The Charlottetown Herald.

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The Charlottetown Herald

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Every Wednesday

—BY—

Jas. McIsaac, Editor & Proprietor

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☞ Correspondence should be addressed to

THE EDITOR OR TO THE "HERALD."

She Placed

the can of BAKING POWDER upon the stove, and AMMONIA in a few moments betrayed its presence.

She Now Uses

WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER,

AND SO SHOULD YOU.

Nrth British and Mercantile

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY

—OF—

EDINBURGH AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

Total Assets, 1886, - - $50,376,064.

TRANSACTS every description of Fire and Life Business on the most favorable terms.

This Company has been well and favorably known for its prompt payment of losses in this Island during the past twenty-two years.

FRED. W. CUNDMAN. Agent.

Old Merchants Bank of P. E. I., Water St., Ch'town, Jan. 21, 1891. 1y

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE Farm, formerly owned by Mr. Peter McBourke, at Mill View, in Queen's County, consisting of about

315 Acres of Land,

With the Dwelling House, Barns, Cloth, Carding and Saw Mills thereon. This property is situated in a fine farming settlement, convenient to Churches Schools, &c. It will be sold *en bloc*, or in lots to suit purchasers.

For terms and particulars apply to C. S MacNeill, Solicitor, Charlottetown July 23, 1890.—tf

A Word With You, Sir!

If your liver is out of order and you are troubled with biliousness, headache indigestion, &c., &c., send to your nearest drug store and procure a box of

EVERYBODY'S PILLS,

Take no other, as these pills are the best on the market for the purposes for which they are intended.

☞ FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS ☜

At 25 Cts. per Box.

PREPARED ONLY BY

A. S. Johnson,

Corner Kent and Prince Streets,

CHARLOTTETOWN.

Charlottetown, April 1, 1891.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS' COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—"*Civil Service Gazette.*"

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in Packets, by Grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

Prince Edward Island Railway.

1890-91. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1890-91.

On and after Thursday, December 4th, 1890, Trains will run as follows:—

TRAINS FOR THE WEST. | TRAINS FROM THE WEST

STATIONS.	No. 1	No. 3	STATIONS.	No. 2	No.
	A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	
Ch'town ....dp	7 15	1 50	Tignish ....dp	6 00	
Royalty Junc.	7 31	2 12	Alberton	6 55	
N. Wiltshire	8 17	3 05	Bloomfield	7 30	
Hunter River	8 50	3 39	O'Leary	7 54	
Bradalbane	9 00	3 57	Port Hill	9 07	
Emerald Junc.	9 09	4 07	Wellington	9 49	
Freetown	9 23	4 22	Miscouche	10 15	
Kensington	9 40	4 45		10 35	
Summerside (ar	10 10	5 20	Summerside (ar	11 35	A. M.
Summerside (dp	P. M.		Summerside (dp	P. M.	6 39
	12 40		Kensington	12 05	7 05
Miscouche	1 05		Freetown	12 23	7 28
Wellington	1 27		Emerald Junc.	12 36	7 43
Port Hill	2 08		Bradalbane	12 45	7 53
O'Leary	3 22		Hunter River	1 15	8 40
Bloomfield	3 45		N. Wiltshire	1 29	8 45
Alberton	4 20		Royalty Junc.	2 12	9 37
Tignish ....ar	5 15		Charlottetown ....ar	2 30	10 00

STATIONS.	No. 5	STATIONS.	No.
	P. M		A. M.
Emerald Junc. ....dp	4 10	C. Traverse ....dp	6 30
C. Traverse ....ar	5 00	Emerald Junc. ....ar	7 20

TRAINS FOR THE EAST. | TRAINS FROM THE EAST.

STATIONS.	No 7	No 11	STATIONS.	No. 8	No. 12
	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown ....dp	2 30	6 10	Georgetown ....dp	7 18	
Royalty Junction	2 50	6 30	Cardigan	7 38	
Bedford	3 25	02		8 50	
Mt. Stewart Junc. (ar	3 55	7 33	Mt. Stewart Junc. (ar	9 00	2 45
Mt. Stewart Junc. (dp	4 10		Mt. Stewart Junc. (dp	9 32	3 17
Cardigan	5 25		Bedford	10 05	3 23
Georgetown ....ar	5 45		Royalty Junction	10 25	3 55
			Charlottetown ....ar		4 15
	No. 9			No 10	
	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
Mt. Stewart Junc. ....dp	4 05	7 40	Souris ....dp	6 20	12 10
Morell	4 43	8	Bear River	7 03	12 49
St. Peter's	5 12	8 46	St. Peter's	7 48	1 35
Bear River	5 57	9 32	Morell	8 17	2 04
Souris ....ar	6 40	10 10	Mt Stewart Junc. ....ar	8 55	2 40

Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time. Trains Nos. 11 & 12 will be discontinued after Dec. 31st, 1890.

J. UNSWORTH, Superintendent.

Railway Office, Ch'town, Dec. 1, 1890.—6i

Mark Wright AND Co

(LIMITED,)

—ARE GIVING—

GREAT BARGAINS

—IN—

FURNITURE.

CLOTHING!

Men's Suits, Youths' Suits, Boys' Suits, Childrens Suits, Dress Suits, Working Suits, Business Suits, and Wedding Suits.

Guaranteed all Good Honest Clothes for the very lowest possible prices, and you will always find PROWSE BROS., THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN, a Safe and Reliable place to buy Men's and Boys Clothing, Hats and all kinds of Gents Furnishing Goods. Trunks and Valises always in stock cheap.

PROWSE BROS.,

THE WONDERFUL CHEAP MEN,

Ch'town Feb 4, 1891. 141 QUEEN STREET

Special Sale.

We are offering a Special Lot Not 75 Suit Lengths of Tweed at from 20 to 40 per cent discount on Regular Prices. Call and examine stock and get prices.

☞ THE BEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED.

☞ Su tane G ds always in Stock & Sutanes made to order

JOHN MACLEOD & CO.

Charlottetown, April 2.

WHEN THE HAIR

Shows signs of falling, begin at once the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. This preparation strengthens the scalp, promotes the growth of new hair, restores the natural color to gray and faded hair, and renders it soft, pliable, and glossy.

"We have no hesitation in pronouncing Ayer's Hair Vigor unequaled for dressing the hair, and we do not utter long experience in its use. This preparation prevents the hair from falling and all diseases of the scalp, makes rough and brittle hair soft and pliable, and prevents baldness. While it is a most elegant dressing, we have used the Vigor long enough to substantiate the roots and color of faded, gray, light, and red hair, restoring the color."

A Rich Brown

"It will not soil the pillow-cases like a pomatum or oil, and is always agreeable. All the gray, stringy hair disappeared as the hair of a young man, and thousands who go around with heads looking like 'the frettful porcupine' should hasten to the nearest drug store and purchase a bottle of the Vigor."—*The Sunny South, Atlanta, Ga.*

"Ayer's Hair Vigor is excellent for the hair. It eradicates the smut, cures baldness, restores the natural color, cleanses the scalp, prevents dandruff, and is a good dressing."—From *Household Receipts*, by Ellen E. Parker.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

PIRSONS CURE FOR THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE. CONSUMPTION

Cut This Out

And return to me with twenty cents silver or stamps and receive post paid 100 old and popular songs, 115 latest popular songs, 1000 quotations from popular authors, 1 piece full size sheet music, 1 number Seaside Library, 1 number Leisure Hour Library, each containing a complete story or other work. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Address,

R. F. MADDIGAN,
P. O. Box 298, Charlottetown

Feb. 11—3m

B. B. B.

Burdock Blood Bitters

Is a purely vegetable compound, possessing perfect regulating powers over all the organs of the system, and controlling their secretions. It so purifies the blood that it

CURES

All blood humors and diseases, from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore, and this combined with its unrivalled regulating, cleansing and purifying influence on the secretions of the liver, kidneys, bowels and skin, render it unequalled as a cure for all diseases of the

SKIN

From one to two bottles will cure boils, pimples, blotches, nettle rash, scurf, tetter, and all the simple forms of skin disease. From two to four bottles will cure saltrheum or eczema, shingles, erysipelas, ulcers, abscesses, running sores, and all skin eruptions. It is noticeable that sufferers from skin

DISEASES

Are nearly always aggravated by intolerable itching, but this quickly subsides on the removal of the disease by B.B.B. Passing on to graver yet prevalent diseases, such as scrofulous swellings, humors and

SCROFULA

We have undoubted proof that from three to six bottles used internally and by outward application (diluted if the skin is broken) to the affected parts, will effect a cure. The great mission of B. B. B. is to regulate the liver, kidneys, bowels and blood, to correct acidity and wrong action of the stomach, and to open the sluice-ways of the system to carry off all clogged and impure secretions, allowing nature thus to aid recovery and remove without fail

BAD BLOOD

Liver complaint, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache, dropsy, rheumatism, and every species of disease arising from disordered liver, kidneys, stomach, bowels and blood. We guarantee every bottle of B. B. B. Should any person be dissatisfied after using the *first* bottle, we will refund the money on application personally or by letter. We will also be glad to send testimonials and information proving the effects of B. B. B. in the above named diseases, on application to T. MILBURN & CO., Toronto, Ont.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION 1891.

PRIZE LIST.

THE Prize List for 1891 is now ready and can be obtained from the undersigned, Cameron Block, or from the Market Clerk, Charlottetown.

A. B. WARBURTON, Sec'y

May 13—2i ad pra 2i

All kinds of Job work executed with neatness and despatch, at the Herald Office.

Local and Special News

Here surely is something like a miracle; John A. Dawson, Esq., Ex-M. P. of Pictou, N. S., writes:—"I was troubled with Dyspepsia of the very worst kind for twenty years. K. D. C. cured me completely. It's worth its weight in gold. Will give information to anyone who will write me."

No matter how well a counterfeiter is brought up he always turns out 'queer.'

Hinard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia.

Go and do likewise. If your whiskers are grizzly and unbecoming use Buckingham's Dye and they will look as when you were youngers.

The slenter the women the smaller the parasol.

Hinard's Liniment cures Distemper.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently stimulate the liver, and regulate the bowels, but do not purge. They are sure to please those who try them.

The small fish the bigger the lie.

Do not despair of curing your sick headache when you can so easily obtain Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will effect a prompt and permanent cure. Their action is mild and natural.

For rejuvenating into housecleaning consider well the point of a tack.

Hinard's Liniment cures Garget in Cows.

Backache is almost immediately relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Back-ache Plasters. Try one and be free from pain. Price 25 cents.

The candidate that talks too much is the one that gets utterly defeated.

Since it is now a well-established fact that catarrh is a blood disease, medical men are quite generally prescribing Ayer's Sarsaparilla for the foul loathsome complaint, and the result, in nearly every instance, proves the wisdom of their advice.

The young fellow in his mad struggles with no helpless moustache raises a terrible fuss.

Hinard's Liniment cures Burns, &c.

Never find a preparation more appropriate name than Ayer's Hair Vigor. When the capillary glands become enfeebled by disease, age, or neglect, this dressing imparts renewed life to the scalp, so that the hair assumes much of its youthful fullness and beauty.

Curious when a man is successful in tying his neckwear he says, 'I can knot.'

MESSRS. C. C. RICHARDS & Co.,

Gentlemen,—In playing Tennis I wrenched my ankle, causing me much suffering and inconvenience, but by using MINARD'S LINIMENT I was not confined to the house a single day. A few days I was able to continue training for the sports at the Halifax Carnival for which I had entered.

Yarmouth | F. COULSON, Instructor Y. A. A. C.

SPRING CLEANING.

One hour of planning may save several unpleasant days, in the housekeeping time. The thought should always be uppermost when you buy a spring medicine. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the most highly concentrated, the most powerful, is prepared from the best and most expensive ingredients, and is, therefore, the superior Medicine. Cures others, will cure you.

Choice family Flour for sale by the bbl. cheap at Geer & Goff's.

Great slaughter sale of Boots & Shoes during the month of February. Tremendous Bargains at the Dominion Boot & Shoe Store.

The Cheapest Cotton in town will be found at J. B. McDonald's. Prints worth 7 cents selling for cost. Prints worth 16 cents selling for 12 cents. Ginghams for 6 cents worth 8 cents.

If you want to buy a good black Cashmere or Memoir dress, Henrietta Cloth, Crape Cloth, India Cashmere, the best and cheapest at J. B. McDonald's.

Ten cases men's very latest style Spring Hats, just opened at J. B. MacDonald's.

Ladies Winter Jackets, Dolmans and Ulsters selling off at about half price to clear at J. B. McDonald's.

Get your friend the Farmer & Fisherman to read James Paton's offer in this week's Herald. 3i.

A Good Suit for your Boy from 75c. to $7. Prices ranging every 25c. Jas. Paton & Co. Come and see the above Goods. 3i

The Century for May.

THE MAY CENTURY begins a new volume and in it are begun several new features of what THE CENTURY calls its "summer campaign." "The Squirrel Inn," by Frank R Stockton, is one of the principal and most popular of these new features. The "Inn" itself is carefully depicted in a picture which is the joint product of the artistic skill and ingenuity of both the author and Mr. Frost, the illustrator. Mr. Frost brings out also several of the principal characters of the story—which promises to be one of the most curious and characteristic of Mr. Stockton's inventions.

The long promised papers (two in number) on the Court of the Czar Nicholas I. are now begun, the fronti-piece of the magazine being a portrait of the Emperor Nicholas. These papers are by the late George Mifflin Dallas, in his day one of the most distinguished statesmen of the country. A brief sketch of his life appropriately accompanies this paper. Mr. Dallas describes minutely the social movement and the luxury of the court. He tells of "A Dramatic Visit from the Emperor," who came to see him *incog.*, on the minister's arrival, "A Court Presentation," the "Burning of the Winter Palace," "The Russian New Year's," etc. These papers furnish a remarkable contrast to those by Mr. Kennan.

"Pioneer Mining Life in California" is a description from personal experience of adventures and mining methods in 1849 on the tributaries of the Sacramento River and of the Trinity. It is a day-to-day description of the conditions of mining life in '49 and '50. The writer is the Hon. E. G. Waite, Secretary of State of California, and the narrative is supplemented by illustrations of a typical character and by caricatures of the time.

Mrs. Amelia Gere Mason's articles on the "Salons of the Empire and Restoration" are concluded in the present number of THE CENTURY with a paper on some of the most prominent women of France, including Madame de Genlis, Madame de Remusat, Madame Recamier and Madame Swetchine, whose pictures with others are given.

Among the separate papers none is more striking than that of F Hopkinson Smith, who made a special trip to Bulgaria to gather impressions for THE CENTURY. Mr. Smith entitles his paper "A Bulgarian Opera Bouffe," and illustrates it not only with photographs of prominent persons but with sketches from his own pencil. Mr. Smith's paper, though not professing to be a deep study of the situation throws a great deal of light on current affairs.

Sahara Brethren.

SCENES FROM THE HISTORY OF THE MIDDLE AGES REPEATED.

While the scandals brought to public notice in the administration of the Italian colony in Africa throw such a lurid light on the methods of civilizing the heathen to be looked for from a laicized apostolate of progress, very different results may be expected on the other side of the Continent, from Cardinal Lavigerie's great project for reclaiming and evangelizing the wild tribes of the Sahara. The official orgie of robbery and massacre at Massowa is about to be investigated by a Commission which sailed on April 9, but however the responsibility for the deeds done there may be distributed among the civil and military authorities, there is no doubt either as to their character or as to the fact of their occurance. It was but four days previous to this date that there took place at Biskra, in French Algerian territory, an interesting ceremony linking the progress of the nineteenth century to the half legendary traditions of mediæval Europe. The semi barbarism existing at that epoch could only be thrust back by the sword guided by religious fervor, and the similar rule of violence to which Africa is now subjected, requires to be met by similar methods of repression. The soldier monks whose function seemed obsolete in modern society, have found a new field of activity among the horrors of the slave trade and the unchecked tyranny of brutal force prevailing in the newly-opened Continent, and the moral want is no sooner created, that the Protean energies of the Church are directed to supplying it.

THE PLAN OF THE NEW CRUSADE.

The establishment of the lay Brotherhood of the Sahara, resolved upon some time ago by the venerable Primate of Africa, has now become an accomplished fact, and the first house of the Order, called either Armed Brothers of Africa, or Pioneers of the Sahara, was formally inaugurated at Biskra on Sunday April 5. The object of the institution is, firstly, to abolish slavery, and, above all, the slave trade in the Western Soudan, and, secondly, to form a military agricultural corporation, charged with restoring the former productiveness of the Sahara by the creation of new oases through the utilization of subterranean springs. Thus the Association, in the words of its founder, is intended "to open up definitely to the civilized world the interior of that Dark Continent, access to which is still prohibited by the insuperable barriers presented by ferocious barbarism."

THE CENTRAL POINT OF THE NEW MISSION.

Biskra, situated on the borders of the province of Constantine, on the edge of the desert, has been chosen as the site of the mother house, capable of containing fifty regular inmates, besides the sick and otherwise afflicted to be received by these Knights Hospitallers of the nineteenth century. Here the Cardinal has purchased a domain sufficiently extensive to give the novices practical training in the various arts and industries they will be required to practice under the arduous conditions of their future lives. "Years must pass (says the Bulletin of the French Anti Slavery Society) before the produce of their own labors will suffice for their wants,

THE NATIVES TO BE TAUGHT AGRICULTURE.

The Pioneers must, therefore, be provided with arms, not only for self-defence, but for the chase, which will be, when far from civilization, their only means of providing themselves with meat. And to their own requirements must be added those they will be under obligation to from the hospitality and succor afforded to the sick, to fugitive slaves, and to the nomad communities which they will seek to attract and establish round this asylum. The really important part of the work will consist in impressing on those barbarous tribes the fact that they are not sought out in any hostile spirit, nor even from the wish to inflict well deserved chastisement, the task of repressing brigandage being reserved for the national troops when their leaders think some such lesson necessary." The ground purchased is outside the gates of Biskra, on the road to Tuggurt, and bears the appropriate name of M'salla, in Arabic signifying a place of prayer. It contains a plantation of palms in full bearing, and is traversed by a small irrigation canal, being that share of the precious fluid it is entitled to from the neighboring town. Great part of it is, however, uncultivated for want of water, and measures have been already taken for its reclamation by the creation of an artificial supply. A well was sunk to a depth of 53 metres, the waters of which, declared to be practically inexhaustible, rises naturally to within 32 metres of the ground, and is thence raised by machinery to the surface. A second well has also been dug in order to provide auxiliary resources.

PARTICULARS CONCERNING THE NEW ORDER.

The Pioneers will therefore be trained in the methods of Sahara culture, as well as in the use of arms, while the neighborhood of the illimitable tracts of the desert will enable them to acquire the more savage accomplishments of camel riding and hunting as there practised. A certain number of resident Fathers and Brothers of the Algerian Missionaries will organize these works, and give spiritual guidance to the establishment. The house, occupying an area of 70 metres by 10, with the kitchens and offices in outbuildings, has the ground floor solidly built of stone instead of the sun-dried mud bricks generally used by the Arabs. The opening ceremony, in which Cardinal Lavigerie was assisted by the Bishop of Constantine, was attended by many African priests and missionaries, as well as by a number of Europeans, and a still greater crowd of natives. All the buildings and installations were solemnly blessed by the Cardinal, and 12 novices received the habit from his hands. At their head is the Vicomte Gaëtan de Brossac, whose resolution to leave the world is ascribed to grief for the loss of his fiancee, through her untimely death of consumption. As he was a brilliant figure in the fashionable life of Paris, well known as a sportsman and distinguished in all brilliant accomplishments, his adoption of a religious vocation has caused a great sensation, and has been the subject of wondering comment in the press. His life and that of his comrades, will be assimilated as much as possible to that of the nomads among whom they will live, their table being as frugal, and their appointments in the way of furniture almost as rude as theirs. They have also adopted the veil which is the peculiar distinctive of the Touaregs, and whose color, white or black, marks their tribal division into two sections. Fastened like a half mask over the face below the eyes, and almost meeting the cowl of the burnous above, it forms a valuable protection against the dust and glare of the scorching waste.

TOILS AND HARDSHIPS IN THE WAY.

The foundation of the institution at M'salla is intended to be preliminary to its extension as its increase in means and numbers permits. For the next station the oasis of Ouargla, a remote outpost in the desert, has been decided on, and the re-occupation of a post among the Chambas by whom the Algerian missionaries were assassinated some years ago, is also proposed. Toils and hardships to be encountered by the neophytes were dwelt upon as follows by Cardinal Lavigerie in his opening address: "Although I cannot think (he said) of addressing you a regular speech, I should reproach myself did I not praise you both in the name of religion and of France for your heroic self abnegation. Heroism indeed you will require to brave all dangers simultaneously. In no part of the world are greater obstacles accumulated from the scorching heat of the sun, the sterility of the soil, from savage barbarism, and from the horrors of a secular system of slavery. You, however, will assuredly not avail yourselves of force, either for assault or conquest; such a mission is reserved, in the regions of the Sahara to the French army, whose place it will be, after having suppressed piracy half a century ago in the regions of the Mediterranean, and abolished slavery in Algiers, to repulse the savage hordes which advance to the gates of our dominions with the threat of flinging us into the sea."

THE PROSPECTS OF SUCCESS

The mission of the pioneers, despite their armed character, is preeminently a pacific one, but theirs are surroundings among which it is unquestionably true that peace can only be assured by being prepared for war. They are bound by no monastic vows, but are pledged to the Order for a term of years, renewable at will. The Touaregs, among whom their labors will lie, have hitherto proved irreclaimable, and their irreconcible hostility is the obstacle to the construction of the trans-Saharian railway, now again in contemplation. The attempt to subdue their savagery by contact with religious zeal and self-abnegation is an interesting experiment, even from a political and social point of view, especially as the vast region of which they are the sole inhabitants has now been placed under the exclusive protectorate of France. The agricultural reclamation of the Sahara, which is also to form part of the task of the Brotherhood, will receive a fresh impetus from the discovery, within the last few days, of a great subterranean reservoir, at El Goles, to the southwest of Ouargla, not far from the region of sandhills by which the surface of the desert is there furrowed like a tempestuous ocean. The large supply of water tapped here will suffice to render a considerable area productive, and similar discoveries may be looked for in other places. The springs which would be wasted by evaporation on the surface, are here guarded by nature underground to reward the industry and enterprise of man.—*London Tablet.*

A French Shrine in Canada.

ST. ANNE DE BEAUPRE DESCRIBED BY ABBE CASGRAIN.

You wish me to tell you the origin of that pilgrimage which attracts hundreds of thousands of Catholics and even Protestants from all parts of North America.

It was about 1650; New France was still in its cradle. Hardly a few hundred families had settled there, coming mostly from Normandy and Brittany. The miracles that had given rise to the devotion of Ste. Anne d'Auray in France were still quite recent. The greater number of these colonists had not left France forever without having knelt in prayer in that shrine, which was then what Our Lady of Lourdes is to-day.

A vessel sailing up the St. Lawrence, was assailed by a storm so violent that it was completely disabled. It was about to be swallowed up by the waves, when the crew vowed to build a chapel in honor of St. Anne on the first shore where they would set foot. Hardly had the vow been spoken, when the storm ceased, the sky grew clear, and they caught sight of land on the Beaupre shore, nine leagues below Quebec. The chapel was raised, and soon was insufficient for the increasing population of the parish, which thenceforward bore the name of St. Anne. A pious habitant, named Lescart, donated a vast lot of ground for the erection of a church. The laying of the corner-stone was the occasion of a striking miracle: a sudden cure, the fame of which spread throughout the country. Other miraculous facts, which happened shortly after, gave birth to the shrine of good Ste-Anne de Beaupre, which since then has drawn to that spot several generations of pilgrims. For more than two centuries they have succeeded each other without interruption, bearing after them savage tribes converted to the true Faith.

The Bishop of Carcassonne, at the request of the missionaries of Corsica, detached from the hand of St. Anne, preserved in that city, a bone relic (*reliquia insignis*), which he sent to the new shrine. There are also to be seen precious gifts due to the piety munificence of Anne of Austria and Louis XIV., as well as some fine paintings, presented by the marquis of Tracy, viceroy of New France (1665).

The miracles wrought, since the origin of the devotion to the present day, have published in the *Annales de bonne sainte Anne*, the most widely-spread of all French periodicals on the American continent, and which might be called the "Croix" of the New World.

During the last ten years there have been at this Shrine 934 organized pilgrimages; 777,694 pilgrims; 675,445 Communions, and 25,014 Masses.

The number of pilgrims during 1890 was 105 675 and of these 20,000 were from the United States. In the same year there were 103,575 Communions and 3,696 Masses.

Most of the pilgrimages takes place in June, July, August and September. Over 60,000 pilgrims visited the shrine in last July and August.

The extraordinary development of pilgrimages to this shrine during the last twenty years, and the offering of the pilgrims, have permitted the construction of a new church, far larger and grander than the old one. At its consecration, the Sovereign Pontiff raised it to the dignity of a Basilica; and the solemnity gave occasion to religious demonstrations recalling those of Lourdes. The shrine during the last few years has been in charge of Redemptorist Fathers from Belgium.

The basilica is situated at the foot of the mountain of St. Anne, which is part of the Laurentian range, amidst the grandest scenery of of America. Hard by flows the immense river St. Lawrence, strewn with islands, each more graceful than the other, whereon spring up, amid the native forest, Canadian hamlets. Towards the east the river expands like a boundless sea. Towards the west rises, in the distance, the steep promontory of Quebec, with its vast harbor ever and anon furrowed by some passing vessel, with its city resting like an amphitheatre, and citadel where the last French General of New France sleeps his last sleep, the Marquis de Montcalm who fell before these same walls, bringing with him the loss of the colony.

Wherever the pilgrim rest his eye in this vast country, he meets with none but profoundly Catholic populations still attached by heart tongue and tradition to that old France whence came their forefathers.

When during the lovely days of July, devoted to St. Anne, arrive from all directions steamboats laden with pilgrims, joined in long processions, by all those who travel thither by rail, the sight presented by the village of St. Anne and the surroundings of the basilica can be equalled only by the great shrines of France.

ABBE CASGRAIN, Professor of History in the University of Quebec, Late President-General of the Royal Academy of Canada.

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