DOES ANNEXATION FOLLOW?

COMMERCIAL UNION AND BRITISH CONNECTION.

AN OPEN LETTER FROM ERASTUS WIMAN

-TO-

MR. J. REDPATH DOUGALL, EDITOR OF THE MONTREAL "WITNESS,"

MY DEAR MR. DOUGALL:

Absence and pressure of work have prevented me sooner answering your recent Governmental revenues; and also in the letter. Although your communication is a private one, and seeks to elicit my private opinion as to the eventual result of commercial union as affecting British connection, I avail myself of your invitation to furnish you possible not to feel that our beloved Canada a public reply for the columns of your paper, ought in some way to more largely benefit in order that others beside yourself may be than she does by the growth, right at her informed of how the matter is regarded from this point of view. The key-note of your and so much in need of all that she has to letter is contained in the closing sentence of offer. This feeling is all the more constant the following paragraph :---

"My object in writing you is, in the first place, to congratulate you on the importance and benerence of the cause you are advo-ting with such vigor and ability, and in second place, to ask you for my own edifion if you really think there is standing om on your platform for Canadians who ace it prepared to forsake British abegiance."

pointed question, it is important that there Britain; if, without sacrificing the practical should be no ambiguity, for it is evident, that political independence of our native land, and if such a reply could be framed as would remove doubt on this point, a great step would be taken to promote in Canada the cause of people is here being slowly and not altogether commercial union with the United States, satisfactorily worked out, surely this pro-Impressed with the importance of the task position could hardly fail to meet with favor. which you have committed to me, I beg, first, No mode by which this could be done has to say to you, that so far as I can fathom it, ever secured possible except the admission of the motive which prompts the movement Capada into the Union, and the abnegation by among Canadiaus here toward commercial her of her political existence. That this was union is the good of Canada, combined with represent to the great majority of Canadian the maintenance of British connection. No residents in the United States, is evident Canadian can reside for any length of time from the fact that no movement of this char-within the United States, and fail to be impressed with the advantages which would seven hundred and fifty thousand and a result from a business connection with this million Canadians are in active business in country. Every day brings forth evidence of progress in all that contributes to material growth. The liberality, nay, the extrava-gance of the people of this country seem. For my own part, though in most frequent entirely justified by the constant growth in communication with hundreds of my countrythe sources of income; in the development men, I cannot now recall a single instance of great natural resources; the profits from where a political separation was favored; on

vast business enterprises, and the steady aceumulations in monetary institutions and rapidly increasing population of the best class of immigration, to which the whole world is contributing. With this marvellous procession of circumstances daily in view, it is imown borders, of a nation so powerfm, so rich, because of the knowledge that Canada is richer in natural resources than the United States themselves; that in her forests, fisheries, fields and mines are riches, now almost dormant, that would yield a return of the most satisfactory kind, if once the barrier that divides the two countries were to bo obliterated. If this could be done without In attempting to reply to this direct and sundering the fie that binds Canada to Great without imperilling her future in the experiment which in a Government by the