

*New Zealand—*

Justices of Peace, police officers and constables required, if requested, assist in compilation of lists, 15.

*South Africa—*

Justices of Peace, police officers and constables required, if requested, assist in compilation of lists, 15.

Candidates' lawful expenses may include payment of gasoline used by or on behalf of candidate in transporting electors to poll, 15.

Newspaper publisher of political article during election campaign must state name of contributor and amount paid therefor, 16.

Election agent may appoint four sub-agents with duties similar to his own, 16.

## JAPANESE ORIGIN—Canadian Citizens of,

Japanese Canadian Society founded about 25 years ago, 200.

Tomme, Homma, naturalized Canadian of Japanese birth, in 1906 claimed right to vote. Took case to courts; finally defeated in London, 200.

At present time there are about 20,000 Japanese in British Columbia, of whom 11,000 are Canadian born, 201.

Excellent scholars, 201.

Almost 80 per cent state definitely they have no intention of going to Japan to live, 201. List of positions and professions from which debarred, 202.

Japanese-Canadian Citizens' League of British Columbia, organized in 1934, has a membership of about 500 out of 2,000 over 18 years of age, 205.

India's caste system recalled by plight of, 208.

Total number of voting age at present time is 1,210, 209.

Japanese born in U.S.A. have the vote there, 210.

It is only in British Columbia that franchise refused; may vote in other provinces and have full citizenship rights, 210.

Foreigner in Japan may qualify for citizenship after 5 years, but restrictions prevail with respect to holding certain high offices, 211.

Japanese came to British Columbia with full knowledge of restrictions, 213.

Participation in Great War. Returned soldiers may vote in provincial elections, 214.

Five or six graduated last year from B.C. University, 215.

No knowledge of any intermarriage in last 15 years, 215.

Birth of child born in Canada may be registered in Japan in addition to registration in Canada, 218.

Japanese-Canadian Citizens' League of British Columbia discourages dual registration of births, 219.

## PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION

About 300 different systems, 14, 180.

"D'Hohndt" system in Belgium, 14, 24, 182.

Inventor of, Thomas Wright Hill of Birmingham, England, 21, 180.

First time used was in Adelaide, South Australia in 1839, 21, 180.

"Hare" system (Thomas Hare, an Englishman) 1857, 21, 81, 182.

British P. R. Society, founded 1884, 21, 180.

Sir John Fischer Williams and Mr. John Humphreys are Britain's present authorities, 21, 179.

Definition of, by Sir John Fischer Williams, 22, 39, 179.

In United States of America, Messrs. Hoag and Hallett are foremost exponents, 22, 153, 179.

"List" and "Hare" systems most popular, 22, 181—"Hare" system explained, 83.

"Point" system, 22, 57, 69, 182, 196.

"Hare" system has single transferable vote, 23.

Alberta statistics respecting 1935 election results, 25, 119.

Alberta optional since 1916 and adopted by Calgary and Edmonton, 26, 182, 183.

Saskatchewan, four cities adopted it and have since abandoned it, 26, 182, 188.

Australia, New South Wales has abandoned it, 33, 182, 188.

Early history of, 39.

Reasons urged for adoption of, 40, 180, 191.

List of countries using single transferable vote, 40.

List of countries, 1931, using, 41.

British election results, 1931, contrasted with what they would have been under, 42.

Canadian general election, 1911, Conservatives 134 seats, Liberals 87, should have been Conservatives 115, Liberals 106, 41.

Examples of election results in Poland, Netherlands, Denmark, Finland, Norway, Estonia, Calgary, Edmonton, Irish Free State, Alberta, British Columbia, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, 42-45.

British Universities, 46, 76, 174, 183.