three months bills nominally 4½@ 4¾ per cent.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, 12.30 p m—Cotton steady, with fair demand. Ann middn 5¼d, sales 12000 spec and export 1500; rects 2,0000; All Amn. Futures steady.

December Weather.

Following is the weather summary for the month of December, 1889:

TEMPERATURE.

	Degrees.
Highest, 9th and 21st	48.00
Lowest, 15th	-2.00
Extreme range for month	50.00
Average of daily oscillations	14.81
Mean temperature 6 a. m.)	24.03
" " 2 p. m.)	28.03
" " 10 p. m.)	26.03
Mean of tri-daily readings	26.04
Do. 1888	27.34
Average temperature for 29 years	23.04
Highest Dec. temp. recorded for 29 years	51.00
Lowest do. do., 1884	-18.00
Extreme range since 1860	69.00
Monthly means—	
Highest in 29 years, 1881	30.06
Lowest, do do, 1867	15.46

PRECIPITATIONS.

	Inches.
Rain or snow fell—	
Between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m.	11 days.
Do. 6 p.m. and 6 a.m.	11 nights.
Time in hours, rain	48¾ hours.
Do snow	25 "
Total hours of precipitation	73¾ "
Snow fall for month	5.080
Do Dec. 1888	3.600
Average do. 29 years	16.410
Rain fall of month	3.720
Do. 1888	6.750
Average do. 29 years	2.952
Total precipitation, rain and melted snow	4.385
Do. 1888	7.205
Average do. since 1860	4.810

Telegraphic Flashes

The Minister of Militia will introduce a bill at the next session of Parliament to adopt the pension system to the permanent corps throughout Canada, and to be similar to that recently adopted regarding the mounted police.

A heavy gale raged all over Great Britain yesterday, doing much damage. It was very severe on the Irish coast.

From Berlin comes word that the condition of the Empress Augusta is changed for the worse.

NEW STOCK.—Just received from Havana the following fine brands of cigars: Suprema, Deliciosas, La Brilliante R. V. extra, New La Miel, Flor De Benito Suarez Conchas and Angel Queens, at S. Whitebone's, City Market Building, Charlotte st.

English Blankets.

We have had manufactured especially for our Retail Trade two qualities of
SUPERIOR ENGLISH
ALL WOOL BLANKETS,
which we can highly recommend.

Quality S. S, in the following sizes and prices.

SIZE	PRICE
64 by 80 in	$4.90
66 " 84 "	5.75
74 " 86 "	6.50
80 " 90 "	7.25
84 " 93 "	8.00

BEST SUPERIOR QUALITY

SIZE	PRICE
54 by 76 in	$4.75
60 " 80 "	5,75
66 " 84 "	6.75
66 " 90 "	7.25
70 " 90 "	8.50
78 " 98 "	9.50

Take the Elevator to the Second Floor.
Manchester, Robertson & Allison.

1837. CHRISTMAS, 1889.
JARDINE & CO.,
FINEST CHRISTMAS GROCERIES.
ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

W. F. & J. W. MYERS,
MACHINISTS
Sole Proprietors in Canada of
RICHARDSON'S CHALLENGE STEERER
—AND—
RUSSEL'S FRICTIONLESS PUMP
Manufacturers of Double and Single Acting Ship's Pumps, Hand and Power Elevators, Steam Engines, Judson's Governors and Sturtevant Blowers, Rotary Saw Mills, Laundry Machinery Shafting, Hangers, and Pulleys.

BARNES & MURRAY,
Dress Goods, Cloths, Flannels, Prints, etc., at Exactly Half Price, also Winter Gloves, Clouds and Hoods at Greatly Reduced Prices. Remember for one week only, after that a Hamburg Sale.
17 Charlotte Street.

SANTA CLAUS WAS GOOD!
We received a generous share of the good things going, we feel satisfied all who purchased at our store fared in a like manner. To one and all we extend greetings for a Prosperous and Happy New Year. Commencing on Monday, Dec. 30th, for one week we offer all Remnants in

W. ALEX PORTER
Is now ready for the Holiday Season with a full stock of
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Green and Dried Fruits,
Flavoring Extracts and Essences,
Pond. red Sugar,
Choice Cake Lard,
Valencia and London Layer Raisins, New Currants, Citron, Orange and Lemon Peels, Nuts and Confectionery.
W. ALEX PORTER
Corner Union and Waterloo, and Cor. Mill and Pond Streets.

"GREAT BARGAINS"
in Choice Perfumery.
As my Christmas sale of the above goods was not at all satisfactory, and I have a large lot left, I will sell them at cost, in order to clear them all out, as I cannot afford to carry them over.
Don't fail to call and get a Bargain.
CHAS. McGREGOR,
137 Charlotte Street.

GREAT BARGAINS
—IN—
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED
HATS AND BONNETS
—AT—
CHAS. K. CAMERON & Co,
77 King street.

THE IMPERIAL TRUSTS CO. OF CANADA,
UNDERTAKES LEGAL TRUSTS of every description, the MANAGEMENT OF ESTATES and the investment of TRUST FUNDS.
Acts as TRUSTEE for BOND HOLDERS, and as FINANCIAL AGENT for the negotiation of loans of Municipalities, Joint Stock Companies and private parties.
For particulars apply at 120 PRINCE WM. STREET, Saint John, N. B.

CAUSEY & MAXWELL,
Masons and Builders.
Mason Work in all its Branches.
Slating and Cement Work a specialty
Stone, Brick and Plaster Workers.
JOBBING EXECUTED NEATLY AND PROMPTLY.
Order Slate at A. G. Bowes & Co., 21 Canterbury Street.
W. CAUSEY, Mecklenburg St. ROBT. MAXWELL, 385 Union