

In the family, the fostering restraint of authority is necessary till certain age, and then the young bird, full-fledged, flies off in joyful freedom, to assume its natural responsibility. So of Colonies—and one, in the Rocky Mountains, now asks the privileges of manhood from the parent States—that granted, and the vagaries of its youth and science of government will be discarded in the schooling of experience.

THE BIBLE.

But the proselytizing from other Christian sects will be sadly interfered with, and checked, when the Bible shall be published as altered by Joseph the Seer. To be sure, each sect that gives an interpretation of the scriptures different from the apostolic sense, has a new Bible; they all keep the same words, and individual judgment is the standard that causes diversity, which is ever changing; and thus there is left the opportunity for a catholic, that is, universal opinion. But the Bible printed with the emendations which we before referred to, will not be the Christian's book of the present churches, than the Alcoran of the Omeyet, or the Zendivesta. Then there will be something tangible showing the tendency of the doctrines, and a direct blow will be aimed at the "once delivered to the Saint;" it will no longer be, in the minds of men, a transition and progression from one view to another, but necessitating an apostacy from one religion to a different creed, and to the worship of a different God.

These adult additions for bettering temporal condition, do not add to the strength of the theo-democratic principle of their government. They will merely give power to the selfish element, to what they also call "the common, and numerously represented by the 'Menish,'" while, to carry out the proposed plan, there is required the complete disinterestedness; all that sinking of self in the prosperity of the order, so conspicuous in the devoted, holy brotherhood, of the Jesuits. Whole families emigrate from abroad on account of the desire of a daughter, or one parent, who are converts—the *faith* of one or perhaps, making the *occasion*, not the *motive*, for the other members joining the society.

A fourth disturbing cause lies in the system of tithes. By these immense sums are accumulated, and put at the disposal of the Preachers, and its corrupting influences of irresponsible expenditure will be—or later be developed. It cannot be long before those restless, untaught and talented persons, who are denied the great privileges which the treasures secure, will become dissatisfied at the sight of ease and luxury in the managers of what they may consider a *religious speculation*. Some may envy the harems of the shepherds of the flock, supplied indirectly by the labors of the hirelings. The toiling laborer in the dusty field may raise the question of unequal burdens, as the prancing carriage rolls past with the music-band in the train, which even makes melody in the visiting processions and pleasure-rides in the mountains. The means for amusing the mind of the multitude, distracting attention from its own increasing power, are daily less; while on the other hand, the burdens grow more and more, and are less voluntarily borne. The pressure for tithes from all, again vehemently made, and reminds of the times of Joseph, engaged on the Nauvoo temple.

Let us now form our