

2. Antennæ serrate in both sexes 3
 Antennæ pectinate in the male, serrate in the female, the third joint about half as long as the fourth; body narrow, elongate, rather convex, the elytra moderately narrowed from base to apex; integuments black, shining, uniformly but not very densely clothed with minute olivaceous squamules; elytral striæ deeply impressed, strongly punctured, the intervals uniform and convex; scutellar notch feeble. Atlantic nearctic fauna 17
3. Epipleura in colour and vestiture similar to the marginal parts of the upper surface 4
 Epipleura in colour and vestiture similar to the under surface 16
4. Pronotum, and usually the elytra, margined at the sides with dense, closely-decumbent scales, which are larger, flatter and more strigose than those clothing the remainder of the surface, which are very small, pointed, convex, feebly or not strigose and metallic in coloration, forming a more or less pronounced bloom; integuments black throughout; anterior and middle tibiæ generally ciliate beneath in the male 5
 Pronotum not vittate at the sides; body black, the elytra and epipleura red; anterior tibiæ ciliate beneath in the male 15
5. Elytral intervals flat or nearly so, sometimes feebly concave, the striæ unimpressed or very feebly impressed and finely punctate 6
 Elytral intervals evidently though moderately convex; equal in width, the deeply impressed striæ strongly punctured 13
 Elytral intervals very uneven in width, strongly elevated, the striæ sulciform, with the punctures concealed by the dense vestiture of the sulci. Mexico 14
6. Pale pronotal vittæ pure white, unusually broad, dilated inwardly at the middle, where each is much wider than the intervening dark space, the white margin at the sides and base of the elytra unusually wide, the white scales having a tendency to invade also the intervals within the border, from the humeral regions posteriorly; surface rather convex, the minute squamules olivaceous-green, rather dense and more persistent than usual; basal angles of the prothorax slightly everted, the sides becoming strongly convergent and rounded in apical third; third antennal joint more than twice as long as the second, about two-thirds as long as the fourth. Length 25.0-29.0 mm.; width 7.5-8.8 mm. Arizona (Yuma). [= *substriatus*, O. Sch.]

Webbi, Lec.