king Farms

ousand Would orable Lo-

rn From New Will Now rovince.

ig. 18.—The party looking for farm back here. They of the interior of ort of Chief Engiimpressions of place for an agri-of fifty to sixty are unfavorable, me arable land in the Bay Islands and the not sufficiently that them in recomndland. forthwith through before returning

S BIG LOSS. Million Gone and ose Half Their

's Robbery. 18.-(Special) - Mr. risional liquidators Marie, reported to positors that the to \$726,000. rculation, leaving , or about 53 per

-(Special)-In the inary trial of John Whitla, counsel ive, described how mile from the city. the location of the who helped him in a five hours. The o the bank authori-

OT LABORI.

is Own Statement o Be Crazy.

A man claiming to assin of M. Labori, has been arrested is Glorot, and he is tment of Cotes du arrested because he terday: "I am the

the department of niles by rail south-the latter place is 44 Rennes.

ght to Rennes this
quart, M. Gast and would-be assassin not the man. The to the police, mak-sion and glorifying loctors say Glorot is

ON SERVICE.

ngston Military Colto Imperial

of the London Gas of the appointdirates of the Royal ingston, to commisal army. The extte follow:

rtillery-Gentlemen ld Poole and Julian from the Military re Regiment-Gen-A. Kaulbach, from

ollege, Kingston, giment-Gentleman kie, from the Royal Ingston, Canada, to Gentlemen Cadets oger C. L. Sweeney,

ary College, Kingsecond lieutenants appointment to the

Peters, who is the lonel Peters, D. O. ictorian serving i the other two are y, who is employe ector General of ice, and Captain val Garrison Arti Macdonald, who is with the army ord-Chatham, England. yal Navy are two utenant William B.

Imperieuse, who J. Macdonald, and Ward, H. M. S. oudon, England. oned in the above at the Royal Mili

ener has been pat suspended in pro rehbishop of Gorhas elevated to a ic origin. He was 88, in lower Syria, ents predominate ermanico-Hungari he was also or-

department of the retire from is known to

he Semi-Weekly Colonist.

THE VICTORIA SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST THURSDAY, AUGUST 24 1899

They Hiss

FORTY SECOND YEAR

Spectators of Drama at Rennes Resent His Hostility to the Accused.

Day's Witnesses All Against Dreyfus But Make a Poor Impression.

Private Life of Prisoner Relat-

spoke with great relish of his comfeet, when the borderever we have the intelligence department. He said the intelligence department. He was absolutely the only officer who with the concentration of troops, and could will be scheme for the only officer who was the again. The witness, confinuing, said Dreyford was well as a polither than the concentration of troops, and could will be scheme for the only officer who was to be greatly was well acquainted with the scheme for the concentration of troops, and could be the concentration of troops and could be the concentration of troops, and could be the concentration of troops and could be the concentration of the concentration of troops, and could be the concentration of troops and could be the concentration of the concentration of the concentration of the paper, which were collected to demand the property of the more concentration of the concentration of the paper, which was not considered to the concentration of the balance of the concentration of the balance of the concentration of the balance of the balance of the paper, which was noted to the concentration of the borderen with the proposal between the visiting to the concentration of the borders was nearly of the concentration of the borders and the concentration of the

eau. We discussed who could be the author. I must add that M. Gribelin cutored the room and was informed regarding the document. At the same time the borderau was only shown to Get. Sandherr only half or three-quarters of an hour later, when he arrived."

Next discussing the Petit Bleu, Major Lauth said it reached Col. Picquart enclosed in a packet early in March. Incidentally the witness mentioned the mission to Nantes on which Hearty went, and said that while he was absent his wife came to the intelligence department to ask for his whereabouts, as she knew nothing of his departare. "It was the same with all the officers in the department to the intelligence department to ask for his whereabouts, as she knew nothing of his departare. "It was the same with all the officers in the department provided with us. That proves that through the department they corresponded with us. That proves that things were not conducted in the fourth bureau as alleged by Col. Picquart, and the officers were not so neeligent and carriess as he has assected."

Witness maintained this siso disposed

bureau as alleged by Col Picquint and cofficers were not so needigent and temptible Witness.

By Associated Press.

Remees, Aug. 21.—Good progress was made to-day in the Dreyfns court marrial, and at the present rate of progress the evidence of upwards of ninety with resses anay be all in by the ibeginning of September.

Bry Sago areated a better impression to-day. He entered the court with a more canificant bearing, and replied to the witnesses in a calim voice, without theatrical gestures. His remarks were put so lucidly that he appeared to make an impression on the Judges, who are reputed to Dreyfus. The evidence, mostly, reliterated old statements, among which Dreyfus Feeling of the shown hand been sent us. But we were never able to get anything of the slightest value from the Dreyfus. The evidence, mostly, reliterated old statements, among which Dreyfus Feeling the pressed to know the exact the pressed to know the exact the provent his speaking. I wish the Dreyfus spent upons his improvement at the office where and repeat it. The truth is washed under the pressed to know the exact the was not proved the pressed to know the exact and repeat to the office where never able to get anything of the slightest value from the Dreyfus. The evidence, mostly, reliterated old statements, among which Dreyfus Feeling the pressed to the pressed to know the exact and repeat it. The truth is witness to designed and release as the has assected. The department continuing witness were because the contribute of Picquart's assertion that Henry was in the habit of working at home in the presser was the owner of the bordereau.

After M. Demange had pointed out the discrepancy in M. Fabre's statements, and the prisoner's reply. The prisoner's reply was the work on which breyfus the effice where it was maled to the content with the office where it was maled to the content with the office where it was maled to the with the work on which breyfus the prisoner's reply was the prisoner's reply was the prisoner's reply was the prisoner's subdued titter went round when M. Gribelin professed to know the exact amount which Dreyfus spent upon his various amours. Gribelin testified with an honest demeanor and apparent sincerity. But he did not strike one as being particularly intelligent. Nothing in his appearance would contradict the contention of the Dreyfusards that he was most known is sented him as the institutions of the Dreyfusards that he was most known in the course of the Taveraier inquiry, when he represented to gribelin with an air of contempt and impatience.

Maitree Demange, counsel for the defense, was more successful than usual in cross-examining, and visibly disconcerted Gribelin. The counsel scored a distinct hit when he got Gribelin to admit he was amixed in the intrigues of Paty de Clam and Henry to shield Esterhazy, after contraverting further statements.

The truth is speaking, the professed to say anything content to say anything the was not known. (Laugh ter). Major Lauth's extremely long deposition was listened to in profound in the course of the professed at Picquart's allegations against him in the course of the Taveraier inquiry, when he repressions of the general staff, who participated in the expect at Picquart's allegations of the headquarters staff in June and July, 1894. The position of the headquarters staff in June and July, 1894. The position of the headquarters staff in June and July, 1894. The position of the headquarters staff who participated in the expect that the documents. To one of the was an agricultural country. The delegates are men of cultre with the headquarters staff in June and July, 1894. The position of the headquarters staff in June and July, 1894. The position of the headquarters staff in British Columbia an identification of the headquarters staff in June and July, 1894. The position of the headquarters staff in British Columbia an identification of the headquarters staff in British Columbia and in British Columbia and in British Columbia and in British Columbia and in British Columbia to in pr

conservations, and visibly disconcertin the decimental of the counsel scored a distinct hit when he got Gribelin to admit he was mixed in the intrigues of Paty de Clam and Henry to shield Esterhazy, and when Gribelin was finally disposed of his evidence had suffered badly.

The session wound ap with a scene, on account of the extraordinary conduct of Colonel Jouauste, who permitted himself to make an numwarrantable display of partiality. M. Bertullus had been confronted with the last witness, Captain Junk, and General Gonz, had defended that latter, when Colonel Picquart rose and asked to be allowed to refute some of Junk's remarks. Colonel Jouauste made agesture of impatience, and shoutward and contains of impatience, and shoutward and contains of impatience, and shoutward and contains of impatience at such a display of unfairness from the President. The judges and gendarmes, quickly suppressed the noise, but Jouauste understood the well-merited rebuke, turned red, and adjourned the court 10 minutes later.

Three points stood out, promiently in today's proceedings. They were Colonel Jouauste's display of partiality, the new stitude taken up by Dreytns, and the contemptible conduct of the last witness, atfall in the same condition as when contemptible conduct of the last witness, atfall in the same condition as when in the documents enumerated. M. Demange with the documents enumerated. M. Demange with the documents of the processing between the procession was named and the documents enumerated. M. Demange with the documents enumerated to from the treatments of Picquart and in 1894 that in order to officers who participated in the synchest content that the documents enumerated. M. Demange with the documents enumerated. M. Demange to the officers who participated in the synches campain organized in respon

as an agricultural country.

The delegates are men of culture and good presence. They say they hope to find in British Columbia an ideal loca-tion for a Finnish settlement. The dele-

SIR WILFRID'S PILGRIMAGE. To Introduce His Maritime Province

Toronto, Aug. 22 .- (Special)-Sir Wilautumn. It is said Fielding or Blair will accompany the Premier, to get better acquainted with Ontario people. The Premier's projected tour is not regarded as presaging an early election.

I ragedy in Mid-Africa.

Two French Expeditions Meet in Deadly Combat in

charge, and the remainder of the Klobb column fied, carrying their wounded and leaving, hesides the two officers, nine dead men. The survivors, ten of whom were wounded, reached Basso under command of a native agent. The Voulet-Chanoine mission has taken to the bush, but according to the advices received by M. De Crais, a strong column was to be sent in pursuit.

Captains Voulet and Chanoine have both had distinguished careers in the Soudan. Their mission, now outlawed, consists, besides the leaders, of Capt. Joual and Lieut. Pallier, Dr. Hanric and two French sergeants.

Winnipeg, Aug. 22.—(Special)—Thos. Wilson, fruit inspector for British Coismbia, and member of the Board of Horticulture of that provisce, is in the city for the purpose of studying the condition of the Manitoba fruit market in the interest of British Columbia producers. An experiment is to be made in the shipment of British Columbia fruit in carioad lots by freight special cars having been furnished by the C. P. R., and a big effort is being made to capture the Maintoba and Territorial trade.

Capetown, Aug. 21.—Sunday was observed throughout the Orange Free State and Cape Colony as a "day of humiliation," with prayer and sermons for a peaceful solution of the crisis. Mr. Snyttler, the leading Dutch reform preacher here, referred to the close ties uniting the Cape Dutch to those of the Transval, who he added were members of the great Afrikander family. If war was declared, he said, Great Britain would commit a "heinous crime before God and man resulting in a civil war in the Cape Colony."

IMPERIAL LIMITED HALTED. Rain Softens the Track Near Calgary and Ditches the Engine.

This Coast Calgary, Aug. 22.—The engine of No Imperial Limited was ditched this mor ing about three miles east of Langdon some 12 miles from here. No one was injured. A wrecking train was sent to bring the passengers to this city, till the track can be repaired, and traffic will be resumed at 4 o'clock. Recent heavy rains have softened the track, It has now been raining steadily for four days, and the rain still continues.

The Bow river rose 21 inches yesterday afternoon, and is within 3 feet of flood mark.

Is tering the Cuban government and maintaining united States troops in the island, as well as the great cost of the Philippine war, is worrying the administration officials very much. One of the reasons assigned for not calling out the 35,000 provisional army long ago was on account of the great cost of enlisting, organizing, equipping and shipping the army to the Philippines. It was believed that if the rebellion could, by any possible means, be crushed without this army, a great saying to the government and maintaining United States troops in the island, as well as the great cost of the Philippine war, is worrying the administration officials very much. One of the reasons assigned for not calling out the 35,000 provisional army long ago was on account of the great cost of enlisting, organizing, equipping and shipping the army to the Philippines. It was believed that if the rebellion could, by any possible means, be crushed without this army, a great saying to the government and main-taining United States troops in the island, as well as the great cost of the Philippine war, is worrying the administration officials very much. One of the reasons assigned for not calling out the 35,000 provisional army long ago was on account of the great cost of the Philippines.

MR. HENDERSON RETURNED. New Westminster Endorses His Ac

New Westminster, Aug. 22.—Hon. Alexander Henderson, attorney-general, was re-elected to-day by acclamation. The proceedings were purely formal, there being no speechifying. The proposer was J. Reichenbach and seconder J. C. Armstrong, the assenting parties being A. M. Herring, N. McGillivray, W. Howey and George Adams.

When the returning officer, H. J. A. When the returning officer, H. J. A. Burnett, had declared Mr. Henderson elected, the assembled citizens extended their congratulations to the Attorney-General and gave him three cheers.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL. Yukon Field Force Centred at Dawson-Fifth Regiment Band's Permit

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Aug. 22.-The headquarters f the Yukon field force have been re-Royal Military College, vice Capt. Lesslie, resigned.

The band of the First battalion, Fifth egiment, C. A., has been granted perssion to visit Seattle from the 2nd to of the 15th October. It is said Sir Wilfrid Laurier will

shortly sail for England. WON'T ARGUE WITH KRUGER.

British Likely to Apply Quickly the Force His Evasion Invites. By Associated Press.

London, Aug. 21.—There is no longer any doubt that President Kruger has refused to submit to the demand of Mr. Chamberlain for the appointment of a court of inquiry. He may have done so diplomatically or hedgingly, but that his answer is regarded by the British government as tantamount to a positive refusal is now an established fact. The

A special despatch from Capetown says there is great danger of an outbreak of violence on the frontier, and that the scum of South Africa are enlisting throughout the colony and are being sent to Pitsani and Jameson, on the border.

COST OF WAR TOO GREAT. Expense Account a Worry to Washing- Advice By

ton-\$100,000,000 a Year for 50,000 Men in the Philippines. Washington, Ang. 14.—The cost of admin

war, is worrying the administration officials very much. One of the reasons assigned for not calling out the 35,000 provisional army long ago was on account of the great cost of enlisting, organizing, equipping and shipping the army to the Philippines. It was believed that if the rebellion could, by any possible means, be crushed without this army, a great saving to the government would be the result, and for that reason, it is alleged, a delay in calling out the troops was adopted, until the demands of the American people became imperative.

The estimated cost of maintaining a soldier in the United States, provided he is a part of an army, is something over \$1000 a year, but this usually runs up to near \$1200. The cost of maintaining an army in the Philippines is at least \$2000 per man, and it thus means that an army of 50,000 in, men will cost \$100,000,000 a year as long as it is maintained there. Perhaps the transportation will make the cost something more. It is believed that the opponents of the administration's Philippine is the Capetown, Aug. 22.—In the Cape assembly to-day Mr. Cecil Rhodes, reference of the administration's Philippine is to the Capetown, and the Capetown is the Capetown of the Capetown transportation will make the cost some thing more. It is believed that the opponents of the administration's Philippine

ents of the administration's Philippine policy will take occasion to criticise severely this vast expenditure for conquering the Philippines, and that the next congress will see a great deal of this criticism in speeches made by senators and representatives who do not believe in the expansion idea, and who take a different view of the best method to manage the Philippines.

The cost of maintaining an army in Cuba is going to give the men who advocate independence for the island and the carrying out of the Teller addenda to the war resolution of the United States a theme upon which to work, and it will be pressed with a great deal of vigor. Private reports that hove been received from the island indicate that all the Cubans who had anything to do with the insurrection, and the Yukon field force have been removed from Fort Selkirk to Dawson.

Lieut. C. B. O. Symonds, Royal Engineers, has been appointed assistant processor of fortifications on the staff of the long the symbol of the staff of the staff of the staff of the symbol of the staff of the symbol of the staff of the staff of the symbol of the staff of the symbol of the symbo no matter what policy the government pur-sues afterwards, or what the Cuban people may do afterwards, the fact that freedom has been so long and so gallantly contend-

has been so long and so gallantly contended for by some of the Cubans, that it would be a very great pity and cause a great deal of dissatisfaction if freedom was not obtained. There are many senators and representatives in congress who are going to back this up, and who are also going to point out that Cuba, as a colony under military rule, as it has been in the year past, will mean a vast expenditre of United States funds. The result in a financial way to be obtained from Cuba will not make a creditable showing on the balance sheet. creditable showing on the balance sheet, and for that reason the money side of the Cuban question will figure quite promin-

A compared of the continue of

Mrs. Henrietta Goelet, who has just been elected a member of the New York Yacht Club, is th fifth woman to receive this dis-

Rhodes.

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sembly to-day Mr. Cecil Rhodes, referring to the Transvaal question, said: "No, there will be no bloodshed. President Kruger, like a sensible man, will climb down. The less Cape Colony is

concerned in the quarrel the better." Continuing, Mr. Rhodes said it was certain that the Transvaal would become an English-speaking community, and the Uitlanders being in a vast majority, would form a government in keeping with their views. He expressed the hope that the settlement would be fair, and that Cape Colony would let the Im-perial government deal with that matter

attempt a coup to obtain forcible possession of the ammunition detained by the

Pretoria, Aug. 22.—Official circles at present regard the situation as tending to improvement. The war ammunities consigned to the South African Republic

nation of trade, which causes acute dis-tress to the small storekeepers and their

Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 22.-The

tive Davis told his story at to-day's session of the Molson's Bank robbery. He said Anderson suggested a trip to China, When a man owns a blooded horse he is always careful of its health He looks after its diet and is particular that the feeding shall be regular and-right. While he is doing this it is likely as not that he is himself suffering from some disease or disorder. When the trouble gets so bad that he cannot work, he will begin to give himself the care he gave the horse at the start. Good pure, rich, red blood is the best insurance against disease of any kind. Almost all diseases come from impure of impoverished blood. Keep the blood pure and strong and disease can find no foothold. That is the principle upon which is t and said he knew where he could get